

sale of Lands IN THE LINDSAY

arrant issued by the Mayor of the Town of Lindsay...

Table with columns: Arrears, Cost of Advertisment, Commission, Total. Lists various land parcels and their associated costs.

FRED KNOWLSON, Town Treasurer.

KEEP THE FIRE BURNING. If you want wood of any kind you can always secure first-class Hardwood...

D. EAGLESON. Chartered Accountant, Assessor, Auditor, etc. Lindsay, Ont. All municipal accounts, Commercial accounts, Cheese Factory accounts, Society accounts...

CHEAP LUMBER AT THE LINDSAY LUMBER MILLS. In order to make room I must dis-ose of my large stock of lumber of all kinds...

STOP WEARING A TRUSS. RUPTURE CAN BE CURED WITHOUT A TRUSS. CHEAP BY MAIL. Your name to us means comfort to you. A Post Card will do it.

G. M. McFadden, HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE PAINTING, FRESCOING, GRADING, KALSOMING, STAINED GLASS.

JAS. SMITH & CO. 15 KENT-ST., LINDSAY. SANITARY ENGINEERS. PLUMBERS AND STEAM FITTERS.

HOT AIR FURNACES, STOVES, ETC. put in and repaired. Work done on all kinds of work. First-class workmen employed.

HOT WATER HEATING. A specialty; also house drainage. See our new Special Lamp, cheaper than gas or electric light, and gives better light. Only costs 1/2 cent per hour to run.

JAS. SMITH & CO.

4 Winter Plums FOR DECEMBER HARVESTERS.

Four weeks ago we announced that owing to the hard times we would refuse no reasonable offer for goods, and the public have taken us at our word.

THIS WEEK WE OFFER

Plum No. 1. Boys' Suits at \$2.00, regular price - \$4.00. Boys' Suits at 3.00, regular price - 5.00. Boys' Suits at 4.00, regular price - 6.50. Boys' Suits at 4.50, regular price - 7.50. Boys' Overcoats at \$3.00, regular price - 5.00.

Plum No. 2. Men's Ulsters at \$5.00 regular price - \$8.00. Men's Pants at 1.00, regular price - 1.75. Men's Pants at 1.25, regular price - 2.00. Men's Heavy Freize Pants \$1.45, regular price - 2.25.



Plum No. 3. Ladies' Jackets \$1.25, regular price - \$3.00. Ladies' Jackets 1.50, regular price - 3.25. Ladies' Jackets 3.00, regular price - 6.50. Ladies' Jackets 4.00, regular price - 7.50.

Plum No. 4. Consists of Christmas Presentation Goods, of which we have a very large stock. It's impossible to give prices—the list would be too long.

A Merry Christmastide to all our Customers and THE WATCHMAN readers. P. McARTHUR & Co., Opp. Post Office.

Editorial Note. SPEAKING at the Orange banquet held in Toronto last week Hon. Clark Wallace said he would never consent, as one of the Protestant Conservatives in Ontario who had fought in many elections against the principle of Separate Schools in Ontario, because he believed that the Public Schools which were good enough for their children were good enough for any children, to try to impose Separate Schools on Manitoba. No people were better able to judge for themselves as to their needs and wants. They were the brothers and sons of the men of Ontario, who had gone west to hew out new homes for themselves, who had been educated in the Ontario public schools; they know their own interests, and the men of both parties had united to say that they did not want Separate Schools. Separate Schools for Manitoba would be turning the hands back on the clock, would be a reactionary step. In the United States extraordinary progress had been made, and there were Separate Schools in not a single state of the Union. If they had Separate Schools imposed on Manitoba, if they were once firmly established there, as a matter of course they would be imposed upon the entire Northwest, and that was why they were so evidently pressed for, and why Quebec, which had so few of her sons in Manitoba, was dictating as her terms that Separate Schools should be imposed on Manitoba. He, for one, whether in Parliament or out, so long as he was entrusted with the suffrages of his hearers, would not assist in establishing that system in any Province of the Dominion.

CENTRE ELTON. Special to the Watchman. THAT NEW KIND OF SHEEP.—Mr. Dallas Wright wants the correspondent from Centre Eldon, to rise up and explain his untruthful statement about a new variety of sheep. First, just so long as the municipal council will permit sheep to run at large why has he not the privilege to let his sheep run the roads the same as other farmers, as long as they do not trespass upon the farms of his neighbors. Does he not admit that the enemies of Mr. Wright are all well contented and the best and quietest sheep on the roads. Secondly, can he not tell the markings put on the sheep in the spring

by farmers are only artificial and do not penetrate to the bone. He should secure some work on live stock, and then he would know when a new breed of sheep or even curly dogs was introduced into this vicinity. LITTLE BRITAIN. Special to the Watchman. HOW TO SAVE MONEY.—One way to save money is to buy your furniture at home and thus save railway fare and freight charges. RICHARD SMITH, furniture dealer, Little Britain, offers you just as nice parlor and dining room furniture, bed room sets, chairs, tables, fancy rockers, mattresses, springs, etc., as you can get anywhere else and for far less money. Then why not buy here? You can certainly save money by doing so. Repairs of all kinds made promptly. Undertaking in all its branches.—48—11.

SWINDON. Special to the Watchman. SLEIGHING.—The sleighing is exceptionally good for this time of year. Many of the farmers are making good use of it for teaming purposes. VISITING.—Mr. J. Moffatt of Lindsay said a flying visit to his daughter, Miss Edith, Mrs. J. Mayers, of Holland, in Manitoba. She is visiting friends in this vicinity. She will visit Lindsay, Verulam and Mariposa friends before returning. BALL.—A ball was given by the Macabees in McKays hall on Monday evening. The attendance was large. SCHOOL NOTES.—Miss E. Moffatt is we understand, re-engaging for another year. She is an efficient teacher, and under her management the pupils show marked improvement. McNiven also re-mains another year. Our people know how to appreciate good work. SOCIAL EVENT.—A social evening was given by the "Knights of the Macabees" on the 9th. Invitations were extended to friends of members of the order. A very select program was rendered, after which lunch was served. A very enjoyable evening was spent.

Local and General. —Mr. Stevenson, M.P. for West Peterboro, was in Ottawa last week, and had an interview with Mr. Haggart respecting the Trent Valley works. It is the intention of the department to call for tenders immediately for the section between Peterboro and Nassau. —Mr. Geo. Cormack, owner of a grist and flour mill in Aberdeen, Scotland, is in this country to judge whether he should locate in Canada, or to see if he should locate for his mills improved machinery and facilities which are wanting to enable them to compete with foreign importations. He says that the Scotch

mills are feeling very keenly the present competition from this side and five in Aberdeen, of which his is one, are shut down. —About 9,000 pounds of turkey were purchased at the Athens turkey fair on Friday by American buyers and shipped from Brockville Saturday morning to the Boston markets. The average price was about 9 cents. The chances are that it will bring from 28 to 35 in the hands of the retailers. Why can not Lindsay have a Christmas turkey fair?

—Dawson & Co., Toronto, recently sent an expressman to deliver a large bunch of bananas from Italian in the west end of the city. On the way the driver was almost startled out of his wits by the appearance of a snake. On arriving at the Italian's neighbor who makes a hobby of serpents was sent for, and, after great trouble, his snakeship was transferred, furious and hissing, to a box, and imprisoned therein. The snake was of a dark hue, adorned with distinctly marked grey spots. It measured five feet from head to tail.

—The "military" accoutrements were distributed among the members of the Boys' Brigade last Friday evening, and the organization can now be said to be in successful operation, thanks to the energetic efforts of Rev. J. W. MacMillan of St. Andrew's under the instructions of Lieut. B. McAlpine the boys are acquiring considerable proficiency in the mysteries of "right, left," and their military step and bearing is almost noticeable on the street. The formation of the Brigade is sure to result in much good, and the movement will no doubt extend to all the local churches. —Capt. Geo. S. Thompson, author of "Up-to-Date, or the Life of a Lumberman," has just returned from the lumber camps on the north shore of Georgian Bay, where he has been for several months past pushing the sale of his book among the lumbermen. He met with excellent success and will return after the holidays. It is Mr. Thompson's intention to have the book printed in French as well as English, and by this means his sales will be increased fully one-third. When the present edition of 2000 is exhausted the book will be revised and corrected, and then issued in a better form for general sale not only in Canada but in the United States and England as well. His son, Mossom Thompson, will deliver the books subscribed for in Lindsay and vicinity and will also sell to any who would care to procure a copy.

Boarders Wanted. A few boarders can be accommodated in a private family. Location central. App. at 51 Peel street.—51-4.

BEES FOR USE IN WAR

IT IS SAID THEY ARE THE BEST OF ALL MESSENGERS. Interesting Experiments—How Home as Guerrilla Carrier Pigeons With Despatches on Their Backs.

It is more than likely that the next great European war will be signalized by some altogether remarkable innovations in the way of carrying military despatches. The carrier pigeons of a quarter of a century back are certain to be superseded, perhaps by storks, perhaps by sparrows. Experiments have already been tried with both these birds, and with a fair degree of success. The stork, however, despite his swiftness of flight and his strength, is too easy a mark for the Lebel bullet, and it is questioned whether the sparrow is sufficiently strong. In this uncertainty an English apiculturist offers bees as messengers of war. He has tested their packet-carrying abilities, and can vouch for their speedy return, upon liberation, to the place whence they came.

While at first sight the turning of when they have proved invaluable as things of a joke, it is nevertheless regarded seriously throughout England. The man who suggested it took a few bees from his own house to that of a friend four miles away. He waited several days, so that the bees might become familiar with their surroundings. He then let a few of them loose in a room, in which was a plate of honey. The bees settled upon this, and while they were busy eating mock despatches were fastened on them by the apiculturist's trained hand. The thinnest of all thread bound the little packets, which were of the flimsiest of paper, to the bees' backs. Great care was taken to leave the head and wings absolutely free. The wind was then opened, and the bees thrown out into the air. With the certainty of carrier pigeons they started off at once for home, arriving there in an incredibly short time, with the packets secure upon their backs.

Naturally this project would only be possible in summer and in warm climates, for the reason that the bees would be unable to endure a severe weather. Bees would have the advantage over pigeons or birds because of their invisibility. Nor would there be any difficulty in going through the enemy's lines. The apiculturist says that they could travel fifty miles quite as easily as they could four. Though this is the first time that bees have been suggested as army mes-

sengers, they have proved invaluable as defending forces. At one time, several centuries ago, the city of Tamy, in the Spanish territory of Xiatine, was besieged by the Portuguese. The invaders were winning bastion after bastion, when the beleaguered citizens were struck with a brilliant project. They brought all the hives that they could find in the place and set them upon the city wall, building great fires underneath them. The smoke and the flames so incensed the bees that they rushed out in swarms and flew down upon the enemy, making a panic instanter and causing them to flee. Very much the same plan was tried, and with equal success, by a statesman of Thuringia, whose house was surrounded one day by a furious mob. He marched his servants out with all his beehives and threw them one by one in the midst of the crowd. A cannon ball would not have been half so effective as were these strange and unexpected weapons. It took but a moment to clear the space around the statesman's dwelling.—N. Y. World.

BITS FROM TRUTH. London Small Talk as Noted by Mr. Labouchere. An imaginative contemporary states that since the arrival of the court at Kalmorval the Queen has been amused at watching the efforts of the Duchess of Connaught and Princess Louise to "master the bicycle." As a matter of fact, neither of these Princesses has been within hundreds of miles of Kalmorval, for they have both been staying on the continent since the Queen left Osborne.

The announcement that Prince Henry of Prussia had left Kiel, having been granted leave of absence for a year in order that he might "travel," has created considerable surprise. It now turns out that there has been a difference of opinion between Emperor William and Prince Henry, which has rapidly assumed large proportions, and the efforts of Empress Frederick to arrange matters have proved entirely fruitless. Prince Henry has been practically banished in consequence of the quarrel which arose out of some question connected with the Baltic Canal.

Writing of the Marlborough-Vanderbilt engagement, Mr. Labouchere says: "In the meanwhile, we must tap still more American accumulations by announcing that any one who marries an American heiress will be a peer, the title Duke, Marquis, or Baron, depending on the amount of fortune thus secured. If a piece of parchment

which Americans are ready to accept as payment for solid cash, assuredly we are silly in not at once meeting demand with liberal supply." When soldiers are on bathing parade it is usual to compel every one of them to remain in the water until the retire is sounded. This is now done in the First Battalion Welsh Regiment at Plymouth, and I hear that one morning last week a man who was seized with cramp and came out was sent back to stand in the water, up to his waist until the order to retire was given. No doubt the bathing parade is a capital thing for Tommy, but it seems a cruelty and an absurdity to keep him in the water when he is attacked with cramp.—London Truth.

All Broke at Once. "So you took your family to the seashore?" said the facetious man. "I did," was the melancholy reply. "Where there is such grandeur in the breaking of the waves?" "Yes." "And the breaking of engagements?" "Yes, and the \$20 bills."—Washington Star.

Begging Reduced to System. A friend writes me from Paris that the mendicants in that city have regular "Directories of Benefactors," in two editions—a small one at 50 cents and a large one for \$1.20. These books give the names of persons known to be benevolent, also their religion and political faith; also the hour at which they may be found at home, etc. The "religious racket" is very remunerative, it seems. An old rascalper at Clinchy lately confessed that last winter his child was baptized 12 times in Protestant churches and 10 times in Catholic ones; each time the mother received one franc and a new dress. When epidemics are raging the beggar asks for contributions, on the plea that his or her offspring is down with diphtheria, croup, etc., and many people quickly respond, in order to get rid of what they believe to be a very dangerous class of pests.—Vanity.

Sugar Cured Hams. "The farmer said one of the little pigs was sick, so I brought it some sugar." "Yes, sugar. Haven't you ever heard of sugar cured hams?"—Oakland Times. Should Have Called a Clerk. "Is this attar of roses the strictly genuine article?" inquired the young gentleman. "Rather you wouldn't ask for the attar of roses," said the drug-store clerk. "I asked for the attar of roses."—The Church.