BRISTOL'S
BRISTOL'S
BRISTOL'S
Sarsaparilla
and
SUGAR COATED PILLS

The Greatest of all Liver, Stomach and Blood Medicines.

A SPECIFIC FOR
Rheumatism, Gout and Chronic Complaints.

They Cleanse and Purify the Blood.

All Druggists and General Dealers.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY APRIL 22 1898.

HER FORTUNE

AN OHIO GIRL TELLS HOW SHE FOUND IT.

Overheard in the Cars.

Some women, says the Daily Commercial, have found a fortune in their faces, while others have found a fortune in their figures. But more interesting and profitable than the experiences of these, is that of the Ohio girl who actually found a fortune in her ear.

This young lady had been a resident of the Buckeye State for fifteen years. Her present home is in Cincinnati, where she ranks as one of the most successful musicians and voice trainers in the entire west. Her personal attractiveness and unusually vivacious temperament has, combined with her accomplishments, gained for her an enviable social position. To look at her bright, rosy, girlish face, one would suppose that her life had been one of perpetual sunshine, and that she had never known a moment's unhappiness. No one would for an instant surmise that this same girl had for nearly two years been the victim of a tormentor that came near blasting her life and robbing her of her reason. Her life presents one of those cases where present appearances fail to give an insight into past experiences.

It was during an entertainment at the College of Music in which she took part, that she contracted what she then regarded as a slight cold. I took no notice of it at first, said the young lady recently to a Commercial reporter, but in about a week small red spots appeared on my face, and so disfigured me that I lost my pupils, one by one. Their mothers, fearing contagion, did not want them to come in contact with me. A nervous, racking cough robbed me of sleep and appetite, and each of four different physicians who were called in gave a different opinion as to what my trouble was. Eczema, Blood Poisoning, Lung Trouble and a complications of disorders were among the results of their diagnoses. My suffering was intense and I began wasting away to a mere shadow. Dreading the solicitude and sympathy which I could plainly read on the faces of my friends, I secretly changed my boarding place. When they found my new address I decided, by the advice of two physicians, to go to a private Sanitarium in Indiana. My journey in the cars, continued the young lady, was a terrible ordeal, for, aside from my physical suffering, I saw that, although I wore a veil, the passengers avoided the seats near me, and between my coughing spells I could not but hear that they talked about my hopeless condition and disfigured face.

"Besides the horrible skin disease, she's got consumption, and its going to kill her, poor thing. It almost killed my sister," remarked a lady, in an audible tone, to her companion across the aisle.

I shuddered as I heard my doom pronounced by careless lips, and didn't have enough hope left to pay more than passing notice to the name of the discovery which the lady said had saved her sister's life. I had met with so many disappointments that I almost courted death, and it was a relief to get within the shelter walls of the Sanitarium, and hear the encouraging words of the proprietor and his attendants.

But all my hope vanished when, after eight weeks' treatment, I was asked for the addresses of my relatives and friends. I knew then that these doctors also considered my case hopeless. The mental agony I endured brought my journey on the cars back to me with vivid distinctness, and suddenly the name of the "Discovery" which the talkative passenger mentioned as having saved her sister's life, began ringing in my ears. Somehow I could not drive it from my mind, and by an almost superhuman impulse I was impelled to secretly send a note for a bottle of it, which I took according to directions. The first few days it had no apparent effect on my case, except to relieve my cough somewhat and the soreness of my lungs. The second bottle gave me strength, and the eruption on my skin began to disappear. I sent out for three more bottles, and by the time I had taken them I felt almost well. I knew it was against the rules of the institution for patients to take any medicines except those prescribed there, and I called the chief physician to my room, showed him that I had left his own medicine untouched for weeks, told him that I had broken the rules and taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which saved my life after five different doctors had failed. My cure is a matter of record, and I cheerfully consent to its publication as a token of gratitude to Dr. Pierce and his wonderful "Discovery," and in order that other women may be rescured from agonizing suffering and untimely death. I have resumed giving music lessions, and as you see with your own eyes, added the young lady to the reporter, my skin is smooth and clear, and my health is perfect. If I had not heard those two young women discussing my case in the cars, I would not be here to-day tell you of my wonderful recovery. My hearing that conversation proved a fortune to me.

The above case, reported by the Commercial, is by no means an exceptional one. Many thousands have given their voluntary, written testimony in support of the wonderful curative and new life giving powers of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Many of these have asked that their experiences be made public for the benefit of other sufferers. If, as it sometimes happens in long neglected and seriously-complicated cases, the relief and cure afforded by this great "Discovery" doesn't promptly follow, Dr. Pierce will upon being advised by letter, send free of charge such straight forward, professional advice as will enable any sufferers from similar disease above described, to cure themselves at home pleasantly, painlessly and permanently.

ALL HEADACHES
from whatever cause cured in half an hour by
HOFFMAN'S HEADACHE POWDERS
10 cents and 25 cents at all druggists.

KEEP MORE SHEEP.

Professor Thomas Shaw, in a recent issue of the Farmers' Voice, makes a strong plea for the extension of the sheep industry of the United States. He points out that the importance of this industry cannot be estimated by the mathematician, and that it would be unfair to the sheep industry to say that the maximum of its value is represented by the number of sheep in the country valued at so much per head. This arises from the intimate relation which exists between fertility and the production of maximum crops. It has been the practice in reckoning the profit on sheep growing to place a value on the lamb crop and on the wool, and to deduct from that sum the cost of maintenance. This mode of reckoning only tells half the story, for the service rendered by each animal in destroying weeds and in fertilizing the soil is oftcatimes fully equal to the cash returns which it gives the owner.

In reference to sheep as scavengers, Professor Shaw recommends utilizing a portion of land every year in growing a succession of pastures for them, when they will clean the farm more effectually than could be done at large outlay, in destroying weeds and in other ways. Sheep devour weeds because they relish them, and therefore it is no hardship to utilize them for this purpose. When the weeds become woody and produce seeds, sheep will gather the seeds with great diligence when they refuse to eat woody stem which produces them. As distributers of fertility on the farm, sheep have never had an equal since the world began. The abandoned farms of New England are being reclaimed by the restorative power of sheep. Professor Shaw maintains that at least one-half of the $50,000,000 that is being paid out annually in the Eastern States for commercial fertilizers could be saved by the multiplication of sheep on these Eastern farms.

Professor Shaw's views in connection with the sheep industry of the United States are just as applicable to Canada. If it will pay the farmer of the States to keep more sheep, it will pay the Canadian farmer also, and for the same reasons. As we have pointed out frequently in these columns, there are many Canadian farms that need some kind of a weed scavenger in order to make them look respectable and clean, and why not utilize sheep for this purpose? Then again, the question of keeping up the fertility of the land and of restoring it on many impoverished farms, is equally important. The value of sheep as destroyers of weeds and restorers of the fertility in the aind should make them one of the most valuable animals on the farm. Coupled with this is the fact that sheep will return a profit on the wool produced and the lambs raised, which gives them an additional value. Then there should be no hesitation on the part of our farmers in regard to the advisability of increasing their flocks of sheep. A great many of our farmers estimate the profits from sheep rearing only on the amount of wool produced. This gives only one side of their value. There is a good profit all along the line that cannot be estimated directly in dollars and cents.

The sheep industry of the United States has made rapid advancement during the past years. Some are apprehensive as to the outcome, and fear the industry will be overdone. On this point Professor Shaw states that in all the United States there are fewer than ten sheep for every arable farm. This, he states, is not enough to adequately supply the farmers' homes with mutton for one year. Mutton should be raised more for food on the farm. If there are fewer than ten sheep to every arable farm in the United States, we are quite sure that the number of sheep to every arable Canadian farm does not exceed that number. There is then ample room for greatly extending the sheep industry of Canada and for our farmers to "keep more sheep."—Farming.

Heart Disease Relieved In 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pains in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by A. Higinbotham and P. Morgan.

Try Your Wits on this Puzzler

Here is a problem for you to struggle with. No answers are wanted at this office. Tell the answer to the policeman. A man owed $1 and had but 75c. He went to a pawn-shop and pawned the 75c. for 50c. He met a friend and sold him the pawn-ticket calling for 75c., for 50c. He thus had two 50 cent pieces—$1 in fact, with which he paid his debt. Was anybody out, and how much?

Skin on Fire.

Torment of Torments—Is there scrofulous tendency? Is there irritating eczema? Is there unexplainable itching, stinging skin eruption? Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a sovereign balm for all such. One application soothes and patient treatment produces a baby-like softness of the skin. It destroys the disease germ effectively. Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure piles in from three to six nights. 35 cents. Use Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills. Large vial, 20 cents. Sold by A. Higinbotham and P. Morgan.

The Lumberman's Benefit.

Minden Echo: Our village was thronged on Wednesday week with settlers from Lutterworth and all the way north to Sherbourne and east to Guilford, it being "settling day" with the Rathbun Lumber Co. Our merchants benefitted very largely by the crowd and the large amount of money that came into the hands of the settlers on the occasion. We did not hear a single grumbler in the crowd, all seemed satisfied with the fairness of their settlement and a large quantity of summer supplies and seeds were carried back to their homes by the settlers. It seemed like old times here to see the lumbermen paying out large amounts and the settlers looking happy, but unlike the old times, nearly every body went home sober.

Brief and Decisive Opinions About Diamond Dyes.

Mrs. J. H. Coulter, Neepawa, Man., says:

"I always have much pleasure in using Diamond Dyes; I think they are grand agents for making old things look like new."

Mary A. Raycraft, Leeds, P. Q., gives her experience in seven words: "I am delighted with your Diamond Dyes."

Mrs. Chas. Hutchings, Jones' Falls, Ont., writes:

"Have used several packages of your Diamond Dyes and find them better than any other make; they never fade or crock, and are entirely satisfactory."

Mrs. John Merritt, Sandy Cove, N. S., says:

"Have used Diamond Dyes for over seven years, and have found them great successes."

Mrs. David Grant, Mountain Station, Ont., says:

"Diamond Dyes far surpass all other dyes that I have tried,"

HE DIDN'T GET THE SHILLING.

"How many minutes in an hour?" asked a gentleman of a bright schoolboy. He expected the prompt answer, "Sixty," and in that case he would have given the boy a shilling. But the lad looked thoughtful and slowly replied: "It depends. Not more than fifteen I think, when I am playing football. Every hour I spend studying, though, has sixty long minutes. Then when I am ill—which isn't often, thank goodness—and lie awake all night, waiting for daylight, I think every minute of the sixty is doubled."

He didn't get a shilling. The gentleman thought the boy had too much imagination. Perhaps he was right, yet read what a correspondent writes from Loan Folds, Guildtown, near Perth:—

"At night I had to sit up in bed for hours together. What my sufferings were it is almost impossible to describe."

When persons suffer in this way the least sound distresses them. They toss from side to side, staring at the wall and at faint outlines of objects in the room. The striking of the clock is torture.

"In March, 1886," the lady writes, "I began to suffer with severe indigestion. After everything I ate I had intense pain at my chest and a sensation I cannot better describe than by calling it a constant working in the stomach. So bad did this become that I was afraid to eat, and I often sat down to my meals and would take nothing but a drink of tea, and even this would distress me."

Then the lady tells of her horrible night, when, as the schoolboy said, each weary hour seemed stretched out to 120 minutes.

"I got weaker and weaker until I could scarcely walk," the letter continues. "I got medicines from the chemists in Perth and also consulted a doctor who gave me a prescription. I took his medicines but nothing did me any good. At last I began to think that if I did not soon get relief I could not last much longer.

"After my sufferings had continued a whole year, my husband read in the church magazine for the benefit many had received from Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and he persuaded me to try it. After taking this medicine a short time I found signs of improvement. My appetite was better, and the food I took agreed with me. I continued with it and when I had taken six bottles I was well and strong as ever. Since that time I have kept the medicine in the house as a family remedy, and when any of us is ailing a few doses set us right. You have my permission to make what use you like of this statement. Yours truly (signed) Elizabeth Kidd Methven. May 31, 1894."

A year with no really refreshing sleep a year in which good wholesome food is a thing to be afraid of, is a long time. We receive letters from people who suffer longer than that; but Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup never fails to soothe and strengthen them. Mrs. Methven recognised the nature of her disease at the first acquaintance. Some of our correspondents tell of night-sweats, coughs, palpitation, and pain in the joints. They think they have consumption or heart disease, when they have indigestion; a thing no more to be trifled with than rattlesnakes and man-eating tigers. You cannot kill the tiger with a pop-gun, nor indigestion by doctoring for heart trouble. Use a good rifle for one, and Mother Seigel's incomparable remedy for the other.

New York Life represents Uncle Sam as a big lout who is trying to snatch a little boy's (Spain's) toy cart (Cuba), while Justice, who asks why the big fellow does not tackle something of his size, is informed that the little fellow is selected because he can be licked. There's point in the cartoon.

PLAIN, HONEST WORDS.

Catarrh and Cold in the Head are Quickly Cured by Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—It's Painless—It's a Cure

Says Alex. Edmison, of Roseneath, Ont.: "I have been troubled with catarrh for several years, and suffered very much. No end of remedies were used, but I can honestly say that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the only remedy I have used that has given permanent relief. It has in my case cured the disease." Sold by A. Higinbotham and P. Morgan.

Against the Cramming System.

The London school board has passed a resolution against the evil of cramming for examinations. The resolution went through unanimously. It was a lengthy recital of the case. It is declared wrong, unfair and unjust to judge of the ability and character of a teacher by the results of examinations. Reference is made to the severe injury to health growing out of the system. Confidence is expressed in the present staff of headmasters, and the recommendation follows that "at the next midsummer examinations candidates only be sent up such as by reason of age, physical power and mental capacity would, in the judgment of the headmaster, be capable of going forward with higher work to their own advantage." Others they are advised to restrain, to their ultimate profit and real education. In consequence, the board urges parents to assist the board and headmasters to curb the present inordinate desire to have pupils pass.

Our Roads and Walks.

The board of works spent a couple of hours on the 7th inst., discussing the estimates for this year's operations. A complete report of work recommended will be submitted to council at a special meeting to be called probably for Monday evening. After some discussion the following motion was adopted: "That the council be asked to apportion the sum of $6,000 to the finance committee for the present year, to be expended as follows: $1,500 for sanitary sewers; $1,000 for stone or concrete pavement; $1,000 for macadam roads; and the balance, $2,500, for general street repairs and improvements. —Carried." During a talk over sewer matters Dep.-reeve Smyth said that while in Peterboro recently he had consulted with Mr. Best concerning the procedure followed in that town, and had received a valuable hint. It had cost that municipality some $1,700 to defend suits against township councils as a result of protests against the deposit of sewage in the river, and the expense might have been avoided had Peterboro council first obtained the authority of the provincial board of health to proceed with the work, under the clauses of the provincial health act, as being necessary for the sanitary welfare of the town. Couns. Baldwin, Wilson, O'Neill and Burrows referred to the excellent work being done by the street grader and roller, and it was decided to keep these implements steadily at work.

The Dangers of Spring

Which arise from impurities in the blood and a depleted condition of this vital fluid may be entirely averted by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine cures all spring humors, boils, eruptions and sores, and by enriching and vitalizing the blood, it overcomes that tired feeling and gives vitality and vigor.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The True Reason.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir.—It was brought to my notice on Saturday last that it is being circulated around town that men of the public works staff had been discharged. Such is not the case—the men are home because there in no work.—Yours truly,

THOS. WALTERS,
Superintendent Public Works.

How Parks Got Out.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—In an article some days ago referring to the release of W. H. Parks by order of Mr. Justice Ferguson after conviction by Police Magistrate Deacon, you stated that Lawyer DuVernet, who had charge of the case in Toronto, represented that Mr. Parks' counsel was not permitted to examine the only witness for the prosecution, that certain Methodist ministers were in close proximity to the magistrate, and that one of them was closeted with him during the trial, and that the application was granted, the Attorney-General's department not opposing the same; from which it might be assumed that the representations were true. I acted as counsel for the Mariposa Temperance Alliance on the prosecution, and can only say that the representations are entirely untrue. Mr. Parks' counsel did cross-examine the witness at almost tedious length. True, the magistrate refused to permit certain questions which were improper; that happens at any trial. The Methodist ministers were where they had a perfect right to be, not as close to the magistrate as I was myself, and they never spoke to him at all. As regards one of them being closeted with the magistrate, both gentlemen referred to and the magistrate absolutely deny it. I at once wrote the Attorney-General and asked why I, or some person connected with the prosecution, had not been consulted with, and why the case had been allowed to go by default, especially considering the grave charges made against the magistrate and respectable ministers, without giving them an opportunity of defending themselves, and that the fact of his not opposing it gave color to the truth of the charges, and received the following reply from Deputy Attorney-General Cartwright:

(Queen vs. Parks.)

TORONTO, 7th April, 1893.

"DEAR SIR,—I have yours of the 6th inst., addressed to the Attorney-General with reference to this case. So far as I can learn, the paragraph in the paper to which you refer is incorrect. It was understood that some application might be made to the court to quash the conviction, and the papers have been placed in the hands of Mr. Langton, who ordinarily attended to these matters. Mr. Langton tells me that he had arranged to attend for the purpose of the application in the matter, but that he was informed by Mr. DuVernet, acting for the applicant, that the matter would not be proceeded with. Yours truly,

J. R CARTWRIGHT.

To G. H. Hopkins, Barrister, Lindsay."

Mr. D. R. Anderson, counsel for Mr. Parks, tells me that they filed a consent in writing, on behalf of the Attorney-General to the order being made. What the facts really are I cannot say. One thing is certain, that neither the magistrate or the Temperance Alliance had any notice. It is certainly intolerable that a prisoner should be allowed to get out of jail in such a way. If what the Deputy Attorney-General writes me is true, then I cannot understand why they have not taken steps to have the prisoner recaptured and Mr. Du Vernet proceeded against. If not, then why did the Attorney-General consent to his release or fail to oppose the application without making any enquiry as to the truth of the charges upon which his release was asked for? There is a strong feeling that there has been some underhand work, and it is certainly too bad, after the temperance people spending their time and money trying to enforce the law, to have their efforts frustrated in such a way, and an outrage that the magistrate and the Methodist ministers should be so grossly slandered without the slightest foundation therefor, to compass such ends. All we want is fair play and it seems to me no person, no matter how much they may sympathize with Mr. Parks, will approve of the way he was got out.—Yours, etc.

G. H. HOPKINS.

Note.—In connection with the above we may state that our reference to the case above mentioned was taken from a Toronto daily, and was given as an item of news likely to be interesting to our readers. We are not aware of the facts of the case, and of course made no comment thereon.—Ed. Post.

F. C. Taylor.

CANADA LIFE
Assurance Co.

A LINDSAY RESULT.

The late Mr Jcs. L. Perkins, of this town, was insured under Policy No, 16929, in the Canada Life Assurance Company. Those contemplating taking out a life policy will do well to note the settlement made by the company in this case.

Policy No. 16929—Jos. L. Perkins. Age at Entry.—27.

Original amount of Insurance	$1000
Profits added to policy	518 75
	$1,518 75
Premiums received by Co.	483 00
Return over cost.....	$1,035 75

The above result shows that the profits alone exceeded all the premiums paid by $35.75, and the company carried the risk for over 23 years.

It pays to select the company that gives the best results for the money.

W. R. WIDDESS, Special Agent. F. C. TAYLOR, Agent.

J. G. Edwards & Co.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

Building Hardware

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

—Special Quality in—

HOES, RAKES, FORKS

Spring House Cleaning time is now here and you will require Sherwin-Williams Paint, Alabastine, Carpet Paper, Tacks, and lots of things to put your home in shape for the .... summer. Call ....

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

For everything in the Hardware line.

The D. & L. EMULSION

The D. & L. EMULSION
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. EMULSION
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. EMULSION
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite. 50c. & $1 per Bottle.

Be sure you get the genuine | DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited, Montreal

IT WORKED LIKE A CHARM

Paine's Celery Compound, the World-famed Spring Medicine, Gives Mr. Ducharme a New Lease of Life.

This is the Trade Mark of the Kind That Cures—Look for the Name "PAINE'S" and the Stalk of Celery—Refuse All Substitutes and Imitations.

PAINE'S CELERY Compound
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
COMPOUND

Gentlemen:—For a long time I was subject to spells of weakness that rendered me quite unfit for work. At such times my nervous condition was very alarming, and I felt as if my life was coming to an end. My sufferings were increased owing to violent attacks of rheumatism, and altogether I was as helpless as a child. Friends strongly advised me to use Paine's Celery Compound, as they had such grand results from its use. I used the Compound, and the results were astonishing and happy. Paine's Celery Compound has done for me what the doctors failed to do. It has made me active and strong, able to work every day, and has given me a new lease of life. Every sick, weak and broken-down man and woman should use Paine's Celery Compound; there is nothing like it in the world.

Yours truly,
Alfred Ducharme,
317 Beaudry St., Montreal.

Surprise Soap

Joy and Smiles
In place of sighs with SURPRISE SOAP.
Easy, quick Work--Snow white Wash.

W. Bingham.

A Little Money well spent works wonders these days at

The Jubilee Hardware And Housefurnishing Emporium.

ALABASTINE WALL COATING.

Alabastine makes a coating as firm as the wall itself. It hardens with age, and is healthful and beautiful. It is also a disinfectant and sweetens rooms.

Alabastine should be used on every part of a building, to be whitened, tinted, painted, varnished, filled, grained or papered, from floor to roof, outside and in; it is used under paint, varnish and paper, but makes a better finish alone for walls.

Sixteen Fashionable Tints and White.

FOR SALE BY

W. BINGHAM.

TO..... HOUSEHOLDERS.

There are many ways of saving work and worry in the household—one of the best is to buy

Church's Alabastine.

Better than any Kalsomine or white-wash that can be used.

This is house cleaning season and in refitting and renovating Carpets you need some of our

CARPET FELT.

To Gardeners..

I'm willing to pay you for helping to reduce our stock of:

Spades, Shovels, Spading Forks, Garden and Lawn Tools.

Oiled and Annealed Barb and Braided WIRE.

Also POULTRY NETTING and WIRE Fencing. We have the agency for the London Spramotor, an invaluable Garden Tool. . . . . .

To Builders and Contractors.

Just arrived, a carload of Cut and Wire Nails at prices interesting to buyers if not to us. Tarred and Plain Building Paper, Robertson's Pure Ready Mixed Paints and Oils, Locks, Hinges and Glass, in fact everything in builders supplies.

After all is said there remains so much unsaid that nothing short of inspection of The Gendron and Reliance Bicycles, The Columbus, Royal, Flush and Earl Wheels, will convince our readers that these are the BEST Wheels in the market.

Best Goods and always Lowest Prices at BINGHAM'S

J. F. & J. P. Cunnings, Oakwood.

$1,000,000.00 TO LOAN AT.... 5 PER CENT

on Commissions. Expenses very Low.

TERMS OF REPAYMENT TO SUIT BORROWERS.

Apply to J. F. & J. P. CUNNINGS, AGENT, OAKWOOD

Grney Scale Co.

The GURNEY SCALE CO. Established 1856.

... Manufacturers of ...

Standard Scales

Hamilton, Canada.

The Canadian
LINDSAY, FRIDAY APRIL
'TWAS BUT GINGE
A Fuss Over Refreshm the House.
SOME OPPOSITION CH
Mr. Talbot's Unqualified Denial ing for a Scandal—The Nick Company's Bill Sent Bac ferred to the Railway Com tee—Mr. Casey's Railway E ployes' Safety Bill.

Ottawa, April 19.—During tracted sitting of the House Saturday morning consequent refusal of Mr. Wallace and M to stand by the pledge given to ernment by Sir Charles Tupper budget debate should close o light refreshments were partak several members who had then eral hours in their places witho drink. It is not usual to have served in the chamber, but the stances were altogether extra Mr. Davin was speaking, and alone contributed in no small m the fatigue of those who were listen to him. Sir Richard Ca who is an authority on Parli form, had a cup of tea and a brought to his desk, and M ordered sandwiches and ginge himself and the weary souls arou If the Liberal members had chamber during the sitting the Mr. Wallace and Mr. Davin in the House would have been acco The House would have been co and the debate would have gone another week, the very thing Government wished to avert, as ject had been exhausted by seve talking. Not being able to restaurant, they were obliged brought to them the moderate ment that exhausted nature di All this was innocent enough, shocked the delicate sensibilities proper gentlemen as Major Be London, Mr. Davin and Mr. Be Simcoe, who endeavored to mak pear that something improper wa place on the Government side House. Mr. Bennett accused a of smoking a cigar in the Ho Beattie said that liquor was being and that members appeared to be cated, while Mr. Davin named pot, the member for Bellechasse person to whom Mr. Beattie's o particularly referred. At that in the morning, when parlia rules cannot be too strictly enfo incident was allowed to pass as but as the remarks of these g appeared on Hansard it was nece Mr. Talbot to call attention to th terday.

Immediately Mr. Speaker E taken the chair he did so by say Speaker, I ask your protection withdrawal of this charge.

After a long discussion, the closed the incident with these There are no rules of the Hou know of that would prevent a member from bringing into the one or more bottles of ginger ale is evident that such a practice m rise to unpleasant scenes, and I doubt that it will not occur agai subject dropped and the Hous business.

An hour or more was spent con private bills, several of which were from the order paper and sent up Senate. There was some discus the bill to incorporate the Nicke Company.

Mr. Lariviere pointed out th bill proposed to give extraordinar ers regarding railway construction he would like the Railway Comm consider the measure. There was erable discussion upon the pol eventually Mr. Lariviere's view vailed.

Third and Second Readings.

The following bills, among were read the third time:

To incorporate the Cowichan Railway Company—Mr. McInnes.

To incorporate the Lowes River way Company, Limited—Mr. M

To incorporate the Miles Ca White Horse Tramway Company Bostock.

Respecting the Edmonton Distri way Company—Mr. Oliver.

Respecting the Lake Manitoba & Canal Company—Mr. Jameson

Respecting the Calgary & Edm Railway Company—Mr. Clarke.

Respecting the Queenston Bridge Company—Mr. Clarke.

The following private bill was second time:

An Act to incorporate the Sub High Court of the Ancient Order esters in the Dominion of Canad Landerkin.

Information Dispensed.

Mr. Taylor was informed t arrangements had yet been made position of this season's output of twine from Kingston Peniten Tenders had been called by circul they are now under consideration department.

Mr. Roche was informed that bushels of foreign corn were in into Manitoba between July 1 an 31 last.

Safety of Railroaders.

After recess Mr. Casey's bill t ther secure the safety of railway em and passengers" was considered i mittee. It provides that all car with air brakes shall within two y provided with an automatic dev registering any disarrangement air pipes; also that freigh cars s of a standard height and have a t and ladders. Other clauses provide ties for using non-standard cars a scale of compensation to empl case of accident. Messrs. Casey a gram supported the bill, but the M of Railways expressed doubt as power of Parliament to enact the and compensation clauses, so that allowed to stand for the present.

The balance of the evening wa pled in discussing the bill of Ma ardson (Liberal, Lisgar), which clared was simply designed to ma servants' salaries liable to garni debt.

Mr. Richardson's bill consist three clauses. He moved to su new clauses for the first and seco to drop the third clause altogether

On Sir Richard Cartwright's tion the clauses will be reprinted being brought down again.

Spaniards Are Departing.

Washington, April 19.—Under in tions from Minister Polo, Spanish uls are arranging for departure of tards in their localities.

O'Higgins Not Secured.

Washington, April 19.—It was at the Navy Department yesterday noon that the efforts to secure the C battleship O'Higgins have been p ally abandoned and that there longer any prospect that the U States desires or will be able to any more ships, either belonging t sign nations or being built in f shipyards.