

M. J. Carter.

R. S. Porter. OUT TO-DAY -AT- PORTER'S 'MISERRIMA' by G. W. T. Ozmond 'ORIOLES' DAUGHTER' by Jessie Fothergill, author of 'The First Violin'. For the newest Fiction PORTER'S Bookstore. F. C. Taylor. THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847.

Policies in Force, \$62,703,000 Assets, 14,200,000 Income, 2,500,000 Death Claims Paid in 1894, 700,435

'Year after year the Canada Life keeps on the even tenor of its way, enlarging the circle of its patrons, dispensing its investments and rearing its great structure on sound financial principles. The four corner stones on which the Canada Life has been built up are Economy, Integrity, Liberality and Stability.

FIRE INSURANCE. LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND GLOBE, ROYAL, IMPERIAL AND BRITISH AMERICA INSURANCE COMPANIES. All classes of Property Insured at Lowest Rates. F. C. TAYLOR, AGENT, LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Feb. 27, 1895. The Canadian Post. LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1895. 'NO ALIEN NEED APPLY.'

Some months ago, when the Trent Valley canal scheme was revived in parliament because it was thought there would be an early dissolution, it was reported in the Tory papers that Mr. Fairbairn, M. P. for South Victoria, had waited upon Mr. John Haggart, minister of railways and canals, and won an emphatic promise from that gentleman that in awarding the contracts for any section it would be expressly stipulated that no foreign labor should be employed on the work. A few days later it was reported (also in Tory papers) that it was Mr. Sam Hughes, the member for North Victoria, and not 'the people's Charlie,' who had prevailed upon the minister to see to it that money contributed by Canadian taxpayers should not go to swell the savings placed in the hands of Italian padrones for transmission to Italy, while Canadian laborers could be had in plenty. Whether Sam tried to steal the credit that should accrue to Charlie, as many people in the county suspect, is not, after all, of vital interest.

What the people of North and South Victoria would like to know, probably, is this: Was Mr. Haggart deceiving Mr. Fairbairn or Mr. Hughes when he promised that he would arrange in the contract that no alien labor should be employed? For the information of the two gentlemen mentioned we may state that on Tuesday last a gang of 40 Italians went north to Kirkfield to work on the canal, and we understand they were but the advance guards of a large force to be engaged. If Contractor Onderdonk is breaking faith he should be compelled to observe the conditions of his contract; if the contract says nothing about alien labor, then Messrs. Fairbairn and Hughes have neglected their duty, and have attempted to "bamboozle" the electors by bidding for praise for an act never performed.

THE BOND-ST. DRAIN, AND OTHERS.

A town by-law has decreed that private individuals shall not empty their drains into town sewers, or allow them to open into ditches by the roadside. The object of this enactment is palpably in the interest of the public health, as gases emitted from drains filled with decomposing slops are a pregnant source of disease, as well as a cause of offense to the public nostril. Following up the spirit of this by-law, the board of health have frequently ordered citizens to cut off their sinks from connection with sewers, notably the Lindsay-st. sewer, which has for years been a scandal and a menace to the public health. Of late numerous complaints have reached the health officers concerning the unsanitary condition of Bond-st., or that part of it from the Methodist church west. A smell, or aggregation of smells, of infinite variety and pungency, rises from the open mouth of a box drain which runs under the ditch on the north side of Bond-st., and opens under the sidewalks on Cambridge-st. The stink is abominable and it is a wonder that sickness has not come of it. Last evening the medical health officer and the north ward committee of the board of health visited the spot and had the drain torn up in several places, with the result that several drains were found to enter the box drain from the north side, conveying in some cases large quantities of soapuds and other fluid wastes. Quite a noisy scene took place near the corner of Victoria avenue and Bond-st., where the residents interested and a committee of the board indulged in a wordy conflict. The offence was there to be seen and no denial was possible. But there is a palliation, the residents maintain. If the town does not build sewers, where are the people to throw liquid waste? It is scarcely fair, and it is certainly not sanitary, to compel people to throw slops in the door yard, where they ferment and fester under the sun and are blown back into the house in new and offensive forms. The members of the board seem to be of opinion that by using their undoubted privilege of

shutting off drains, the public, brought to realize the necessity of sewers, will be forced to vote a money grant for its construction. In other words, the board believe that if the public is exposed to disease arising from decomposing slops, it will in self-defence hasten the building of sewers. The matter is a serious one and we hope it will receive all the attention it deserves.

THE COLLECTOR'S ROLL.

At a regular meeting of the council, held on June 21st, Dep.-reeve Robson moved "that the time for the collection of the outstanding 1894 taxes be extended to July 7th, after which no further extension shall be made, and that the collector be instructed to return his roll on that date." The motion was carried. The roll was not returned at last Monday's meeting, nor was the matter given any consideration. Some of the councillors hint in guarded fashion that the delay is not so much out of consideration for poor people as it is for a prominent member of the council whose "influence" enables him to delay the return of the roll year after year. The councillors should pull themselves together and deal firmly with the matter—it is sheer nonsense to have the collector chasing about after a few chronic offenders long after the first instalment of the 1895 taxes are due. We trust Coun. Winters will introduce his promised by-law to prevent men being elected to the council who have not paid their taxes for the current year previous to nomination day.

THE DOG BY-LAW.

The few ratepayers who do evince enough interest in the doings of our city fathers to attend the council meetings must have been charmed and edified by the acumen and administrative ability displayed by their representatives in debating the dog tax question. At every meeting of that august body the poor financial position of the town is harped upon and urged as a reason why necessary work should be left undone. A conservative estimate places the number of dogs in Lindsay at 900, of which nearly one-fourth are bitches—at \$1 for dogs and \$2 for bitches, as provided for in the by-law, the revenue should be at least \$1,000. The numbers returned by the assessors were: dogs, 351; bitches, 15; total, \$381. Everyone, town councillors included, feels certain that the assessors did not get track of more than one-third of the canines, yet at Monday night's meeting the aim of some of the councillors seemed to be to make it easy for the dog owners in preference to enforcing a by-law passed by themselves and thus adding \$600 or \$700 to the funds in the treasury. The people would comply with the law very quickly but for the hole and corner work of a few persistent vote hunters who, while professing to be anxious to enforce the by-law, do all in their power to nullify its provisions.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A crank on the Toronto school board has a rod in pickle for the lady teachers "who wear male attire, commonly called bloomers." In this part of the country the males usually wear trousers and leave skirts and bloomers to the other sex.

Silver mining may be an important industry in the States, but Edward Atkinson points out that the yearly product of all the mines is from one-third to one-half the value of the yearly product of hens' eggs. And yet the poor hen has to do all her own cackling, while the note of the silver men is so great as to drown out about everything else in the way of sound.

The Ontario Medical Council has resolved to raise the standard of matriculation for students. Ontario medical journals have lately been publishing statements to show that many doctors in that province do not average over \$12 a week from their practice, which is a rate of remuneration that many mechanics more than equal. The new step of the council will make it more difficult to enter the profession, and so will tend to reduce competition, but it will be a question whether, considering the alleged scale of remuneration, those who are kept out will not be better off than those who are let in.

Here is a splendid hint for Mr. and Mrs. Shoddy, direct from London. As a special Denbigh tells that he saw an elaborate visiting card, with his arms and title upon it, in the window of a large engraver. Aware that he had never had any cards engraved at that shop, and anxious to know what possible object the man could have in printing such elaborate copper-plate specimens, he entered the store without mentioning his name, inquired of the shopkeeper whether Lord Denbigh was one of his customers. The engraver was very frank. He confessed that the cards in question were engraved by the firm, with those of a number of other peers and prominent persons, in response to a demand on the part of certain people who bought them solely for the purpose of putting them in their card baskets and salvers, with the object of conveying the impression that the people whose names were on the pasteboards were visitors at their houses. Our American cousins, who so dearly love a lord, might take a leaf out of this book. But let us see. Are there no tuft hunters and tonies of the same stamp in Canada?

The late prime minister of England is reported to have said, in a speech in London the other night, that his ministry had "lived a noble life and died a noble death; that it left a vast financial surplus behind it. Business was improving and the people were contented." These are words which will hardly be written on the tombstones of the herds of corruptionists and insoberly now in power in Canada should they have the sense to resign before the election kink them out. Our ex-prime minister is able to say "The conservative government lived an ignominious and infamous life and has died an equally ignominious death. It has left behind it a load of debt and public burden; for sixteen years it has maintained a policy which has robbed the people in order to supply corruption funds and swell the gains of monopolies at the

Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

Wash Goods--Underpriced.

When we bought them the patterns were so tempting that a little over-reaching in quantity resulted. There's only one way of moving the surplus—These prices tell it:

- 25c. Goods for 20c.
20c. " " 15c.
15c. " " 10c.

Straw Hats--Underpriced.

See our Window of STRAW HATS at 25c. Many of them worth double.

Dress Goods--Underpriced.

See our Window with DRESS GOODS at 25c. These represent the Cut Prices we are making to clear.

Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

N. H. Cowdry.

N. H. COWDRY, GOOD SEED GRAIN WANTED. Grain, Flour and Feed for Sale. MUSTARD SEED Bought. Warehouse, King-st., Lindsay--506-ft.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Toronto Live Stock Market. Tuesday was another poor market. Quite a few pens remained full of cattle at the close of the day. Cattle are barely steady. Buyers were not operating freely. Much of the stuff coming in is of very poor quality as a result of short pasture—farmers are selling in many instances simply because they have no grass. Offerings were fairly heavy at the Western Cattle Yard, which also accounts for the low figures paid in many instances. There were 64 carloads on offer, which included 1,470 sheep and lambs, 440 hogs and 112 calves. Sheep were perhaps a fraction firmer and hogs were steady, with an upward tendency. Export Cattle—Buying was only slow Tuesday, and was confined to a few of the principal buyers. Nothing went up to 50 per lb. about the best figure we give a few—One carload mixed cattle, a little over 1,200 lbs average, 4 1/2c per lb.; 2 carloads cattle, 1,200 lbs average, 4 1/2c per lb.; 2 carloads cattle, 1,200 lbs average, 4 1/2c per lb.; 1 carload cattle, 1,200 lbs average, 4 1/2c per lb.; 1 carload cattle, 1,200 lbs average, 4 1/2c per lb.; 1 carload cattle, 1,200 lbs average, 4 1/2c per lb.; 1 carload cattle, 1,200 lbs average, 4 1/2c per lb.

LINDSAY CHEESE BOARD.

A Large Number of Cheese Boarded, but None Sold.

At 11 o'clock Wednesday, the hour appointed for the regular meeting of the Lindsay cheese board, there was a large number of cheese boarded, but no buyers present. Mr. J. D. Flavelle sent word from Toronto that he would be here on the 11:20 train, and the members of the board waited until his arrival. The president, Mr. Thos. Robertson, said that the highest bid yesterday at Peterboro was \$1.10c, and that the board would not accept less than 50c, consequently there was no cheese sold. Some of the members thought that the price would rise within a week, as the pasture was scarce, and consequently the milk was also scarce.

Base Ball Notes.

Attractive colored posters were issued from the Post job department on Monday concerning an excursion to Jubilee Point, Rice lake, under the auspices of the Lindsay base ball club, on Thursday, July 12th. The Lindsay team will meet the famous Hiawathas on that day, when a \$25 cup, contributed by Commodore Calcutt, will go to the winner. A trip via rail to Peterboro and by the new steamer, North Star, down the romantic Ononabee to Jubilee park summer resort, will no doubt entice many of our people. In addition to the base ball match there will be an Indian war dance in full costume. The low fare of 75 cents has been secured from Lindsay, from Ononabee to camp.

A Trip to Chesham.

Lindsay has many advantages which must help to make it a place of increasing interest and importance. It is the midst of an excellent farming community and its water facilities must add greatly to its prosperity. I was never more fully convinced of that than last Monday, when on that delightful trip to the beautiful Chesham Park. We left Lindsay about 7 o'clock, and the captain and crew did all that we could desire to secure our comfort by kind and courteous treatment of their passengers. They seemed to us to leave nothing undone to make our trip one of great enjoyment. They called at different points, where other excursions are available, and the captain and crew did all that we could desire to secure our comfort by kind and courteous treatment of their passengers. They seemed to us to leave nothing undone to make our trip one of great enjoyment. They called at different points, where other excursions are available, and the captain and crew did all that we could desire to secure our comfort by kind and courteous treatment of their passengers.

The Gold Cure.

Chief Medical Officer, Gold Cure Institute, Grimsby. "I am doing all that one man can do by my life and conduct to send men to Calcutta, and if I were blessed with riches would go out and hold meetings in towns around here where I knew men were in need of the treatment. I am thanking God every day for the Gold Cure. Each day and moment makes me prouder and more thankful. Language fails to describe my condition. I am a new man. Whenever I can do anything for you in this locality please command my services." ALEX. H. MARVILLE, General Agent, Midland District, 100 Simcoe-st., Peterboro.

\$6.25

Is the price at which we are offering a lot of Men's Odd Size Suits, formerly sold at from \$8.25 to \$10.50. If you require a suit don't overlook this rare opportunity.

Also good Wearing Suits at \$3.95, \$4.25 and \$5.00.

In Fine BLACK WORSTEDS

We undoubtedly take the lead, as we are in a position to give you the extra long MORNING COAT at one-half the charges of your tailor. We have some Grand Values in Fine Clothing.

Give us a look through before purchasing your Suit—it will mean dollars in your pockets.

We cannot be undersold in SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, SUSPENDERS, HATS or CAPS. Our stock of Men's Furnishings is very large and up to date.

Carter.

E. E. W. McGaffey.

Mid-Summer Sale

Edge-water Prices on Prints

- 11c. Prints - - for 7c.
12c. Prints - - for 8c.
13c. Prints - - for 9c.

Our prices are Loud even in their Littleness, in Dress Goods. It's the cautious people we wish to see and show our genuine bargains in Summer Dress Materials.

Bargains in Summer Clothing for Boys and Men that will bring you here if you have to come through the skylight.

STRAW HATS to be cleared out at prices right down to the verge of desperation.

E. E. W. McGaffey.

P. McArthur & Co

BARGAINS - BARGAINS

Now that the cold snap is about over, Summer goods will be in demand, and we are prepared with one of the finest assortments of Summer Goods to be seen in the trade, to give the biggest bargains offered in town.

Our Motto--Bargains and Bargains--It is going to be for the rest of the Season.

- We are giving special bargains in Summer Dress Goods.
White Lawns and Muslins.
White Embroideries, etc.
Light Summer Prints.
Delaines (all colors).
Gloves and Hosiery.

HATS. STRAW HATS. FELT HATS.

Our Men's Fine Straws at 25c, 35c, and 50c, are surprising all. Our Men's Black and Colored Fedoras at \$1.00 are a Bonanza. Stacks of Children's from 5c. up.

MILLINERY.

The Millinery Rooms are in full blast, and our Milliners are kept hustling night and day to keep up to the many orders which keep pouring in. Call and inspect our stock for style and prices.

We could quote hundreds of prices but space and time will not permit; however, for real genuine bargains, we are giving them.

See our 60c. Corsets, regular price \$1.00.

P. MCARTHUR & CO.