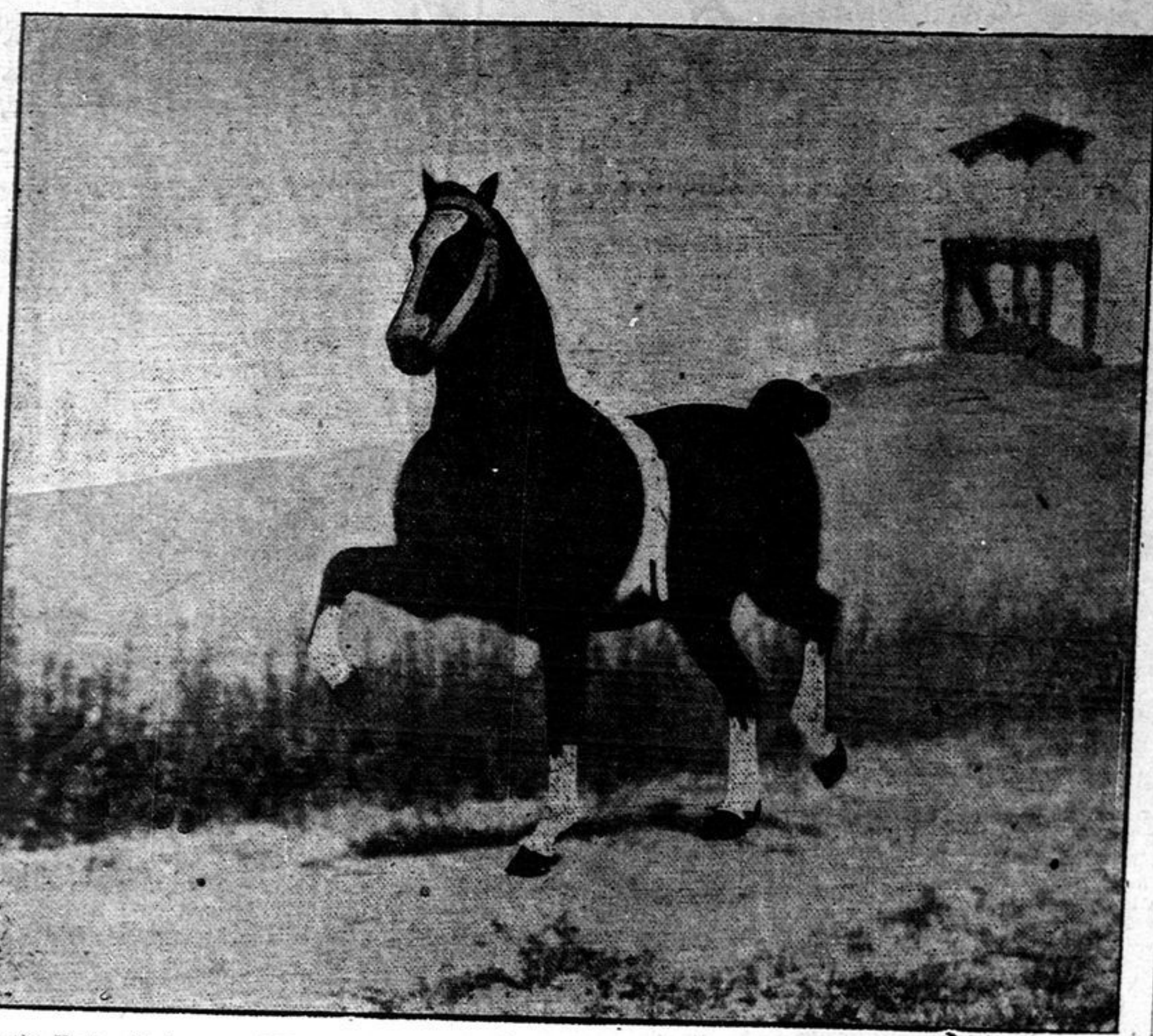


THE ROYALLY BRED HACKNEY STALLION KING EDWARD VII. INVITED TO VISIT THE DOMINION

"ATTRACTION" 371



At the East Durham and Cavalry Agricultural Exhibition, held in Millbrook, 1905, he was followed by his progeny comprising the 1st prize one-year-old stallion, the first lot of colts and was pronounced 2nd and 3rd prize one-year carriage filly, the 1st and 2nd prize carriage foals and one foal not placed in the prizes. They were a handsome and showy pair, and were pronounced by competent judges to be the finest lot of colts of their age sired by one horse ever seen together on any fair grounds in Canada.

At the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, 1905, a 2-year-old filly sired by Attraction, defeated the imported colts shown by R. Beith, of Bowmanville and others.

ATTRACTION WILL BE AT

Maunder's Hotel on Wednesday Afternoons and Peterborough on Friday and Saturday during the season of 1906. For particulars see posters.

J. S. STAPLES & CO., Ida, Ont.

A \$50,000 Industry for Lindsay

(Continued from Page 6.)

ment, the remainder divided into five parts to be paid at intervals of two months.

S. J. Fox, M.P.P.: "I am pleased to see so many men alive to this situation. It is time we were doing something to help ourselves. I have done a good deal of business for the last 25 years in Port Perry, and have met Mr. Williams. The people of that town say he is a genius by nature and that goes a long way."

"In Berlin and Waterloo they boast of having 100 factories and more, not merely stores. We have just as good and better facilities than they have. It is easy here if they want to get stock subscribed for an industry, to go out among the farmers and come back at night with it all subscribed."

"This \$30,000 ought to be subscribed here. I have confidence in the report of the committee, and am quite willing to do my share, and hope other men of Lindsay will do theirs."

Mr. Madison Williams was asked to speak, and said: "I am a poor speaker, but wish to give some reasons why I am looking to other fields. My business is growing and it is necessary to construct new buildings. Port Perry is hardly the place for a large business, and if I live, I hope some day to be running a large business. The expense for cartage is enormous at present, amounting last year the expenses for freight and cartage amounted to \$3,000. Now that amount of money would make a nice profit to put in your pocket. I have been talking of moving for two years and a half, and have had deputations from Trenton and Oshawa, and recently from Bobcaygeon. But Lindsay has advantages to my mind, and my business would be more successful in Lindsay than in Stratiot or one of the frontier towns. I have done business with many gentlemen of Lindsay and always found their dealings entirely satisfactory in every way."

Mr. G. H. M. Baker: "I did not come here to make a speech, but am glad to hear what the speakers have said, and I entirely agree with them. But I don't think any man whether he has money idle or not should refuse to support this enterprise. Commercial travelers say that there is no town they recommend so highly as this, for the business men of Lindsay always pay their bills because they have cash coming from manufacturers. We should take every means of increasing our industries."

Mr. Montzambert: "The business men should not be expected to put money into this any more than the men of capital. The man on a corner lot is benefited by everything that helps the town, because it raises the value of his property. I know quite a number of towns where the townspeople have money, and the towns are not prosperous. Halifax

is known as a slow city. But men have made money there. They have not invested it at home, but in Mexico, Trinidad and elsewhere, and Halifax has not profited by it. Halifax was proud of having the headquarters of several banks, but they are moving away, not because there is no money there, but because there more money than would bring all the enterprises that have been offered."

A gentleman who had been employed with Mr. Williams for years was in the audience and testified to the manner in which the business had increased during the four years he was in the shops.

Mr. Reesor said that he had been out in the afternoon and got the promise of \$500 towards this stock in about fifteen minutes.

Mr. Duncan Ray testified to what he knows of the success of Mr. Williams and his business. He judged by the spirit displayed that the enterprise is sure to come here.

Dr. Vrooman, mayor, said he was pleased with the way Mr. Williams had started his own case. He did it frankly and modestly.

President Carey then summed up the remarks, and said that although he had a great hungry business already on hand, and a good one to put money into, he would take some of the stock and he urged others to do the same.

The subscription list was then opened and the amounts quickly ran up to \$15,000.

Messrs. H. J. Lytle and I. E. Weldon were out early the next morning getting added names.

The plan of the buildings proposed was exhibited. It calls for a building 100x130 feet. The outside wall at sides will be 13 feet high built of brick, the roof sloping to a height of 26 feet over each side of the area covering 25 feet space in width at each side. The center will be 50 feet wide with an elevation of 65 feet. The crane will be 20 feet from the floor.

WHAT TO DO AND WHY

Plumbing and Gasfitting

The business embraces practically two trades though they are now generally united. One who engages in this work should be a man of integrity so he will feel bound to do the work well, though the owner may be miles away, absorbed in his business affairs.

This is one of the very best trades a young man can learn who is adapted for the work. What qualities, therefore it may be asked, are necessary for a young man to possess in order to succeed in that line of business.

First, a quick eye and a quick hand are required. In "wiping joints" on lead pipe artistic facility and quickness are required. If by slowness or awkwardness the workman makes a failure, he may lose one hour's time, and remember—should FROST FENCES go wrong, from mechanics or defects or workmanship in building, they are repaired, free of charge.

- W. N. PHILP, - Manilla
- GEO. HUNTER, - Lindsay
- P. A. DEVINE, - Downeyville
- ELISHA MARK, - Fenelon Falls

More time spent in Parliament lopping off "Grafts"—The Immigration Contract to be cancelled

The North Atlantic Trading Company's contract with the Government has, after seven years of secluded life, perished from exposure. For weeks opposition members in the House and in two committees have resolutely and persistently hunted down this scheme and the schemers behind it. Little by little they have dragged certain facts to light in spite of the efforts of ministers and officers of the Government. They have found among other things that the company has received about \$300,000 in bonuses on continental immigrants without evidence that any of these were influenced by the contractors to come to this country. They have learned from Lord Strathcona that when the contract of 1904 was made, the imported colts shown by R. Beith, of Bowmanville and others.

Other surrenders. Within a few days an official of the Public Works Department has refunded money improperly claimed and cheerfully paid him by the direction of his superiors. A contractor with the Marine Department has made a refund of one-third of the bill paid him without question by the officials. Both of these matters were exposed by the opposition members before the restitution was made. After a long fight the same party has brought to an end a compact under which it was proposed to pay in all more than a million dollars. It is reported that the next surrender will be the cancellation of the Bronson and Ray concession in the Yukon.

THE HIDEERS. Mention has been made of concealment. In the committee on Agriculture, a majority of which by vote supported the witness Smart in releasing information, Mr. Wilson, of Lennox, asked that a record should be made of the vote. That was refused also by vote of the majority. But here is a correct statement:

For publicity—Barr, Brabazon, Christie, Cochrane, Crockett, Heron, Hughes (Victoria), Lake, Lewis, MacLaren, Monk, Reid (Greenville), Roche (Marquette), Smith (Westworth), Sprone, Walsh, Wilmut, Wilson (Lennox and Addington), Worthington, Wright (Musko)—20.

For concealment—Black, Brown, Caldwell, Carriere, Carvell, Cash, Chisholm (Antigonish), Clarke, Derbyshire, Finlay, Gordon, Lamont, McColl, McCraney, Miller, Parent, Ratz, Ross (Yale-Carriboo), Rosseau, Savoie, Telfor, Turgeon, Turfitt, Watson, Wilson (Russell), Wright (Renfrew)—26.

A LOYAL WEEK. Legislation has made little progress this week. Members returned to the capital on Tuesday after Easter, only to be diverted from their work by the visit of Prince Arthur of Connaught and the round of social duties and hospitalities, for which the pleasing occasion called.

A resolution in which there was no party politics was adopted on Wednesday. This was the King's address to the King inviting His Majesty and the Queen to visit this country. Moved by Mr. Leclerc and seconded by Mr. Northrup, this address recalled the circumstances that the King was present when the Victoria bridge over the St. Lawrence was opened, and expressed the desire that the proposed visit should be connected with the inauguration of the bridge now under construction at Quebec. At the suggestion of the premier this was struck out and as adopted the invitation is a general one asking the King to select his own time. This change is considered creditable to Sir Wilfrid's foresight. The history of the Quebec bridge so far as that enterprise has gone is not one to make Canadians proud of the record. It had something to do with the removal of a Quebec premier from his position. It is not likely that the last has yet been heard of the deals connected with this enterprise, and until the end has come of all inquiry into the matter it is safer not to connect King Edward with the story. But there was in the House a unanimous desire that His Majesty and Queen Alexandra should visit this country. In support of the invitation the leader of the Opposition pointed out in a few words the important position which the British sovereign holds as the bond of union among the different and distant portions of the empire, which looked to the King rather than to the imperial parliament as the chief authority. Colonel Sam Hughes and Dr. Chisholm for the Conservatives spoke eloquently in the same sense.

AFTER MR. AYLESWORTH. On Wednesday Mr. Lennox, of South Simcoe, moved: "That it is

inexpedient that any member of the Government should act or appear as barrister, counsel or advocate in any action, suit or proceeding except when the interests of the crown are involved, in any court presided over by judges or a judge appointed by the Government of Canada."

Mr. Lennox explained that this was no abstract resolution. It was intended to be a pronouncement on the conduct of the Postmaster General, who since accepting office had continued his practice in the courts. Mr. Aylesworth draws his salary of \$7,000 a year as minister, and his indemnity of \$2,500 as a member of parliament. Mr. Lennox holds that in accepting official duties and official salary he engages to give his time and efforts to the service of his country. But it was shown that the Postmaster General appeared in court at Toronto in one suit of the 12th of March, in another on the 15th, in a third on the 16th and again on the 20th. On five other days last month Mr. Aylesworth was on duty as counsel in important cases. During this time the Cabinet, of which he was a member, and the House of Commons to which he had been elected, were sitting daily without him. Mr. Lennox showed that it was not in the interest of justice that Ministers should appear as pleaders before judges who are appointed by themselves, whose salaries they regulate, and whom they have power to promote. This led up to a discussion of judges accepting commissions to hold enquiries, when Mr. Germain asked whether Chancellor Boyd and Chief Justice Falconbridge were not two of the most upright judges in Canada. The reply was that however just they might be, half the people of Canada would never believe that the Gamey investigation was honest and fair. That was the position in which these judges had been placed by Mr. Aylesworth's friends. This debate is to be continued.

NOTES. A resolution was introduced on Friday for a grant of \$100,000 from the Canadian Treasury for the sufferers by the San Francisco disaster. Mr. Borden warmly endorsed the measure.

Senator Lougheed, of Calgary, has been elected opposition leader in his chamber in the place of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has resigned after ten sessions' service in that position.

PAVED STREETS. The St. Catharines Standard says: "Paved streets are the greatest advertisement a city can have. No matter how fine the residences may be, or how well kept the lawns, or how enterprising and hustling our people may be in other respects—if the streets are filthy and unpaved, it creates a most unfavorable impression upon visitors and those who would like to locate here, alike."

THE END OF IT.

Yesterday the opposition triumphed. Last year the majority voted down the motion to cancel the contract whose existence had only that year been discovered. This year ministers and deputy ministers defended and protected the scheme so long as they could, but in the end they were defeated. By concession, they stood between the contractors and the independent inquirers. But they could not prevent Lord Strathcona from answering the questions of the committee. They could not check the rebukes and warnings of the press even of their own party, which objected to the policy of concealment. On the other hand it was impossible to allow the facts to come to light and afterwards defend and maintain the compact.

MR. FOSTER'S ATTACK. At the evening sitting on Friday Mr. Foster rose to move his resolution, calling for the cancellation of the contract as injurious, absurd and improvident. In a contract of an hour and a half he gave the history of this deal under which, as he said, an alleged company which had no corporate existence and no place of business, whose members and officers were not to be found, was receiving \$700,000 to \$1,000,000 a year, and giving no return which could be computed. Mr. Foster showed that three contracts had been made, the second better for contractors than the first, and the third better than the second. All were made without authority of parliament, and Mr. Foster believed that the transactions had gone on a long time before they were known to the colleagues of the Minister of the Interior. "The contempt for the authority of parliament and of the country, the generosity to the other contracting party, and the secrecy of the whole affair were marks of Stifonian origin. Mr. Foster spoke of the falsehoods contained in the language of the contracts, declaring plainly that he was thoroughly convinced that the whole affair was a fraud from beginning to end. It was his hope that after the exposures so far made the contract would be brought to an end, and that there would be no more bonuses paid to companies or individuals for bringing or promoting the contract, and that the money of the immigrants to Canada from the continent of Europe.

HOW THE MINISTER CAME DOWN. Mr. Oliver, Minister of the Interior, replied at much length. His long defence of the Government's policy of the Laurier Government was not heard with deep interest, as members were waiting for the announcement of the Government's policy. It came in at last five minutes of the speech. Mr. Oliver had been praising the contract, when he suddenly observed, that in view of certain circumstances the Government had concluded that there should be a change. Here the Minister was interrupted by loud and long continued Conservative applause. When he was able to proceed, he said that a message and letter had been sent to Lord Strathcona announcing that the contract would be closed and bonuses would cease in November. Again there was a tumult of opposition cheers, with the remark from one member, "The con has come down."

Mr. Oliver was presently able to repeat the observation that the contract was a good one, when the laughter across the house drowned his voice. Then he was understood to say that the trouble was the failure of the company to live up to the agreement in good faith.

Mr. Borden asked when the Government had concluded to cancel the contract. He was informed that the message was sent on the 14th. But it was not so easy to learn from Mr. Oliver when the Government began to learn that the company was not keeping faith. The Minister, amid much merriment, claimed that the cancellation of the contract was a sufficient proof that no minister was financially interested in it.

NOT KICKED DOWN. Mr. Monk moved the adjournment of the debate, but before taking his seat, said that Mr. Oliver resembled the character in Dickens who denied that he was kicked down stairs, but explained that he had received a sudden impulse at the top which caused him to descend with more than usual speed. The house broke up for the night with cheer after the manner of the opposition side, and rather distressful faces in the Government precincts. It was generally felt that Mr. Oliver would have done better to have spoken, five minutes admitting that the North Atlantic Trading Com-

Pascoe Bros.

General Merchants,
OAKWOOD

Ten Departments always kept well assorted.

House Furnishings

A well assorted stock of Wall Paper from 2½c to 18c a roll
Lace Curtains from 25c pr to \$2.00 pair.
Roller Blinds from 25c each to \$1.00 each.

Paints and Oils

Our stock of mixed Paints is now complete, and think we can suit our customers in this department.

Hardware

We always carry a well assorted stock of Nails and Shelf Hardware, also Forks, Shovels, Screens, Windows, Screen Doors, and, in fact, most anything you can find in a hardware store.

Crockery

A few odd lines of Teapots, Sugar Bowls, Butter Dishes, Side Dishes, from 5c each up. Toilet Sets from \$1.25 to \$5.00.

Boots and Shoes

Ladies' Low Lace Shoes from \$1.00 to \$2.25 a pair. This department is well filled with new goods.

Our egg wagon will be on its regular trip about the middle of April. Highest market price paid for Butter and Eggs.

Pascoe Bros.

OAKWOOD.

BAKER & BRYANS LIMITED
COAL
LINDSAY
ONTARIO

Throat Coughs

A tickling in the throat; hoarseness at times; a deep breath irritates it;—these are features of a throat cough. They're very deceptive and a cough mixture won't cure them. You want something that will heal the inflamed membranes, enrich the blood and tone up the system.

Scott's Emulsion

It is just such a remedy. It has wonderful healing and nourishing power. Removes the cause of the cough and the whole system is given new strength and vigor.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers
In fresh mined Coal, direct from the best mines in all the sizes, chestnut, stove, egg, grate coal and cannel coal for grates, also the celebrated Youghieghen Steam Coal and Blacksmith Coal. Portland Cement, Plaster Paris, Windsor Salt in bbls. and bags of all sizes as put up by the Salt Works.
Lumber, Lath, and shingles of all kinds and factory work kept in stock.
Dry Hardwood, long or cut and split to suit all kinds of stoves, also all kinds of Mill Wood, delivered promptly to any part of the town.

Baker & Bryans LIMITED
PHONE 77.

When the Figures Blur

It is nature's warning that something is wrong with the eyes.
Good eyes mean a living to most of us and can't be neglected.
An examination will show whether they are actually diseased or merely tired out. In either case I can look into your eyes and see what the trouble is and give you the advice you need. The examination is free.

C. Hughan,
Optician and Jeweller.

The Canada Permanent Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.

J. H. HOPKINS, Agent, at Lindsay.
Money to loan at very lowest rates at any time, and terms to suit borrowers. The Corporation being an amalgamation of four companies and having capital and assets of over twenty millions, is prepared to do loans. Private funds if preferred.

Cattle to Pasture

The undersigned has first-class pasture for 100 head of cattle in East Harvey, near Bobcaygeon. Plenty of water and salt. Terms \$2.50 for yearlings and \$3.00 for other cattle for the season. PETER

Store Improvements

We have planned to make this store one of the brightest and most attractive stores in Lindsay.

The changes will consist of an entirely new store front and in addition the interior of the store will be remodelled and will be lighted and ventilated by means of windows in the rear.

The work which is now in progress will be so arranged that it will not interfere with business, and customers will receive the very best attention and consideration.

CALL AND INSPECT OUR SHOWING OF NEW SPRING FOOTWEAR

R. NEILL,

90 Kent Street. LINDSAY.