

## A POLAR PARADISE.

Supposed Existence of a Fine Land Beyond the Arctic Circle.

## THE LOST TRIBES PROBABLY THERE.

A Superior Climate in which Sickness and Disease are not Known.

In view of Commander Cheyne's endeavor to interest the people of Canada in the work of Polar exploration and his opinions regarding the existence of a splendid country beyond the region of ice, the following letter written in San Francisco on the subject of Symmes' Theory cannot fail to be interesting. First it may be well to remark that some sixty years ago Capt. John Cleve Symmes, of Newport, Ky., promulgated a theory of the earth, in which he claimed that the earth was globular, hollow, and open at the poles. The novelty of his idea caused his theory to be ridiculed and stigmatized as "Symmes' Hole." In opposition to the Newtonian doctrine he maintained the theory of concentric spheres with regard not only to the earth, but also all other planets. The San Francisco correspondent calls renewed attention to Symmes' theory, saying: I will state in brief some of the main points of his doctrine as I understand them to have been promulgated by him in his later years. He died in 1829. His principal lectures, it is said, were delivered during the winter of 1826-7, before the faculty and students of Union College, and it is said they commanded the profound attention of the learned and venerable Doctors Nott and Wayland. He claimed that the earth was globular, hollow and open at the poles, that the diameter of the northern opening was about 2,000 miles, or 4,000 from outside to outside, and that the southern opening was somewhat larger, and that the planes of these openings are parallel to each other; but that they form an angle of twelve degrees with the equator, and that the highest point of the northern plane is directly opposite the lowest point of the southern plane. He claimed that

is about 1,000 miles thick, and that the edges of the shell of the openings, called verges, measure, from the regular convexity within to the regular concavity without, about 1,000 miles, the verges occupying twenty-five deg. Delineated on a map, only the outside half of the verges would show. All the Polar regions of the present maps would be out of sight. I need not go into all the scientific details to prove the truth of Symmes' theory, but will cite from some Arctic explorers facts and statements that tend to establish the plausibility and the truth of the same. Travellers state that the Indians in latitude 60° north are in the regular habit of migrating north or northwest on the approach of winter to seek a milder climate and desirable winter quarters. The great Yukon River is on the verge of the northern opening, and its mouth is much warmer than it is 600 miles up stream. In high latitudes the inhabitants commonly speak of the south as being colder, and

at the approach of winter, to seek a warmer climate. Captain Ross in high latitudes speaks of the Arctic Sea as calm and clear of ice, while all the south was a wide belt of ice, and that currents of air from the north were warm and melted the ice. Captain Parry makes frequent mention of warm currents of air coming from the north and northeast, which doubtless came from the interior of the earth. Dr. Kane also claims that in the far north the climate is warmer. All Arctic explorers state that above and beyond 68 deg. to 70 deg. north latitude there is a milder climate than at a lower degree. Large herds of deer, white bear, foxes and other animals are in the habit of migrating north in all high latitudes on the approach of winter. Those that live on the northern side of the verge go north, and those on the southern side travel south in winter. When there is a warm winter in England it is unusually cold in Spitzbergen, because the winds passing over the ice-bound verge fall on Spitzbergen cold and lower its temperature, while winds blowing from the north or from the interior fall on the island warm, but after passing over the cold verge they lower greatly the temperature of England.

THE OPEN POLAR SEA.  
It is certain that far to the north of the frozen regions of the verge there is a milder climate and an open sea. And recent explorers all testify that such is the fact, for they have gone where it is warm and where the water is not frozen. Captain Ross states that in the polar regions the horizon from north to south is very limited, but that east and west it is greatly extended. The apex of the verge is in Lapland, about 68° north; in the Fox Islands, 56° north; in the Ural Mountains, 58° north, and extends through the south part of Kamtschatka. On the north side of the island of Spitzbergen there are lodged vast quantities of drift timber of different species from any known to naturalists, and many plants have been found drifted there that are entirely unknown to botanists. They are of tropical growth, but could not have floated from equatorial regions. The distance is too great and the gravity of the plants would not have allowed them to drift so far. They must have come from some warm region to the north. Besides, the currents of the ocean there are from the north, and, consequently, the drift could have come from nowhere else. The Gulf stream passes around northern Europe and Asia and to the south of Spitzbergen, but the current that washes the northern shores of the island is from the Arctic regions.

ETERNAL SUMMER AT THE POLES.  
Another reason for the relief in a warm climate in the Arctic regions is the fact that the wild geese at the latitude of 82°, where Dr. Kane wintered, were seen flying north at the approach of winter, and in the spring were seen to return with their young, and looking fat and sleek. They must have passed the winter in some warm region where the grass grows to subsist upon. The nest of the grey goose has never yet been found by man, and it must be in some region in the far northern extremities of Greenland, or in some country still beyond it, where there is a tropical climate, a very paradise for the feathered creation. Common reason tells us

that such must be the case. Some of Dr. Kane's crew in his Arctic explorations travelled in sledges drawn by dogs to a very high latitude, and discovered an open sea full of birds and feathered creatures. The water was warm, and waves were rolling as though they came a long distance and over an extensive sea. I need not dwell further on these points; the ancient idea that the poles of the earth are snow and ice-capped is antiquated and unworthy of belief under the lights of modern science and Arctic travel and explorations. We talk of Columbus having discovered a new world when he found the West Indies and America, but what should we say if De Long penetrated the ice belt of the North and found a new country, and perchance a new people inhabiting that country; and who knows but

THE LOST TRIBES OF ISRAEL  
are hid away behind that ice wall of the impenetrable north. A people may be there, with splendid cities, more civilized and enlightened than we. They may have a more beautiful country than we. They may have a highly cultivated land, finer roads, better houses, magnificent ships, and all that befits a more enlightened people. Or perchance the country is uninhabited by humanity, but a far superior locality for man than on the outside of this mundane sphere. The All-wise Being may have reserved it for the settlement upon by man in this nineteenth century, when he is somewhat elevated by the various agencies of civilization and education. There may be on that other side wide seas, grand rivers, noble inland lakes, wondrous mountains, vast areas of fertile, productive land, and the inner earth may produce spontaneously all the food necessary for man's subsistence and pleasure. Sickness and disease may be unknown in that superior clime. Or that inner land may be the abode of huge and terrific monsters that inhabit the land and water and fly through the air. In the prehistoric ages the outside surface of this earth which we now inhabit was the abode of animals and fish, and birds of gigantic size; in that inner surface of the earth the animal and vegetable life may be of enormous proportions—far greater than that that geology brings to light.

## "IN THE TWINKLING OF AN EYE."

Sudden Death of a Prominent Torontoian in Church.

The truth of the statement that "in the midst of life we are in death" was never more clearly verified than last evening, when Mr. James Currie, a prominent member of the Central Presbyterian Church, Toronto, died suddenly while attending service in that edifice. It seems that Mr. Currie became suddenly ill while sitting in his pew a little after 7 o'clock, and deeming it prudent to retire he rose and walked out into the vestibule, where he sat down on the back stairs. A friend of his, Mr. McFarlane, went out after him, finding Mr. Currie ill, assisted him into the vestry, where he took a seat on the sofa. He had only been seated, however, a few minutes when he lay back and died. In the meantime the service had commenced, and it was deemed advisable not to disturb the congregation by announcing the fact of Mr. Currie's death until the close. After the collection was taken up a note was placed in the hands of the pastor, Rev. Mr. McLeod, who was almost overcome by the dreadful tidings. The effect on the congregation was of an exceedingly melancholy character. The deceased gentleman was chairman of the board of managers, and was highly esteemed by his fellow-members of the church. He was in his usual good health up to the moment of his sudden death. Dr. King was summoned to the side of the deceased, and gave it as his opinion that heart disease, had been the cause of death. Mr. Currie's remains were conveyed to his late residence on McGill street in the ambulance. The deceased gentleman belonged to the firm of Currie, Martin & Co., boiler makers, and carried on business on Esplanade street.

## THE MICHIGAN FIRES.

How the Work of Relief has Been Carried on.

Ex-Governor Baldwin, Chairman of the State Relief Commission (says a Detroit paper) has written a letter, from which the following extract is taken:  
The joint receipts of the Detroit Relief Committee and of this commission reach to-day the munificent sum of \$405,378.06 in cash, while of donations in kind \$150,000 more were sent to this city. This truly liberal assistance from the people of the United States has enabled the Commission to feed and clothe the people who suffered by the fires up to the present, and we anticipate that we have sufficient clothing on hand to supply their wants during the winter and spring. Implements and seed wheat for their fall crop were liberally supplied, and the appearance of the young wheat is excellent. A very large area was sown. We have also furnished the sufferers with lumber, shingles, doors, windows, nails and tools to build themselves houses, and are now adding an additional quantity of lumber and shingles to shelter their stock. For the latter we have furnished one ton of hay per head to the maximum number of one milch cow and one team to each family requiring to keep the same, which has taken about 5,000 tons to go over them.

The St. Gothard tunnel is now daily traversed by eight trains, four each way. Touching solidity of construction, the tunnel leaves nothing to be desired. The official inspectors express themselves perfectly satisfied with the condition of the work. Particular attention was paid to the windy stretch, which has caused so much trouble and given rise to so many fears, but the massive granite masonry with which this part of the passage is stayed seems admirably adapted to its purpose, and shows no sign of yielding to the immense pressure that weighs upon it. The ventilation is good, and no inconvenience was experienced from the temperature. The tunnel is lighted with lamps placed a kilometre apart.

New York, Jan. 21.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railway has assented to the Trunk line agreement. There is thought to be no doubt of the Grand Trunk's approval.

Commissioner Fink estimates that the railroads lost by rate-cutting during the past year \$21,000,000 to \$30,000,000.

## A MURDERER'S STRATAGEM.

Burke and Harre's Cold-Blooded Atrocities Outdone.

The Berlin correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph sends an account of a new system of garrotting that has been invented by a most dangerous criminal named Wilke, who fortunately is safe in the hands of the police. Lately two men, conscience-stricken, presented themselves before the authorities, accusing themselves of having conspired with a locksmith (the man Wilke) to hire furnished rooms in different parts of the town for the purpose of extorting money in the following manner: One of them was to go to bed, pretending to be ill, and send for a doctor. As soon as the physician arrived and bent over the bed, an iron collar of a special contrivance, hid beneath the counterpane, was to be applied to his neck until he had signed a bill of exchange; then he was to be strangled, and thrown into a canal which was close at hand. Wilke had devoted much ingenuity to the construction of this instrument, which they described as something like a pair of tongs or pincers fixed on the end of a long iron tube, with a winch at the bottom, by means of which the tongues could be made to close as tight as one liked. The peculiar virtue of this nefarious invention was to consist in preventing the victim from crying for help by immediately depriving him of the power of utterance. To make matters still surer, Wilke had also constructed two steel traps for the victim's feet. The conspirators had begun by hiring a room in a house close by the canal and that very evening, the penitent accomplices declared, had been agreed upon for committing the first murder, and a Dr. Lehrs had been selected as the first victim. As soon as this confession had been made the police went to the house in question, and an agreement was come to between them and Wilke's two accomplices that the latter should at first assist their comrade in carrying out his diabolical plan, and only turn round upon him when the victim's life was in danger. Several constables were concealed in a neighboring room, and at 7 Wilke appeared, entered his bedroom with his confederates, went to bed, and sent for Dr. Lehrs. Instead of the latter, a policeman came in disguise and inquired after Wilke's health. The ruffian at once sprang up, applied his pincers to the pseudo-physician's neck. The latter having managed to make Wilke understand that he had very little money about him, he was requested to fill up a cheque. On his refusal Wilke turned the winch, until the victim began to be afraid for his life and began stamping on the ground. This was the signal for the accomplices to let the constable's hands loose and for the police to enter and seize the criminal in the very act. Thus arrested, the scoundrel has since confessed that he intended procuring himself a sum of money, of which he was in great need, by garrotting, but denies having had any intention of taking his victim's life. Wilke turns out to be 28 years old, a native of Austria, and possessing a wife and children who live separated from him. It appears that he has been for two years constructing his garrotting instrument, and that ever since December 3rd has been bent on executing his plan. The instrument is described as being cleverly constructed after a principle derived from a medieval instrument of torture contained in the Markische Museum. It is reported that Dr. Langerhaus, member of the Prussian Parliament, was selected to be the second victim, and a member of the Reichstag as the third.

## SMALL-POX RAVAGES.

Infected Tramps Walking into Chicago—A Faithful Mother.

A despatch from Chicago says: Dr. De Wolf, Health Commissioner of this city, says that unless the people protect themselves by vaccination small-pox will be rampant here, and not a man, woman or child will be safe. Yesterday seven tramps, covered with the disease, came from other cities and walked into the Health Office here. Last night Joseph Ackerman, who arrived here from New York, at which place he arrived from Germany by a steamer, walked into the Health Office with a very bad case of the disease. The baby of Mrs. Lindsay, who resides on Ohio street, near State street, was attacked on Tuesday. As the child had only been fed from its mother's breast, and it was certain death for it to be fed otherwise during the time it was suffering from the disease, Mrs. Lindsay decided to stay with her child and nurse it during its illness, although she has not been vaccinated. Yesterday she was locked in her room with the child, and her meals will be passed in to her.

## Church Notes.

At the last meeting of Guelph Presbytery Rev. Dr. Cochran, of Brantford, was nominated as Moderator of General Assembly at its next meeting.

The incumbent of St. John's, Alloa, N.B., has determined in future to take the Sunday evening collection outside the church as the congregation leave, in consequence of his vestry refusing to allow any portion of the collections taken inside the church to be devoted towards defraying the expense of heating and lighting the building.

CIRCUS STORIES.—The circus men are getting ready for the coming season. Animal stories are crowding out interesting theological discussions from the newspapers. John Robinson's lion tamer recently went through a dress rehearsal with his beast one morning, and fell asleep with his head in the lion's mouth. The lion, in spite of its being his time for a morning nap, kept awake lest he should close his jaws while asleep, and chew the man's head off. And, upon one of Van Amburgh's old showmen, after an absence of several years, going and speaking to an old lion, the beast turned a somersault, whirled around, rolled over, and rubbed against the bars of the cage with all the delight of a pet kitten. It is this sort of thing that crowds the vicinity of the ticket wagon in the soft summer days.

The New Westminster (B. C.) Herald says: "There is good authority for stating that the Canada Pacific contractor has four ships under charter to convey 5,000 Chinese direct from China to the railway works in this Province."

Louis Riel, of Red River rebellion fame, is reported to be in the vicinity of Willow Creek, Montana.

## THE DEAD CANNOT BE RAISED,

nor if your lungs are badly wasted away can you be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." It is, however, unequalled as a tonic, alterative and nutritive, and readily cures the most obstinate cases of bronchitis, coughs, colds, and incipient consumption, far surpassing in efficacy cod liver oil. Send two stamps for Dr. Pierce's pamphlet on Consumption and Kindred Affections. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The military anniversary which the Emperor William celebrated on January 1st was remarkable. He entered the army as Lieutenant when he was not quite 10 years old. At the end of 1818 he became Captain. He assisted at the passage of the Rhine on December 31st, 1813, and in the action at Arsis-sur-Aube on February 27th, 1814, which was his first battle, and where he received his first decorations for personal courage, consisting of the Iron Cross and the Russian Order of St. George.

## The Army of Martyrs.

"What is a martyr?" asked a school mistress to her class. Nobody answered. "What am I?" she hinted. "An old maid," at once responded a bright-eyed youth with more enthusiasm than discretion. But, joking aside, there are many more martyrs than those who suffered for the Church. The martyrs to the different diseases flesh is heir to are innumerable and many of them are without excuse. For example there is no need for any one having a cold, or cough, or influenza, or similar diseases so long as there is a bottle of Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam to be had for love or money. It should by rights have been called "the king of throat and lung diseases." The superiority of this medicine above all for subduing a harrowing cough has been so fully and widely shown that it is everywhere recommended and does its work of mercy in almost every part of the world.

In the last number of the *Canada Lancet* there is an able article by Dr. Phillip, of Brantford, Ont., which deserves attention, on the treatment of consumption and other diseases of the lungs by the continuous breathing of air rendered antiseptic, by causing it to pass through carbolic acid or other agents of a like character. This method of treatment was first adopted by Dr. McKenzie, a distinguished physician of Edinburgh, and from an article in *Chambers' Journal* we learn with apparently a considerable degree of success, and has been received with favor by the medical profession.

## The Mohammedan Messiah.

True believers are greatly agitated over the expected coming of the Mehdi, or Mohammedan Messiah. The prophet himself foresaw this event, and prophesied that he would be an Arab and a descendant of his own house. El Mehdi is expected to unite the faithful, restore Islam, and rule over the Mohammedans throughout the world. According to a prophecy that has for several years been carefully circulated among the Moorish Mussulmans, he will make his appearance on the first day of the month Moharram in the year 1300 (Nov. 12th, 1882). He will be 40 years of age and of noble appearance, and one of his arms will be longer than the other. A religious devotee of great sanctity in North Africa is already known as El Mehdi (literally, the teacher), and in personal appearance corresponds exactly with the description in the prophecy. He will probably attempt to play the part of the Messiah, and, aided by a fanatical following, may seriously threaten European influence in India, Egypt and Algeria.

A bouquet has been forwarded to us of flowers gathered in the open air at East Linton, Haddingtonshire, on the last day of the year, consisting of East Lothian stocks, daisies, primroses, cowslips, chrysanthemums, hepaticas, garden peas, pansies, a tea rose (Gloire de Dijon), most of them in very fair bloom.—*Edinburgh Scotsman.*

Calisaya, the best variety of Cinchona, or Peruvian Bark, first became known on account of a remarkable cure effected by it on the Countess del Cinchon, wife of the Viceroy of Peru, by whom it was distributed to the Jesuits, who used it extensively in treating the religious poor at Rome. It is combined in the form of an agreeable cordial in Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which may be employed with positive benefit in all diseased conditions, whatever may be the peculiar mortifications, where a permanent strengthening effect is desirable.

KEEPING BOTTLES.—A woman named Louisa Winters, recently from Hamilton, was arrested in London East on an old charge of keeping about one hundred empty bottles belonging to Mr. T. E. O'Callaghan, grocer. The question of ownership was settled before Squire J. B. Smyth.—*London Free Press.*

Ex-Lieut.-Governor Laird of the Northwest Territories arrived at Winnipeg on Saturday evening from Battleford, having taken five weeks to accomplish the journey.

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR FLOCKS.—Plaster's Tick and Vermin Powder will destroy tick and vermin on sheep, cattle and horses. Safe and easy to use, and guaranteed to do all that is claimed for it. Sold by druggists.

The marriage of Miss Miles, of Mount Vernon, and Mr. Haight, on Wednesday, was on the fortieth anniversary of the marriage of the parents of the bride, and the tenth anniversary of that of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McWilliams, the latter being a sister of the bride.

Ladies, if any of the diseases peculiar to your sex are undermining your constitution and destroying your beauty, you will find in Dr. Wilson's Anti-bilious and Preserving Pills a medicine always safe to take and certain to do good.

Prof. Martin, of the Ladies' College, Brantford, narrowly escaped being killed in getting on board a railway train in motion the other day.

Young and middle aged men suffering from nervous debility, premature old age, loss of memory, and kindred symptoms, should send three stamps for Part VII. of pamphlets issued by World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Hon. J. Norquay, Premier of Manitoba, arrived in this city this morning, and is the guest of Mr. W. E. Sanford.

Traffic on Manitoba railways is being much impeded by the snow.

## "FEMALE COMPLAINTS."

Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—I write to tell you what your "Favorite Prescription" has done for me. I had been a great sufferer from female complaints, especially "dragging down," for over six years, during much of the time unable to work. I paid out hundreds of dollars without any benefit till I took three bottles of the "Favorite Prescription," and I never had anything do me so much good in my life. I advise every sick lady to take it. Mrs. EMILY RHOADS, McBrides, Mich.

## The Greatest Loss of Life.

A contemporary ventures the statement that the loss of life at the Vienna fire "was greater than ever known within one building before." This is a mistake. The greatest loss of life ever known in one building was when the Church of La Compania, Santiago, was burned in 1863, and when two thousand people perished in the flames. The church itself was a magnificent structure, and the youth, beauty and rank of Chili were gathered within its walls when the catastrophe took place. The destruction of La Compania stands without a parallel in history, and travellers tell us that to this day it is spoken of as people speak of a plague.

## A Juvenile Rheumatic.

It is sad to see an old man whose life work is done suffer from rheumatism through which his limbs are made useless, but seem to have gained infinitely in their power of bearing pain; but a youth so afflicted is one of the saddest objects that can be imagined. Mr. J. G. Cross, Lake George, N. S., says that his son, aged 16, had acute rheumatism from which he recovered but was left crippled by chronic rheumatism. He was getting drawn together, when he began the use of Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment, after which his cure was speedy and permanent. Young and old, sufferers from rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, bruises, stains and all similar ailments alike are benefited by the use of Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment.

Kenneth Reid, M. D., died at New York on Sunday of acute peritonitis, complicated by pleuritic symptoms and embolism of the heart. Mr. Reid was born in Huntingdon, Canada, on Dec. 7th, 1840. He was the eldest son of Col. John Reid, on the retired list of the British Army, and at one time of the Seventy-eighth Highlanders. Before adopting medicine the deceased held a civil appointment in Canada, for which he was nominated by Sir John Ross in 1864. In 1869 he went to New York, was appointed deputy health officer at quarantine, and served two years. After this he made a tour of the Holy Land, and returning again to New York established himself in practice.

Mr. G. A. Kirkpatrick, M. P., has returned to Kingston from Washington whither he went on an important Government mission. He is hopeful of getting a grand military review in Kingston on the 24th of May.

GOOD TIME.—Sixteen miles were covered in two hours and ten minutes by a lad who was sent for a bottle of Brigg's Magic Relief. Good time, but bad policy to be so far from a store without a bottle in the house.

A Naples despatch says General Garibaldi is helpless. He was conveyed ashore here in a litter.

Dr. Oronhyatkeha, of London, is Deputy Grand Master of the Sovereign Sanctuary of the Ancient and Accepted Rite of Memphis Sitting in the Valley of Canada.

Under a new State law, which went into force on Jan. 1st, all railroad conductors in Georgia are clothed with the power of policemen.

The Chinese must go, and all Americans should go—and buy a bottle of Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer and dresser. Since the recent improvement no preparation ever had such a sale or gave such general satisfaction as Carboline. Sold by all druggists.

## FARMERS!



IT IS WITH FEELINGS OF DEEP REGRET that the manufacturers of

Thorley's Improved Horse and Cattle Food feel necessitated again to call attention to the fact of the numerous impositions piled off upon the public as their food, not only by travellers of other food companies, but also by many of their local agents. This disreputable practice must, if unchecked, tend to tarnish the good name of Thorley's Improved. Farmers and feeders, make sure our trade mark is on the bag where you purchase.

For sale by dealers everywhere. Manufactured 48 John Street South, Hamilton, Ont.

## MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE



It is a sure, prompt and effectual remedy for Nervousness in ALL its stages, Weakness, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative organs. The experience of thousands of other food companies, but also by many of their local agents. This disreputable practice must, if unchecked, tend to tarnish the good name of Thorley's Improved. Farmers and feeders, make sure our trade mark is on the bag where you purchase.

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Mack's Magnetic Medicine Co., Windsor, Ont., Canada. Sold by all druggists everywhere.