Government's Position.

eaper, quicker and bets equal to a range-no erated same as gas.

GOODS.

FARMERS. You "Quick Meal" stoves l and see them in operc to stay. There are uch cheaper. All cor-

0., (Limited). TORONTO.

an article that will Buyers gh price. se tempting butter Salt.

nes to contain the n dairying upon rd the qualities of the home and written on the a superior grade essaries.

specialty of Dairy the grades recomof the American

ay except that the ots and very low

have never used

FENIAN RAID MEDALS.

Davis & Lawrence Co.

The Canadian Remedy for all

THROAT AND LUNG AFFECTIONS

Large Bottles, 25 cents.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited,

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1898.

Foster and Davin Again Delay

HOUSE AGAIN IN SUPPLY.

erce of Members for 15 Days Dealt

with The Vote for the Fortnightly

Steamship Service Passed-The

Service to Commence July

1 Perogation of House

To-Day.

or Clerk at Ottawa.

Ottawa. . . ne 11.-When the House

met yesterde . the 84th working day of

the session, i. r. Davin interrogated the

ster of the Interior as to the reported

aintment of Mr. Reginald Rimmer as

Mr. Sifton stated that Mr. Rimmer

ad been appointed Law Clerk of the

being Department at a salary of \$2,000

by House took into consideration a

ion to make permanent the usual

siml provision that members shall be

med 15 days' absence from Parliamen

about being subjected to a deduction

A bill founded on the resolution was

Lieut.-Col. Hughes informed the M:

at a young man from his riding. w

as a member of the Yukon continge

the Mounted Police, had perished in the recent snowslide in the Chilcoot Pas-

Mr. Sifton replied that he had receive

report of the snowslide from Majo

Walsh, but there was nothing to indicate

that this young man had received his

The House went into supply and a

sezy discussion sprang up on the vote

1 338,933 for a fortnightly steamship

gryice between Canada and Manchester.

Mr. Foster vigorously criticized the

ben, because an agreement had been

male without inviting tenders, and be-

suse the contract had not been laid on

Sir Richard Cartwright promised to

Mr. Foster's comment was to repeat

degrees and mimic the tone of the

Esichard got up and, for the mo-

stillying aside his usual Parliament-

genvity, metaphorically sailed into

Bloster for having wasted the time of

miliouse with trifling, worthless discus-

ses instead of having attended to his

Mr. Foster replied that Sir Richard had

if the courtesy to lay the papers relat-

a to this negotiation on the table. He

ged that the prolongation of discus-

ons could have in any way prevented

Minister from bringing down the

the Mann-McKenzie contract and reiter-

ated many of the now familiar arguments

against the awarding of contracts without

Sir Richard explained that the reason

the contract had not been laid on the

table was that the contract was not sign-

ed. The draft agreement was, he said,

just as he had stated, and he would lay

Opposition Responsibility.

Mr. Fielding delivered a vigorous com-

ment upon Mr. Foster's allusions to the

Yukon Railway project. The Opposition,

he said, knew that the country was hold-

ing them responsible for what had hap-

pened, and they were to-day bitterly re-

gretting the course they had pursued.

The country was holding the Opposition

and their political associates responsible

for preventing the opening up of the Yu-

kon country this year to Canadian trade,

and the feeling of the Conservative party

was that the Government should come to

their relief and help them out of the hole

in which they had placed themselves.

But the Government did not propose to

relieve them from the burden they had

taken upon themselves. Mr. Fielding

added to what Sir Richard Cartwright

ad said as to the contract not having

ben signed, that the negotiations had

ben carried on with Manchester gentle-

men who were more interested in increas-

ing the trade of the Manchester Canal

and of the port than in driving a hard

Mr. Davin took the floor and delivered

a high-flown speech that had no reference

to the items under consideration or any-

thing else in particular. He compared Sir

Richard Cartwright to a blind Sampson

toiling for the Philistines and described

Mr. Casey, replying, confided to the

House that he was once at a "watering

place" where he heard a discussion, the

theme of which was a boarding-house

perceptible four miles away. The flavor

of Mr. Davin's speech was equally strong.

the item, which was finally passed.

products to Manchester.

all will be concurred in.

Mr. Pope-I presume it is in order to

It was stated by Mr. Fisher that pro-

vision had been made for the carriage at

reasonable rates, of dairy and other food

Sir Richard Cartwright announced that

In reply to Mr. Roddick's question on

the order paper, Sir Wilfrid Laurier

stated that the correspondence between

Sir Charles Tupper and the Governor-

General in July, 1896, with reference to

certain appointments, had been submitted

to the Colonial Office, and that the Secre-

tary of State for the Colonies had ex-

The Deadlock Broken.

to deal with franchise matters. This

action removes the last obstacle to immediate prorogation of the House, and busi-

ness will be concluded to-day.

the service will commence on July 1.

the Ministry as being leprous with dis-

cargain with Canada.

Then the ex-Minister reverted to

sal for the papers immediately.

In Supply.

of the Interior that he had he

per day from their indemnity.

emnced to its second reading.

death in the accident.

kitimate business.

it on the table.

the House.

Canadian Bost.

Montreal

Prop's. Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

A Militia General Order Provides for Their Distribution-A Rumor About Carranza's Expulsion Denied.

Ottawa, June 10 .- There is no truth in the report that the Canadian Govern-ment is issuing an order expelling Car-ranza. It is difficult to see how such an order could be issued. Nothing has been done, as Carranza's misdemeanor has not been proven.

A militia general order was issued yes-terday. It provides for the distribution of medals to those engaged in the Fenian Raid of 1870. All applicants must sub-mit their applications separately, and those who served in more than one campaign must submit an application for each. A declaration of service must be made before a justice of the peace by the applicant, and also a declaration of a comrade, who has knowledge of the apolicant's service, will be forwarded to the department. Only one medal will be issued to any individual. With each medal there will be a clasp. Ottawa Notes.

John Blackburn, aged 50, a married man, lost his life on the C.P.R. track at regiments, 16 regulars and 11 volunteers, however, to make a general statement on He was struck by the engine of the At-

Word has been received from Maniwaki, up the Gatineau, that Dr. Mulligan, having made the post-mortem examthe conclusion that death was due to poisoning. The contents of the stomach will be sent to an analyist in Montreal. No arrests have been made yet.

While Senator Owens of Argenteuil, Que., was passing the Russell House, Sparks street, a flower pot, containing a large fern, was blown by the wind out of an upper story window. The article fell just within an inch of Senator Owen's head and smashed to pieces on the side-

respecting Alfred Haymond, an Ottawa Shafter's floating home. to Toronto. He was arrested there and is Friday night or Saturday morning and a the department received this statement from Ottawa. Mr. Keane recommends that the boy be sent to an industrial

Presentation to Mr. Ogilvie. The St. George's Society of Ottawa tonight presented Mr. William Ogilvie, D.L.S., with a first-class Klondike camping outfit, in recognition of his courtesy in delivering lectures during the winter. Mr. Ogilvie announced that he would return to the Yukon gold fields in a couple of weeks.

REV. MR. MADILL DISCIPLINED.

Congregational Committee Recommends That His Name Be Struck Off the Roll. Toronto, June 10 .- The Congregational Union opened their second day of business yesterday, with the election of a chairman for 1899 in the person of Rev. J. W. Pedley of London.

The next affair to stir the pulse of the delegates was the reading of Rev. Mr. Hyde of the report of the special committee on the standing of Rev. Mr. Madill. The committee, the document declared, had found that his conduct had not been that of a Canadian minister; that his language had been so extravagant at times that it was difficult to distinguish it from falsebood; that he was selfish and over-bearing, and inclined to apply the rule, "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth." In face of all of which, the committee recommended that the name of Rev. Mr. Madill be struck from the

Rev. Mr. McKillican now moved that the finding be referred to the Membership Committee and Mr. Madill be heard in his defence on Friday morning, all of which was carried.

Mr. Madill wouldn't speak in an interview, but his church officers, in indignant tones, said that the whole trouble was Mr. Madill's outspoken Orangeism. and they, for their part, would fiercely fight against any Popish interference with their church.

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

Reports of Missionary Committees Satisfactory-Donations Received.

Montreal, June 10 .- At yesterday's session of the Presbyterian General Assembly a large amount of routine business was disposed of, but there was noth-

ing of very general interest.

The Assembly in the afternoon agreed to the organization of a new Presbytery for Parry Sound and Nipissing district, to be taken out of the present Presbytery

At last night's session of the General Assembly a good portion of the sederunt was taken up with the presentation of the report of the Home Mission Committee, eastern and western sections, which were of a very satisfactory nature. The reports were received and adopted. In connection with the reports, it was announced that Mrs. George Brown, widow of the late Hon. George Brown, had sent a contribution of £68 from Scotland to the Klondike Mission Fund. The announcement was received with applause. A motion of Rev. Dr. Caven of Toronto was passed, expressing thanks to the various bodies which had contributed to the missions, expressing satisfaction at the action of the committee in sending missionaries to the Klandike field, and also endorsing the action of the women of Toronto in sending nurses to the Klondike. Several addresses were made on

ALL HOPE IS ABANDONED.

missionary work.

Sir Adolphe Chapleau Can Hardly Live More Than a Week.

Montreal, June 10 .-- Yesterday the Star made enquiries and prints the following: "The condition of Sir Adolphe Chapleau continues very critical and all hopes of his recovery are about abandoned, and his death is expected to occur at any moment. Under the most favorable conditions it is thought he cannot live more than a week. Sir Adolphe passed a fairly onion hash the existence of which was good night and if anything was resting a little easier to-day. Dr. T. G. Roddick refer to the question under discussion. and Dr. Wilkins spend a great deal of time at the sufferer's bedside. Lady The member for Compton came back to Chapleau is nearly prostrated by her night vigils and the services of an additional trained nurse have been obtained. Sir Adolphe's heart is very weak, owing to the inroads made by a kidney affection. His brothers, Major and Dr. Chapleau, are expected from Ottawa this evening. Miss Chapleau, a daughter of the latter, has been at the Windsor for several days. Col. King, father of Lady Chapleau, has also arrived from Sher-

brooke. TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Robert Lawson, a Grand Trunk emcourse with reference to those appoint- ploye, was hurt at Hamilton by a hand

in connection therewith.

The Grand Trunk have started schools hight withdrew its amendment to the of instruction, so that the trainmen may Franchise bill, but added a clause to the learn the new rules. The book of instrucmotion of withdrawal, affirming the con-

stitutional right of the Upper Chamber men. year at \$15,000; sinking fund \$525, in- train on the coast. The train was full of at her lawyer's request. Mr. Thayer, Mr. terest on debentures \$600, county expend- | Spanish troops. Many of the soldiers were Sternaman's counsel, states that he will iture 613.815.

U. S. Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery, Engineers and Signal Corps.

ARMY OF 27,000 LEAVES TAMPA

How the Cuban Insurgents Are Now Working With the Invading Fleets-They Fight Every Bay, and Keep Pegging Away for Liberty From Spanish Rule-

War News. London, June 10 .- A Washington correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, with the approval of General Greely, cables the following: "The army sailed from Tam- and Macdonald. pa at noon to-day (Wednesday). The force

second, fourth, sixth, seventh, eighth,

of heavy artillery.

SANTIAGO MAY STARVE.

over Santiago de Cuba."

All the Food Has Been Seized for the Army and Navy and Troops Are on Half Rations.

On board the Associated Press despatch boat Dauntless, off Santiago de Cuba, Wednesday night, June 8 (via Kingston, department was advised that the injunc-Jamaica), June 10 .- Communication be- tion had been granted. The department tween the Island of Cuba and the outer then applied to its legal agent in the world was severed yesterday. The King. Northwest Territories to obtain further ston-Santiago cable was cut on Monday, information and ascertain if it would not and the Marblehead, Yankee and St. be possible to have the inquest proceeded Louis cut the Haytien cable, running with before another coroner. The inform- if possible, the names and number of the into Guantanamo Bay, yesterday. The ation received was that the two young ends were buoyed and Rear-Admiral men had died of diphtheria, a very con-Sampson can establish direct communica- tagious disease, and it would be impos- the Vixen went to the place of rendeztion with Washington. The Marblehead sible to get any one to exhume the bodies your and received from the insurgents a also engaged and drove a small Spanish or obtain a jury to sit upon the inquest, map of the harbor, showing the entire gunboat into Guantanamo harbor and as all would be liable to take the disease. shelled and reduced the antiquated forti- The department did not regard an inquest the destroyer Terror, inside, and close up

arrive. It is contemplated to establish a there was the charge that their death had general base here.

supplies for them were landed by the employed on the work. Suwance yesterday in great quantities. The insurgents and the Spaniards fight

of Santiago, shelled the Spaniards, who men falling ill should be removed to a fled to the mountains, checkering the special car and not removed without the path followed in their retreat with dead On the Verge of Starvation. Santiago de Cuba is on the verge of

starvation. All the food has been selzed for the army and navy, and the troops and sailors are on half rations. Rear-Admiral Sampson has officially declared that the purpose of the bombard ment of Santiago de Cuba was to clear the way for the troops. The object has

been attained. The admiral has personally commended Ensign Palmer for approaching within 150 yards of the Spanish batteries at night and learning that the Spaniards were

remounting guns. The American naval commander is anxious to bring about the exchange of Lieut. Hobson and his gallant companions of the Merrimac. The admiral sent the Vixen with a flag of truce to the entrance of the harbor yesterday, offering to exchange for the lieutenant and his party some prisoners take from a prize by the Marblehead off Cienfuegos. Admiral Ceryera considered the matter all night and sent word to-day that he was powerless to act. He referred the matter to the Military Governor and the latter in turn referred it to Captain-General Blanco. A long delay is probable.

Blanco Not Vanquished. Montreal, June 10.—Senor Bonilla y Martel, the Spanish Consul-General, has received the following despatch from General Blanco, Castain-General of Cuba:

"Havana, June 8, 1898. "The enemy's attacks at Santiago de Cuba have been everywhere repulsed, as well as the attempt to land at Aguidras. At this point the American troops were completely defeated. During the bombardment of Santiago, 1,500 balls were thrown upon Morro Castle. The damage done was slight and the enemy were unable to silence a single one of our guns, and when the enemy's fleet retired it was plainly seen that several of their ships had sustained considerable damage. Our losses are: Killed, the second in command of the Reina Mercedes, five sailors and a soldier. We also had eight Blanco." wounded. (Signed)

WAR NOTES.

Miss Evangeline Cisneros, whose escape F. Carbonell, a Cuban, who assisted in

President McKinley intends sending a recommending the immediate annexation for \$57,000.

of Hawaii as a military necessity. taken any steps towards the expulsion of Insurance Company, \$5,000; Travelers' the Spaniards from Montreal. Carranza's Insurance Company of Hartford, \$5,000, letter was cabled from Washington to the and Life Insurance Company of Scotland, Home Government.

Kingston, Jamaica, is being visibly affected by three or four thousand Spanish refugees from Cuba, who have taken up their residence there. More Spanish money is in circulation there than Eng- negroes have been lynched and two more lish and trade has greatly improved.

Pratt Brothers Again Remanded. Toronto, June 10 .- The three Pratt car, laden with rails, passing over his brothers, charged with causing the death passed all but one or two items of the estimates. These stord mates. These stand over until to-day, and there is a probability that a museum and case was remanded till next Thursday at all will be consequently and there is a probability that a museum and the bail was renewed. Frederick a zoological gardens will be established 11 a.m. The bail was renewed, Frederick and Edward \$1,000 each in two sureties.

Fired on a Railroad Train. New York. June 11 .- A despatch to in her suit for the recovery of \$1,000 life Wentworth County Council estimates United States despatch boat Dolphin on against the Metropolitan Insurance Com the World from Port Antonio, says: The its running expenses for the next fiscal Monday shelled and struck a railroad pany was yesterday decided against her

Hon. David Mills Explains the

SIR MACKENZIE BOWELL GLAD.

The Minister of Justice Clearly and Explicitly Defends His Department, and Says It Has Been Unduly Blamed in Connection With This Matter-Prosecution

Ottawa, June 11 .- In the Senate yesterday Hon. David Mills, in response to a motion by Senator Power to have all correspondence on the subject brought down, gave an explanation of the conduct of the Justice Department and its Deputy Minister in relation to the deaths of the Crow's Nest Pass workmen, Fraser

May Follow.

He said he was unable to bring down numbers 27,000 men, composed of infan- the papers asked for in the motion, as try, cavalry, artillery, engineers and a the matter formed the subject of future signal corps. The infantry consists of 27 action by the Government. He desired, "Of the regular regiments, the first, the action of the Department of Justice many things had been said that were not ninth, tenth, twelfth, thirteenth, six- warranted by the facts. The first intimateenth, seventeenth, twenty-first, twenty- tion the Department had of the unfortunsecond, twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth. ate death of these two young men was by ination of Maxime Hubert, has come to Of the volunteer regiments there were a telegram received from Dr. Mead, who, the 71st, New York; 32nd, Michigan; 1st as a coroner, had undertaken to hold an and 5th Ohio; 2nd New York, 1st Dis- inquest into the death of the men, and trict of Columbia, 5th Maryland, 1st, 5th had been enjoined from doing so by either and 7th Indiana, and the 3rd Pennsly- the contractors on the Crow's Nest Pass Railway or by persons acting for the "The total infantry force is 21,600 Canadian Pacific Railway. The applicamen. In addition there are a battalion of tion for this injunction was heard before engineers, a detachment of the signal Judge Rouleau, and it was granted upon corps, five squadrons of cavalry, four bat- the representation that Dr. Mead was the teries of light artillery and two batteries physician who had attended the young men when they died, and also that he "General Shafter is in chief command had been an applicant for the position of Mr. John Keane, Secretary of the Char- of the force, which is convoyed by the physician on the Crow's Nest Pass conities Association, has forwarded a com- battleship Indiana and the gunboat struction, and was angry because his apmunication to the Toronto authorities Helena, with the Bancroft as General plication had not been ravorably received. On this evidence the judge granted the newsboy, who, it is alleged, stole a ride "The transports are due at Santiago injunction on the 8th of February. When being held pending a recommendation landing will be attempted on Saturday. from Dr. Mead the advice was given to This should be effected without difficulty, him to withdraw and allow the inquest and no doubt, by Sunday or Monday at to proceed before some other coroner, but the latest, the Stars and Stripes will float he refused to do so, and the department could do nothing but allow the injunc-

tion proceedings to go on. * These coroners were in no sense officers of the Federal Government, but were appointed and under the control of the local authorities. Dr. Mead was represented at the injunction proceedings by counsel. The judge did not immediately render judgment, but reserved his decision, and it was only on the 15th of April that the The insurgents co-operated on the land controversy as to the disease from which side. The place is being held until troops the young men died, though of course resulted from want of proper accomoda-Communication between the insurgents tion and attention while ill, and from the and the fleet is constant. The Cubans cuplable negligence of the persons who

Owing to the necessity of isolating cases of contagious diseases among, so daily. The Marblehead on Monday, when many men the contractors in charge of the insurgents had pressed forward west the men had given instructions that all consent of the contractors. It was contended that in this case those who had authority to permit the removal could not be reached when it was necessary that these two men should be removed in order to obtain proper care and atten-

How far the lack of proper accommodation and care through the negligence of those responsible for the care of those men was responsible for the fatal end of a disease which in itself was not necessarily fatal, was a matter for serious consideration and investigation. The report of the legal agents of the department stated that the men in many instances

were shamefully treated. The department had not acted in the responsibility for the deaths thus far bethese two young men which would en- regulations adopted by this Board." able the department to institute legal proceedings against the responsible parties. If the report of the commissioners showed that responsibility for death rested upon anyone, the department would at once institute proceedings. If the evidence was not sufficient to warrant this course, and if it was considered that further investigation into the facts was necessary, the department would appoint a commissioner to take further evidence to ascertain how and by whose orders the sick men were removed to the car in which they died and all the circumstances which would tend to fasten the crim-

inal responsibility, if there was any, on the proper parties. Sir Mackenzie Bowell was glad to hear the Minister's statement, in view of the charges which had been made against the C.P.R., and more particularly against the Deputy Minister of Justice, for whom he had a high regard, both as a public official and as a man. The statement of the Minister, however, completely exonerated him from the charges made

against him in the other House. Senators McMillan, Perley and Boulton followed, and the motion was with-

On motion of Hon. David Mills, the Senate decided to sit this morning at 11 o'clock. A motion proposed by Senator Macdon-

from a Spanish prison in Havana seven ald of British Columbia, affirming in months ago caused a flutter all over the favor of the opening up of communica. world, was married at Baltimore to Carlos tion into the Yukon country, was adopted.

\$57,000 Life Insurance. Toronto, June 11 .- The late D'Alton message to the House of Representatives, McCarthy was insured in four companies The companies are: Canada Life Insur-

The British authorities have not yet ance Company, \$42,000; Equitable Life

Two Negroes Lynched. St. Louis, Mo., June 7 .- A special from Clarksville, Mo., says that two are likely to be, for the murder of City Marshal Walter Melcan yesterday. Killed on the Tracks. Ottawa, June 7 .- While walking on

the C.P.R. tracks last evening, Alphonse

Charlebois, son of Alderman Charlebois

of Papineauville, was run over by a train Mrs. Sternaman Lost the Case. Buffalo, N.Y., June 10 .- Owing to a mistake having been made in the complaint entered by Mrs. Olive Sternaman insurance on her late husband, her suit

Southern Volunteers Kill Negro Regulars at Tampa, Fla.

THE FATE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Lieut. Sharp's Work in Securing a Map o the Santiago Harbor-The Insurgents Met Him and Commodore Schley Is Now in Possession of Full Information of

the Harbor. Cape Haytien, Hayti, June 10 .- A man who arrived here yesterday in a schooner from Turk's Island, one of the Bahamas, and about 110 miles north of Hayti, said it was reported there on Tuesday that Santiago de Cuba had been taken by the Americans. Cable communications between Cape

Haytien and Cuba is still interrupted.

Whites and Blacks Fight. Atlanta, June 10.-Information has been received from Tampa that a bloody riot has occurred there between negro regulars and Southern volunteers. Four negroes were killed and several wounded.

The Fate of the Philippines. Washington, June 10 .- The success of Aguinaldo and his forces probably determines the question of permanent passession of the Philippines by the United States. To restore the islands to their former owners, the Spaniards, would precipitate another struggle between Aguinaldo and the reinstated Spanish forces. At the same time the Malays cannot be permitted to exercise unrestricted control, for they are quite incapable of maintaining a stable government.

SCHLEY AND CERVERA

Work, Now Seems to Have the Bulge on the Latter.

Off Santiago de Cuba, Saturday, June 4, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 9.- Every Members of Parliament May effort is being made to cut off Santiago de Cuba's connection with the outside

Since Sunday last, when Commodore Schley found Admiral Cervera's fleet trying to leave the harbor and headed off the attempt, it has been the policy to so assistance, either in supplying arms or ammunition, could reach there.

After driving the Spanish fleet into a more protected position in the harbor, by the bombardment of Tuesday, Commodore Schley opened communication with the insurgents, 18 miles from Santiago, to the east. They were urged to obtain,

vessels of the fleet inside the harbor. On Friday afternoon Lieut. Sharp of Cape Verde fleet, with the exception of as essential, inasmuch as there was no to the city, under the protection of the guns mounted on Blanco battery, at the northern extremity of the harbor. The ships there, according to this chart, are the Cristobal Colon, the Vizcaya, the Almirante Oquendo, the Maria Teresa and the Reina Mercedes, the last named are active, and arms, ammunition and were responsible for the care of these men destroyed by the American warships since this despatch was written, all cruisers of the first class, and heavily armed, together with three torpedo boats. The definiteness of this information naturally gave Commodore Schley great satisfaction. He had known that several ships of the enemy were there; he was not sure some had not succeeded in getting away, or had not been sent in another direction. Just how long Santlago can stand besieging is a matter of conjecture. Three weeks ago it was claimed at Jamaica that the food in Santiago was very poor and that it was also very scant. The

> camps are so close that there is little or no communication between the city and the outside world. Yellow Fever in the South. Jackson, Miss., June 10,-General J. F. Hunter, secretary of the State Board of Health, gave the Associated Press the following statement at 10.30 last night:

matter of pushing the enquiry into the "It having been reported to me that seven cases of yellow fever exist at cause it was thought the report of the McHenry, Miss., I hereby declare the commissioners appointed to enquire into town of McHenry in quarantine, under the treatment of the men generally would charge of Dr. Haralson, who will observe contain evidence regarding the death of the quarantine and sanitory rules and H. M. S. TALBOT LEAVES HAVANA

> Carrying Away English Subjects-"Sister Mary" Expelled. Havana, June 10 .- Yesterday afternoon the British cruiser Talbot sailed from Havana. On board were Messrs. Phil Robinson and H. J. Whigham, the Eng- excepting from its operation the lish newspaper correspondents, who were inces of Nova Scotia, New Bruns. arrested some time ago at Matanzas. The and Manitoba, and providing for a Talbot also carries Messrs. Edward and jal revision of the voters' lists in to Cuba a year ago, and against whom an ary because, as asserted, she had failed

orders. These orders, however, were not enforced then, Miss Wilberforce being allowed to remain in the island. Charges having recently again been brought against her, the edict of expulsion was carried out, Miss Wilberforce being taken on board the steamer by force, though she was treated with all possible gentle-

Battleships at Gibraltar. Gibraltar, June 10 .- The Spanish battleship Pelayo and three torpedo boats are constantly cruising in the Straits of Gib-

German Warship for Manila. New York, June 10 .- A despatch from Berlin says: Germany's naval force at Manila is to be strengthened by the addition of another powerful cruiser, which left Nagasaki, Japan, yesterday, for the

Admiral Diederichs, the chief German naval commander in the Far Eastern is not explained.

£139,698, and his assets footed up £690. Cervera Officially Heard From. Madrid, June 8.-Admiral Cervera cables that six American vessels bombarded Santiago and coast fortifications -6 killed, 17 wounded on board the Reina Mercedes; 3 officers killed and 17 wounded among troops. Damage inflicted on batteries La Zocapa and Morro unimportant. Morro barracks damaged. En-

Queen Regent Siek. London June 10 .- The Madrid correspondent of the Daily News says: 'The Queen Regent is said to be in ill health. She hardly ever appears in public, though she drives daily in the wilderness behind

emy has "noticeable losses

WETHERUP.

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These Pianos have a rich, full and musical tone that appeals to all who hear them, and are without a doubt the finest Piano in the Canadian market to-day.

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SOLD BY J. J. WETHERUP, Lindsay.

The Former, Through Lieut. Sharp's CLOSE ON SATURDAY.

Spend Sunday at Home.

KEEN FIGHT WITH THE SENATE.

surround the city and harbor that no The Amendments of the Upper House Thrown Out After a Spirited Debate by the Commons-Prospects That Sir Mackenzie Bowell Will Back Down - Closing

> Ottawa, June 10 .- The Government having decided to strike out the amendments to the Franchise bill she to return it again to the Upper Chamber for approval, means that a direct conflict on a clear issue will be the result between the Upper and Lower Houses, or the Senate

Arrangements.

will allow the bill to go through. The Government and the House of Commons need have no quarrel over the fighting ground as has been laid down by the Senate, but the general opinion here is that Sir Mackenzie Bowell and his allies will back down and allow the bill to go through as amended by the Commons. If they don't, the Plebiscite bill is also killed, as it provides that the vote will be taken on the Franchise bill. An editorial in yesterday's Citizen

says: "In amending the Franchise bill the Senate made what partisan Conservatives regard as a strategic blunder." It will be seen how the Tary majority in the Senate propose to amend this blunder now that it has been pointed out to them. To be consistent, the Senate must insist on the amendments being put in the bill and to be ridiculous they can pursue the other course and let it pass

without them. Prorogation on Saturday. country about the city is unproductive Prorogation will take place on Saturand mountainous, and the insurgent day, and then legislators who live outside of Ottawa will either spend Sunday in their homes or on their way to them. At any rate that was the opinion expressed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and endorsed by Mr. Foster at the opening of yesterday's

session of the House. The Premier said that all the estimates and the legislation might be got through at once, concurrence and prorogation on Saturday. Mr. Foster saw no reason why this should not be done and the statement was received with cheers. Mr. Laurier

from the Investigation Committee be taken up in the afternoon for discussion. Mr. Foster asked that it be deferred until next session, which the Premier agreed to do.

The Loan Companies' bill from the Senate was dropped. Mr. Fitzpatrick then moved that the amendments to the Franchise bill ma by the Senate be struck out, because t Pinkney, who were expelled from the provinces for elections to the Commons, island on suspicion of being spies. Also was inconsistent with and subversive of "Sister Mary" Wilberforce of the Brit- the general principle of the bill; that the ish Red Cross Society, who arrived in amendments were wholly inadequate and could not be rendered effective without order of expulsion was issued last Janu- creating complicated and costly machinery incompatible with the object of the to comply with certain Government bill. That is, in effect, what the amendments meant-the continuation of the present unwieldy and expensive system of creating special voters' lists for Dominion elections, which was pronounced

against at the last general election. Mr. Borden, Halifax, said the reasons given by the Solicitor-General did not refer to why the amendments in Prince Edward Island were effected. Mr. Fitzpatrick said that the secrecy of the ballot had to be maintained in

Prince Edward Island. Mr. Borden maintained that the amend ments of the Senate were not an attack on the principle of the bill. If the Act would not be workable with the amendments, as proposed, then they should pro-

ceed to amend it. Mr. Blair held that the Senate had destroyed the fundamental principles of Mr. McNeill argued that the Senate

had the right to amend the bill, as the House of Lords had done so in England. Mr. Fraser held that the machinery of seas, is on board. The object of this move the bill as now left by the Senate was such that in Nova Scotia there would be no lists at all. He denied that the Senate In the London Bankruptcy Court the had the right to declare the franchise first meeting of the creditors of the Mar- upon which the House of Commons quis of Huntly, Premier Marquis of should be elected. If that principle were Scotland, his debts were shown to be conceded the Senate could control the franchise of the Commons and say who would occupy seats there. As for the Senate it was as strongly partisan as was the House of Commons. It was of the earth, earthly; of mortal, mortality, and politically crawling like the worst partisan of

the House for a living. Mr. Speaker asked that the last expression be withdrawn, which was done. Senate to introduce such amendments to clerk, to wire his friend McKinley to cut a bill which was framed in obedience to us loose. If he does the conflict will be the direct mandate of the people, to get of short duration, that I assure you. rid of the useless, expensive Franchise Act. While the bill had been under discussion in the House no voice had been

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look for sign of Mattress. raised in favor of the old Act, and it had gone down to its grave unwept, unhonored and unsung. The amendment proposed by the leader of the Opposition for an appeal had been voted down by the largest majority the Government ever had. On that occasion the Government had got a warning from that side as to what the result would be and it was more than borne out. It was evident that from the outset the bill was to be wrecked in the Senate, and it had been determined that the will of the people should be thwarted. From the outset it had been intended that the Conservative party would make manifest its want of confidence in the people and its desire to control the franchise by its own hirelings. The Senate amendments had been drawn by a man who had no knowledge of franchise laws or of provincial machinery, and who, safe in the haven of the Senate, never expected to have to put the Act in

Mr. Fitzpatrick went over the objectionable amendments in detail and showed how absurd and unworkable they were, and how little care had been given either to framing or considering them. The desire had not been to improve the bill or do justice to the electors, but to create trouble and make difficulties. The Liberals had confidence in the people of Canada and wished to put under their control the making of the electoral lists, but the Senate's action was an attempt to interfere and thwart this desire. Mr. Fitzpatrick's words were loudly cheered.

Mr. Mills of Annapolis denied any intention on the part of the Opposition to interfere with the principle of the bill. The debate was concluded by Messrs. moved that the Drummond County report Martin (P.E.I.) and Davin, after which amendments be disagreed to, was adopted on division.

The second reading of the bill to give Manitoba \$300,000 from the trust funds for school purposes was then debated until 5 o'clock, when the yeas and nays were demanded by the Opposition on the principle of the bill. The reading carried by a straight party vote of 62 to 32. The other Manitoba bill to pay for the Parliament Buildings and Government

House passed all stages.

When the House went into supply Mr. Wallace reminded the Government of the clerical error in the tariff draft, by which, since the tariff resolutions of 1897, the duty on rubber belting had been fixed at 20 per cent, ad valorem, whereas the intention was, had the item not become displaced, that it should read 25 per cent. The Finance Minister moved to correct

Mr. Wallace asked if it was not his intention to provide for compensating makers for the loss they had been caused. Mr. Fielding said the Government could not compensate under such circum-

Following up this subject, the Minister bespoke a further step in the direction of Imperial federation. It consisted, in brief, in extending to the whole British Empire the advantages of the perferential duty now only enjoyed by the West Indies. He felt in doing so that this action on the part of the Government might lead to some encouragement to trade between Canada and Australia. The following sub-section was therefore, on his motion, added to the schedule: "Raw sugar, including all sugar described in item 436 of schedule A, may, when imported from any British colony or possession, be entered for duty or taken out of warehouse for consumption in Canada at the reduced rate of duty provided under the British preferential trade tariff."

The House returned to supply. The harbors and rivers supplementaries were taken up. The first item was \$4,000 for a breakwater for the new harbor near Guysboro,

The item carried on division. Tell McKinley to Cut Us Loose. A lad from Union Hill, N.J., who enlisted in Company E, Ninth New York,

writes to a friend as follows: Chickamauga, May 31.-Friend Mike: When I enlisted I thought my country wanted men to fight and not lie here, as we are doing. Tell your friend, the town The heat here is something terrible

and the eating is fierce-hard tack and beans three times a day. Tell your friend he ought to be glad he did not pass. We have to walk three miles for water to drink and wash with. The heat is terrible and I will look like Bill Thompson, the black boy, if I ever get home. Arthur.