



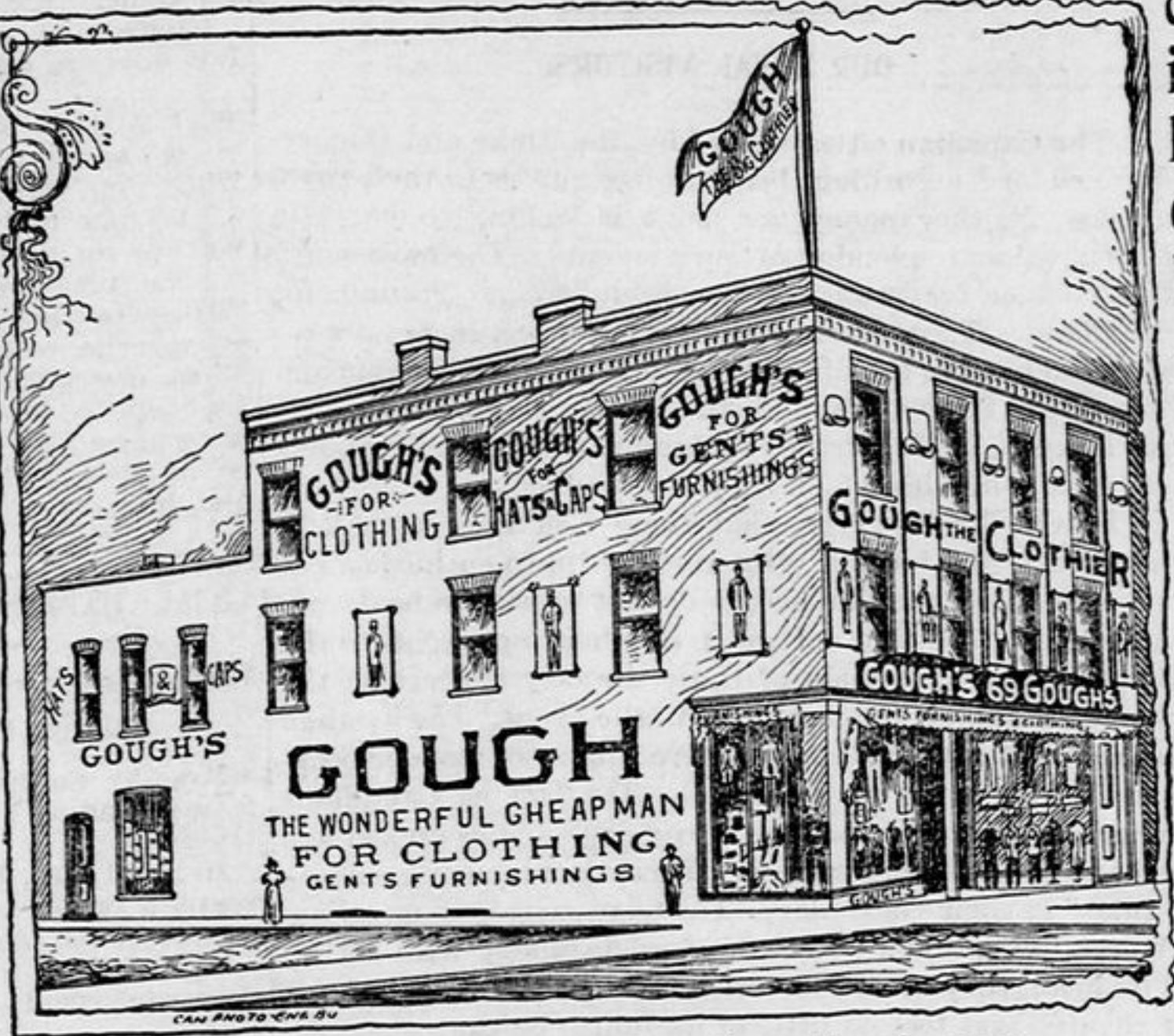
EQUAL TO ANY EMERGENCY!

B. J. GOUGH'S Latest Triumph

Our enormous collection of merchandise for Fall presents a striking object lesson of the onward strides that has been made since last Fall, in the manufacture of high-class Clothing, Light Top Coats, Hats, Caps and Furnishings.

GOUGH is ready now and equal for any emergency. When you want to be dressed for any particular occasion---no matter what---let Gough know your wants ---we keep our promises.

Being in close touch with all markets, implies constant chances. Forming one of a syndi-



Watch This Store Do the Business

cate in buying for eight large stores, implies large discounts. Spot cash and large outlets implies opportunities to capture prizes which can only be secured by hard coin and enormous sales.

The Fall Boom is on at Gough's

We have struck oil! You are welcome to come and examine our new stock all round, buy if you like, and don't buy if you don't want to.

Times are good, there's no calamity a-brewing. We have been to market. We are ready to go again to-day for equal bargains.

COLOSSAL SHIPMENTS

—OF—
New Fall Clothing,
Hats and Furnishings

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS DURING THE LINDSAY CENTRAL EXHIBITION

The Big Clothier B. J. GOUGH Lindsay and Midland

WE TAKE A BACK SEAT FOR NO MAN, AND WE GUARANTEE OUR PRICES CANNOT BE DUPLICATED IN THE DISTRICT.
We haven't lost our moorings or heads.

Y!
eat slaughter sale
osiery, Hats, Caps,
a better time or a
se Bargains when
PUT TO CLEAR
save all you can at

Greatest of
all Cloth-
ing Sales.
A great
week at
Graham's.
One of
the biggest
Attrac-
tions of
the Fair

NSON HOUSE

MPS and WINDMILLS

ester Mfg. Co.
are now prepared to supply

The DENNIS
d and Iron Pumps
ny depth of well up to
feet, and guarantee satis-
n. Mr. Dennis is in our
y and has charge of this
tment of our business.
rs for Pumps or repairs
ceive prompt attention.
e are also prepared to
y superior WINDMILLS
fications.

vester Bros.
Mfg. Co.
LINDSAY, Ont.

DOAN'S
KIDNEY PILLS
CURE
BACKACHE
LAME BACK
RHEUMATISM
DIABETES
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIZZINESS AND ALL
KIDNEY & URINARY
DISEASES
ARE CURED BY
DOAN'S KIDNEY
PILLS

J. STEEVES, Edgett's Land.
B., writes on Jan. 18, 1901:
The fall of 1899 I was troubled
severe pain in the back. I
scarcely get up out of a chair
gave me great pain to move.
I took one box of Doan's
Kidney Pills and was completely
cured. I have not been troubled
since."

PORT PERRY SUFFERS SEVERELY FROM FIRE

ONE SIDE OF THE MAIN STREET WAS ALMOST DESTROYED.

The Water was not Turned on for Nearly Half an Hour—Two Heavy Explosions—Men were Injured—Cause of Fire Unknown—Insurance Fair and Blocks will be Re-Built.

(From our Special Correspondent.)
On Wednesday night, Sept. 18th, the village of Port Perry was visited by one of the most disastrous fires in its history. About a quarter to twelve smoke was seen issuing from the store in the Purdy block on the south side of Queen street, occupied as a bakery and confectionery store by A. J. Sproule. The alarm was immediately sent in, but when the few who gathered at the cry of "fire" broke into the store from front and rear, they found the centre of the building a mass of flames, and that the fire had such a foothold there as to defy their attempts to extinguish it by carrying water.
It was about 25 minutes from the time the alarm was sent in till the brigade had a stream of water from the lake playing on the fire, and by this time it was evident to the spectators that the Purdy block was doomed. Fanned by a strong west wind the flames spread rapidly and soon the buildings on each side were enveloped. Along the street on both sides of the fire citizens were busily carrying out the effects from such places as they could gain entrance to, and where the heat was not too great.

Rescue of Children
The rooms occupied by G. A. Powers, tailor, J. A. Murray, dentist, R. H. Dawson, barber, were quickly emptied, and much of the furnishing of the rooms occupied by Messrs. Baird and Clemes over the Western bank was saved. Shortly after the fire began some one thought of the family of Wm. Tremere, living in rooms in the Purdy block. Messrs. Sebert and Campbell who went in had barely time to escape with the two children whom they found asleep. Mr. Tremere was away. Despite the efforts of the firemen the fire gained headway and the spectators were forced further and further away as the flames crept out over the buildings on each side of the Purdy block. The intense heat broke many plate glass windows across the street, while the dense clouds of black smoke and the great waves of flame were a splendid sight.

A Big Explosion
Before the fire reached the Allison block, Messrs. E. H. Allison, Chas. Corrie and J. A. Campbell of New York entered the Allison drug store to see that the books were secure. While they were in a terrific explosion took place that was felt all over the town. The front of the Allison block was blown out into the street and the roof came down. From the

dust and debris the three men emerged after a moment of suspense, and it was found that Allison and Campbell had been seriously injured by falling bricks. They were taken to Dr. Sangster's office at once where their wounds were attended to. Those sustained by Campbell on the head and face required stitching in four places. The fire swept in over the wrecked building, but could go no further in that direction as the vacant Sinclair lot lay next to the building. Meanwhile at the other end of the street, a number of men who were up in the rooms over the Western bank had a narrow escape, as another explosion took place there. No one was injured, but it then seemed to the onlookers that this block, one of the most solidly built in the town, was doomed too. Step by step the fire came on making its way over the roofs till it reached the store occupied by A. Ross & Sons. Here the firemen made the most determined fight of the evening and after a long struggle the flames were got under control, but not till the entire Ross stock was destroyed and the rooms over the Western bank gutted. The Western bank buildings though it was flooded with water were left all the long row of water and pretty well scorched.

A List of Losses
The cause of the fire is unknown, as Mr. Sproule left his store not more than ten minutes before the fire was discovered, and everything was then right. Among the heaviest sufferers are C. H. Allison, druggist, stock totally destroyed; J. A. Murray, dentist, partial loss of furnishings; Miss Harrison, dressmaker; G. A. Powers, tailor; E. H. Purdy, groceries and provisions; R. H. Dawson, barber; S. Cawker, butcher; Standard Printing office; D. J. Adams, broker; W. H. Harris, barrister; A. Ross and Sons, general merchants; Clemes and Baird, tenants; W. Tremere, tenant; Misses Cook and McKnight, dressmakers; E. Morris, bicycles. The Western bank cost \$12,000, the Purdy block \$10,000 and the Allison block \$6,000. The total loss is estimated at from about \$50,000 to \$60,000. The loss is fairly covered by insurance but so far I have been unable to get an exact statement. Most of the firms burned out have secured temporary quarters. It is understood that the blocks will be rebuilt but the effects of the fire will be felt severely for some time to come.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles
SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue ulcers form which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Sample free. LYMAN SONS & CO., Montreal, wholesale agents.
—Springs' mattresses, folding cots, cot springs, a fine assortment at M. E. Tangney's, —38.2.

THE SEPARATE SCHOOL CLAIM PARTLY GOOD

SOLICITOR HOPKINS ADVISES THAT \$74.82 BE PAID TO THE BOARD.

The Statute Says what has been Collected for the Separate School Must be Paid to it—No Claim for Money Paid to the Public Schools by Catholics—The Proper Methods.

In response to council's request for his opinion regarding the legality of the Separate School's claim for money due them from the town, Solicitor Hopkins writes in part:—
Gentlemen—I have given this matter very careful consideration. The Board claim \$181.77 taxes for 1899, which they allege were collected and not paid over to them, and in a subsequent communication they say as the same assessment roll applies for 1900 they would also be entitled to the same sum for that year, but to offer to accept one amount in full. They are, however, mistaken in assuming that there would be the same amount for 1900 as for 1899, because while the 1899 assessment roll was adopted for 1900, when the council made the change in the time of year for taking the assessment, it became subject to a second court of revision which was held, at which a great many changes were made.

The Grounds
They base their claims as I understand it on two grounds. First that while the amount demanded by the Board and the amount actually paid to them was \$1800, still, the rate struck upon the property and Separate School supporters, and collected by the town, exceeded that sum, and they claim to be entitled to the excess; and second, they claim a list of names who they claim are Separate School supporters, but who are not assessed as such, and claims to be entitled to the taxes collected from them.

The First Just
As regards the first claim, in my opinion the claim is well founded, and the correct amount, whatever it is, could be legally collected from the town. Sec. 58 of the Separate School Act expressly provides that the Council shall, through her collectors and officers, collect all monies legally imposed for Separate Schools, and shall account for the moneys collected, and when collected shall within a reasonable time thereafter, and not later than the 14th of December in each year, pay the same over to the trustees, without any deduction whatever, and that any expense attending the assessment or collection shall be payable by the municipality.
(Here Mr. Hopkins cites and comments on the sections of the statute supporting his opinion and then proceeds.)
These sections show to my mind that whatever rates are collected from Separate School supporters must be paid over to the Separate School Board, and even rates not

collected, if they are real estate rates which can be charged against the land, must be paid over out of the general funds. Of course the same will afterwards recover the town with interest, but any rates on personal property which cannot be collected the town are not liable for. It makes no difference what amount is demanded, it is the amount collected by the town that must be paid over.

What is the Amount?
The amount payable should be easily ascertained. I understand the auditor has gone into the matter and reports to the Separate School taxes for 1899 to be \$1879.62. The amount paid was \$1800 leaving a surplus of \$79.62, from which must be deducted \$4.80 taxes on personally not collected, leaving a balance of \$74.82 to which they are entitled from 1899. From this also there should possibly be deducted discounts allowed for early payment of taxes, and also interest for amounts advanced before the taxes were collected but if both the Public and Separate School Boards are treated alike in this respect no injustice would be done by waiving these matters as they would entail considerable labor. For the year 1900 nothing would appear to be payable. The total tax for that year is, as reported by the auditor, \$1802.52, the amount paid \$1800, leaving a balance of \$2.52, but there is no doubt much more than this is not collected on personally. This can be told, as the roll has not yet been returned. I find Sec. 144 above mentioned, which requires amount paid on each rate to be set forth by collector, is never complied with, so it is impossible for the clerk to keep correct accounts, and I would strongly urge the council to insist upon the rolls in future being returned in proper form and in proper time, otherwise the town are bound sooner or later to get into an expensive law suit, as many matters depend upon the proper return of the roll in time.

Second Grounds Not Good
As regards the second claim, viz., as to the list of parties alleged to have been improperly assessed. In my opinion the Separate School Board have no legal claim against the town in this respect. Prima facie, every person is liable to Public School tax, and it is only Separate School supporters who are properly assessed porters who are exempt from Public taxes who are exempt from Public School tax. Separate School supporters, as such, pay Separate School tax, and no Separate School tax payers, or could be legally collected from them, consequently the town are not liable to the Separate School for something they have not received. Careful provision is made for appealing to the Court of Revision and to the County Judge in case parties are wrongly assessed as Public or Separate School supporters, and in case of no appeal the roll becomes final and binding in this respect as in other cases, neither the clerk or any other person has any power or authority to alter the roll or to examine into

it and certify it is incorrect in any way. I have not overlooked that power is given to the council under Section 50, if they see fit, even after the roll is finally revised, to make alterations, but this is entirely discretionary and I do not think was intended to apply to cases like the present when the taxes have been collected for some years. At any rate until the matter had been investigated and agreed to by the council there could be no legal claim and if investigated it might be found there were mistakes the other way and other matters that should be taken into consideration.

I understand that in 1899 or 1900 no proper estimates or demands were made or furnished by the Separate School Board, and if this is correct I do not think that the town could have been compelled to collect the taxes, but I think, while I am prepared to admit that there may be a difference of opinion in the matter, that the town having collected the taxes, even without proper estimates or demand, they are legally bound to pay over the same. Now everything I have stated applies with equal force to the public School taxes, and if the Separate School Board are paid the surplus collected then the Public School should be treated in the same manner. I find the auditor reports that during the past ten years the surplus not paid over to the Separate School amounts to \$128 only, while that not paid over to Public Schools not paid over to Public Schools amounts to \$156, and in 1900, \$700. And as the Separate School assessment is about one-fifth of the Public School assessment it will be seen that it is the Public School supporters, and not the Separate School supporters, who have suffered by the mode adopted in the past. For the future I would advise that the assessors be warned to be careful in making their assessments, that the collector be required to make proper returns and to return his roll promptly within the time required by law, that proper accounts be opened with the Public and Separate Schools, and proper settlements and adjustments be made with each Board at the end of the year, and the amount actually for each paid over irrespective of the amount demanded.

As regards the past, it seems a pity that an adjustment cannot be made. But if the Separate School Board insist upon the surplus being paid over, then I would advise that they be paid \$74.82, being the surplus for 1899 and 1900, but if this plus for 1899 and 1900, but if this is done, then if the auditor's figures are correct you would require to pay the Public School some \$856, being the surplus due them for the same two years.
If there is any further information that I can give I shall be happy to do so.—Yours, truly
G. H. HOPKINS, Town Solicitor.
Lindsay, Sept. 16, 1901.

Riggs' Store LINDSAY,

is where you can buy all kinds of FANCY GOODS, such as Shell and Wire Hair Pins, Combs, Brushes, Hair Switches and Pompadour Pads, Collar and Cuff Buttons, Pocket-Books, Wallets and Purses, Violins, Guitars and Accordions, Mouth Organs. Also the Berliner Gramophone, in two sizes, which will talk or sing for you. I keep the Gramophone Records and have large numbers to choose from, consisting of Songs, Speeches, Quartettes and Band Selections all to be had at

J. RIGGS' LINDSAY



FOR
Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic,
Cramps, Pain in the Stomach
AND ALL
Summer Complaints.

ITS EFFECTS ARE MARVELLOUS.
IT ACTS LIKE A CHARM.
RELIEF ALMOST INSTANTANEOUS.
Pleasant, Rapid, Reliable, Effectual.
Every House should have it.
Ask your Druggist for it.
Take no other.
PRICE, 35c.

—24 bright colors in Diamond Dyes just arrived at Higginbotham's next Daily House.—35-4.