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Come and see Skuce & Robertson's Imported Clydesdale Stallion,

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LINDSAY, ONT.

ROUTE

MONDAY, April 21st, will leave his own stable, Willowdale Farm, Lindsay, and proceed to Reaboro for night.

TUESDAY, will proceed to Mount Horeb for night.

WEDNESDAY, will proceed to Lifford for night.

THURSDAY, will proceed to Janetville for noon; and remain till Friday morning.

FRIDAY, will proceed to Hogan's Island for noon; thence to Central House, Lindsay, for night.

SATURDAY, will proceed to his own stable, where he will remain until the following Monday noon.

For description and pedigree, terms etc., see large cards.

SKUCE & ROBERTSON, Proprietors.

18-3.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS FOR WEAK PEOPLE.

AND THOSE TROUBLED WITH

Palpitation, Throbbing or Irregular Beating of the Heart, Dizziness, Shortness of Breath, Distress after Exertion, Smothering Feeling, Spasms or Pain through the Breast and Heart, Morbid Condition of the Mind, Partial Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Anemia, General Debility, After-Effects of Grippe, Loss of Appetite, etc.

Remember Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure the worst cases after other remedies fail.

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Constipation.

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Lawn Mowers
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Ice Cream Freezers
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Prism Mixed Paints
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McLENNAN & Co.

HARDWARE, COAL AND IRON

THE WHOLE CITY OVERWHELMED BY A VOLCANO IN ERUPTION

A Frightful Calamity to the St. Pierre in the French West Indies—40,000 People Perish

A frightful calamity overtook the city of St. Pierre, on the island of Martinique, in the French West Indies, on May the 8th. By the sudden eruption of the neighboring volcano of Mount Pelee, the whole city of 40000 people was buried under boiling mud, lava, and fire. Only about 20 escaped; these were taken off the shipping in the harbor in a burned condition. Eighteen crafts in the harbor were destroyed. Among them was the big steamer Roraima of the Quebec Steamship Line. She was seen to explode and disappear. The captain was a citizen of Sydney, Cape Breton, and his first mate a Halifax man. Not since the destruction of Pompeii has a more dreadful calamity of the sort been recorded.

After a short period of activity, which gave no special ground for suspicion of a disaster, the volcano suddenly belched forth burning lava and ashes on the morning of the 8th. The steamer Roddam cut her cables and steamed out of the harbor at full speed and ran the gauntlet of a shower of lava, which killed seventeen of her crew. So narrow was her escape that her tarpaulins and running gear were burned. Her captain was very seriously injured, and is now in the hospital at St. Lucia. All of his officers and engineers are dead or dying. Nearly every member of the crew is dead. Twelve of the crew of the Roddam jumped overboard at St. Pierre and were drowned.

According to a despatch received from St. Thomas the commander of the French crusier Suchet reports that at one o'clock on Thursday the entire town of St. Pierre was wrapped in flames. He endeavored to save about thirty persons, more or less burned, from the vessels in the harbor. His officers went ashore in small boats, seeking for survivors, but were unable to penetrate the town. They saw heaps of bodies upon the wharves, and it is believed that not a single person in St. Pierre at the moment of the catastrophe escaped.

The British Royal mail steamer Esk, which arrived at St. Lucia Friday morning, reports having passed St. Pierre. The steamer was covered with ashes, though she was five miles distant from the town, which was in impenetrable darkness. A boat was sent in as near as possible to the shore, but not a living soul was seen ashore, only flames.

It is impossible for vessels to approach Martinique, and for this reason full details of the disaster are slow in reaching the other islands. Two vessels have been lost with all on board in endeavoring to approach St. Pierre.

The ill-fated islands of Martinique and St. Vincent are mere dots in the Atlantic ocean several miles to the south-east of Cuba, and 150 miles apart. They are two of the many that make up the Windward group. Their population consists almost wholly of colored people. Martinique belongs to France, and St. Vincent to Britain.

CAUSE OF THE ERUPTION

Professor John Milne, the eminent seismologist, says he is positive that no earthquake had occurred in Martinique. The destruction was due entirely to a volcanic eruption. He adds:—"My seismic observatory has shown no sign of an earthquake with in a week. No seismic disturbances from the West Indies have been noted since April 19, when there was a marked record from Guatemala. What has probably happened is that Mont Pelee has blown its head off, as the head of a cylinder blows out when the steam pressure is too great." The water from the sea probably made its way down to the fiery depths of the volcano and the frightfnl explosion followed.

ANOTHER DISASTER

The island of St. Vincent is threatened with similar disaster and St. Lucia lies midway between these two volcanic centres. The volcano called the Soufriere (sulphur pit), on the northwestern part of St. Vincent is in sympathetic eruption.

One-third of the north side of the island, or for a distance of 6 miles, is a burning, sizzling strip.

Incandescent sand and red hot cinders are filling the fertile and well populated valleys.

All the springs have been dried up, and the lakes are steaming pits. The residents are dying of burns and thirst, and many have been overtaken in their flight by the overflow from the Soufriere.

In this one hundred and fifty mile stretch of the Windward Islands the volcanic ashes from St. Vincent and from Martinique overhang in vast clouds, turning daylight into partial darkness.

500 LIVES LOST ON ST. VINCENT

A despatch from Kingston, the capital of St. Vincent, dated Saturday, says that a calamity has actually overtaken the island. It is as follows:—After numerous earthquakes, during the preceding fortnight, accompanied by the subterranean noises in the direction of the Soufriere volcano, in northwestern part of the island, a loud explosion occurred Monday last from the crater.

The crater is still active as this despatch is sent, and great loss of life is believed to have occurred. The lava has destroyed several districts with their live stock.

The eruption is now invisible at Kingston. Huge dust clouds were blown eastward. Great distress prevails at St. Vincent, where there are many injured people. It is believed that 500 persons have lost their lives at St. Vincent. The majority of the corpses are still unburied.

Great tension prevails everywhere throughout the West Indies.

BABY'S BIRTHRIGHT

Is Health and Happiness—How Mothers Can Keep Their Little Ones Well

Health is the birthright of all little ones. It is a mother's duty to see that her baby enjoys it. Mother's greatest aid in guarding children's health is Baby's own Tablets—a medicine which can be given with perfect safety to the youngest baby. Among the many mothers who have proved the value of this medicine is Mrs. J. W. Booth, Bar River, Ont She says:—"My baby suffered greatly from sore mouth and bad stomach. Several doctors prescribed for her, but nothing seemed to benefit her in the least till I began giving her Baby's Own Tablets, and then in a short time my little one was fully restored to health. I would not be without the Tablets in the house and would advise all mothers to use them when their children are ailing."

Baby's Own Tablets are used in thousands of homes in Canada and always with beneficial results. They contain absolutely no opiate or other harmful drug; are mild, but sure in their action and pleasant to take. The very best medicine for all troubles of the stomach and bowels, curing colic, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea and simple fever. They give relief in teething troubles, dispel worms, promote healthful sleep and cure all the minor ailments of children. Price 25 cents a box at all druggists or sent by mail post paid by writing direct to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y.

The Military Parade

"There is a fellow a little bit lame."

The bands were playing. The streets were crowded. The martial spirit was in the air. Left, right, left, right, the troops swung along, and as the man spoke I saw a soldier with a limp in the ranks.

But on his heart he wore a medal of service.

It was a splendid spectacle, as, spotless, the men went on through the streets that knew none but kindly faces. Theirs was a dress parade, a pleasant hour on a clear, cool day.

There is a veldt where, on the long night march, men trudge on in dirty tunics, to the shriek of the shell and the bite of the bullet.

To them the groans. To us the songs.

So, here's to the man who limped.

* * * * * * * *

As the soldiers marched, and the ground gave back the sullen echo of 5,000 feet as we watched, admired, and looked for the faces of those we knew, there was one home in Toronto where a young woman was disconsolate. Two years ago he had paraded, and as she looked for him then their eyes met and she was proud of her soldier boy.

But war is hell, and yesterday she sat in her room, and read his letters and studied his photograph, dressed in the khaki cloth. She kissed it, and as she did the bands went by, and lying across the bed she cried bitterly, for Jim will never march again.

* * * * * * * *

As the Highlanders' band went playing itself into the distance, an old man beside me was strangely quiet.

Oh, memories that burn!

What music is dearer and sweeter to the man from the land of the blue bells than the skirl of the pipes? Those pipes brought back the old home, and mother, brought back the chums of childhood, the lochs and tarns, the hills and glens. It whispered of the first love, and rambles of long ago.

The music of the pipes!

He had once heard them in Bonnie Scotland, and this is why his eye was moist, and his voice stilled.—Chas. F. Raymond in Toronto Star.

CAMPAIGN NOTES

For thirty years the Liberals have been in office in Ontario, with the result that they have become the party against the people. They have raided the rights of the people as organized into municipalities, and grabbed many of the powers thereof far the Provincial government; they have created private corporations all over the province, and have allowed these corporations to ride roughshod over the municipalities; they have given these corporations powers that they have denied to municipalities; they have given them monopolistic powers, not to mention grants of land, subsidies—privileges of immense values; the committees of the legislature have been turned into a hunting ground for monopoly-seeking companies; the doings of these committees have become public scandals; members of the legislature have been bought in the most shameless way to do the work of the corporations; and the law in regard to taxation, which was supposed to bear evenly on rich and poor alike, was disorted so as to let rich corporations have their property, when valued for municipal assessment purposes, put in at "scrap iron" prices. But, worst of all, we have lived to see the Attorney-General of the province, the chief law officer of the province, the officer who was created to be the chief guardian of the people's rights, their protector as against an invasion of their municipal institutions, the officer who was sworn to set the law in motion against all evil-doers and all projects against public welfare, we have seen this officer switched right over into the leadership of the forces of the raiding corporations the champion of the monopoly grabbers, and one who deadened the law and its going into effect when he should have enforced it and had it strengthened where it was weak. Col. Gibson has become a rich man out of corporation exploitations and corporation raidings, while he held, and at the same time failed to perform the duties of, the office of Attorney-General.—Toronto World.

—The Victoria Planing Mills, Lindsay for Builders' Supplies. George Brumwell, proprietor.—17-tf.

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White's Old Stand - Lindsay

This big Shoe Store is noted for the good quality of its Footwear. All shoes sold here are reliable and up to-date in style—they wear well, they look well, they are made for us for spot cash. Our customers get the best goods at the lowest prices and save money on every purchase.

FOR 99c

Our 99c lines are the greatest Shoe Bargains in this trade.

Men's Fine Laced Boots, all leather, wear a year, only 99c.

Men's Heavy Laced Plough Boots, solid leather, all sizes, only 99c.

Men' Heavy Working Gaiter Boots, solid leather, all sizes, only 99c.

Women's Fine Dongola Boots, laced, buttoned or gaiters, all sizes, only 99c.

Girls Fine Dongola Boots, buttoned or laced, sizes 11 to 2, worth $1.35, for 99.

FOR 50c

Women's Fine Prunella Gaiters, patent tips, cool and comfortable, only 50c.

Women's Fine Prunella Slippers, patent tips and elastic fronts, any size, only 50c.

Boys' Strong School Boots, all solid leather, sizes 11, 12, 13, only 50c.

FOR 15c

Women's Fine Tweed Slippers that rest tired feet, all sizes, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, for 15c.

The N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE

THE AROMA AND NOURISHMENT ARE KEPT IN HAY CUT EARLY

A Valuable Paper on When to Mow for the Best Result

In a letter to the press Mr. F. W. Hodson, live stock commissioner, writes:

The aim of our farmers in growing forage crops is to produce from a given area as large a quantity as possible of the digestible nutrients in a palatable form. The time at which a forage crop is harvested may affect the crop in three ways, viz: in the quality of material harvested, in the composition of the crop, and in the palatability of the fodder. As a general rule it has been found that the greatest amount of dry matter is secured where forage crops are allowed to fully mature and ripen. The only exception is in the case of clovers and other legumes, there the leaves rattle off and are lost, either before or during the process of curing.

It does not follow that when a plant increases its yield of dry matter that its nutritive value has proportionately increased. It is quite possible that changes in texture and composition of the dry substance may effect the greater yield. The dry matter of mature grass contains a larger proportion of crude fibre than the immature. The plant hardens in texture and loses in both palatability and digestibility. Is is, therefore, usually advisable to begin cutting hay early, and where there is a large crop to be gathered work should begin in order that it be completed before the grass seeds are ripe enough to shell from the heads of the late cut grass. Chemical examination has shown that plants are richer in protein in the earlier stages of growth than when fully gown o nearly mature.

The chief thing with which our feeders have to contend is the lack of protein in the rations made up of our common feeding stuffs, and they should recognize the fact that by cutting early, they can get two crops of highly nitrogenous fodder, where they only get one by late cutting. Cutting the first crop even before the heads are fully grown will tend to cause a vigorous new growth and in this way a good crop of rowan is secuted.

The two crops are more valuable, especially for feeding dairy cows, than one mature crop on account of the increased proportion of protein. The early cut hay seems more palatable to stock, and weight for weight, more satisfactory. On the other hand by late cutting we secure a considerably larger quantity of carbo-hydrates, which are valuable for feeding, and of crude fibre which is of low feeding value.

For the dairy cows and sheep, grass should be cut early, since these animals do not relish hay that is woody and lacking in aroma, as is the case with the late cut hay. For horses and fattening cattle later cutting is allowable, as these animals subsist mostly on concentrated feed, and hay serves more for "filling", as horsemen say. In tests made by Professors Sanborn and Henry in fattening steers with early and late cut hay, it was found that late cut hay gave the best results. Though an indefinite quantity, the aroma of grass has real value in rendering hay more palatable. When the sun dissipates the dew from the dying grass in the meadow, we detect the escaping aroma, because the dew in rising carries some of it into the air. This is one reason why hay should not remain scattered over the field at night. Green colored, sweet smelling hay is really the best, and prudent farmers will not overlook such seemingly small points as preserving the aroma and preventing bleaching.

Waiting Ended

Last week Mr. Bret Harte, the poet author, and humorist, died in London. He once wrote:

But low in the distance the clouds break away!
The Gate's glowing portals I see;
And I hear from the outgoing ships in the bay
The song of the sailors in glee;
So I think of the luminous footprints that bore
The comfort o'er dark Galilee,
And wait for the signal to go to the shore,
To the ship that is waiting for me!

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's

R. B. ALLAN & CO.

LINDSAY

Are now complete in every line of NEW DRESS GOODS for Spring. **New Costume Cloths, New Muslins, New Grenadines, and all Styles of New Colored Dress Goods.**

We are Agents for the Celebrated

Priestley's Black Dress Goods

Just to hand a New stock of LADIES' SPRING CLOTH SUITS—the most stylish Goods in Lindsay.

Ladies' SILK WAISTS, Ladies' MERCERIZED SATEEN WAISTS.

KID GLOVES, CORSETS, HOSIERY, Etc.

Our stock of MEN'S and BOYS CLOTHING HATS, CAPS and FURNISHINGS is most complete.

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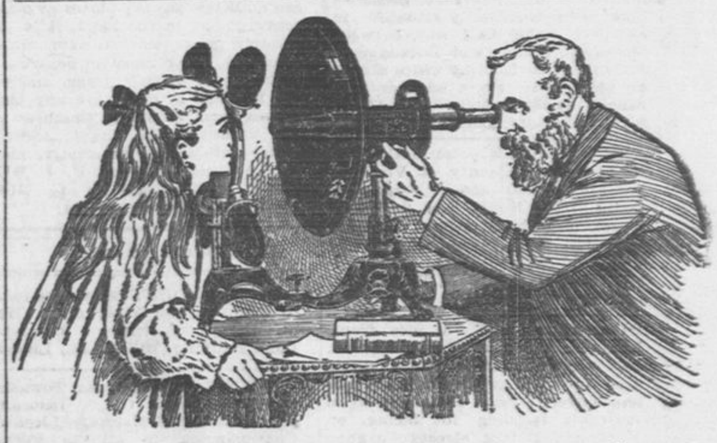

THE ABOVE

is a cut of our new machine for the correction of defective eyes. It is for use in our optical room and by its aid we can fit any eye that glasses will benefit. If you have eye trouble in any form it will be to your advantage to consult us.

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Druggists and Opticians, - - - - Lindsay, Ont

CONDUCTOR BOPHERY SETTLED HIS CLAIM FOR DAMAGES AT $50

There Have Been 8 Cases of Contagious Diseases in Town Since Dec. 5th

The Board of Health met on Wednesday evening of last week.

Mr. Richard Free, caretaker of the dump ground asked for pay for shovelling snow two days last winter. Council will consider the claim.

John O'Neil complained of stagnant water on King-st and Arty Robinson and others had a similar grievance. These complaints went to council.

Inspector Douglas presented a report which showed that since Dec. 5th eight cases of contagious disease had been placarded, the caretaker of the dumping ground had complained of the refuse put there by the Gas Company and J. M. Squier had reported the sewer connection with his residence blocked. Manager Graham had promised to cease putting the gas house refuse in the dumping ground.

With regard to the defective sewer Mayor Ingle said that the plumbing by-law had not been complied with. Mr. Squier was heard and the Board ordered the owner and tenant to have the trouble remedied, or in 10 days the Board would do it and collect the cost.

MR. BOPHEY'S CLAIM

Chairman Kylie reported that the committee appointed to negotiate with Conductor Bophery had settled with him by paying $50. It will be remembered that the conductor was shut in while his son had the smallpox, and sought damages. Chairman Kylie and Dr. McAlpine expressed the opinion that the town got out ofthe smallpox episode very well.

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