

# GOUGH

The...  
Wonderful  
Cheap Man

Lindsay's  
Leading  
Clothier

## You'll be Money In Pocket...

If you do your shopping at GOUGH'S CLOTHING STORE. You'll be able to judge of this fact more accurately when you see for yourself how fully we are stocked for the Fall and Winter, and how GREAT the Bargains are. Over and over again has our LOW PRICES been heralded throughout the County of Victoria—so much so that we have been honored with the name of "LINDSAY'S LEADING CLOTHIER."



NO MAN,  
YOUTH OR BOY

Can be so Stylishly Dressed anywhere else, for so Little Money, as they can at GOUGH'S, Lindsay.

This no boastful statement. You can look around and make your own enquiries to verify these facts. Investigate—see the Materials—try the Linings, Button Holes, Finish, Work. Examine the Nobby Fit. Learn the price. Read the tickets on the goods.  
GOUGH GUARANTEES THEM and what Gough promises the public, Gough always fulfils.

Winter  
Overcoats  
For Men!

In all the fashionable shades, starting as low down as \$3.65, \$4, \$4.50, \$4.90, \$5.25.

Winter  
Suits for  
Men

In full range of sizes, Fashionable to the Newest Winter Styles—\$3.30, \$3.90, \$4.40, \$5.00, \$5.50.



## Bargains In...

- Winter Ulsters and Overcoats for Boys, right up-to-date, for \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3, \$3.45.
- Winter Reefers for Boys, \$1.50, \$1.90, \$2.50, \$2.90.
- Winter Suits for Boys, Good Tweed, Scotch and Canadian, and all-wool Serges, \$1.50, \$1.90, 2.20, 2.75, 3.00, 3.45 and 4.00.
- Great Values in Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Braces, Etc.

# GOUGH

COR. KENT AND WILLIAM STS., LINDSAY.

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MAN

## THE VICTORIA LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY.

Authorized Capital, \$300,000  
Paid up " \$100,000

HEAD OFFICE - LINDSAY, ONT.

This Company has \$100,000 of Trust Money to LOAN on prime Farm Property in the southern portion of the County of Victoria, at FIVE PER CENT. Make application now, as it is desirable to make inspection before the ground is covered with snow. No interest will be charged until money advanced.

JNO. MACWOOD,  
MANAGER

## The Watchman

THURSDAY, NOV. 17th, 1893

### Editorial Notes

IF THE individual who rang the firemen out of bed for nothing can be caught, he should be instantly condemned to scrub the council chamber.

SEVEN OUT of eight provinces, three-fourths of the constituencies and a majority of 14,000 voters, declared for prohibition in the recent election. Sounds almost like a "popular mandate."

THERE IS room for discussion, not only as to the proper number of magistrates, but also regarding their methods. The reserved decisions, adjournments and other dallying with petty cases that we, sometimes see, stand in striking contrast to the promptness and despatch of city magistrates. Economy and effectiveness should both be considered in the new arrangements soon to be made.

AN EXCHANGE says "the town of Lindsay is in the race for manufacturers and cheap power." That is correct. No town in Canada appreciates manufacturers more, or uses them better than Lindsay. We are alive to their requirements and difficulties, and are making efforts to provide them the best possible conditions. If the Fenelon Falls power scheme is feasible, this town will offer power at a price that will cause a regular procession of factories in our direction.

NEXT to good streets, a town's appearance depends on good horses to travel them. In the main, Lindsay has a very creditable display of horseflesh, but there are a few disgraceful exceptions to that rule. Three of them from one stable travel to the station every day. These animals are starved, whipped and exposed in a scandalous fashion, and their appearance is a reproach to the street. With hay and oats at the present prices, there is no excuse for such constant suggestions of the bone-yard.

IN HIS recent lecture, Prof. Robertson declared that to escape nervous prostration on Canadians must eat bread and milk between the ages of two and ten, instead of fried potatoes and pork. Perhaps; but we can take the professor's farm-houses not far from Lindsay, whose inmates have regaled themselves on fried tubers and hog at least twice a day from infancy. Not only have they survived that diet, but are such vigorous specimens that any disparaging references to their favorite dish, would lead them to so perform that the professor would have the nervous prostration and the government temporarily lose the services of a valued official.

### LITERARY NOTES

"Self Culture" for November is another capital number of that splendid magazine. Its attractive make-up and illustrations are quite in keeping with the excellence of the articles it contains. They are of singular variety and power. About twenty complete essays ranging from 10 to 50 pages are contained in this number. Besides these, the various departments are particularly interesting, and the editorial work very strong. All readers of magazines should see this publication. The West Co., Akron, Ohio. \$1 per year, 10c per copy.

### ARCHDEACONRY OF PETERBORO'

The fifth annual conference of the Archdeaconry of Peterboro was held at Fort Hope on Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 8 and 9. Rev. C. H. Shortt of Toronto conducted a devotional meeting, and the evening sermon was preached by Rev. Canon Farncomb. The subject of "Christian Socialism" evoked a good discussion. Rev. C. H. Shortt and G. Warren made strong addresses on the principles of Christian socialism. "India as a mission field" was ably treated by Rev. R. Bateman for many years a missionary in the Punjab, and Mr. R. Macdonald, of the India civil service. "The clergyman's and layman's part in divine service" was discussed by Revs. W. J. Creighton, E. Soward, Judge Benson and Mr. Barlow Cumberland. "Quiet days" was the subject of papers by Revs. Westmacott and Burgess, and "Preaching" by Ven. Archdeacon Allen. Rev. J. H. Talbot and Rev. W. H. French. The following officers were elected to the Archdeaconal council:—Rural Deans Allen, H. Marsh and C. Lord, and Messrs. R. Max Dermostoun, William Grace, Inspector Knight and R. Macdonald. Rev. H. Symonds was re-elected secretary-treasurer.

### A FEW REMARKS ON HENS

To the Editor of The Watchman.  
SIR,—That what's the matter. Why can't our council pass a by-law to impound hens? They are much more of a nuisance than cattle and worse than pigs for scratching in your garden. As soon as the bed is made your neighbors' hens come straight, and crooked too, under the fence and over the gate, and seem to delight in undoing the work that has been done. If the council could be held responsible for the profanity used, I think none of them would ever get to heaven. Really, Mr. Editor, I want you to use your powerful pressure to pass a hen by-law.  
ANTI-HEN.

### ACADEMY OF MUSIC

The largest house of the season greeted the "Trip to Cootown" company on Monday night. Not much better show, in its class, could be seen. Its object was mainly to make people laugh and in that respect was a great success. The situations and dialogues were always comical and at times exceedingly so. The singing for the most part was capital. Some very difficult feats of balancing deserved the reception they got. The closing tableau of an approaching warship was a very effective production. An occasional cheer for gallant applause only served to put the audience on 'e's good terms with their female entertainers.

### A SAMPLE

Different people have different ideas of what a newspaper is for. Some of those ideas are very complimentary to a publisher, while others give him a high opinion, neither of himself, his calling nor the person who entertains such ideas. The following communication fills us with the latter humiliating sentiments:

"Will you kindly publish the following lines in your paper. In doing so you will greatly oblige the undersigned. We don't know whether the dark young man of Kent-west who held the umbrella so closely over his young lady's face on Victoria-ave. last Sunday evening, was afraid of the piercing ray of the electric light or some other divining power, but we trust that in the future if he doesn't want either of their faces seen to avoid public thoroughfares and keep further north. "ONE WHO SAW."

The above is published merely as an example of the sort of material that finds its way into a newspaper office. In this case the writer is apparently a resident of Lindsay, but when some of our country correspondents read it they will probably be able to see how foolish such things sound and save us a good deal of trouble, both in cutting their items and explaining to offended subscribers.

### RECEPTION TO JUDGE HARDING

Yesterday morning John E. Harding, the newly-appointed junior judge of Victoria county, was formally welcomed by the members of the local bar. Members of the county council and other county officials were also present. The following members of the legal fraternity were in attendance. His honor Judge Dean, John McSweeney, pres. of the law society, A. P. Devlin, county attorney and Messrs. F. D. Moore, H. O'Leary, R. J. McLaughlin, Alex. Jackson, Thos. Stewart, D. R. Anderson, Wm. Steers, F. A. McDiarmid, L. V. O'Connor, M. Kennedy, I. E. Weldon, N. McMurchy and C. E. Weeks of Woodville. President McSweeney delivered the address of welcome in an extremely happy fashion. Mr. Devlin followed briefly and Judge Harding rose to reply. He expressed pleasure at hearing such hearty words of welcome; assured the assembly that his first impressions both of the appearance of Victoria county and the character of its legal talent were highly satisfactory, and anticipated the most pleasant and cordial relations with every member of the bar in discharging his duties. His Honor Judge Dean made a characteristic speech, full of wit and wisdom. The "good old days" of twenty-five years ago were fondly remembered and incidents of the intervening period related to illustrate his honor's experience as judge during that period. The junior members of the fraternity were made the subject of several good-natured pleasantries and encouraging remarks.

### BIRTHS

EDGAR—On the 4th, in Bobcaygeon, the wife of Alfred J. Edgar, of a son.  
SHAW—In the township of Emily, on Thursday, Nov. 3rd, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Shaw, a son.  
PEPPER—At Lindsay, Nov. 12th, the wife of Mr. Wm. Pepper, of a son.

### MARRIAGES

BLAIN—CLARK—In South Edmonton, N.W.T., on Oct. 25th, by the Rev. E. C. Gallup, Mr. James W. Blain to Miss Mary Clark.  
EDWARDS—FEE—In Lindsay, on Tuesday, the 15th inst., by the Rev. T. Manning, B.A., Mr. Ernest Edwards and Miss Augusta Fee.

### DEATHS

FALLS—On the 10th, in Bobcaygeon, Wm. Falls, aged 74 years.  
CASEY—At the residence of her husband, in the township of Minden, on Sunday, 6th inst., Elizabeth Ann, wife of Mr. Robt. Casey, in the 63rd year of her age.  
MCDUGALL—Tuesday, Nov. 8th, Malcolm McDougall, con. 4, Brock.  
FAIRMAN—Wednesday, Nov. 9, at lot 3, con. 10, Mariposa, Palena Johnston, wife of James Fairman, aged 73 years, 1 month and 28 days.

WILLIS—At lot 3, con. 14, Brock, Wednesday, Nov. 9, Edward Willis, aged 82 years, 6 months and 6 days.

NICHOLS—In Lindsay, on Nov. 8th, Charles Nichols, infant son of James and Lizzie Nichols, aged 10 months.

MCINTYRE—At Cambray, on Nov. 16th, 1893, Donald McIntyre, aged 56 years.

### Nearly Played Out

One Sunday not long ago the minister of a small country parish in Scotland had the misfortune to forget his sermon and did not discover his loss till he reached the church. The congregation being already assembled, he was in a sorry plight. Suddenly an idea struck him. He went for John, the beadle, and instructed him to give out Psalm cxix (containing 176 verses), while he hurried home for his sermon. On his journey back to the church he saw the faithful beadle standing at the church door, waving his arms and shouting at him. On reaching the door he exclaimed: "Are they singing yet, John?" "Aye, sir," replied John, "they're at it yet, but they're chirping like sparrows."—London Judy.

### Snakes in Australia.

There are five kinds of venomous snakes in Victoria—the tiger snake, the black snake, the brown snake, the copperhead and the death adder. The last mentioned is very rare in Victoria and very venomous. It is about two feet long, very thick in proportion to its length, of a dull brown color, and with a flat, wide head. The strangest thing about it is that many people believe its sting is contained in the tail.—Chambers' Jour

### THE FASHION.

Diversity of Elements Which Make up the Prevailing Style.  
The costumes of a dozen different national epochs and of as many nations contribute their different items to the present fashionable wardrobe. Something and something there is selected, an



CLOTH BODICE.

adopted from yonder, and all unite in combination where new relations appear and the original character of each is lost. The floating gauzes, rich embroideries and curiously cut boleros of the east appear in combination with the ribbons and brocades of the Louis Quinze period and the draperies of the empire, nobody criticises. The chronological and geographical confusion. To these are sufficiently varied elements of the prevailing fashion will soon be added Russian, Chinese, and so-called weather-funs simultaneously approach. Among the most fashionable furs sable still has a prominent place, and mouflon, blue and astrakhan are also in favor. Bands of fur are to replace the ruffles of puffings and stitched straps which have been used to head fionnes and cut revers, vests, etc. A charming novelty is a sort of galloon composed of the time possible bands of fur alternating with bands of silk, satin or velvet in rich colors.

An illustration is given of a short-sleeved bodice of Russian green angora cloth. It is closed by a double row of black passementerie olives and is finished by stitching. The pink collar is lined with puffings of valis mousseline de soie. The close sleeves flare at the wrists, which they are decorated with two olives.

### VARIOUS NOTES.

Fashions For Weddings and Other Occasions of Interest.  
A bride's gown should always be high at the neck and very long at the wrists, the sleeves having a flaring extending over the hand or pointing deep frill of lace or mousseline de soie. Although the top of the sleeve is now usually quite plain and flat, the length of



VISITING COSTUME.

train of a wedding gown makes it necessary that the shoulders should be widened by a little trimming. As the back of the gown is usually before the eyes of the company, care must be taken to make it as pleasing as possible. A flaring collar, a decorative, should be avoided, a tight collar being worn with bows, points or a row of lace nesting next the hair. Some pretty models of wedding gowns are seen in which the skirt and bodice are separate. The skirt has a circular design and a plain, round train, the bodice being under a belt of ribbon or mousseline de soie with long ends at the back on the left side. Lace kid gloves continue to be worn more than suede, and the favorite shades are pearl gray, puffy, ivory, etc. and white.

Black hosiery is still in favor for general wear, although with evening and ceremonious toilets both stockings and shoes are chosen to match the gown. Colored kid shoes with black patent leather trimmings are an attractive novelty. Feather trimmings, both in the form of bands and in embroideries or strings, are much employed. The picture illustrates a costume of pearl gray cashmere. The skirt has a slight train and is adorned with a row of straps of the material, which form a decorative design at the sides. Three jeweled buttons are placed at the lower part of the front. The tight coat has no seam in the middle of the back. It opens over a row of oyclamen velvet in front and has revers to match. The collar is lined with velvet, and there is a velvet cravat. Buttons decorate the coat fronts.