Ayer's Remedies.

W. H. Ward.

A LIFE SAVED

BY TAKING

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Several years ago, I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough that allowed me no rest, either day or night. The doctors pronounced my case hopeless. A friend, learning of my trouble, sent me a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. By the time I had used the whole bottle, I was completely cured, and I believe it saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Ave., Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills the Best Family Physic.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY FRIDAY, JAN. 17, 1896.

THE LIBERAL LEADER

THE HON. WILFRID LAURIER, B.C.L., Q.C., P.C.

[Written for the Canadian Magazine by John Augustus Barron, Q.C.]

The most striking figure to day in Canadian public life is the Honorable Wilfrid Laurier, leader of the liberal party in the house of commons.

He was born at St. Lin, in the province of Quebec, on the 20th of November, 1841. His family was among the first established at La Nouvelle France. M. Carolus Laurier, his father, was a provincial land surveyor. With parental zeal the father devoted himself to a prudent development in the son of those latent talents which, at an early age, prompted the fiery Mederic Lanctot to foretell the great future which then awaited the son, and which has since been the father's full reward. At the age of thirteen he was sent to the college of L'Assomption, where discipline, it is said, failed to detain him from the court room, wherein, when missed, he could regularly be found listening with rapt attention to the legal contests then going on. At this time responsible government was in its experimental stage, having before that mercifully impaired the cruel despotism of executive rule.

The masses, more numerously than now, flocked to public meetings, and at these the lad would be intensely absorbed in all that was said and done. With his nature, temperament and disposition as it is, there is little room for wonder if then he was first possessed with the cause of liberalism. The year 1860 found him studying law, in the office of the Honorable Rodolphe Laflamme, and it is a coincidence that seventeen years later the principal and the student became colleagues in the government of that great and self-made man, the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie. In 1861 he obtained his degree of B.C.L. at McGill university, Montreal, and a twelvemonth later was called to the bar of Lower Canada. For two years he practised his profession at Montreal in partnership with Mederic Lanctot, when the partnership was dissolved, and Mr. Laurier left Montreal.

In May, 1868, his marriage with Miss Lafontaine brought him a most devoted wife, and to the liberal party it has given a charming, fascinating and delightful social leader in a position requiring much tact, and as difficult to fill as it is necessary, seeing that society is so great a factor in parliamentary life at Ottawa.

At St. Christophe, the chevalier town of the district, Mr. Laurier resumed the practice of his profession, but the trend of his mind was in the direction of public life, and whatever his success might later have been at the bar, it was interrupted by an invitation to stand for his district. At the provincial election of 1871 he was elected for Drummond and Arthabaskaville over his opponent by a majority not exceeding one thousand. He was not yet thirty years of age, yet he was the debutant of the new legislature, and, when, some time after his first speech, his name was on every lip, all Quebec asked itself the question, *Quel est cet etranger?* to quote Laureate Louis Frechette:—Whence had this new orator come? so pure, cultivated and charming; who held even his opponents into respect by language so polished, so elevated in tone, so courteous in rebuke and sarcasm, and, above all, so moderate even in the heat of discussion. The effect was magical. I can almost imagine that I still hear the thunders of applause which shook the galleries when, at the close of a graphic passage in his speech, in which he had made a long, sad column of our fellow countrymen emigrating to the United States slowly past before the very eyes of his hearers, the orator hurled at the government of the day his scathing allusions to the celebrated salute of the doomed gladiators of ancient Rome: *Ave Cæsar, morituri te salutant!* On the following day the name of Laurier was on every lip, and for who then heard it will remember how the two syllables in their historic sugariveness rang out true and clear—their ring that of a coin of gold pure from all alloy, and bearing the impress of sterling worth."

The immediate advancement into the front rank of provincial debaters and his speedy introduction to federal politics, and three years later he was elected against M. Fessler, a distinguished Roman, by a majority of more than seven hundred. He entered the house of commons as member for his old district. His fame had preceded him, but it was expected by many that his marvellous grace of diction, and charming eloquence, would wane, or at least be lessened, when from his native tongue he changed into English. What a surprise!

The occasion on thewas motion to expel Louis Riel, the rebel of the North-west, who had been elected by his compatriots to sit in parliament. Mr. Laurier rose. The house was silent, with that silence which precedes expectancy. His first words, "Mr. Speaker," surprised many at the language he had chosen. The four galleries had rapidly filled, for "Laurier speaks to-night," had gone the rounds. Every member within the precincts of the chamber was in his seat, and there he remained for one hour and ten minutes in wonder, surprise and breathless admiration, as this singularly gifted man for the first time addressed the house of commons of Canada. The opportunity was a great one for a great man, and a great man made the most of it.

Everything about him attracts. His shapely head is set off with waving hair worn rather long, a fashion affected by the Frenchman. A clean-shaven face gives a youthful appearance to singularly handsome features. In his eyes is his real attraction. They are large, deep and luminous. Into them one really seems to see deeper and further, as the speaker loses himself in passionate and unconscious eloquence. He is tall, rather slender, and his figure most graceful and dignified. Discretion guides him always, in all he does and all he says, thus it is when most vehement a temperance gives smoothness to most telling sarcasm. He hits hard—very hard—but never offends. The sting is felt, but it is void of bitterness, and leaves no poison behind it. He has the courage of a lion. In 1877 he attacked ultramontanism in its very citadel. For party purposes the tory press had been patting ultramontanism on the back. Then it was that Mr. Laurier, in the heart of Quebec, before an audience almost wholly Catholic, made his famous speech on liberalism, wherein he contested the right of the clergy to extort opinions through fear, terror or intimidation. His words have become celebrated, because never for years before had there been aroused such spontaneous feeling for and against any public man. Among other things he said:

"I think the priest has everything to lose as regards the respect due to his station, by meddling with the ordinary questions of politics. However, his right is incontestible, and if he chooses to avail himself of it, our duty as liberals is to secure it to him against every opponent. This right, however, is not unlimited. We have amongst us no absolute rights. The rights of each man in our state of society cease to exist when he trespasses on the rights of others. The right of intervening in politics ends when it trespasses on the independence of the elector. The constitution of this country is based upon the freely expressed will of the elector. The constitution intends that each elector deposit his vote, freely and voluntarily, as he thinks proper. If the electors of a country are now of one opinion, and that the majority, owing to the influence exercised over them by one or more persons, after hearing their arguments and reading their productions, change their opinion, is a perfectly legitimate thing in itself, although the opinion they express be different from what they could have held had no such interference taken place. However, the opinion they express is really what they wish to express, that which is according to their conscience; the constitution thus receives its entire application. If, however, notwithstanding all arguments, the opinion of the electors remains the same, but that by intimidation or fraud they are forced to vote in a different sense, the opinion they express is not their opinion, and then the constitution is violated. The constitution, as I have already said, intends that the opinion of each be freely expressed as it is held at the time of its expression, and that the collection of each of these individual opinions, freely expressed, form the government of the country. The law watches with a zealous eye over the free expression of the opinion of the elector, as he holds it, but if in a county, the opinion expressed by a single elector is not his real opinion, but extorted through fear, fraud or corruption, the election must be annulled. It is, then, perfectly allowable to change the opinion of an elector by reasoning and all other means of persuasion, but never by intimidation. In fact, persuasion changes the conviction of an elector,—intimidation does not. When, by persuasion, you have changed the conviction of an elector, the opinion he expresses is his own opinion, but, when through terror, you force the elector to vote, the opinion he expresses is your opinion—remove the cause of terror and he will express another opinion—his own."

He was of course bitterly assailed. Le Noveau Monde attacked him for placing the state above the church; Le Courier for placing the supremacy of parliament above the liberty of the priest; L'Union Des Cantons De L'est for daring to think himself superior to the bishops, and saying so, and a host of minor journals followed in the same line. His best friends feared for him. Many thought he had committed political suicide. But to-day they applaud his courage and foresight.

About this time he had entered the Mackenzie government as minister of inland revenue, in consequence of Mr. Cauchon's acceptance of the lieutenant-governorship of Manitoba. But, singular to relate, on seeking re-election he was defeated by twenty-one. Perhaps his Quebec speech was to blame for this. If so, Quebec East wiped out the stain. Immediately he was returned for that constituency, which he has ever since represented in the federal parliament. The downfall of the Mackenzie administration in 1878 sent Mr. Laurier into opposition, where he remained as first lieutenant under the leadership of Hon. Edward Blake, until the latter's entry into the imperial parliament. When Mr. Blake retired it was his wish, and the unanimous opinion of the liberal party in parliament, that Mr. Laurier should succeed him. Yet the successorship was not without apprehension to those who believed the objections to a French and Roman Catholic leader to be greater than they really were. Time and events have prover, however, that in Canada the pulse of sectional prejudice is growing weaker day by day, so that now he who seeks to heed it is instantly marked as a disturber of the worst kind. Lord Durham, were he now alive, would say that long ago, and long before he expected it would, the time arrived for the amelioration of laws and institutions, because we have succeeded so quickly and easily in softening the deadly animosities which, at one time separated the inhabitants of Lower Canada into hostile divisions of French and English. If, however, there is aught yet left for man to do in this direction the man to do it is Wilfrid Laurier.

He takes for his model such men as Fox, O'Connell, Grey, Brougham, Russell and Jeffery, and for his principles the same which actuated the great English liberals in carrying the famous Reform bill which abolished rotten boroughs.

The private life of an orator adds to or detracts from the orator. We have been told that off of "will always to a great extent depend upon the character of the orator." One turns doubtingly from an orator whose character is stained, but you draw towards him whose life is blameless. Perhaps the high and noble character of Wilfrid Laurier has much to do with the love felt for him, and it certainly makes one feel a better man for having heard him. He has a high reputation for purity. Scandal imputes to him no vice, and calumny has never dared connect his name with corruption. He combines in himself what was most conspicuous in Fox and Pitt. Like Fox, he has a warmth and softness of heart, an ever-ready sympathy with human suffering, and admiration for everything that is great and beautiful, and a hatred of cruelty and injustice. Like Pitt, he is a man of high, intrepid and commanding spirit, incapable of fear and envy, yet unlike him inasmuch as he is guilelessly unconscious of his own rectitude and intellectual superiority. His foresight is seen in his earlier speeches, directed as they were towards a patriotic unity of the French and English races. No one could to-day foretell the result of passing events in the older provinces, were it not for the pacific teaching of Wilfrid Laurier. He brought the two races together by his speeches, the English to know and to trust the French, and the French to know and to trust the English, and both to feel the glory and pride of being Canadian. Politicians wonder and become restless at his indifference to party advantage, but long after that is attained, and his memory for that is forgotten, his memory will live fresh and green and beautiful in the minds of true Canadians, because, by his life, words and actions he has done so much to terminate the unhappy animosity between the two races.

ILL NIGH UNTO DEATH.

THE EXPERIENCE OF A LADY WELL KNOWN IN COATICOOK.

Stricken with LaGrippe, Followed by Pneumonia. She Lanquished For More Than a Year—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Saved her When Other Medicines Failed.

From L'Etoile de l'Est, Coaticook, Que.

The town of Averill, Vt., is situated about eight miles from Coaticook, Que., and is the home of Mrs. Ada Hartwell, who has many relatives and numerous friends in the latter place. Mrs. Hartwell has passed through an experience which L'Etoile de l'Est thinks worthy of giving the widest publicity as many others may derive much benefit therefrom. Mrs. Hartwell has ever been considered a woman enjoying a healthy constitution until about two years ago, when she was, like hundreds of others in this vicinity, stricken with influenza or as it is more generally termed la grippe, a disease which carried off many people in this town and vicinity, and in the case of numerous others left behind wrecked constitutions. As often happens, pneumonia followed the first symptoms of la grippe and Mrs. Hartwell was sick, nigh unto death. The best of medical aid was

ABLE TO RIDE WITHOUT FATIGUE.

summoned, and Mrs. Hartwell was saved from what seemed to her friends imminent death, but when convalescence came, she remained deprived of her appetite, extremely weak, and in constant danger of a relapse, and all her physicians could do could not bring about her former condition of health. Numerous medicines were tried to no avail; she was weak, dispirited and despaired of again enjoying her former vigor and health. For a whole year after her attack of pneumonia she continued to languish in this state. At last one day her husband purchased a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He had read of the many cures wrought by this wonderful medicine, but procured them, he says, for his wife in order to be able to say "we have tried all," rather than from strong faith in them. To please her husband Mrs Hartwell willingly consented to take the Pink Pills, and great was her surprise and that of her husband, when, after taking three boxes she was able to take a short ride without feeling any fatigue. She wisely resolved to continue the treatment, and before long found that she had regained her old time strength, and she declared that she owes her recovery entirely to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Last winter Mrs. Hartwell felt a slight recurrence of her former weakness and again resorted to Pink Pills, since which time she has not had a day's illness.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have a more potent influence on the blood and nerves than any other known medicine, and speedily restored the bloom of health to pallid cheeks. Pink Pills cure when all other medicines fail. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2 50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Refuse all substitutes alleged to be "just as good,"

Facts About 1896.

March, May, August and November will have five Sundays each

February begins and ends on Saturday.

Labor day comes Sept. 7th; Thanksgiving will be due Nov. 26th.

The only eclipse visible in North America in 1896 will occur Aug. 22nd, 23rd—a partial eclipse of the moon.

Spring begins March 19th; summer, June 20th; fall, Sept. 22nd; winter, Dec. 21st.

Easter Sunday will come with April 5th. Christmas will fall upon a Friday.

PHYSICIANS OF CORNWALL, ONT., RECOMMEND DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART.

Mr. Geo. Crites, a Government Official, Used the Remedy and is Cured.

George Crites, Esq., Customs officer, Cornwall, Ont.

"I have been troubled with severe heart complaint for several years. The slightest excitement proved very fatiguing and necessitated taking rest, so that I was entirely incapacitated for business. I was under the doctor's care for over six months, and not receiving the benefit I had hoped for, and hearing much of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart, I asked my physician about taking it, which he advised me to do. The use of the remedy brought results I had scarcely dared hope for, and I am now able to attend to business, and do most heartily recommend this remedy to all who suffer from heart complaint." Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart relieves in 30 minutes and thus has been the means of saving thousands of lives.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

DASHES HERE AND THERE.

Hood's Pills

HOOD'S PILLS for the liver and bowels, act promptly, easily and effectively.

Pinemalt.

PINEMALT, the Newest, most Palatable and Best remedy for colds, coughs, la grippe, hoarseness, and all bronchial and lung ailments.

Her Mite.

Within the contribution box
She drops her offering small;
It isn't very much, 'tis true,
But then it is her all.
She's bought a lovely cape, a hat
That's fashionably strange,
And various other things; and now
The heathen gets the change.

Arrested at Camp No. 17.

Wm. Peterkin, one of the three brothers suspected of complicity in the robberies from Sturgeon Point cottages last winter, is now in durance vile, having been arrested last Wednesday morning at Howry & Son's camp No. 17, south-east of Pine Lake, by County Constable Crawford. The latter left here on Tuesday by the Haliburton train, and reached Gooderham, on the I.B. & O.R.R., the same evening, from which point he drove to the shanty, reaching there at 2 a.m., when his man was found sleeping in his bunk. An hour later they were on their way back to catch the early train for the Junction, and before 9.30 Peterkin was lodged in gaol here.

WASTING YOUR LIFE.

Failure of Physical and Mental Force—To Add to Length of Life—Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

With a pathetic sigh how often it has been said:

"Well, then, I suppose I must let go my hold on life."

To fathers and mothers of unreared children this is tragic.

But whence cometh sure and timely help? If death is preventible, how?

The timely answer is: By scientific and successful kidney treatment—by using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Hundreds write to thank us and tell of their cure, but none to say that Dodd's Kidney Pills have ever failed.

A Case of Inhuman Cruelty.

Peterboro Examiner: The Children's Aid Society had a case in the police court Wednesday morning, having laid information against the grandmother of a delicate little orphan lad, of about ten years of age, to the effect that on the 2nd of January, "having the custody of William Bawn, a boy under the age of fourteen years, wilfully exposed such boy in a manner likely to cause such boy serious injury to his health by compelling him to remain in the open air exposed to the inclemency of the weather, while insufficiently clad, contrary to the Children's Protective Act of Ontario." The woman pleaded guilty to the charge and was dismissed by the magistrate with a warning, as the prosecution admitted that, as far as they knew, she was not habitually cruel to the child. The evidence of two witnesses was taken to the effect that about seven o'clock on the second of January they heard some one crying out on the ice on Spaulding's bay. On going out they found a little boy, very thinly clad, sobbing as if his heart was broken. On asking him what was matter the little fellow stated that, as a punishment, his grandmother had sent him to stay out in the cold for an hour, and between his sobs inquired whether it was five minutes past seven yet? He was afraid of being beaten if he went home before the hour was up. The men, of course, at once took him to his home and arranged for him to remain there. In commenting on the case the magistrate stated that it was an instance of most inhuman cruelty, as he understood that the poor little lad had been also deprived of his meals as punishment. The woman was dismissed with a grave warning, and it is hardly probable that cause for complaint will be again given.

An Indignant Woman on the Treatment of Minister's Wives.

A woman sends, in a righteously indignant spirit, the following letter to the Boston Transcript: "Will you kindly give me space in your valuable paper for a few words in regard to an article in a contemporary, which states that the beauty, accomplishments and wealth of the wife of Rev. George F. Kengott is the cause of opposition to him in the First Congregational church of Lowell?

"Does the church hire a minister's wife and pay her a salary? When a bargain is made with a minister are the services of his wife included?

"Can such a bargain be made in this day of freedom?

"Were not the slaves liberated long ago by an act of Abraham Lincoln?

"Has a corporation that hires men any claim upon or any right to talk about the wives of their men because they are good-looking, accomplished, dress well and attend the opera and theatre? No—neither has the church any right, and the sooner the officers and members of every church in the land awaken to this fact it will be better for the churches.

"A minister's wife is a free citizen, free to come, free to go and free to dress as she chooses. Yes—and free to attend the opera and theatre also, where she has the very best opportunity to study human nature and learn to sift the gold from the dross, and be able to judge far more leniently of people and things than her more exacting brothers and sisters. It is a crying shame in this enlightened age that such a state of affairs should exist, that a minister's wife must be accountable to the members of the church where her husband preaches for her individual taste in the matter of dress and accomplishments. We are living in the last years of the nineteenth century, and it is time that such relics of barbarism should be buried, and all humanity should rejoice to attend funeral and see to it that they are buried so deep they can never be exhumed."

The Late Dr. Shaw.

In connection with the lamented death of the late Rev. Dr. Shaw, the following resolution was unanimously adopted at a recent meeting of the executive committee of the general mission board of the Methodist church:—Moved by Rev. Dr. Potts, and seconded by Rev. A. Langford, and "Resolved, that the executive committee hereby place on record its estimate of the godly character and useful life of the assistant secretary of our Missionary Society, the Rev. John Shaw, D.D., and its sense of the loss it has sustained in his lamented death. As a follower of the Lord Jesus Christ he won the confidence and esteem of all who became acquainted with him by the unfeigned modesty of his whole department, and at the same time, his unfailing fidelity to christian principle and righteousness in all the affairs of life. As a minister of the gospel in important stations he made himself noteworthy for his ministerial efficiency and success, and for the long period of forty-four years maintained a perfectly unsullied reputation, and carried a record unsurpassed in ministerial blamelessness down to the close of his life. He lived in the hearts of his brethren, and commended himself to them as worthy to bear honors and responsibilities. For many years he presided over the districts in which he was stationed, and by the wisdom of his administration attached to himself, in no common degree, the brethren who were associated with him. During the period of eleven years in the offices of the missionary society he served the cause of missions by his able advocacy in the pulpit and on the platform, and attended to his duties to the entire satisfaction of the society. While the committee mourns the loss of a beloved brother and fellow laborer, it ascribes praise to Almighty God for the triumph of divine grace manifested in him, and offers sincere sympathy to the members of his bereaved household, and commends them in prayer to Him who is able to comfort and keep them unto the great day of re-union beyond the bounds of time."

Spratt & Killen.

NOT BY CHANCE MERELY!

It is not by chance that our TEA and COFFEE business has grown to its present large proportions. Thorough knowledge of the business, good goods and low prices have done it, and it has taken time.

SPRATT & KILLEN'S

TEAS and COFFEES

are known by all good housekeepers for their excellence and superiority over what they buy from others.

Our Teas and Coffees are guaranteed pure, and if not as represented can be returned. We are now offering special reductions to parties taking 5, 10 and 20 lb. lots—just what is wanted for the country.

WE OFFER EXCEPTIONAL VALUE IN

Black, Green, Oolong, Ceylon, T Japans, Young Hysons, Assams and Blends.

In Coffees we take the lead, as usual. We have blends at different prices, each the best of its kind.

SPRATT & KILLEN,

TEA AND COFFEE IMPORTER.

VARIETIES.

Young couples who are fond of cards play cribbage. It is a delightful game for two.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—KARL'S CLOVER ROOT will purify your Blood, clear your Complexion, regulate your Bowels and make your head clear as a bell. 25c., 50c., and $1.00. Sold by A. Higinbotham, druggist.

The Marlborough muff is the latest.

As Old as Antiquity.

Either by acquired taint or heredity, those old foes Scrofula and Consumption, must be faced generation after generation; but you may meet them with the odds in your favor by the help of Scott's Emulsion.

The New York Police commissioners have just appointed a bicycle squad.

You Can Believe

The testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest people, who have actually found in their own experience that Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, creates an appetite, strengthens the system and absolutely and permanently cures all diseases caused by impure or deficient blood.

John D. Rockefeller will soon make a gift of $3,000,000 to the Chicago University.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging, most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents.

Still Blowing.

When Sue a little lassie was,
And I a little laddie,
We played together day by day,
Unchecked by dame or "daddy."

And most it pleased our simple minds—
Unconscious then of troubles—
To sit upon the floor and pass
Our time at blowing bubbles.

We're married now; no little spheres
Of evanescent beauty
Engage our blowing powers to day;
Life's avenue of duty

Demands a sterner task, to which
We yield with purpose fervent;
I fiercely blow the hired man,
She blows your humble servant.

Dodds' Medicine Co.

THERE IS NOT A

A Man or a Woman

Who has not read of the

Wonderful Cures

EFFECTED BY

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Testimony to their

Great Value

is given by

All Sorts and Conditions of Men.

The Press writes about them....
The World reads about them....
The Sick buy them, because....

They Always Cure.

50c. A BOX AT ALL DEALERS.

TAKE DIAMOND DINNER PILLS for Stomach Troubles. 25c. a Box.

Dunn's Baking Powder.

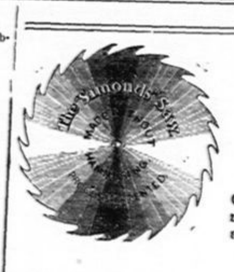
FOR TWENTY-SIX YEARS.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

John Makins.



LINDSAY FOUNDRY

JOHN MAKINS,

Brass an Iron Founder is prepared to do all kinds of Casting and Foundry Work. Repairing of Implements and Machinery etc., Setting-up Steam Engines and Boilers.

JOHN MAKINS

William-st. North

Dick's Blood Purifier.

Fine Drivers

cannot be made out of horses that are out of condition. Merely to feed plenty of oats is not enough. A horse gets run down the same as a man and needs a general toning up.

Dick's Blood Purifier

is a scientific preparation in the form of a powder. It purifies the blood, strengthens the digestion, turns a rough coat into a smooth and glossy one and puts the animal "in condition." He then has "good life" and feels like holding up his head and lifting his feet.

MILCH COWS are greatly benefitted by it. The whole system is toned up. The digestive organs being strengthened, more nutriment is drawn from the food and the flow of milk increased.

Dick's Blood Purifier will pay for itself ten times over.

For sale by druggists, at general stores or sent post paid on receipt of 50 cts.

Dick & Co., P. O. Box 482, Montreal.

Horn Bros.

Blankets.

We are manufacturing Blankets by the ton and selling them in loads; made especially for this long Canadian Winter. Softest, Downiest, Warmest All Wool Blankets on the market. Made of fine wool, long fibre, silky, clean, speckless, springy, no dead or brashy wool used, therefore we guarantee every pair to give entire satisfaction. Your money back if they don't. Every intermediate item of profit and expense is saved when you buy direct from the looms. Size—64 x 168 in. for from $3 to $5 per pair.

Knitted Goods.

A few dozen missmated shirts and drawers in Shetland, Merino and Canadian Lamb's Wool, will be cleared off at very low prices. Cardigan Jackets, Top Shirts, Socks, Long Black Stockings for Boys' and Girls' wear—heavier than cashmere—will wear as well and very much cheaper.

Check Horse Blankets a Specialty.

HORN BROS.,

Lindsay Woollen Mills.

The Art Amateur.

One of the Colored Plates given with a Subscription for 1896.

THE ART AMATEUR.

BEST AND LARGEST PRACTICAL ART MAGAZINE

(ESTABLISHED 1879.)

Monthly (size of page 11 x 16) Sumptuously printed and richly illustrated. Price, $4.00 a year, including all supplements. Single copies, 35 cents, each containing exquisite Color Plates and Extra pages of Working Designs for Painting, Carving, China Decoration, Modelling, Pyrography, Embroidery etc. For sale by all first class newsdealers. Invaluable to all who seek to make a living by Art, or who take up Art as an accomplishment. The only art periodical awarded a medal at the World's Fair, where twenty diplomas were awarded to its special writers and artists. The following are the principal departments:

OIL PAINTING — DESIGNING FOR THE ART TRADES — CHINA PAINTING
WATER COLOR — CHURCH AND HOME EMBROIDERY — WOOD CARVING
PASTEL PAINTING — HOME DECORATION AND FURNISHING — MODELLING IN CLAY
TAPESTRY PAINTING — BIOGRAPHIES OF ARTISTS — PYROGRAPHY
ILLUSTRATING — ADVICE BY CORRESPONDENCE — WROUGHT IRON WORK.

A choice of the following two liberal offers is open to all who, before January 1st, 1896 will send to the publisher $4.00—the regular subscription price—and mention this journal.

OFFER A Given, with a year's subscription to the Magazine, any one of Seven Portfolios, each containing 12 admirable Reproductions of Studies and Pictures of original paintings in Oil, Water Colors and Pastels by some of the best artists. Thus, Portfolio No. 1 contains 12 **Exquisite Flower subjects, painted for The Art Amateur by Paul de Longpre**; Portfolio No. 2: 12 Animal Studies by Helene Maguire; Portfolio No 3: Figure Subjects; Portfolio 4: Fruits, Flowers and Still Life; Portfolio 5: Landscapes and Marines; Portfolio 6: Genre, etc.; Portfolio 7: China Designs. The contents of any one of the Portfolios, at our catalogue prices, would cost from $3 to $4. They are some of the same pictures that are framed in thousands of cultivated homes; that are used as models for students in the leading art schools and academies, and in the Chicago High Schools. *These portfolios full of beautiful pictures are PREMIUMS and are given in addition to the Color Plates which go with every number of* THE ART AMATEUR.

OFFER B GIVES THREE MONTHS' SUBSCRIPTION FREE, beginning with any issue. That is for $4 you get 15 months' subscription for the price of 12 months. To avail yourself of either Offer A or Offer B you must mention this journal when sending the $4. If you choose one of the Portfolios, state if you prefer Flower, Animal, Landscape, Figure or China painting subjects.

Specimen Copy of THE ART AMATEUR (with Color Plates and 8 pages of Working Designs for all kinds of art work) sent for 25 cents if this advertisement is mentioned. Our new illustrated catalogue of 200 Color Studies and Pictures for a 2-cent stamp.

MONTAGUE MARKS, 23 Union Square, New York.

bell,

GROCER, LINDSAY

at's True.

trade—lack of com-
f business without
is keen to a degree
Merchants are con-
ly to attract trade
travel.
thought it to the new
plenty. We fancy
near it. We buy
nd sell at a small
tomers get the very
d give better satis-
t as yet deal't with
n any other grocer

s.

ng." If you have, then get
ited.

man to do it.

placed he ating apparatus. Then
ull rush. A furnace in your
ken in a store shop.

h our own original hot water combination
Gurney hot water system
Entire hot water
and 1 Pease combination hot air and steam
2 Gurney hot air furnace
1 " "
1 Bell "
1 Howard "
" "
" "
" "
" "
Bucks hot air
Combination
Gurney hot air
Howard hot air
Steam system
Gurney hot water

ng that the Gurney Oxford Hot Water
as fully what you represented it to be, and
no fuel use, and the air seemed pleasant and
during the entire winter. Notwithstanding
it was a most unfavorable one to find if the day was
that we had burned in former winters in our
poorly managed, and with ordinary care, the
ed. I can heartily recommend this system of
to anything what I can best describe as solid
THOMAS W. POOLE.

w Advertisements.

SUMMERS GAS CO., of LINDSAY
NUAL REPORT, 1895

Amount of Capital Stock, $50 000.00.
Amount actually paid $24 980.00.
Amount of Existing Debt $1 019.55.

F. C. TAYLOR President.
W. H. PEARSON
JOHN LAXTON Directors.
J. K. DUNDAS

, Jan. 14th 1895. 974.

The Cook Co.

Ladies' Favorite

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Manufactured by The Cook Co., Windsor, Ont., and Detroit, Mich., is the only known safe, reliable monthly medicine on which ladies can depend in *"the hour and time of need."* Every lady who reads this is requested to inclose two postage stamps, with her address, for

Free Sample

and full particulars, which we will send by return mail in plain, sealed envelope. An old physician, 35 years consecutive practice treating diseases of women, has charge of the office, and may be consulted by letter or in person. Address our main office

THE COOK COMPANY,
Box 3—No. 253 Woodward Ave.,
Detroit, Mich.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound
sold by all responsible wholesale
and retail druggists in the Dominion
Canada and United States for One
Dollar per box.