

THE WATCHMAN-WARDER.

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LINDSAY, THURSDAY, JANUARY 11th 1900.

75 Cents per annum

Money Slips Through Your Fingers

for lots of things that are not really necessary to your welfare and comfort—sometimes for things you would actually be better off without, but.....

SUITS YOU MUST HAVE

- Men's Tweed Sack Suits, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$10.
- Men's Serge Sack Suits, \$5, \$8, \$10.
- Men's Tweed Suits, double-breasted, \$6, \$7, \$9.
- Two special lines, one an Irish Serge and the other a Nap Fricze, both double-breasted, French faced, Italian lined, worth \$10, for \$8.
- Youth's Tweed Suits, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00.
- Youth's Irish Serge Suits, \$5, \$6, \$7.
- Boys' Tweed Suits (3 piece), \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.
- Boys' Tweed Suits (2 piece), \$2, \$3, \$4.

OVERCOATS YOU CAN HAVE

AT THESE PRICES:

- Men's all-wool Beaver Overcoats, in Black and Blue, \$7.
- Men's Heavy Nap Overcoats, in Black, \$7.
- A special line of all-wool Beaver Overcoats, Silk Velvet Collar, good Italian Lining, Mohair Sleeve Lining, equal to \$15 ordered coats, for \$10.
- Men's Irish Fricze Ulsters, Tweed Lined, Storm Collar, \$5, \$7, \$8.
- Men's Irish Fricze Pea Jackets, Tweed Lined, Storm Collar, \$3.50, \$4.50.
- Youth's Irish Fricze Ulsters, Tweed Lined, Storm Collar, \$4, \$5.
- Youth's Irish Fricze Reefers, Storm Collar, \$2, \$2.35, \$2.85.
- Boys' Blue Beaver Reefers, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00.
- Men's Cardigan Jackets, in Black and Brown, \$1, \$1.50, \$2.

UNDERWEAR YOU SHOULD HAVE

- Men's fleec-lined Shirts and Drawers, sizes 36 to 44, 50c.
- Men's fleec-lined Shirts and Drawers, extra heavy, 75c.
- Men's Union Shirts and Drawers, 35c.
- Men's all-wool Shirts and Drawers, plain and ribbed, 50c.
- Men's all-wool Shirts and Drawers, extra heavy, 75c.
- Men's Scotch Shirts and Drawers, extra heavy, sizes 36 to 44, \$1.35, \$1.50.
- Men's Scotch Shirts and Drawers, extra heavy, Shirts with double back and front, sizes from 36 to 42, \$1.00.
- Boys' fleec-lined Shirts and Drawers, size 24 to 34.
- Boys' Union Shirts and Drawers, size 22 to 34.
- Boys' all-wool Shirts and Drawers, size 24 to 34.

GLOVES AND TIES YOU WILL HAVE

- Mocha Gloves, in leading shades of Brown, \$1.25, \$1.50.
- Mocha Gloves, silk lined, Tan and Brown, \$2.
- Lined Kid Gloves in Tan and Brown, 75c, \$1, \$1.50.
- Our Ties are the latest designs and the newest shades in Bow, Lombard, Four-in-hand and Puffs, from 10c to 75c.

Our ads. are groups of facts, and if you have any doubt about our printed promises, then we ask you to investigate those promises, as conviction will surely follow.

O'Loughlin & McIntyre

BUY FURS NOW!

.. All our large stock of Fine Furs will be offered at..

Special Reduced Rates

Some leading Furs this season have gradually advanced in value. The Raw Fur market compelled an increase in price. COON, MINK, SABLE, GREY LAMB, PERSIAN LAMB, are the most notable examples of this. Having bought largely of these skins before the advance, we are in a position to offer these leading Furs at the old time prices.

Our stock consists of all that is new and up-to-date in style and workmanship. Large assortment, big variety. Every Fur article guaranteed. In buying from us you take no risks, we assume all that. Call and look through. We quote a few prices below:

- Grey Lamb Storm Collars, \$4.50, \$5 and \$6.
- Grey Lamb Muffs, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.
- Grey Lamb Gauntlets, \$4.50 and \$5.
- Grey Lamb Caps, \$2, \$2.50 and \$3.
- Men's Driving Gauntlets, in Coon, Astrachan, Wombat, Wallaby, Bear, \$3.50, \$4 and \$5.
- Ladies' Astrachan Jackets, \$20, \$25, \$30 and \$35.
- Ladies' Coon Jackets, \$30, \$35, \$40 and \$45.
- Ladies' Wallaby Coats, \$15 and \$20.
- Men's Coon Coats, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35 and \$40.
- Men's Marmont Coats, \$15 and \$16.50.
- Men's Black Corsican Lamb Coats, \$20.
- Men's Fur Caps, in all the fashionable furs, \$2, \$3.50 to \$7.50.
- Men's Persian Lamb Caps, wedge and driver shapes, \$5 and \$7.50.
- Ladies' Muffs, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50.

Repairing and Remodelling Furs a specialty.
Ready money for Raw Furs.

Armstrong Bros.

Manufacturing Furriers and Leading Hatters,
No. 96 KENT STREET, LINDSAY

Some Facts About...

Clothing

In the Clothing trade prices alone do not count. It's QUALITY and PRICE combined that cuts the figure. A low priced garment is often the dearest thing that one can invest in. We have made the standard of QUALITY HIGH, and the scale of PRICES LOW. That's what gives merit to our Clothing.

To the ladies we say: Keep this store in your mind when thinking of.....

Holiday Presents

for your sons, brothers or gentlemen friends. We have the goods they require and appreciate.

To all we say: Come and inspect our magnificent range of Xmas Novelties.

H. A. Morgan & Co.

ARTISTIC TAILORS
Up-to-date Furnishers.
Opp. Post Office

The Man Behind the Shears

—the cutter. It's he who gives the style and "snap" to a garment.

We know when a garment fits, and it never leaves our hands until it does fit.

We have the right cloths to select from, including English and Scotch goods.

Consult us before ordering your Suit or Overcoat.

J. J. RICH,

THE NOBBY TAILOR, LITTLE BRITAIN

The Watchman-Warder

THURSDAY, JAN. 11th, 1900.

UNITE FOR BUSINESS

THE ORANGE SENTINEL POINTS OUT INSTANCES IN WHICH THE PARTIES CAN CO-OPERATE.

FOR GOOD ROADS—ELECTRIC RAILROADS—TO LEGISLATE REGARDING FEES.—ALSO EDUCATION.—LIQUOR REGULATION—MUNICIPAL LAW AND FRATERNAL ORDERS.

In last week's issue of the Orange Sentinel there was an editorial of such eminent sensibleness that it deserves to be reproduced in every paper of the province. It is as follows:

It would be a good thing for Ontario if a policy of reform and progress could be carried out by the united effort of both political parties; and whilst this may at first sight shock our strong partisan friends on both sides, yet on calmer consideration we feel sure they will agree with us in the belief that there are many useful measures to be considered entirely apart from party politics. To begin with, there is the question of roads in many of the counties, and surely there should be no party question raised over a scheme for improving roadways? Akin to this is the right of the province to regulate and control the conditions on which electric roads may be operated. By a wise arrangement it might be possible to secure part of the funds for improving the roadways from the holders of electric franchises. Surely it also should be considered apart from partyism whether the license fees, registry office fees and other moneys paid from purely local sources should not be in whole or in part applied, as in Britain, for local purposes. Then the educational system of Ontario is in need of revision, and as both parties are agreed that the system should be the very best possible, it seems to us there is a wise course before Premier Ross, namely, the appointment of a commission, on which the Opposition should be represented, and this commission should investigate our whole educational system and give effect to all necessary improvements.

The liquor traffic has to be regulated or abolished. The province cannot abolish it; consequently, as Ontario can only regulate the traffic, we are decidedly of the opinion that the regulation being a non-partisan affair, the Government should not hesitate to secure the help of the Opposition in dealing with the subject.

At present municipal legislation is in a very muddled condition and should not longer so remain. We think that two able men, recognized as authorities on municipal affairs, could frame a satisfactory law, and these two men should each represent one of the political parties.

The financial condition of many of the fraternal orders is far from satisfactory, and disastrous collapse will overtake many of them soon unless they are put on a much better financial footing than they are at present. Surely politics need not and should not enter into such a matter, so that here again the two parties could meet and frame legislation which would benefit a very large and important class of the community.

There are, of course, other questions which in our opinion could be dealt with from a non-partisan point of view, but if the subjects here mentioned are taken in hand at the coming session of the Local Legislature, and if both parties unite in framing legislation in the interests of the public alone, we feel satisfied the electors would award unstinted praise to Opposition and Government, and the next election would lose none of its interest or keenness because of such legislation, whilst the Opposition would probably be strengthened by the object-lesson they would thus be afforded the opportunity of giving of their ability to frame wise and good measures.

NORTHWEST MOUNTED POLICE FORCE

THE BEST IN THE WORLD—AT THE HEAD OF THEIR CLASS

The Northwest mounted police, many of whom are going to fight for the Empire in Africa, are a distinguished body. Throughout a territory of seven times greater than the whole of France, law and order are maintained by a corps of only some eight hundred men, officially known as the Northwest Mounted Police of Canada, but familiarly known as the "Riders of the Plains." The corps combine the features of a military force with those of a constabulary. Its duties are as varied as the country patrolled. Essentially the riders are soldiers, but they act as magistrates, sheriffs, detectives, town constables, customs officers, license inspectors, fire wardens, court clerks, crown timber agents, health officers, hide inspectors, game wardens, relief officers, Crown prosecutors, food inspectors and mail carriers. By their discipline and proficiency, by their valor and impartiality, by their hardihood and discretion, and by their soldierly and gentlemanly bearing they have not only won the respect of all the classes they daily come in contact with, but they have acquired abroad the reputation of being one of the finest forces in the world. And they live up to it. Romance and hard work ride side by side in the service. It is the stamping ground of adventurous spirits drawn from many countries, and the passwords are intelligence, stamina and pluck.

FOLLOW THE TRAILS.

They follow the mountain trails. By railroad train or steamboat they go from town to village. They follow the shores of the lake and river. They penetrate the snow-mantled forests, and to make accessible some new found Eldorado they cut their way through an unexplored wilderness. Like the meshes of a gigantic net their patrol trails cover a country that measures a thousand miles from north to south. In fact, one patrol alone—that from Fort Saskatchewan, in Alberta, to Fort Resolution on Great Slave Lake; thence to Fort Simpson on the Mackenzie River, and return via Lesser Slave Lake—covers a distance of 2,172 miles. The patrolling party runs the greater part of the distance on snowshoes and covers the remainder with canoe and paddle. To give an idea of the tremendous distance travelled by members of the force here is an instance of an officer who, in the course of his regular duties as assistant commissioner during but a single year travelled a total distance of 15,181 miles, 10,471 miles of which were by rail, 900 miles by water, 3,620 miles with horses and 200 miles on snowshoes. By a splendid system of connecting patrols almost every settler in the Northwest Territory is periodically visited by the police.

INVESTIGATE SETTLERS' WOES.

If he has any complaints he makes them in writing, and signs the constable's patrol report, which at the end of the beat is turned over to the non-com. officer in charge of that detachment. It is then forwarded with the non-com's weekly report to the officer in charge of the

division. Complaints are promptly investigated. In this way the force keeps constantly in touch with the scattered population, which, in return, readily give every assistance to the police. It is principally owing to this strong spirit of cordiality existing between settler and trooper that a mere handful of men can enforce law and order in a country three-fourths the size of Russia.

GREAT CHARACTERS.

It would be difficult to find in any corps in the world an assemblage of characters more varied than that to be met with in the ranks of the Northwest Mounted Police. On the past and present payrolls may be read the names of novelists, "broncho busters," jords, river drivers, artists, bushwhackers, lawyers, dog drivers, honorables, packers, bank clerks, sailors, government clerks, fishermen, Oxford and Cambridge graduates, sons of admirals, generals, bishops and statesmen; former officers of the militia and volunteers of Canada and Great Britain, as well as former officers of the armies of England, France and Germany. About 70 per cent of the men are gentlemen by birth as well as education. Some of them have a private income in addition to their pay. Fully five per cent. once served in the Imperial army of Great Britain, having seen service in Egypt, India, Africa and Afghanistan. The police claim to be "the best-educated and wealthiest force in the world."

The force is armed with Lee-Metford and Winchester repeating carbines and Enfield revolvers. The principal stations are supplied with bronze mortars and 7 and 9 pounder field pieces. In the Yukon district they are provided with Maxim guns.

AVERAGE OF FORCE.

The present average of the force is:—Height, 5 feet 10½ inches; weight, 167 pounds; chest measurement, 38½ inches; age, 31 years.

The saddle horses used by the police are western bred, being a cross between Indian cayuse mares and thoroughbred English sires. They average 15.2 hands in height. They have immense powers of endurance and are extremely hardy. The record of the corps was made by Sergeant Major Spicer while carrying despatches during the last Riel rebellion. He rode a pony—a little over 14 1/2 hands in height—from Fort Macleod to Calgary and return, a distance of 224 miles, in two days, and strange to say, on the morning of the third day both horse and rider went on duty. The police horses are equipped with Mexican stock saddles and head stalls, with Whitman bits, which require only a single rein. The carbines are carried balanced across the saddle and strapped to its horn.

Their Golden Wedding

One of those events which are said to occur in the experience of only one couple in ten thousand took place on Monday in the celebration by Mr. and Mrs. James Hopwood of 60 Harbord-st., Toronto, formerly of Lindsay, of their golden wedding. On Sunday the aged couple had a pleasant reunion at their home of the surviving members of their family, and on Monday the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding was celebrated at the residence of their son, Mr. W. J. Hopwood, 39 Borden-st.

Mr. and Mrs. Hopwood, though having passed the allotted three score years and ten, are still in the enjoyment of comparatively good health, and likely to enjoy many years of life. They are both of Irish birth, Mr. Hopwood having been born in the town of Trim, on the banks of the historic Boyne, and Mrs. Hopwood being a native of the north of Ireland. In the early thirties they emigrated to Canada West, as it was then known, settling in Newtonville, in the County of Durham. During the troubles of '37, Mr. Hopwood, though only a youth of about 16, volunteered in the West Durham Infantry under Capt. Trull and Lieut. Col. Reed of Bowmanville, and did garrison and patrol duty between Bowmanville and "Muddy York." Mrs. Hopwood, whose maiden name was Ann Jackson, spent several years of her early life in the vicinity of the first settlement of her family at Newtonville. They were married on January 2nd, 1850, at Cavan rectory, by the late Rev. Mr. Armour, father of Chief Justice Armour, and spent most of the early years of their married life in that locality. Mr. Hopwood having held several important positions an accountant throughout the Midland section of Ontario.

In all they have had a family of eight—four sons and four daughters. Of these there are surviving two sons, Mr. W. J. Hopwood, traveller for Gordon, Mackay & Co., and Mr. Chas. T. Hopwood, with Messrs. Makay Bros., Winnipeg; and three daughters, Mrs. M. H. Sisson of Lindsay, Miss Sarah E. Hopwood and

Miss Bessie Hopwood of Toronto.

A pleasant feature of this gathering was the presentation to the aged couple by Rev. Canon Broughall, on behalf of the children and grandchildren, of a purse of gold, accompanied by a few happy and appropriate remarks from the reverend gentleman himself.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hopwood at the same time celebrated the seventeenth anniversary of their own wedding.

Banks for Farmers

The Ontario Department of Agriculture has taken a very advanced step in issuing a bulletin recommending books for perusal by farmers, stockmen, dairymen and fruit-growers. The pamphlet has been prepared by Prof. J. B. Reynolds of the Agricultural College. It points out briefly the material and other advantages which come from the possession and utilization of wisely-selected books, and how best to use books, and submits a list, some or all of which it would be well for every farmer to own. The list is prepared to suit a variety of tastes, and a wide range of agricultural pursuits. The subjects recommended for study are grouped under the following heads:—1, soil and crop; 2, live stock; 3, general agriculture; 4, dairying; 5, poultry, fruit, flowers and vegetables; 7, plant and animal life. Under each head will be found the title and the scope of the volume. Some books are simple and practical, while others make more of an effort to combine science with practice, giving principles as well as rules. The private library is recommended as the best of all means to secure profit from agricultural books, but Farmers' Institutes are also advised to take hold of the question and found a library for their own members.

THE INQUEST OPENED.

Death Resulted From an Extensive Fracture of the Skull.

Toronto, Jan. 8.—Coroner Greig, who was called upon to make an investigation into the death of the murdered girl, Rachel Ferguson, commenced the inquiry at the late home of deceased, 28 First avenue, on Saturday night. The jury, a representative one, chose as foreman Mr. John McMillan, steward of the jail. After viewing the remains, the inquest was adjourned till Friday evening next at police headquarters.

The Post Mortem a Surprise.

The report of the post-mortem examination came as a surprise to the police. No mark or break in the skin was visible on the right side of the face, and the authorities therefore believed that the murderer used a sandbag to fell his victim. That the skull was severely fractured is now made clear beyond doubt, and Detective Forest says some other deadly weapon must have been used by Miss Ferguson's assailant. He thinks it was probably a piece of lead or iron piping, with a covering of some soft substance.

No Arrests Yet

No arrests have as yet been made in the case, but the police speak hopefully of ferreting out the mystery and capturing the murderer.

BROKER FELLOWS ARRESTED.

His Testimony in the Ville Marie Bank Case Damaged Himself.

Montreal, Jan. 8.—When Mr. W. Fellows, the broker, testified in open court that J. Herbert, the Ville Marie Bank teller, had lost \$40,000, and that his receipts from George Ball (the bogus name) had amounted to \$125,000, it became manifest that Fellows would soon have a visit from the detectives, and this proved true. For on Saturday Mr. W. Fellows was arrested charged with conspiracy, and he is still in jail. A detective also proceeded to Ottawa with a second warrant for Mr. E. Fellows, but so far the last named has not been apprehended. All sorts of rumors are afloat as to further arrests, but no others have yet been made.

DEATH OF DR. M'GLYNN.

Heart Failure Took the Popular Priest Off.

Newburg, N.Y., Jan. 8.—The Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn, rector of St. Mary's Church, died at the rectory at 5.20 yesterday afternoon, after an illness of about seven weeks. Death was due to heart failure, superinduced by Bright's disease. He was beloved by the Newburg people, and the news of his death caused profound sorrow. Prayers had been offered in both Protestant and Catholic churches for his recovery. Dr. McGlynn was 62 years old last December. When he was stricken he was robust and of fine physique, but he became greatly emaciated by his long illness.

More Americans Killed.

Manila, Jan. 8.—Reconnaissance out of Imus, Cavite Province, yesterday morning resulted in the loss of three Americans killed and twenty wounded. The enemy's loss is estimated as about 60 killed and 80 wounded. Col. Birkhimer, with a battalion of the 28th Volunteer Infantry, advanced toward Novelesa. Major Taggart, with two battalions of the same regiment, moved toward Perez Das Marinas. A part of the 4th Infantry was engaged south of Imus.

Lieut. Gilmore declined to speak regarding political conditions, except to say that he thought the insurrection would last as long as there were any Tagalos left.