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What a pretty lot of Scribblers and Exercise Books

Porter has for School Opening. Big books and good paper. For all your School Supplies go to

PORTER'S BOOKSTORE.

Where you get big value for your money.

The Watchman.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30th, 1894.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Fire or Water, Which?
To the Editor of the Watchman.

Sir—Ratepayer admits that burning off in large quantities will be offensive, but not in the amount contained in a family vault. Now, there are 1,000 families in Lindsay. Multiply the malodor of one such vault by 1,000, and the result will be what I stated, either a periodical large stench or a continuous minor permeation of the air with foul odors, which will render the vault system a public nuisance. This stench is such an objection to the fire system that when the contents of privies are dried in public evaporators, the offensive gases are made to pass through the fire again before being emitted into the air. Another difficulty is the practical one of the proper enforcement of necessary regulations, a difficulty that lessens the utility of the dry earth system, which would be a much better system for such a town as Lindsay. The fire system makes no provision for the destruction of liquid refuse and house slops as the dry earth method does; and neither plan is of service for the removal of cellar and underground waters, both of which factors of disease are removed by a system of sewers like that recommended for our town. Ratepayer suggests the addition of dry earth to the fire-vault contents, probably for the purpose of soaking up the liquids, but this addition makes the combustion of the mass more difficult. It would tax even Ratepayer's ingenuity to burn such a compound of earth and excrement with a "fire of crude kerosene or light wood," in so cramped a chamber, but how he is going to burn such a mass by superimposing the combustibles passes my comprehension. The construction and management of a miniature furnace for such a purpose in every household is out of the question as a matter of practical sanitation. How is it that so obvious a system has not come into general use? Because a thing is new it should not be condemned, but the novelty of this plan seems to show that it has not been considered workable by the many thoughtful men who have made the disposal of sewage the study of their lives.

A sewerage system is the one best suited to our wants. It is the plan most approved by boards of health in every civilized land. It is its defects to be sure, and it is liable to occasional trouble through careless construction and defective materials, but it must be the care of the authorities to provide against them. Reasonable objections against the system are few in number, but they are not those Ratepayer mentions.

What are Ratepayer's objections to a sewerage system? (1) Improper construction of Lindsay dwellings which are said not to be frostproof. But this objection wants force. Very many of the older houses in town are frostproof; few new ones of any moderate cost are not; and many houses in town are now fitted up with furnaces in the cellars. In fact the houses of those who are able and willing to pay for sewerage are quite fitted for it in point of construction. (2) The dangers of the escape of contagion from sewers into houses. Ratepayer says, "My reference to the dangers of sewer-gas is not intended to show that sewers do not destroy germs, whilst dry-earth and an occasional fire effectually do it." Ratepayer said nothing whatever about sewer-gas. What he said was this, "contagions continually issue from sewers through some defect of plumbing." He made the mistake of confounding sewer-gas with contagion. Sewer-gas is not contagion and does not cause contagious disease. The authorities say that in certain cases contagions may arise from sewers through the drying out of traps during non-occupancy of dwellings or through non-usage or neglect of water closets. I can assure your correspondent it is no "easy assertion" to say that it has never been proved that contagious germs escape from sewers into houses. On the contrary this is the teaching of sanitarians. Cases have arisen where it seemed likely that the sewer was the cause of the contagious disease, but many such alleged cases have been founded on conjecture only, and are non-conclusive from fallacies in theory as well as being explainable on other grounds. These accidents, if due to faulty plumbing are avoidable and can be prevented in Lindsay. "Sewers do not destroy germs." I presume contagious disease is here referred to, and the statement is denied by nobody. Germs of contagious disease should be destroyed by germicides before being thrown in sewers. That is the law. "Dry-earth and fire destroy them." Fire destroys them, but dry-earth does not. Dry-earth is only a deodorizer and absorbent, it has no germicide property whatever. (3) Pollution of the Scougog. This seems to be the great objection, because Scougog water used by cattle will affect milk, butter and cheese injuriously. This is an "easy assertion." To what extent will dairy products be affected? How many cows are crowded along the Scougog? What special germs in sewage will injure them? Pouring sewage into the river is said to be another potent cause of danger, for germs of contagious disease will rise

into the air by evaporation and be carried over the town by wind, fog, etc. Let those timorous souls who fear wholesale migrations of poisonous germs from that stagnating pool, the Scougog, borne on the wings of Zephyrus the West wind, or encircled in the white mantle of the Fog Goddess, let these gentle souls be calm. Germs do not rise up in that way. The germ theory does not say so, nor do sanitarians. They stay in the water and cling to moist surfaces, and in the manner stated will never be a danger. (4) The determination in certain quarters to push the scheme. There should be no chance for boodling in this matter. The council will probably appoint commissioners to superintend the construction and management of the system, men who will be a guarantee that the people's money is well spent. (5) The great cost of sewerage and the resultant increase of taxes. The people now pay a large tax in doctor bills and the lives of their friends, who in a more salubrious location than Lindsay would live longer lives. The benefits that come of sewerage are well worth the cost. Among these are dry cellars, a dry clean soil, better well water, an easy and useful method of disposing of closet refuse, kitchen slops and surface water.

Money to Loan.

Apply at R. G. CORNELL'S Insurance office.—22.

Is Labor Day a Legal Holiday?

Is Monday, September 3rd, a legal holiday, or is it only a day set by the labor associations? If a legal holiday, when was it so decided? LABOR. In accordance with his promise to the labor delegation, Sir John Thompson last session introduced a bill, which is now law, making the first Monday in September, known as Labor Day, a legal holiday, so that it must be observed by banks and all public institutions.—Empire.

Little Local Lines.

—Bananas, choice, 15 cts. per dozen, at ANDERSON'S fruit and confectionary store.—34.
—The Lindsay cricket club defeated Whitby by a score of 121 to 77 on Friday last. It was a great game.
—Little Britain's civic holiday (Thursday) was a great success. Salem defeated Valentia by a score of 17 to 1.
—A damaging fire took place at Beaver-ton last Thursday and destroyed the office of the Express, Oddfellows' hall and other buildings.
—All seasonable fruits, apples, pears, peaches, plums, bananas, etc., fresh and nice at T. ANDERSON'S restaurant.—33-3.
—Mr. J. P. Ryley erected the frame for his new factory last Thursday, and work is now being pushed rapidly forward.
—Under new regulations the post office is closed at 7 p.m. and does not re-open until 8.10 p.m. when it remains open until 8.30.

—William Mark, of Valentia, was hit fair in the eye with a ball during the baseball match at Little Britain last Thursday, and knocked senseless.

—The building on the site of the old Queen's hotel is nearing completion, and it will be a short time until the premises will be occupied by the Rathburn firm.

—Woodville is to have a lively lacrosse match on Tuesday Sept. 4th next, between the club of that place and Lindsay. There will also be a grand concert in the evening a benefit to the lacrosse club.

—In answer to the silent prayer of hundreds of correspondents, as well as the entire farming community, a heavy rain set in yesterday afternoon, accompanied by heavy thunder and vivid lightning.

—A public meeting will be called for next Thursday evening, Sept. 6th, to discuss the proposed by-law to raise \$25,000 for a general sewerage system. Every ratepayer should be present.

—The Sons of Scotland of Kirkfield, will hold a grand picnic on Monday, Sept. 3rd. Athletic sports, cricket match, tug-of-war, highland fling and a contest with the "pipers" will furnish a grand day's sport, and will conclude with a grand concert in the evening.

—Monday Sept. 3rd, is a holiday and Lindsay citizens will chiefly avail themselves of the cheap excursion to Chemong Park and Crowley's Island, under the auspices of Lindsay Lodge No. 100. Independent order of Oddfellows and the St. Vincent de Paul society respectively.

—A Co-Operative Colony.

A large number of people in Vancouver B.C., are interested in the scheme to found a co-operative colony which is more directly the idea of the Vancouver Co-operative Club. It is understood that the choice of a suitable locality for this co-operative colony, has already been made, but it is not proposed to specify the same until a later date. However, it may be said that its situation and resource will afford peculiar facilities or future development, and the promoters of the scheme are sanguine as to the result. About a dozen pioneers will leave before long and prepare the ground for the settlers by erecting a number of houses and clearing up a little land, and there is very little doubt but that many settlers will go out next spring and apply themselves to the cultivation of the soil. Agriculture is not the only field of labour to which the promoters look for a large return. It is expected that in the course of time, mills, fisheries, blacksmiths' shops, stores, and even canneries may ultimately be opened up. A cordial invitation is extended to all desirous of joining the colony, for it is the intention of the promoters to give everybody a share in the benefits of the colony. Active arrangements are already being made for the purchase, the supplies, hard ware, ploughs, etc., and their seems no prospect for any subsequent hitch in the proceedings.

Fond Mother—Why, Jane, you let the baby swallow that pin.
Jane—Yes, mum, but it was a safety pin.

THE INVASION OF CHINA

And the Sacking of the City of Peking

IS WHAT THE JAPS GLAMOR FOR.

Seizure of a British-Built Jap Cruiser—China Declares Korea's King Proclaim His Independence Under Pressure—The Steamer Cam's Violation of the Neutrality Laws.

London, Aug. 27.—Despatches from Yokohama say that the Japanese war fever is at a white heat, and that the people are demanding a quick hard blow at the heart of China. Everybody there is eager to see all Japan's land forces concentrated and marched against Peking. Central News advices from Shanghai state that Gen. Yulai, the military governor of the Province of Shing King, is supposed to have been appointed High Commissioner of the North and Governor-General to assist the Viceroy Li Yunai, formerly Chinese resident in Corea, has been given command of the Chinese forces and will at once proceed to the seat of war.

One hundred more Japanese have left Shanghai for their own country and the United States Consul is using his utmost endeavors to persuade those remaining to depart, fearing their presence may cause complaint and endanger the safety of the city. Capt. Hanekin, formerly aide on the staff of Viceroy Li Hsinzhang, has been appointed assistant to Admiral Ting, commander of the Chinese fleet. Six thousand Japanese troops were landed at Chemulpo on the 22nd inst. The Chinese fleet left Port Arthur for Wei-Hai-Wei on the 22nd inst.

Battle At Ping Yang Discredited.—The despatches received by the Chinese Legation up to noon to-day have contained no mention of a Chinese victory at Ping Yang. At the Japanese Legation officials say the report of such a victory was circulated probably by the Peking Government to facilitate the war loan.

Proclaimed His Independence Under Pressure.—

London, Aug. 28.—A special from Berlin to The Standard says China is about to address a note to the powers protesting against the King of Corea declaring his independence in several of the powers are likely to recognize the independence of the protest, because they are certain that the declaration was made under Japanese compulsion after the King was captured, and that it was antedated to make it appear voluntary.

British-Built Jap Cruiser Seized At Aden.—Aden, Aug. 27.—The cruiser Tatsuta, which recently left the Tyne, England, presumably to join the Japanese fleet in the east, has been detained here by English authorities.

ABOUT THE STEAMER CAM.

She is Said to Have Violated the Neutrality Laws.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The Chinese Government may want some explanations relative to the clearance of the steamer Cam from the port of New York last week. A reckoning with England may come later.

For the past month shipments of arms have been made from the United States via the port of Vancouver, B.C., to some where. The Chinese Government has followed its usual rule of vigilance and silence. It knows the number of small arms sent across the seas, the consignor and the consignee. But these transshipments were not so quiet as they should have been. They did not in themselves constitute an unfriendly act or violate the neutrality laws so far as the United States was affected. The munitions of war referred to were simply sent to Montreal. They were re-shipped in bulk by way of the Canadian Pacific and the line of steamships carrying mail from Vancouver to Nagasaki most probably. All the arms have been well known to Mr. Young, the Minister here. But never have the neutrality laws as agreed upon by France and Austria been openly violated, as the Chinese Legation believe they have been in the clearance of the steamer Cam. The Chinese Minister has telegraphed for specific instructions. When he gets them he will act.

Meantime Attorney-General Olney is reported to have told a great cartridge-making concern in Connecticut that the United States laws were not violated by sending munitions of war to Japan via Canada, "though it would be just as well for you not to know of their final destination," added our highest law officer. The steamer Cam was openly loaded with a consignment of small arms, cartridges, and Hotchkiss batteries and said to make a portion of her cargo. She was openly cleared for somewhere, and her destination is undoubtedly known to the collector of the Port of New York. China will make her case—if she makes any—upon the evidence of United States officials, and if a case is made it will be a bad day for the Americans doing business in the Celestial Empire, like Russell & Co., and the big tea houses of Shanghai. China seems to have just awakened to a sense of her power. She knows that the sympathy of the United States, France, and probably Russia is with Japan.

The Western nations—viz., America and England—have insisted upon a compliance of China with their laws. We have done so. Now let these nations obey the laws they themselves have made," said an attaché of the Chinese Legation to-day.

But whatever may be the views of the Chinese Government regarding the departure of the steamer Cam with munitions considered there has been any violation of the neutrality laws. The right of American merchants to sell munitions of war to either of the belligerents is not questioned, now that war has been formally declared by both Japan and China. The steamer Cam was fitted out as a fighting ship and officered and manned by Americans, the case would be different, and steps would doubtless be taken to prevent her departure.

Why He Did Not Sign.—President Cleveland's Views On the Tariff Bill.

NOT AN HONEST REFORM MEASURE

The Bill An Improvement On Present Conditions—Supplementary Legislation In Line Of Democratic Aspirations Hoped For—Importance of Free Raw Materials Dwelt Upon—The Trusts and Combines Which Defeated Honest Tariff Reform Will Not Be Forgotten Or Forgiven.

Washington, Aug. 28.—President Cleveland has written the following letter to Representative Catchings (Miss.), in which he sets forth his views of the new tariff laws and gives his reasons for not approving the bill: Executive Mansion, Washington, Aug. 27, 1894.

My Dear Sir,—Since the conversation I had with you and Mr. Clarke of Alabama a few days ago in regard to my action upon the Tariff bill, now before me, I have given the subject further and most serious consideration. The result is, I am more settled than ever in the determination to allow the bill to become a law without my signature.

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STOVES! STOVES!

We have just received a large stock of those celebrated

ART GARLAND GOAL STOVES

and now have the largest and best assorted stock of Coal and Wood Stoves in the county, and Price the Lowest, also the largest stock of Tinware outside of Toronto, also a fine assortment of Stoves Fitting.

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KENT STREET, LINDSAY

YARN, HOSIERY, WOOLLENS

Including 35 different kinds of Yarns, warranted equal to the home-made, (same system used in manufacturing). Also Men's Stockings, Ladies' and Children's Hosiery from 5c. per pair up to \$2.00 per pair, Indian Blankets \$2 per pair, Sheetings union and all wool, single and double width. Full-cloth, Tweed, Shirtings, Underwear, Cheek Horse Blanket, Robe linings all at prices which none can give except the manufacturers.

Be sure and buy all your WOOLEN SUPPLIES from Headquarters.

No commissions or other expenses to add to the price of goods. Work and manufacturing the year round. Custom weaving a specialty.

HORN BROS.

LINDSAY WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS

FURS

FOR SEASON 94

FAIRWEATHER & CO.

Are preparing for the coming season an elegant line of Fur Garments to the need of the public, all of which will be sold strictly according to the firm's representations, as they are guaranteed by them. Among the "Sellers in Furs" this year, will be Jackets from 22 to 28 inches in length made from Grey Lamb, Astrakhan, Otter, Beaver and Seal. These garments will be in great demand this year, as will also be the case with Capes in all the above named furs and in various lengths and styles. Fairweather and Co.'s line of Capes is not surpassed for attractiveness, elegance and variety of style.

Small Furs such as Muffs, Neck Scarfs and Trimmings in all assortment as to styles and materials will be shown in great variety. Their lines of Robes and Rugs comprise all Furs used for these purposes. Bear, Wolf, Goat (grey and black) Buffalo.

For men's wear, Fur Driving Coats in Coon, Hair Seal, Mutton, Russian Dog, etc. Caps, Gloves, Gauntlets. With their immense stock of skins and extensive facilities in designing and manufacturing garments, they are in a position to execute special orders in the best and most prompt manner.

Fairweather and Co. make no stock but furnish guaranteed goods at the way from the costliest down to the figures.

Fairweather & Co. received this season's Hats and Caps for the Fall Trade.

The largest and most complete stock of Men's Hard and Soft Felt Hats ever shown in Lindsay.

See their fine display of Young Men's Caps, Children's Tams, etc. Hats and Caps in all colors.

Remember the address: No. 96 Kent Street, Lindsay.

It cures Catarrh in the Head—perfectly and permanently—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform should be exhorted to continue

the struggle boldly, challenging to open warfare and constantly guarding against the treachery and half-heartedness in their camp.

Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interest and to the benefit of a patient and long-suffering people.

Yours Truly, GROVER CLEVELAND.

FIRE AT THE JUDGES. Sensational Scene At the Trial of a Social Democrat in Berlin.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—A Social Democrat miner named Loetz was convicted in the Essen Criminal Court to-day of having insulted a royal official and was sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment. As soon as the sentence was pronounced he drew a revolver. The judges fled and he fired two shots at them, but without hitting them. Then he turned to kill himself. He was overpowered by court officials before he could do more. Nobody was injured.

—Don't forget T. ANDERSON'S new stand, three doors west of Dobson's, when you want a tasty luncheon.—33-3.

BEAUTIFUL SLEEP —is an expression used for sound sleep. Nothing is so gratifying to the nerves, heart, and head, as perfect sleep—a companion of good digestion and a healthy liver. A tired digestion fails to assimilate, or take care of, the food we eat. Something bracing or invigorating is needed for the liver, stomach, and intestines.

This is where you will find Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets do the most good. They are tiny, sugar-coated pills, scarcely larger than mustard seed, made of concentrated botanical extracts. These "Pellets" are easily dissolved in the stomach and absorbed into the blood, stimulating a flow of bile from the liver, and arousing to activity all the glandular secretions. Thus they act in nature's own way.

They're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded, in all Bilious Attacks, in Sick Headache, Constipation, Dizziness, and Indigestion.

Remember the address: No. 96 Kent Street, Lindsay.

THOS. ARMSTRONG

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To days read mac enab out at Thu you h of year Wed



ings, Brooches, Pins &c —many are cheaper than ever.

S. J. PETT

86 KENT STREET.

Excursion Steamer COLUMBIAN, SEASON 1894.

This fast, roomy and comfortable steamer has been much improved this season and is now open for Excursions to all available points connecting with the T. Railway, viz.—Lakefield, Chemong, Shelton Falls, Lindsay, etc., to Young's Point, Stony Lake, Lovelock, Burleigh, Mackhorn, Chemong Park, Jacob's Island, Massdale, etc. Excursions will also be taken round the lakes from Lakefield to Chemong, Lakefield to Lindsay or Chemong to Lindsay.

W. McCAMUS & CO., Proprietors, Bobcaygeon.

FARM FOR SALE.

Half of Lot No. 19, concession A. Mariposa, 100 acres, situated one mile from Valentia, with outbuildings and orchard. For particulars apply to the owner, MRS. WM. ALLISON, Fenton Falls, Ont.

THE MAN

who wants to keep his appointments, who wants to be on time, finds it profitable to have his watch and clock repairing done at BRITTON BROTHERS.

Our facilities for doing this kind of work are not equalled elsewhere in the county. First-class work is by far the cheapest and most satisfactory.

Save your time and money, and bring your timepieces to us for repair when

YOU WANT IT DONE RIGHT.

BRITTON BROTHERS.

WEDDING PRESENTS. Beautiful Goods, suitable for the occasion.

ENGAGEMENTS RINGS. The newest and most exquisite styles.

WEDDING RINGS. Our own make, stamped "B. Bros.," guaranteed Perfect.

MARRIAGE LICENSES. At the same place.

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