The best medium for Advertisers. Covers Lindsay and Surrounding District.

THE WATCHMAN-WARDER.

Guaranteed Circulation 4300 every issue.

VOLUME XLX. LINDSAY, ONT., THURSDAY, 28TH FEBRUARY, 1907. NUMBER 9

SPRING

Dress Goods

This department of our business was never in better shape to supply your needs than it is at this season.

Anticipating a big demand we bought largely in an early market, and thus were enabled to secure the pick of the best domestic and foreign goods at prices which can not be equalled today. Some of the Popular Lines:

Vigoreux, Taffeta, Blk. & White Checks, Heurietttas, Venetians, Wool Batiste Reps, Panamas, Empress Cloths. Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons.

All foreign advises speak positively of decided advanced in the above goods. We were fortunate enough to purchase in a low market, with the result that today we offer complete lines at low prices

A splendid range of Chiffon finished Taffeta Ribbon, 31-2 inches wide, in black, white, and all colors, for 15c per yd.

O'LOUGHLIN & McINTYRE

CASH AND ONE PRICE

KARL'S TAMARAC CORDIAL

A remedy that is at once pleasant, safe and most effective in every form of a cough.

The fact that its sales grow marvellously without any special advertising speaks louder than words in behalf of its unusual merit.

25c per Bottle

E. Gregory

Corner Drug Store, LINDSAY

Clean Clover Seeds

Nothing more important to farmers. Have selected the CREAM of the BEST, and SPECIALLY RECLEANED for SEEDING purposes.

Alsike Clover
Red Clover
Mamoth Clover
Timothy

Prices Reasonable

Hogg & Lytle Limited

Mariposa Station.

DOMINION
Pianos and Organs
No better instruments made or sold in Canada. EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT. Inspection invited.

Edison Phonographs
The best in the world
From $10.00 to $50.00

Also Violins, Mouth Organs, etc. Sheet Music all all kinds.

W. H. Roenigk
Central Music Store
LINDSAY

Bank of Montreal
ESTABLISHED 1817

Capital Paid Up $14,400,000
Rest - - $11,000,000
Total Assets - $168,000,000

LINDSAY BRANCH
General Banking and Collecting Business.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Deposits of $1 and upwards received. Interest allowed at current rates compounded half yearly. This bank gives depositors the strongest financial security of any Canadian Bank. Every depositor will receive courteous service.

FARMERS' LOANS

The Bank is prepared to make advances to reliable farmers on favorable terms. Former customers of the Ontario Bank Branch will be accommodated as heretofore.

H. J. LYTLE
MANAGER

DEPOSITS OF $25,000,000
IN THE
Bank of Toronto

exhibit the well placed confidence of the public who deposit their savings in this institution for safety. That these deposits are well secured is shown by the fact that their last printed statement showed cash and bank balances of $5,500,000, and surplus of Assets over Liabilities to the public of $8,600,000.

Capital $4,000,000 Reserve $4,500,000
Interest at 3 per cent. paid half yearly

OMEMEE BRANCH
J. B. L. GROUT, - Manager

Victoria Loan & Savings Co.

Cor. Kent & Cambridge Sts.

Open from 9 a. m. to 4.30 p. m.

3½ & 4%

are the rates of interest we allow on deposits, with security that absolutely satisfies the most cautious investors. Drop in and talk it over with us. We invite the closest investigation into our fin-ancial standing and business methods.

Loans on first mortgages at current rates and on easy conditions.

James Low - Manager
Newton Smale - Assistant

—The—
Sterling Bank of Canada
KIRKFIELD

Authorized Capital $1,000,000.

A branch of this bank has been opened at the above point, and a general banking business will be transmitted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and interest allowed at highest current rates, compounded four times a year.

If you contemplate making a change in your Banking connections or think of opening a new account, we would be pleased to confer with you in person or by letter.

J. A. WALKER, Manager

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO ESTABLISHED 1867

B. E. WALKER, President
ALEX. LAIRD, General Manager
A. H. IRELAND, Superintendent of Branches

Paid-up Capital, $10,000,000
Rest, - - - 5,000,000
Total Assets, - 113,000,000

Branches throughout Canada, and in the United States and England

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

FARMERS' BANKING

Every facility afforded Farmers for their banking business. Sales Notes cashed or taken for collection

BANKING BY MAIL.—Deposits may be made or withdrawn by mail. Out-of-town accounts receive every attention

LINDSAY BRANCH
W. C. T. MORSON, Manager

Meeting of Ontario Fairs' Association

Resolution in Favor of Horse Racing Passed--Minister of Agriculture Promises to Consider it

Toronto, Feb. 20.—The Ontario Association of Fairs and Exhibitions opened its tenth annual meeting at the City Hall yesterday afternoon. Great interest is taken in the meeting owing to the going into force on the 1st inst. of the new Act governing agricultural societies. The association first met yesterday in a large committee room on the first floor of the City Hall, but this was soon packed, and loud complaints were made at the poor accommodation afforded by the city. Mr. A. S Graham, of Victoria Road, said that if the city could not provide better accommodation for such an important and meeting he would propose that they hold their meetings elsewhere, Peterborough, for instance, in the future.

Shortly after one of the court rooms was placed at the disposal of the association, and proved equal to the needs of the meeting.

Mr. J. W. Sheppard, Cayuga, president of the association, referred in his address to the new Act, which appeared generally satisfactory, except, perhaps, on two points. One was that no credit was to be given for expenditures on grounds and buildings and that special privileges were granted Toronto, Ottawa, and London, in the matter of horse racing, a form of amusement that involved loss of grant if indulged in by non-favored localities.

The order of the day was departed from, and the discussion on the president's address and the presentation of reports by committees made to stand over, and Mr. Cowan's report for 1906 was taken up.

After a brief reference to replies received from different societies as to matters to be discussed, Mr. Cowan took up the effect of the new Act.

He stated that it would affect over 400 societies in the provinces, and was so radically different from the old one that many societies which had found it difficult to exist under the old conditions would develop rapidly, while others of unnatural growth would go out of existence.

EFFECT OF NEW ACT.

To illustrate one effect of the new Act the speaker mentioned that three societies would have their bonus reduced by $300 and over, 25 by $200 and over, 59 by $100 and over, and 59 by $50. Against this, 4 societies would gain over $300 each, 10 over $200, 3 over $100, 50 over $50 and 97 by varying amounts below $50.

Under the old Act there was no limit to the number of societies that might be started, except the number of townships, but under the new Act each society was assured a radius of 20 miles. Under the old one the hotelkeepers and a few merchants got up a society merely to draw the country people to come into town to spend money, and not in the interests of either agriculture or horticulture. All that is now changed, and societies will receive their portion of the grant on the basis of their expenditure on prizes.

Mr. Cowan referred to the expert judges generally employed, and said this system had worked well though out of 124 judges engaged last year six had been unsatisfactory. If secretaries, however, were prompt in reporting an inefficient judge might be got rid of before creating too much annoyance. The trouble often arose through directors asking judges to undertake departments they were not familiar with, in the belief they would be more satisfactory than local men. It was a surprise to the department that so few lady judges had been engaged. They had several, highly competent, available.

Mr. Cowan also mentioned the strong effort made by the Government to suppress games of chance at fairs, which had resulted in a great lessening of the evil last year.

ADDRESS BY HON. NELSON MONTEITH.

The Hon. Nelson Monteith, Minister of Agriculture, took the chair at the evening session. Mr. Monteith asked that the Act be given a fair trial. It was impossible to satisfy everybody, but the Act was the experience of many years boiled down, and as they found need for amendments, they would carry them out. The chairman considered the separation of agriculture and horticulture as being beneficial to both.

Some discussion on the operation of the Act followed, and a delegate referred to a resolution passed at the last meeting that a moderate amount of speeding should be allowed at fairs.

Mr. Monteith explained that the intention of the Act was to exclude the professional races. A moderate amount of speeding was permissable, and, in fact, necessary.

Considerable discussion was elicited on the subject of the advisability of appointing a superintendent or manager. Several speakers expressed surprise at their being any doubts on the point. They considered such an officer an absolute necessity to make a fair a success. Others believed in a division of departments among the directors, the latter, singly or in committees, being responsible from start to finish for the working of the fair.

Mr. J. Lockie Wilson, the new superintendent of agricultural societies, gave an address on the directions in which these societies should develop. He particularly recommended co-operation, and pointed to the marvelous success that had attended the efforts of Denmark and Germany, particularly. He also considered it desirable that young men should be elected to the directorate of societies. With two or three to furnish ballast and experience, the remainder, if young men, would by their vigor and energy help the society onwards, and be themselves educated in the process.

Mr. Wilson concluded by urging all societies to hold seed fairs, or stallion and bull fairs, or both combined, this spring. Specimen programmes were furnished to all delegates, and the special bonus of $25, $50 or $75 from the Government explained.

Toronto, Feb. 22.

Mr. William Laidlaw, Guelph, was elected by acclamation president of the Ontario Associations of Fairs and Exhibitions at yesterday morning's session, and Mr. Alex. McFarlane was re-elected secretary-treasurer.

The discussion of the new Act was taken up clause by clause, Mr. H. B. Cowan, former superintendent, explaining the purposes and scope of the various provisos.

Considerable discussion was elicited by the clause limiting the Government grant to the proportion expended by societies in prizes in encouragement of their object, agriculture, horticulture, breeding, seeds, etc. Several delegates from societies that have spent money on buildings and grounds thought they should get credit for this expenditure, as well as for the money spent in prizes.

Mr. Cowan explained that he favored including such expenditure, but it appeared that the authorities had been guided by fear that societies would spend their grants in the direction of improvements at the expense of the real objects of their existence. There was also the danger that societies might get into debt and mortgage their properties.

At the afternoon session a motion was submitted to the meeting that the Government be asked to modify the Act so as to include the expenditure on grounds and buildings with that for prizes in the amount upon which the grant would be paid.

Several speakers advocated the claims of societies that had spent or would spend on buildings, and it looked at one time as if the motion would carry, but one delegate urged that the Act provided the fairest way of apportioning the grant that could be devised. The object of the Government was to encourage the development of agriculture and not to provide exhibition buildings. If the money was spent on buildings there would be so much less for prizes, and the intentions of the Act would be defeated.

Another delegate pointed out that his society had spent thousands of dollars on their buildings and grounds, which were free of debt and in good repair. If the proposed amendment were approved by the Government they would be placed at a serious disadvantage in comparison with other societies that might be doing much less for agriculture, but spending on buildings.

A vote was taken on the motion, which was declared carried by the chairman, but that was so manifestly contrary to the sense of the meeting that a poll was demanded, which resulted in a majority of forty per cent. against it.

The discussion occasioned by the clause on horse racing introduced into the Act to prevent the fairs from deteriorating into mere shows resulted in the following resolution, adopted almost unanimously:—

"That this association memorialize the Government to amend the clause of the Act relating to horse racing and replace it with a clause permitting the individual fair boards to use their own discretion as to whether horse racing shall or shall not be permitted, subject to restrictions tending to eliminate all objectionable features, such as gambling, pool selling or betting."

Several speeches were made on the motion, indicating that the delegates considered that racing was a very valuable adjunct to a fair. One speaker instanced the case of his own fair when two colts had been sold, one for $1,500 and another for $1,100, simply through demonstrating what speed there was in them. Without the horse racing the breeder would have had to take two or three hundred dollars apiece.

Dr. Kaiser, Mayor of Oshawa, told how they had provided horse racing in his district. They had merely organized a driving club, with grounds next to the fair, and provided good, clean racing and speeding when the fair was held. The country population of Ontario was religious and as moral as the city, and they considered racing a legitimate form of amusement.

Dr. Kaiser then moved that a delegation be appointed to wait on the Minister of Agriculture to convey the resolution passed by the meeting. This resulted in the appointment of the Executive, with Mr. W. A. Foy, of Dunnville, the mover, Mr. D. H. Price, the seconder, and Dr. Kaiser. The delegation immediately proceeded to the Parliament Buildings, where they interviewed the Hon. Mr. Monteith, having arranged for an audience by telephone.

Mr. Monteith promised to take the matter into consideration, and said that it might be possible to introduce certain modifications provided the main object of the societies did not suffer. Experience had shown that where horse racing prospered it was generally at the expense of agriculture, and it was the development of the latter that was the object of the department.

The ballot for officers for the ensuing year resulted in the election of the following:—Mr. A. McDonald, Dufferin, 1st vice-president; Mr. H. A. Gould, Ontario County, 2nd vice-president; Messrs. George Downey, Peel; David Evans, Middlesex; Edward Gough, Parry Sound; George E. Lee, Kent; J. Thomas Murphy, Norfolk; J. W. Sheppard, Haldimand; O. J. Wilcox, Essex, Executive Committee.

Western Bank of Canada
LITTLE BRITAIN
Chartered by Act of Parliament 1882

This Bank with its 123 branches and agencies in Canada, United States and Great Britain, is in a position to meet every requirement in the line of legitimate Banking.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received, upon which interest will be paid or compounded four times a year, at highest current rate from date of deposit to day of withdrawal.

Farmer's Business Receives Special Attention

In the line of cashing or collecting sale notes, making advances for the purchase of Stockers, etc.

In soliciting your patronage we can assure you of courteous treatment and prompt attention to your business requirements.

U. S. YEREX, Manager

HEADACHES
90 per cent.
Esused by Eyestrain
CURED
Cured Permanently
By Glasses
Eyes Examined Free

L. A. Murphy, Phm. B.
Druggist and Optical Graduate
2nd Door W. of Gough's - Lindsay

Judge Barron Again Appointed

At the last meeting of the Stratford City Council, on motion of Ald. Harding, son of Judge Harding, of Lindsay, Judge John A. Barron was again appointed delegate to represent the City Council at the meeting in Ottawa on March 13 and 14 of the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis and other forms of Consumption, and the motion also stipulated that he be requested to urge upon that body the advisability, in the interest of a wider diffusion of education on this deeply important subject, of holding its annual meetings in different centres. Said association being supported by the public money of the Dominion, should not lapse into an appendage of the Capital, but its work should be brought before the people at large as widely as possible.

The motion was not carried however, without opposition, as Ald. Rankin, himself a doctor, while not depreciating Judge Barron's work, thought the Medical Health Officer should be appointed, and said that all the information others had about consumption was second-hand.

Death of One of the Oldest Men in the World

Montreal, Feb. 20.—One of the oldest men in the world died at his house in this city to-day, in the person of Timothy Collins. Mr. Collins was in his 112th year, having been born near Cork, Ireland, in August, 1795, and lived under George III., George IV., William IV., Queen Victoria, Edward VII., and the regency between the two Georges. When he was born, Washington was President of the United States. Ten weeks ago Mr. Collins became ill through congestion of the lungs, and there were little hopes of his recovery. His constitution, however, pulled him through two months and a half. The historic events which have happened during his lifetime will be evident when it is recalled that when he was born at Skibbareen, near Cork, Napoleon Bonaparte was 26 years old. Mr. Collins came to Canada in his 20th year, arriving in Montreal in 1815.

Telegraphy

Offers you a tangible opportunity to better yourself. If you desire to engage in more pleasant, interesting, better paying work, this is your chance. Merely clip this advertisement, mail it to us, and receive free our handsome telegraph book, "The Highway to Success."

B. W. Somers, Principal

Dominion School of Telegraphy and Railroading,

11 Adelaide-St. West, Toronto

THE TRAFIC TO THE MUSKOKA DISTRICT

OLD RAILWAY MAN SAYS THERE WILL BE SOME FUN BETWEEN G. T. R. AND C. P. R.

Mr. William Stitt, eastern passenger agent of the C. P. R., returned yesterday from Buffalo, says a recent number of the Montreal Witness, where he has been in connection with the campaign which the Canadian Pacific is organizing to secure a share of the tourist traffic to the Muskoka Lake district, hitherto monopolized by the Grand Trunk. In Buffalo Mr. Stitt met the passenger agents of all the American lines connecting with the C. P. R., and arranged with them an extensive advertising programme, covering the whole of the Eastern States. As a result of the meeting he returns to Montreal confident of an exceedingly heavy traffic over the company's new line to that district.

The line is now open as far as Bala Falls, on the western shores of Lake Muskoka, and in the heart of the most charming section of that country. The C. P. R. will hand the passengers over to the steamers of the Muskoka Lake Navigation Company at Bala Falls, and they will thus have access, without difficulty or inconvenience, to any part which they desire to reach. As soon as the season opens, the company will put on a superb passenger train service, and will arrange easy connections with all parts of the Eastern States and Eastern Canada.

The Grand Trunk is also making considerable improvement in its service, which will be one of the most modern and sumptuous of any portion of its system. Mr. H. R. Charlton, in conversation with a 'Witness' representative, said the company did not anticipate any falling off in its traffic as a result of the competition of the C. P. R., In fact, their advertising would probably benefit the Grand Trunk by drawing even more widespread attention to a beautiful country. He was anticipating a heavy increase in the traffic there this year.

An old railway man, discussing the situation, said: "There is going to be some fun this year, my boy, between the Grand Trunk and the C. P. R., and you will see some of it in connection with this Muskoka Lake traffic. The C. P. R.'s new line is one with a very small grade percentage and one on which a speed of seventy miles an hour can be made. With this speed the C. P. R. will be able to reach the heart of the Muskoka Lakes in about one hour, and a half from Toronto, while it takes the Grand Trunk an hour longer to reach Gravenhurst, where connection is made for Muskoka wharf.

'That the C. P. R. will cut a big slice off the Grand Trunk traffic to and from this region is expected owing to the fact that the C. P. R. has a close alliance with the New York Central Railway out of Toronto. In fact the C. P. R. handles practically all of the New York Central's passenger traffic in and out of Toronto. The New York Central and its connecting lines from Buffalo handle a large Muskoka traffic which the Grand Trunk has always taken care of, either at Suspension Bridge or at Toronto, but naturally, this traffic will now be diverted to the C.P.R. Of course the Grand Trunk's many connections at Suspension Bridge will still give it a large traffic. They have close connections with the Lehigh Valley and other large railways running in and out of Buffalo.'

Valuable Old Bible

A captain in a regiment stationed at Mont De Marsan, France, recently purchased an old bible in a second-hand book shop, for 4s., and found between two of the leaves bonds to the value of $16,500, payable to bearer, and signed by a landowner who died some years ago. He visited the solicitors who had charge of the estate, and on looking into the case, they found that the bonds, which it was known the gentleman held, were missing.

"WHERE THERE IS A WILL THERE IS A WAY"

is an old and very true saying, and in nothing does it apply with more force than in the matter of saving money. While times are prosperous advantage should be taken by every one to save some part of his or her earnings, as it is not what you earn, but what you save that makes wealth. Don't let the month of February go without opening a SAVINGS ACCOUNT with the

The Dominion Bank