

R. S. Porter. OUT TO-DAY - AT - PORTER'S 'MISSERINA' by G. W. T. Omond 'ORIOLES' DAUGHTER by Jessie Fothergill, author of 'The First Violin.' For the newest Fiction - GO TO - PORTERS' Bookstore. F. C. Talyor.

THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847. Policies in Force: \$62,703,000. Assets: 14,300,000. Income: 2,500,000. Death Claims Paid in 1893: 700,435.

'Year after year the Canada Life keeps on the even tenor of its way, enlarging the circle of its patrons, dispensing its inestimable benefits and carrying its great structure on sound financial principles. The four corner stones on which the Canada Life has been built up are Economy, Integrity, Liberality and Stability.'

FIRE INSURANCE. LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND GLOBE, ROYAL, IMPERIAL AND BRITISH AMERICA INSURANCE COMPANIES. A class of Property Insured at Lowest Rates. F. C. TALYOR, AGENT, LINDSAY.

The Canadian Post. LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1895. EDITORIAL NOTES.

Premier Greenway seems inclined to let Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Clarke Wallace fight out their remedial order with Quimet and Sir Adolphe Caron. It must have been in one of Mr. Foster's moments of weakness that he took the \$200,000 from the Atlantic & Lake Superior Railway Co. Mr. Foster explained that he was hard up at the time and he wouldn't do it again.

The Hon. Geo. E. Foster objects to the auditor general publishing all the details of expenditures by the government. This is a confession that some of these expenditures are such as the government have reason to be ashamed of.

The statement is made that when China has borrowed all the money needed to settle accounts with Japan, no less than two-thirds of her entire customs revenue will be pledged. This is one of the disadvantages of being a barbarous country. Civilized communities are not compelled to put up collateral for payment of their bonds.

Out in South Dakota when there is a difficulty about proving the character of liquor in prohibition cases the presiding justice borrows a corkscrew, upends the bottle, rolls his eyes, gurgles softly a little while, smacks his lips, ejaculates "beer," and the "blind-pigger" goes behind the bars for thirty days. "Judicial cognizance" is the terror of the South Dakota shyster.

Lord Salisbury has promised to accept the franchise, on condition that the liberals will not obstruct the completion of necessary business before the dissolution. He would have preferred to have Lord Rosebery dissolve the house instead of resigning, and a despatch states that it will be advantageous to the liberals to go to the country in opposition. That seems odd to the Canadian mind. In this case the party that is in office has an actual advantage. Possession is about nine points out of ten. Patronage makes votes. The Dominion government appoints its own partisans for returning officers and deputies, public works are started and various inducements held out to affect the voting. They must have the election game worked down to a much fairer basis in the old country.

Dundas Banner: Rev. Manley Benson is not the only preacher who has been able to add a little to his yearly allowance by doing something for the government. Mr. Benson got \$1,000 for delivering a few lectures in the old country, making more in two months than nine out of every ten preachers in Canada make the whole year round. Among the commissioners who took evidence on prohibition was Rev. Dr. McLeod, whose pay ran close upon \$7,000, or more than any two of his co-laborers received. And then he brought in a report of his own, differing from the conclusions of the others. No doubt preachers are as much entitled as others to get their share of what is coming, but it does look as if when the opportunity offered, they were just as ready to get the last dollar as are the laymen whose extravagance and greediness they occasionally take time to denounce.

Kingston Whig: Rev. Salem G. Bland, whom the Montreal Witness describes as "one of the brainiest men in the Montreal conference, a hard student, a profound thinker, a wide reader, and pleasing speaker," believes the adoption of the single tax is a proposition involving important and beneficial social tendencies, which in turn would "facilitate the further betterment of humanity." He says: "I have been trying to study social problems more earnestly and systematically than ever before in my life, and out of all, thus far, is growing a strong conviction that next to the moral improvement of the individual, which the gospel aims at, nothing would so tend to equality of opportunity, diffusion of comfort and expansion of industry as would the single tax. It is taking ever stronger hold on me and continually grows in depth of conviction. It seems to me the one most clear and immediate reform in the region of legislation and social economy." While considering the multiplication or nationalization of natural monopolies as most desirable he confessed to "feeling an increasing sinking of heart as to whether just now we are fit for it. It will require another order (largely) of aldermen and politicians, who in turn depend on and reflect the moral and intellectual standards of enfranchisement. "But the single tax," he claims, "is not so much a new arrangement as a liberation of society from arbitrary and hampering conditions; it is not a new machine but a removal of impediments and obstructions in the old."

ments and obstructions in the old. "Socialism," he fears, "can never be made workable except as the outcome of a passionate and religious spirit of brotherhood, but the single tax would benefit men even as they are to-day and would, moreover, facilitate the further betterment of humanity."

Montreal Gazette: The Atlantic & Lake Superior bond issue has apparently not been a success on the London market, and subscriptions received will be returned. Perhaps this is the best way out of the misunderstanding the company's prospectus created. At any rate it relieves the government of an awkward responsibility, the like of which it should be careful not to assume again.

The government got raked fore and aft in the house on Tuesday night over the Curran bridge swindle. This is a wretched piece of business, the country on this one job losing \$100,000, with large claims still unpaid. The worst feature of the matter is that after the knowledge of the booting came to the ears of the government large sums of money were paid to contractors and others, the door being left open for the perpetration of fraud. It is a great shame that these things should be so.

The projected bridge over the Hudson river at New York is to be the greatest bridge in the world, and its construction will be the most stupendous engineering feat hitherto attempted in the way of bridge building. The great Forth bridge near Edinburgh cost \$16,000,000; it is about 300 feet high, and its span is 1,535 feet. The new Hudson river bridge is to be hung on towers 557 feet high above the water, with foundations sunk 125 feet deep; the space between the towers is to be 3,110 feet, and the cost of the structure estimated at \$25,000,000. The engineer who has prepared the plans and will superintend the work is a Canadian, Charles Macdonald, a native of Gananogue, Ontario.

The officer of the high commissioner in London must be a very paradise for its employees—at the public expense. The items in connection with it are very interesting. Here we have 'income tax of staff \$401.95,' almost in contrast with 'relief of distressed Canadians \$9.73,' an immense amount of sack to a little bread. On Thursday the house of commons was called upon to vote the income tax on the high commissioner's salary. The office must be conducted quite on the "happy family" style. But the question arises—"what good does this costly establishment do for Canada?" When anything practical is required some emissaries have to be dispatched from this country. The copyright business is the last case in point. The money lavished on the commissioner's office could be better spent.

Ottawa Free Press: The Catholic Record calls attention to a very peculiar circumstance that the leading luminaries of the A. P. A. have been invited to take the most prominent positions at the coming gathering of Orangemen at Winnipeg. It very naturally infers that the two associations are one in principle and practice. It would be well for the Orange order to clear its skirts of the charge. Of the fact that the A. P. A. people have been invited there is no doubt, but the circumstance is greatly to be regretted. We have before expressed our opinion of this organization. The common sense of the United States is denouncing it as a curse and a public menace. We in Canada are now in the cradle of our nationality, a young people endeavoring to blend elements in race and thought which go to form the community. To us the presence of such a social and moral upsurge tree as the A. P. A. would be fatal to all our hopes and all our promises. Any good citizen should be ashamed to be in any way even named in connection with it and the Orange order, which is, in some respects, regarded as a superfluity in Canada will do well to avoid association with the position of the importation from the other side of the line, the child of "know nothingism," bigotry and intolerance.

The cat is out of the bag in regard to the government's guarantee of the interest on the Atlantic and Lake Superior railway bonds. The truth was extorted by Mr. Laurier from Mr. Foster that the government had countenanced this wild-cat scheme because it had been paid to do so with a loan at a reduced rate of interest. Mr. Foster admitted reluctantly that the company had offered the government a loan at three per cent for which they would have had to pay four, and that it was to get this loan in the shape of the deposit money for the payment of the interest of the limited number of the guarantee, but at the same time confessed that many ignorant people who made investments through trustees might be misled to their loss. The floating of the bonds has proved a failure, for the time at any rate, and they have been withdrawn from the market, so that no harm will be done except to the reputation of the Canadian government, which has been condemned both in Great Britain and in Canada for its course in bartering a limited guarantee which was certain to be misrepresented.

Lindsay Cheese Board. The regular meeting of the Lindsay Cheese Board was held Wednesday at eleven o'clock in the council chamber, the president, Mr. Thomas Robertson, of Dundas, presiding. Mr. J. H. Curran, secretary, of Derryville, was also at his post. The following buyers were present:—Mr. Cooke, of Belleville; Mr. Wrighton, of Peterboro; and Mr. Flavelle, of Lindsay. In all 1,253 cheese were boarded by seven-teen factories. Mr. Cooke bought the whole lot at \$1.65 per lb. with the exception of two factories, Gamebridge and Leasdale—which did not sell. The following is a list of the factories boarded, with the number of cheese boarded:

Dundas & Flavelle Bros. Carpets

We Will

Furnish you with a Good

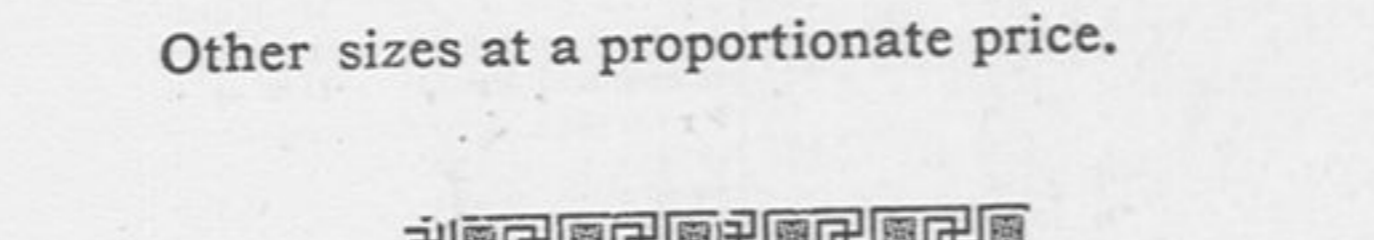
Ingrain Carpet,

Make it for you, Furnish Carpet Paper,

Put it down on a room 12 x 15 ft.,

For \$8, \$10, \$13,

According to quality. Other sizes at a proportionate price.



Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

COMMERCIAL NEWS. Toronto Live Stock Market.

There was much discouragement for the drovers Tuesday, for the market was a poor one and prices declined fully 3c in the market. Cattle to dealers were of considerably both Monday and Tuesday. Butchers' cattle were not a whit better, everything being slow sale. Bayley for Montreal was quiet, only about four cars being taken. Another factor which added to the depression of prices Tuesday was the heavy receipts. There were 86 carloads in which included 1,081 sheep and lambs, 400 hogs and 101 calves. Superintendent David Walker reports total receipts at the main market and the annex for the week ended Saturday, June 22, as follows:—Cattle, 2,405; sheep and lambs, 3,476; hogs, 2,982; weight fees, \$10,334. This was a heavier run than for some time.

Export Cattle—Cattle to dealers were off, receipts were heavy and the result was that the market was a poor one, closing at a decline of about 1c per lb. from the previous day. Several drovers sold their cattle at less than they paid for them in the country. The best sale of cattle was one carload of extra choice, which would have sold last market day for 6c per lb, but which sold Tuesday for \$4.29 per cwt. The top ruling figure was 5c per lb, the lower being about 4c per lb or 4c.

Butchers' Cattle—There was also a weaker tone to this trade in sympathy with export stuff. About three carloads were taken for the week, but buying was just medium, prices ranging from 8c to 9c for the best calves. Common sold at from 8c to 8.5c. Sheep and Lambs—There was nothing done in this line on the market Tuesday, but Messrs. Halliday & Rogers have contracted for several hundred sheep, to be delivered at the beginning of July. Prices paid range from 3c to 3.5c per lb. These are the best prices for some time.

Table with columns for various commodities like 'Milk cows and springers', 'Butcher's choice cattle', 'Butcher's good cattle', etc., and their corresponding prices.

\$6.25 Men's Odd Size Suits

Is the price at which we are offering a lot of Men's Odd Size Suits, formerly sold at from \$8.25 to \$10.50. If you require a suit don't overlook this rare opportunity.

Also good Wearing Suits at \$3.95, \$4.25 and \$5.00.

In Fine BLACK WORSTEDS

We undoubtedly take the lead, as we are in a position to give you the extra long MORNING COAT at one-half the charges of your tailor. We have some

Grand Values in Fine Clothing.

Give us a look through before purchasing your Suit—it will mean dollars in your pockets.

We cannot be undersold in SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES, SUSPENDERS, HATS or CAPS. Our stock of Men's Furnishings is very large and up to date.

Carter.

P. McArthur & Co.

BARGAINS - BARGAINS

Now that the cold snap is about over, Summer goods will be in demand, and we are prepared with one of the finest assortments of Summer Goods to be seen in the trade, to give the biggest bargains offered in town.

Our Motto—Bargains and Bargains—it is going to be for the rest of the Season.

We are giving special bargains in Summer Dress Goods, White Lawns and Muslins, White Embroideries, etc., Light Summer Prints, Delaines (all colors), Gloves and Hosiery.

HATS. STRAW HATS. FELT HATS.

Our Men's Fine Straws at 25c, 35c, and 50c, are surprising all. Our Men's Black and Colored Fedoras at \$1.00 are a Bonanza. Stacks of Children's from 5c. up.

MILLINERY.

The Millinery Rooms are in full blast, and our Milliners are kept hustling night and day to keep up to the many orders which keep pouring in. Call and inspect our stock for style and prices.

We could quote hundreds of prices but space and time will not permit; however, for real genuine bargains, we are giving them.

See our 60c Corsets, regular price \$1.00.

P. MACARTHUR & CO.

WARM WEATHER.

HATS—Airy, Fairy Yeddos—just the right hat for these summer days. Some stores will show you a scant little lot of them. Our assortment is ample.

New York Styles.

IT COSTS NOTHING to see our summer Outing, Boating and Tourists' Shirts. Our Summer Underwear prices suits the customer better than the merchant. Up-to-date goods in Cotton Effects for cool dresses at down-to-date prices.

For that sunny feeling try our Sunshades; for that damp feeling try our Umbrellas. Impressive prices in Men's Summer Coats and Vests. Pulse-quickenng bargains in Boys' and Youths' Suits. Poor prices in Hosiery and Gloves. Speed-away prices in Blouse Silks.

Trade with Lindsay's Leader of Low Cash Prices Dry Goods House and be healthy and happy.

E. E. W. MCGAFFEY.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including 'HE...', 'Comm...', 'pla...', 'Is this...', 'pro...', 'Se...', 'the...', 'as...', 'com...', 'val...', 'McLenn...', 'McLenn...', 'Binder Twir...', 'Red Cap...', 'Paris Green...', 'Machine Oil...', 'Hay Forks and...', 'Sections and...', 'Grindstones...', 'Scythes and...', 'McLennan...', 'Scrants...', 'D-ivered at...', 'Local Tr...', 'TRADE MARK...', 'Port Hope via Millbrook...', 'Colbrook, etc.', 'Haliburton, etc.', 'Ex. Toronto, etc.', 'Ex. Toronto, etc.', 'The Cana...', 'LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1895.', 'TOWN AN...', 'DABRES HER...', 'Thomas...', 'Office, G. W. Beall's...', 'The Dir...', 'Now in use by the...', 'anything heretofore...', 'nothing tooth extra...', 'Bridges...', 'A carload to arrive...', 'Cap and Common s...', 'Call and see this b...', 'block, near Post r...', 'Stove, Nut and Eg...', '-63-t.', 'A Pretty Ju...', 'Toronto Globe, Sat...', 'of Mr. H. Frith, 7...', 'was the scene of a...', 'on Wednesday last...', 'Kid was married.', 'McDiarmid's barrin...', 'hall. The ceremony...', 'Rev. Dr. McDiarmid...', 'the groom.) In the...', 'number of friends...', 'McDiarmid's left by...', 'charming, dressed in...', 'carried a bridal bo...', 'bridesman was Mid...', 'McDiarmid's left by...', 'the wedding breakfa...', 'held from 11 a.m. to...', 'mutual friends might...', 'happy couple, who...', 'residence at Fenion...', 'McDiarmid's left by...', 'the law firm of Mc...', 'Diarmid, who is a t...', 'successful manager...', 'and the happy o...