

The Woodville Advocate,

The Beaverton Express.

JOSEPH J. CAVE, PROPRIETOR,
WOODVILLE AND BEAVERTON.

ADVERTISING RATES:
Full Column, 1 year, \$60 00
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Quarter " " " " 20 00
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GEO. SMITH, Clerk, Township of Thorah office Town Hall, Beaverton, Ont.
GEO. SMITH, Clerk, Village of Beaverton Beaverton, Ont.

PHYSICIANS.

A. GRANT, M. D., Physician, Surgeon and Ac-
coucheur, Office and Residence, Cor. Main
and Mars Streets, Beaverton, Ont.
J. GALLOWAY, M. C. P. S. O., Physician, Sur-
geon and Accoucheur. Office and residence
Simcoe Street, Beaverton.
W. H. JOHNSON, M. D., C. M., L. C. P. & S.,
Graduate of Toronto University, Member
of College Physicians and Surgeons, Ont., Ex-
aminer for Sun Life and Confederation Life Co's.
Office and Residence, Victoria Road, Ontario.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

W. M. JOYCE, V. S., Graduate of Ontario Veteri-
nary College, Toronto. Treats all diseases
of domesticated animals by the latest scientific
and most approved methods. Orders by tele-
graph or mail promptly attended to by day or
night. Office: "McKinnon's Drug Store," Beav-
erton, Ontario.
A. GUNN, V. S., Graduate of the Ontario Vet-
erinary College, Veterinary Inspector,
Office—Medical Hall, Woodville. Will be in
Beaverton every Tuesday. Orders left with John
McKinnon, Druggist, Beaverton, or by telegraph
will receive prompt attention.
M. W. PLANK, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate
of Ontario Veterinary College. Diseases of
all domesticated animals treated by latest and
best approved systems. Office and Infirmary,
Ristion's Hotel, Cannington.

LEGAL.

M. R. S. M. JARVIS, Barrister and Solicitor,
Toronto, Offices, No. 39, Adelaide St. East,
Opposite Post Office.
MARTIN & HOPKINS, Barristers, Solicitor
&c. Offices, Kent Street, Lindsay, Ontario
Money to Loan at 6 percent.
LOUIS M. HAYES, Barrister, Solicitor, &c.
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Money to Loan.
BARRON & SMITH, Barristers, Solicitors &c.
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JOHN A. BARRON | J. B. SMITH, B. A.
**MCINTYRE & STEWART, Attorneys, Solici-
tors etc. Offices over Ontario Bank, Lindsay**
D. J. MCINTYRE. | T. STEWART.
P. McSWEYN, Clerk of the 1st Division Court
County of Victoria. Office,—Woodville,
Ontario.

DENTISTRY.

W. H. GROSS, DENTIST

LINDSAY, ONTARIO.

Will visit Woodville, (Edward's Hotel,) regularly
on the first Monday and Tuesday, and Beaverton,
(Hamilton House,) the first Wednesday and
Thursday of each month. PURE VITALIZED
AIR administered. Beautiful and durable ARTI-
FICIAL TEETH made. His gold lined rubber
plates are pronounced "perfection." Over 25
years experience.

J. NEELANDS.

- DENTIST &c. -

LINDSAY, ONTARIO.

Visits Beaverton (Hamilton House) the 2nd
Thursday of each month. Mr. Neelands has had
unparalleled success in the use of gas, (vitalized
air) in this part of Canada having administered
it successfully for about 10 years made a study
of it under Dr. Colton, of New York, the first
person who gave it for extracting teeth has given
1500 persons. Beautiful artificial teeth
inserted.

E. E. CULBERT, L.D.S., DENTIST

CANNINGTON, ONT.

(Nitrous Oxide Gas used)
Office—Brandon's Block.

**COUGHS, COLDS,
Croup and Consumption
CURED BY
ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM**
25c. 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

J. F. TAYLOR, D. D. S., L. D. S.

(DOCTOR OF DENTAL SURGERY.)

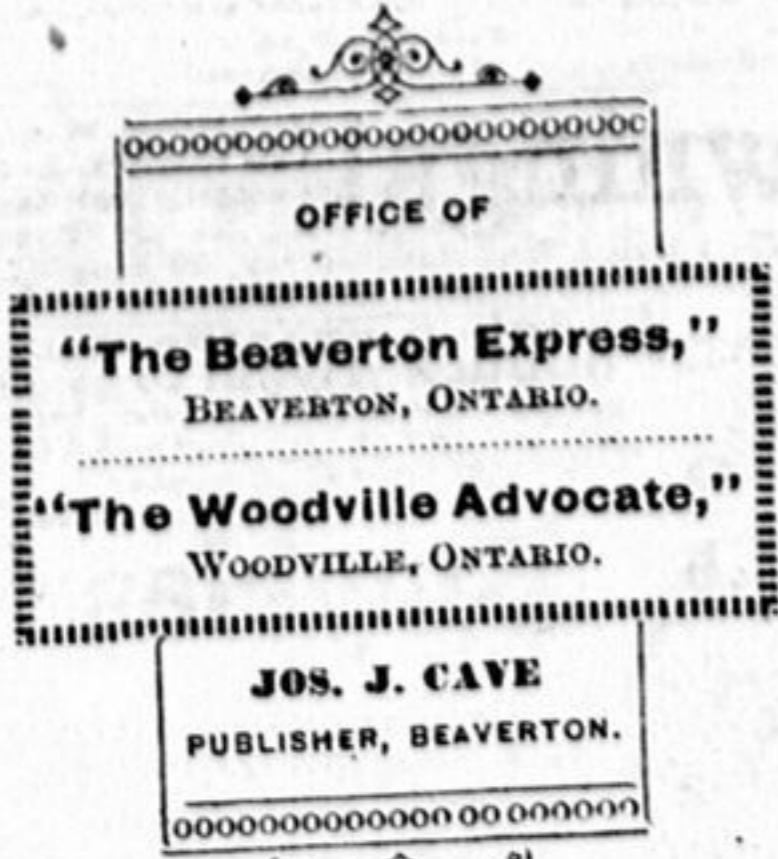
Wishes to inform the people of Beaverton and
surrounding country that he has opened an
office in the above village for the practice
of his profession.

With fifteen years experience I can guarantee
satisfaction in all operations.

Artificial teeth inserted without plates or on
Gold, Aluminum, Silver or Rubber bases.

All irregularities of the natural teeth corrected.
Preservation of the natural teeth a specialty.

TERMS, MODERATE.
OFFICE: In Cameron's Block,
opposite Post Office, Beaverton.



FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1887.

The "Mail" on Commer- cial Union.

In an article of considerable length
the "Mail" of a recent issue contains
some remarks of an interesting nature
relative to Commercial Union. After
saying that the leading Ministerial
journals are significantly careful not to
commit themselves against Commercial
Union it proceeds:—"It is already ap-
parent that the farmers and lumbermen
of this province are ready for it. The
Ontario farmer has a capital of \$650-
000,000 at stake. We do not know the
amount of money invested in the lumber
trade in Ontario, but it must be large;
the export from the whole Dominion
reaching \$20,000,000 annually. It is
tolerably safe to say that the natural
industries of lumber and agriculture in
Ontario alone represent an aggregate in-
vestment of \$700,000,000; and could
compass the downfall of any Ministry
that ventured to legislate against their
welfare. The chief mouthpieces of the
Government are wise, therefore, maintain-
ing a policy of reserve on this question.
They recollect with what agility Sir John
leaped across to the Protectionist side in
1876; and perhaps suspect that they
may yet be called upon to hail him as
the lifelong champion of continental free
trade. His ambition is to govern, but
he cannot long gratify it by setting him-
self against the majority. Besides, he
of all men must be keenly alive to the
danger which threatens the integrity of
the Dominion at its extremities, and to
the importance of removing the disaffec-
tion which exists there in consequence
of the wholly artificial conditions unde-
which commerce has to be carried on.
The minor Ministerial journals are not
so prudent. From jeering at Commer-
cial Union as an impossibility, they have
taken to abusing its leaders. Professor
Goldwin Smith and Butterworth are
"fools" as well as "tramps" and "fakers."
These arguments are reinforced in the
columns of one journal by an appeal to
that venerable superstition, the balance
of trade. It is said that under Commer-
cial Union the balance of trade would
be against us, and that we should be
ruined. Few intelligent persons at this
time of day believe in the balance of
trade. As a matter of fact, the oppo-
nents of Commercial Union do not them-
selves believe in it. For it so happens
that under the existing tariff the so-called
balance has been steadily against us;
and yet, instead of anticipating disaster,
they say we are making progress. The
excess of imports over exports since
Confederation has amounted to the
large sum of \$880,000,000. The tariff of
1879 was framed to check this imaginary
drain upon our system, and when in
1880 the value of our exports exceeded
the value of our imports by just a million
dollars, the cry of "We told you so"
went up from all who believed that we
had been suffering. But the figures
since 1880 (which, by the way, was one
of the leanest years in our history) have
sapped the faith of most. The exports
and imports from 1881 to 1886 have been
as follows, in millions:

	Exports.	Imports
1881.....	98	105
1882.....	102	118
1883.....	98	132
1884.....	91	116
1885.....	89	108
1886.....	86	104
	563	684

Total excess of imports.....\$120,000,000
Average annual excess.....20,000,000
Here is positive evidence that the high
tariff men have no respect for their own
foolish; and this being the case, why

should the advocates of reciprocity
trouble themselves about it? The theo-
ry that we ought to sell much and buy
little so that the balance of trade may
be in our favor, is based upon the delu-
sion that trade is something radically
different from barter; and is at variance
with the practical experience of every
trading nation, Canada, as we have seen,
included. It is also stated that free
trade with the United States would de-
stroy Canadian industry, because of the
superior resources, skill and equipment
of the American manufacturers. Ac-
cording to the Belleville "Intelligencer"
of the 5th inst., Mr. Mackenzie Bowell
is one of those who entertain this belief.
Yet only a few years ago Mr. Bowell and
his colleagues derided it. When Sir
John first introduced his protection re-
solutions in Parliament, many persons
in the Maritime Provinces said that,
while a high tariff might benefit the
Ontario manufacturers, who had large
means and considerable experience, it
would prevent the growth of small in-
dustries down East, inasmuch as they
would be exposed to Ontario competi-
tion. "Mutatis mutandis," this is the
argument Mr. Bowell is employing now,
though he combated it then and was
justified in so doing by the results. It
is no doubt true that those Ontario in-
dustries which have no reason for being
except the tariff, which are simply kept
alive by taxation of the people, would
suffer; but why should the healthy ones
fear exposure to the air? As for new
industries, we have large natural re-
sources, and with a continental market
before them, Canadian and American
capitalists would not hesitate to develop
them. Our iron and coal deposits, to go
no further, can never be utilized to full
advantage until we have customers for
the surplus that remains over and above
the comparatively small home demand.
Reciprocity would give us access to
sixty millions of customers. On Mr.
Bowell's hypothesis, the Western and
North-Western States, which began
manufacturing late in the day, had no
chance with New England; yet we find
them studded with manufacturing
centres. On the same hypothesis it was
even more impossible for the Southern
States to attain to any measure of in-
dustrial development, since they had
to face not only the factories of New
England but the younger and perhaps
more vigorous ones of the West and
North-West. Yet the South is making
progress in manufactures. The "Manu-
facturers' Record of Baltimore" has
just published a list of the new indus-
tries established in the fourteen South-
ern States during the six months end-
ing June 30. According to this author-
ity, no fewer than 1,855 new factories
have been started in that short
space of time, embracing iron furnaces,
machine shops and foundries, agricul-
tural implement factories, flour mills,
cotton mills, furniture factories, car-
riage and wagon factories, canning fa-
ctories, stove foundries, rolling mills, be-
sides other enterprises. The amount of
capital invested in these new industries
is no less than \$182,000,000. The total
amount of capital invested in all the
manufacturing industries in the Domi-
nion according to the last census is only
\$165,000,000. So that in six months the
South has made as much industrial pro-
gress as all Canada had made from the
commencement of her career down to
1881. If, as every reasonable person
will admit, this marvellous rate of devel-
opment would not have been possible
had the South been severed from the
North by a tariff wall, why should par-
ticipation in the same system of devel-
opment prove our ruin?"

Editorial Notes.

[By the Editor or gathered from Exchanges.]

A NUMBER of new magistrates have
been appointed for this County but all
of them in the south. The Government
has been requested several times
through Mr. I. J. Gould, to have more
magistrates appointed for this portion
of the County, particularly for Beaverton,
but so far without effect.

In the Mexican state of Chihuahua
they have but small respect for the
voter who thinks that politics is a bad
business and who is too lazy to cast his
ballot, and a law has been passed fining
every man three dollars who does not
come to the polling booth when he is
able to do so. Another curious feature
of the election laws of the State is that
while a married man of eighteen has
the franchise an unmarried man must
be twenty-five before he can vote.

District Notes.

The work of filling in the esplanade
at Allandale is in progress for the pur-
pose of laying a double track between
Allandale and Barrie. The traffic be-
tween these two points being so great
the work has been found absolutely ne-
cessary.

An illicit still has been seized in
Nottawasaga and Duncan Gilchrist, the
owner and operator, fined \$100 and 80
days in gaol.

The Council of Midland has granted
\$20 to the Tiny and Tay agricultural
society. The exhibition of this society
will be held in Midland.

The township of Matchedash will sepa-
rate from the township of Orillia, and
set up for itself with separate organiza-
tion.

The work of double tracking between
Montreal and Toronto on the G. T. R.
has commenced. It is expected that
the whole of the distance will be cover-
ed within something less than three
years. Contractors are now working at
three points, Messrs. Drow, Lewis & Co.,
of Niagara Falls, have charge of the
work between Lansdowne and Ganano-
que. Messrs. T. R. Raphael & Co., of
Ottawa are making good progress with
the 2 1/2 miles of line between Scarboro
and York. Messrs. Ross & McRae have
begun operations upon the ten mile
stretch between Naudreuil and Coteau,
and the Company itself will construct
the track from Montreal to Lachine.
Tenders will be shortly requested for
the line from Lachine to Valois. It is ge-
nerally understood that the double track-
ing of the Victoria bridge will follow
upon the accomplishment of this work.

A terrible accident occurred on the
Grand Junction, near Belleville, on
Tuesday evening last. A man named
John Quincey, a laborer residing in
Belleville, had been to Peterborough at-
tending the Orange Demonstration, and
on returning had got off the train at
what is called Hayden's Corners, and by
some means had got on the track, when
the next train came along and severed
his head from his body, and otherwise
horribly mangled his body. He was
identified by the name on hat and
pocket handkerchief. The deceased
was a married man and leaves a wife
and family.

A number of the inhabitants of Port
Perry enjoyed a rare and pleasing dis-
play on Sunday evening last; this was
a grand exhibition of the night-blooming
Cactus (Cereus Grandiflorus). The beau-
tiful flower made its appearance towards
midnight, remained till the dawn when
it dropped off and no one then present
will again see it flower, it is as rare as
it is beautiful.—Mr. Willcor's conserva-
tory displays fine taste and commendable
liberality.

Oshawa is to be lighted by the electric
light. The system is to be in operation
by the middle of August.

Oshawa will hold a Mayoralty election
shortly owing to the resignation of the
former official.

The Galt Town Council propose to
pass a by-law taxing all parties who sell
tobacco.

Coburg people are to be fined if they
do not cut down the grass and weeds in
front of their premises. Some Beaverton
premises require the application of a
little of this kind of law.

Workers in the Michigan lumber
woods are agitating against the employ-
ment of French Canadians.

A grand military demonstration will
be held in Peterborough on the 9th and
10th of August. An Oddfellows demon-
stration will be held on the same day.

A four year old daughter of Mr. Mat.
McCallum, near Jarratt's Corners, was
drowned last week by falling into a rain
water barrel.

The V. V. Ashford, who has been ap-
pointed Attorney-General under the new
provisional Government of the Hawaiian
Islands, is no other than Volney V. Ash-
ford, who formerly lived at Port Hope.

On Monday Mr. John Pike, of Myrtle
fell from Mr. George Modland's barn,
sustaining injuries which were at first
thought would prove fatal, but we are
glad to say that he is recovering, though
slowly.

Mr. Power, of Barrie, has had a hand-
some steam yacht built for his own use
and placed on Barrie bay and Lake Sim-
coe. The boat has been christened the
"Gipsy", and was launched last week.

Two car loads of campers from New
Orleans came up by the Northern last
week to spend a short time up the lakes.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Chicago began upon Strawberries
early in April, and is yet receiving a fair
variety of strawberries from the far
north. Not many cities have so long a
season of this delicious fruit.

The Lindsay school board have defi-
nitely decided it will take \$20,000 to
build and furnish the proposed new col-
legiate institute, and the town Council
are to be asked at the next meeting to
submit a by-law to the people with a
view of having the sum of money named
placed at the disposal of the board at
once.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills are the
best, the cheapest, and the most popular
remedies. At all seasons and under all
circumstances they may be used with
safety and with the certainty of doing
good. Eruptions, rashes, and all des-
criptions of skin diseases, sores, ulcera-
tions, and burns are presently benefited
and ultimately cured by these healing,
soothing, and purifying medicaments.
The Ointment rubbed upon the abdo-
men, checks all tendency to irritation of
the bowels, and averts dysentery and
other disorders of the intestines. Pimples,
blotches, inflammations of the skin,
muscular pains, neuralgic affections, and
enlarged glands can be effectively over-
come by using Holloway's remedies ac-
cording to the "instructions" accom-
panying each packet.

Come at Once.
67 Dress Gowns worth 20 cents for 10
cents at Harrison & Leslie's.

Give them a Chance!
That is to say, your lungs. Also all
your breathing machinery. Very
wonderful machinery it is. Not only
the larger air-passages, but the thousands
of little tubes and cavities leading from
them. When these are clogged and
choked with matter which ought not to
be there, your lungs cannot half do their
work. And what they do, they cannot
do well. Call it cold, cough, croup,
pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any
of the family of throat, nose, head and
lung obstructions, all are bad. All
ought to be got rid of. There is just
one sure way to get rid of them. That
is to take Boschoe's German Syrup,
which any druggist will sell you at 75
cents a bottle. Even if everything else
has failed you, you may depend upon
this for certain.

Our Village Fathers.

July 15th, 1887. Council met as ad-
journed from last meeting. Present,
the Reeve and Councillors, Young, West-
cott and Campbell. Minutes of last
meeting read and adopted. A requisition
read from the Public School Board re-
questing this Council to raise \$1,300 for
School purposes for the current year.
Laid over until next meeting when it is
expected the yearly estimates will be
prepared. A petition was read from Mr.
Napier asking assistance from this
Council for Mrs. Colvill, an indigent
person living with the petitioner. No
action taken on petition. Messrs.
Duncan McMillan and Wm. Turner
were heard in the matter of granting as-
sistance by this Council to the funds of
the Thorah Branch Agricultural Society.
Laid over until next meeting. A num-
ber of accounts were presented and
ordered to be paid. Moved by Mr.
Young, seconded by Mr. Westcott, that
this Council do now adjourn to meet at
the call of the Reeve.

A Special Meeting of the Council was
held on the evening of the 19th, per call
of the Reeve. After routine it was
moved by Mr. Young, seconded by Mr.
Westcott, that the Village Commissioner
advertise for tenders to lower the centre
crib of the bridge to a solid foundation
not less than two feet below the east
end as it stands at present, and to re-
build the said crib to the level of the
end cribs, the Commissioner to supply
specifications for the details of the work.
—Carried. Moved by Mr. Campbell,
seconded by Mr. Westcott, that the
Council do now adjourn until Friday
the 19th day of August to meet at seven
o'clock, p. m.—Carried.

GEORGE SMITH,
Township Clerk.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.