Dundas & Flavelle Brothers.

BOY'S CLOTHING.

An Immense Stock to Select from. Every Suit Made to Our Own Order and a Guarantee with every one.

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PAPER
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Lindsay, April 5, 1893.—42.

Dominion Bank.

DOMINION BANK.

Capital Paid up, - $1,500,000
Surplus, - - $1,400,000

LINDSAY AGENCY
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Interest allowed at highest current rates. No notice of withdrawal required.
ROBERT ROSS,
Lindsay, Dec. 31, 1891.—86-tf. Agent

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1893.

RECIPROCITY OR McKINLEYISM.

It is perhaps natural that the Empire as the organ of the combines and monopolies should regard with supreme satisfaction those reports from Washington which indicate that the Cleveland administration may not after all go in for thorough and energetic tariff reform. The Empire quotes with much approval a report that "the climbing down process which the democrats have apparently been doing ever since the election must be very distressing to the feeling of the free trade cranks." Whatever foundation there may be in the reported climbing down process it is clear that every down-ward step lessens the prospects of freedom of trade or a removal of trade barriers between Canada and the United States. This prospect may be very satifactory to the Canadian McKinleyites and their organs and supporters, but it will be far from satisfactory to the Canadian farmer who has for several years suffered the loss of his best and nearest market, and who has had to put up with miserably low prices for most of what he raised while he has paid monopoly prices for most of what he has had to consume. He has for years sold low for a policy that benefits the combine: and he has for years bought high under the beneficent N. P.—that blesses the monopolist and not the farmer. The farmer has been burning his candle at both ends, and the consequences are plain enough. He for one cannot join the Empire in its jubilation over the difficulties of the democratic free traders at Washington.

There was a prospect—and a very good prospect—of relief in a large measure when the farmers and artisans on the other side arose in their might and smashed the republican N. P. and McKinleyism. There was an excellent prospect that the new democratic regime would lower or remove the trade barriers made unduly high owing to the "tit-for-tat" policy indulged in by the protectionist and monopoly administrations at Ottawa and Washington. But so far from showing a friendly spirit and a sincere desire to reduce trade barriers the only indications that came from our N. P. adminstration at Ottawa was an intimation that the export duty on logs would be imposed next year, and a decided party vote against a resolution in favor of tariff reform. Not only was there a strong party vote against tariff reform, but several prominent members of the conservative party who urged upon the goverment the advisability of remodelling the tariff, and giving relief to the farmers, were sternly rebuked, or flouted by the ministerial organs, or read out of the party.

It would not surprise us, therefore, taking the whole situation in view, if the Cleveland administration and the democratic party should allow the agricultural schedules in the McKinley act to remain the law of the land without important amendment. We frankly admit we were under the impression that the whole act would be swept away. It goes without saying that the abolition of McKinleyism would enormously benefit Canada and particularly the farmers of Canada. The maintenance of the McKinley barriers at their present height will prove a most serious injury to the farmers of Canada, and particularly of this province. The Canadian red parlor men do not want to see tariff reform, or a lowering of the barriers; they have got a good thing and they want to enjoy it as long as possible, or as long as the farmers are foolish enough to play into their hands. Hence they will take good care that our Ottawa rulers do little or nothing to promote tariff reform and freedom of trade with our neighbors.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Of 272 passengers who landed at Halifax one day last week only 18 remained in Canada. Is it any wonder our population is at a standstill, with but few immigrants coming in and many native born Canadians leaving for the States every week to obtain employment?

The Ottawa Journal has been putting on style and lately blossomed out as an eight-paged paper, printed on a perfecting Webb press. It is a live progressive paper, and while its politics are not ours we feel like offering our congratulations upon the improvements effected.

Sir Charles Tupper comes out ahead in the French treaty "embroglio", after all. It is announced that the Dominion government is to recommend the ratification of the treaty next session, and the French government will let it stand for a year for that purpose. Mr. Foster was clearly not equal to the emergency. It will be Mr. Foster's turn to resign and resume lecturing jobs at $10 a night.

The Thompson-Caron ministry are, it seems, afraid to open Cardwell, lest that solid conservative riding — good for a thousand majority—should be captured by a McCarthy tariff reform candidate. Yet open it they must, for Mr. R. S. White, the present member. is to retire into the Montreal custom house. It is a significant indication of the popularity of tariff reform when this strong tory constituency is considered risky. The day of Canadian McKinleyism and combines is rapidly approaching an end.

Dr. Sheard, the new health officer of Toronto, has signalized his new administration by an act that is applauded as generous and public spirited. It seems that the forty-three patients, chiefly diphtheria cases, in the isolation hospital, were attended by six nurses who were paid the munificent wage of $2 00 a week each for twelve hours work per day. The doctor recommended that the wages be increased by $1.00 a week; that the number of nurses be increased by three; and that the hours of duty be reduced to eight. The nurses are not "trained nurses." The civic revenue of Toronto is about eight millions a year; and it ought to be spread throughout the land that the nurses in diphtheria are cases paid such remarkably high wages.

L. O. L. No. 36, Campbellford, takes no stock in N. Clarke Wallace. At a recent meeting this lodge in the course of a strongly-worded resolution expressed these sentiments, which we suppose have been sent to the Warder for publication: "It is also to be noted that in addition to the thirteen ministers, Sir John has created at a high price outside cribs for the orange and green wire-pullers; whom he calls controllers. Brother Wallace is pitchforked into one of these, where he can fatten on the long sought for bone, But the cabinet door is shut in his face. He cannot enter there to share in the deliberations of the council of the nation; whereas if he had remained steadfast to his principles he should command a position in any cabinet. It is a deplorable sight to see the grand master of 300 000 Orangemen in Canada enlisting under the banner of the enemy and taking the shilling of treachery to the order. But, alas for the frailty of human nature, we read that Judas sold his master for a few pieces of silver, and after that, conscience-stricken hanged himself. If Brother Wallace and Brother Bowell had as tender a conscience as Judas, we would expect as much from them, and it would be no loss either to Orangemen or Orangeism, or to the country. Further, we desire to commend to the esteem and support of our brethren, and all true Protestants, Dalton McCarthy as a true patriot and a fearless and able representative of all that is good and worthy of support. We also admit that the day of trial has now come upon the Orange association, from which it may escape with honor and usefulness to the country, or sink into degradation and contempt. Rome's aggressiveness cannot be conquered by twelfth of July vapid utterances. The way to restrain Rome successfully is by the ballot at the elections, and when an election is approaching we look with jealousy on the conservative party, who have in the past compromised our society by uniting it with Roman Catholics, to the hurt and harm of the Orange order." We trust neither Mr. Wallace nor Mr. Bowell will take the hint and shuffle off this mortal coil in the violent way recommended by the disgusted Campbellford brethren.

Referring to the cost of the new Ontario parliamentary buildings the Mail says: "Now that it is practically completed few will deny that it represents good value for the million and a quarter dollars expended upon it. In contrast, the Albany state capitol has already cost $20,000,000, and a vote of nearly a million more is now being asked. Its chamber alone has cost much more than Ontario's new building as a whole, and yet the former is not satisfactorily completed. The Buffalo city hall, covering two thirds less area than this new parliamentary structure, has cost a million and three-quarters. Three million dollars has been expended on the Illinois state buildings, two and a half millions on the Connecticut state buildings, nearly a million and a half on the new Quebec building (which is considerably smaller than Ontario's), and a million and a half each on the Michigan and Iowa state buildings. Toronto's city hall and court house wi l have cost nearly two millions when finished, while the city buildings of Baltimore have cost three millions, of Chicago over four millions, of Philadelphia sixteen millions (still incomplete). Minneapolis seven millions (the original estimate being one and a half millions). These sample figures furnish presumptive evidence at least that, as has been said. the people of Ontario have good value in their new buildings."

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

OFFICE OF THE CANADIAN POST, LINDSAY. April 14, 1893.

Toronto Live Stock Market.

The market was fairly firm Tuesday, and prices were well maintained because of the great number of cattle taken for Montreal. There was a fair attendance of outside buyers, but local purchasers held off somewhat. About 10 car-loads of stuff was sent through to Montreal and 2 car-loads for Ottawa. Another feature which added an element of firmness to the market was the buying of export cattle in Montreal, between 200 and 300 head having been purchased by one shipper there to be sent over from Halifax to Great Britain. Offerings were heavier Tuesday, there being 39 car-loads of stuff on sale. These included 119 sheep and lambs, 622 hogs and about 75 calves. Receipts for the week ended Saturday, April 8th, were:—Cattle, 800; sheep and lambs, 210; hogs, 1,970; weigh fees, $30 31.

Cattle—For butchers' cattle the local demand was slow, but a good deal of stuff was taken by outside buyers, which held the market firm. Not many cattle sold up to 4½c, the only lot reported taken at this price being a car-load of 22 extra fancy steers and heifers, averaging 1,100 lbs each. The majority of sales were made at from 3¾ to 4c per lb, according to quality. Inferior and common sold down to 2½ to 3c per lb. Bulls were slow, and not many offered. Quotations for these are firm at from 3½ to 3¾c per lb according to quality. Nothing was done in stockers or fat cattle for export, but a few half-fat feeders were taken by representatives of distillers to fill up stall vacancies. Dealers quote feeders at from 3½ to 3¾c per lb, as to quality. The following are a few transactions in cattle:—20 butchers' cattle, total weight, 25 070 lbs, 4c per lb; one car-load do, 1,200 lbs average, 4c per lb; one car-load do, 1,070 lbs average, 4c per lb; 22 do, 1,030 lbs average, $3 80 per cwt; 20 cattle 1,155 lbs average, 3¾c per lb; 22 extra choice do, 1,100 lbs average, 4¼c per lb; 17 cattle, 825 lbs average, $31 per head; one carload do, 1,000 lbs average, $37 per head; one car-load do, 1,130 lbs average, $44 per head; one car-load do, 1 000 lbs average, $39 per head; one car-load of cows, 1 050 lbs average $36 per head; one car-load cattle, 1 110 lbs average 4c per lb ($1 over); 21 cattle, 1 091 lbs average, $44 per head; one car-load cattle, total weight 24 000 lbs, 4c per lb The total enquiry for butchers' cattle was not so active as it was last Friday.

Milch cows and springers—Only about a dozen were on sale, and these were soon taken. Prices were steady at from $35 to $50 per head, according to quality. There was a fair demand for everything, but choice newly-calved cows and forward springers are most wanted. The top figures are paid for these, without any grumbling from dealers.

Calves—More were on offer to day than has been the case on any market day for some time. There were between 50 and 75 head. For good calves there was a fair demand at from $6 to $8 per head, choice to fancy veals selling higher than this. Some poor stuff sold down to $2 and $3 per head.

Sheep and lambs—Practically unchanged. Sheep fetch from $5 to $6 per head, according to quality. Yearlings are in good demand and firmer. They were very scarce, dealers quoting them from 5½ to 6c per lb, as to quality. There was nothing worth recording doing in spring lambs.

Hogs—This market was weak. Best hogs are quoted at from $5.50 to $5.75 per cwt, weighed off cars, and Mr. Harris says he expects to see them come down to $5 before long. Stores and light fat hogs are nominal and not much desired. There may be an improved inquiry for these next month when the cheese factories get started. Offerings were not quite so heavy as lately but the supply was above the demand for all kinds of hogs.

Cattle—
Butchers' choice to fancy, per lb..... 3½c to 4½c
Butchers' medium to good, per lb..... 3c to 3½c
Bulls and rough cows, per lb..... 2½c to 3½c
Stockers and feeders, per lb..... 3½c to 4½c

Hogs—
Good straight fat, per cwt..... *$5 50 to 5 75
Stores and light fat, per cwt..... * 5 00 to 5 25

Sheep—
Butchers' choice, per head..... 5 00 to 6 00
Spring lambs, per head..... 3 00 to 5 00
Lambs, per head..... 5 50 to 6 50

Calves—
Extra choice veals, per head..... 7 50 to 9 50
Choice veals, per head..... 4 50 to 7 00
Medium, per head..... 2 50 to 4 00

Milch Cows and Springers—
Superior stock, per head..... $35 00 to 45 00
Ordinary stock, per head..... 25 00 to 30 00

*Weighed off cars.

Toronto Street Markets.

The receipts of grain on the street market Tuesday were small, being confined to two loads of oats, which sold at 36 to 37c. Other grains were steady. The receipts of hay were fair and the market was steady at $10 to $11 for timothy and $8 to $8.75 for clover. A few loads of straw sold at $7 to $8. The offerings of dressed hogs were fair and the market was steady at $7 to $7.25.

PRICES AT FARMERS' WAGGONS.

Wheat, white, per bush	$0 68	$0 68
Wheat, red, per bush	0 66	0 66
Wheat, spring, per bush	0 62	0 63
Wheat, goose, per bush	0 00	0 61½
Barley, per bush	0 00	0 43
Oats, per bush	0 36	0 37
Rye	0 00	0 50
Peas, per bush	0 00	0 62½
Dressed hogs, per cwt	7 00	7 25
Butter, per lb., tub, dairy	0 19	0 20
Butter, per lb., tub, store	0 16	0 17
Butter, per lb., rolls	0 20	0 22
Eggs, new laid, per doz	0 00	0 13
Potatoes per bag	0 80	0 90
Beef, fore	5 00	5 50
Beef, hind	7 50	8 00
Hay	10 00	11 00
Hay, mixed	8 00	9 75
Straw, sheaf	7 00	8 00
Straw, loose	5 00	6 00

Peterborough Markets.

Wheat, fall per bushel), standard	$0 67 to 0 68
" spring standard	0 63 to 0 63
Flour, Patent Process, per cwt	2 25 to 2 50
Flour, bakers per cwt	2 55 to 3 60
Barley, per bushel	0 36 to 0 40
Peas, small	0 59 to 0 60
Peas, mumies	0 63 to 0 64
Oats	0 32 to 0 32
Buckwheat	0 43 to 0 43
Rye	none
Potatoes, per bag	0 75 to 0 80
Cabbage, per head	0 03 to 0 05
Beets, per bag	0 00 to 0 70
Onions, per bag	0 00 to 1 05
Oat chop, per cwt	1 20 to 1 20
Pea chop, "	1 15 to 1 20
Barley chop "	1 10 to 1 30
Pollars "	0 80 to 1 05
Bran, per ton	16 00 to 16 00
Apples, per bag	0 50 to 0 75
Apples, per barrel	1 00 to 1 75

Lindsay Market Prices.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Red Fife Wheat	$0 60	to	$0 65
Goose Wheat	0 00	to	0 56
Fall Wheat	0 00	to	0 63
Spring Wheat	0 00	to	0 60
Barley, No. 1	0 00	to	0 35
Barley, No. 2	0 00	to	0 33
Barley, No. 3	0 00	to	0 30
Barley, No. 3 extra	0 00	to	0 33
Barley, two rowed	0 30	to	0 33
Oats	0 00	to	0 29
Peas	0 00	to	0 54
Marrowfat Peas	0 00	to	0 65
Rye	0 00	to	0 42
Buckwheat	0 00	to	0 43
Flour, new process, bks., 100 lbs	2 00	to	2 20
Flour, new process, mixed, 100 lbs	1 75	to	1 95
Straight Roller Flour	1 70	to	1 90
Oatmeal, per 100 lbs	0 00	to	2 25
Cornmeal, per 100 lbs	2 00	to	2 20
Oat Chop	1 10	to	1 20
Mixed Chop	1 00	to	1 10
Corn Chop	1 75	to	1 85
Pea Chop	1 10	to	1 20
Potatoes, per bus	0 45	to	0 50
Eggs, fresh, per doz	0 10	to	0 12
Butter, per lb., for roll	0 22	to	0 22
Butter, per lb., for tub	0 14	to	0 18
Hay	0 00	to	8 00
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs	0 00	to	7 00
Hides	3 00	to	3 50
Geese	0 06	to	0 08
Turkeys	0 11	to	0 14
Sheepskins	0 75	to	1 10
Lambskins	0 75	to	1 10
Hardwood	3 50	to	4 50
Soft Wood	0 00	to	2 50
Live Hogs, per cwt	5 00	to	5 50
Clover Seed, per bush	8 00	to	8 75
Alsike per bush	6 30	to	6 60
Timothy Seed	1 50	to	2 50

McLennan & Co.

Sign of the Mill Saw,
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McLENNAN & CO.

Builders' Hardware.

Nails, Plain and Tarred Paper, Hinges, Locks, Knobs, Butts, Paints, Oils, Glass.

Mechanics' Tools.

Carriage Makers' Supplies, SPADES and SHOVELS, MILL SUPPLIES.

Builders will consult their own interests by getting our prices for their wants.

McLennan & Co.,
Hardware, Coal and Iron Merchants.

BEST GRADE OF HARD AND SOFT
COAL
AND BEST QUALITY
Blacksmiths' Coal

Lindsay, March 7, 1893.—32.

Kerr & Co.

NEW CASH STORE.

KERR & COMPANY.

OUR NEW SPRING STOCK IS COMPLETE IN ALL LINES.

SPECIALTIES.

Black Dress Goods, Colored Dress Goods, Silks, Henriettas, Cashmeres, Linings. Dress Trimmings and Buttons, Hose, Kid Gloves, Silk Gloves, Silk Mitts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Ribbons, Laces, and New Designs in Veilings. 500 PARASOLS—no two handles alike. Prices to suit everybody.

STAPLES.

Crum & Co's New Prints, French Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Embroideries, New Draperies for Curtains, Lace Curtains, special value, New Designs in Table Covers, Table Linens, Towels, Towellings, Shirtings, Sheetings, Cottonades, Cottons, Circular Pillow Cotton, etc. - - - - - - - -

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

Complete in all lines. New Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Braces, Socks, Waterproof Coats—special value. Everything new and the latest styles. Everything as represented. Prices right; Soliciting a share of your patronage, we are, yours respectfully,

33 Kent Street,
One Door East Simpson House.

KERR & CO.

Lindsay, April 13 1893.—51.

Marriage Licenses
at PORTER'S Bookstore,
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Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

Symptoms—Moisture, intense itching and stinging, most at night, worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents. —52-51.

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Fashionable Millinery & Dress Costumes

MISS MITCHELL

desires to thank her many patrons and the ladies of the town and country generally for calling upon her in such numbers upon her opening days.

Latest Novelties in Stylish Millinery.

Fashionable designs in Ladies' Costumes.

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YOU OWE IT to yourself, no matter whether you have been dealing with a friend or whether you think you have been getting your Goods cheap or dear, whether you are rich or poor, to see *Hughan & Co's Watches. Clocks and Jewelry*, also the lovely *Baby Carriages* which we have just received from Chicago, and the large assortment of *Sporting Goods* which is now being exhibited at our store, *45 Kent-st., Lindsay.*

HUGHAN & CO., Watchmakers and Jewellers,
Dealers in Fancy Goods, Stationery and Toys, 45 Kent-St, LINDSAY.

Lindsay, April 13, 1892.—33.

Miss O'Brien.

TO THE LADIES:

I return my most sincere thanks to the Ladies of Lindsay and country for their kind response to my invitation to attend my Millinery Opening, and am grateful for the orders left with me on those days

Those who were unable to call will, I trust, do so before making their purchase of a Spring Hat or Bonnet. My Stock is small but select, and is sure to please. A nice Assortment of Trimming Goods, Ribbons, Laces, Feathers, Jet Ornaments, etc

MISS O'BRIEN,
A few Doors East of Benson House

April 7th, 1893.—52.