

DUNDAS & FLAVELLE BROS.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Received this week Invoices of Foreign Goods from PARIS; Invoices of

FRENCH CHALLIES

From Halifax, England Crossley's Celebrated

TAPESTRY and BRUSSELS CARPETS,

Union and Wool Carpets, Beautiful Goods, 35 and 50 cents.

From Manchester, England,

NEW - PRINTS

From Belfast, Ireland,

LINENS, TABLE LINENS, TOWELS AND TOWELLING.

Every weeks steamer brings us new goods, bought direct from the best manufacturers in the old world
---BETTER GOODS and LOWER PRICES.

DUNDAS & FLAVELLE BROS.

LINDSAY MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE LINDSAY WATCHMAN.

LINDSAY, ONT., March 3rd, 1892.

Fall Wheat per bushel, old.	\$0 84 to 0 00
Fyfe do do	0 00 to 0 89
Spring do	0 00 to 0 84
Goose do do	0 00 to 0 75
Flour, new process	2 20 to 2 40
Flour, mixed, roll	2 40 to 2 60
Strong bakers	2 45 to 2 65
Barley, per bushel	42 to 0 55
Peas, do	0 00 to 0 58
Peas, large do	0 70 to 0 90
Oats, do	0 00 to 0 28
Potatoes per bushel	0 25 to 0 31
Hay, per ton	6 00 to 8 00
do extra Prime	0 00 to 0 00
Shorts per ton	17 00 to 19 00
Lambskins	0 50 to 0 60
Sheepskins, pelts	0 50 to 0 60
Live Hogs	0 00 to 5 00
Flax seed per 100	2 00 to 3 00
Dressed Hogs, per 100lb.	4 50 to 5 00
Rye	0 00 to 0 75
Bran per ton	16 00 to 18 00
Mixed Chop	1 10 to 1 20
Screenings	90 to 1 00
Alsike Clover	7 00 to 8 00
Red Clover	3 75 to 4 25
Timothy Seed	1 50 to 2 00
Coru Chop	1 75 to 1 85
Oat Chop	1 20 to 1 30
Pea Chop	1 20 to 1 30

MARKETS.

The Daily Trade Bulletin has the following to say of barley in Chicago: Buyers have had rather the best side of the market the past week. More barley came on sale, receipts aggregating 329 cars. There was not at the same time a corresponding gain in demand. In the offerings there was rather a larger percentage of western fair but somewhat unsound goods. In view of increased offerings bids were reduced. A reduction of 2 to 3c in value stimulated buying, but only briefly, for buyers getting what they wanted were again disposed to hold off. Low grade, feed barley, also was weaker, besides being harder to sell. Exports have fallen off materially. This class of barley has been used for this purpose mainly. Late reports from English markets—where this barley has mainly gone—cite a very slow trade, with plenty of this, together with cheap feeding grain of other kinds offered, so as to cause weakness. This accounts for late falling off in exports and decrease in demand from abroad. Sound and good to best malting barley was not so plenty as the understrata of medium grades, still there was enough of it for all needs, and this also

ruled easy, with some concessions necessary to sell; still price changes were not so marked as these before mentioned. All classes of buyers have taken hold with moderation. Fair, but a little unsound, such as sold a week ago at around 40 to 41c declined the past week at 35 to 38c, and low grade poor feed barley was quotable at 30 to 33c, but there was little of it on sale, hence no sales of account made. Sound, according to color, weight and other conditions, ranged at 42 to 50c outside, very nice goods. The better selected cars brought 52 to 55c, with occasionally a car sold for a shade more. The trade in screenings was dull. Some cars on the market so very poor that they were not cared for at all. Good clean goods, however, were saleable. The range was anywhere from \$6 per ton to \$11. Some very choice Wisconsin to arrive brought 60c.

EFFECTS OF FORESTS

JOHN CRAIC.

Horticultural to Experimental Farms before Agricultural Committee of House of Commons.

The effects of forestry on the climate of a country are nearly all beneficial; such as more equal distribution of rainfall. This is one of the most important points to be considered; another is the regulation of the temperature, by this I mean prevention in a measure of extremes, the possibilities of a sudden rise or fall in the temperature—changes so frequent in the prairie districts—may be lessened. Then again evaporation from the soil is very much reduced. There is a vast difference between the condition on the surface of the bare and uncovered soil, and the soil on the forest floor. A forest floor serves the purpose of a sponge in collecting and holding the moisture which comes down in the form of rain. The fine root system of the trees assists in drawing up moisture from below. As the rain falls it collects around and within these forest centres which hold and give it up gradually, thus obviating spring torrents and summer freshets. Another important point which has not been sufficiently emphasised in connection with forest influence is the prevention of the strong force of the winds, with their great evaporating power. The evaporating power of the wind is generally in direct proportion to its velocity. The greater the velocity the stronger its evaporating power. The evaporating power of the wind is generally in direct proportion to its velocity. The greater the velocity the stronger its evaporating power. Thus we can see the value of shelter belts. The more protection we have, in the way of shelter belts the less sweeping

winds we have, and the moisture is taken less rapidly from the soil. There is no doubt that as soon as we can get in the Northwest a sufficient amount of forest area to mitigate to some extent the force of the winds, we will have a much less rapid evaporation and much more favorable conditions, for fruit culture and agricultural operations generally.

Q. By Mr. McGregor. Would that affect gardens to—A. Certainly. It would act in the direction of preventing the direct action of the sun's rays, and be of great assistance at the time of seed germination in the spring as very frequently the first growing of garden seed is much disturbed by spring winds. Among the most promising varieties of forest trees for giving quick shelter, I wish to draw your attention to a class destined to be one of great service in the Northwest, I refer to the testing of a large number of fast growing willows and poplars which have from time to time been introduced from East Europe and the plains, and steppe country of Russia. We have now growing at the Central Farm raised from cuttings several thousands of these willows and poplars which will be increased as rapidly as possible. They are a remarkably fast growing hardy race of trees. We have already tested them at a few points in the North-West in small quantities, and they have given every indication of hardiness and success. We are now making arrangements to continue the work of distributing next year by sending a large selection of these to a number of points in Manitoba and the North-West. Among those which indicate great future usefulness are Populus Certinesis, Pop. Petrovsky, Salix acutifolia and Salix laurifolia. If we can introduce and establish at different points groves of these hardy fast-growing poplars and willows, and thus obtain a little shelter, we may hope a little later on to introduce some of the more tender and valuable sorts which are not able to withstand the rigors of the climate unprotected, and so by making a small beginning our woods may be gradually increased.

NEWS ITEMS.

During the past week there were 48 failures in Canada, as compared with 43 for the corresponding period last year.

The Right Rev. Spencer Richardson, bishop of the Reformed Episcopal Church of England, has become an insolvent.

The Dominion Government scored two more victories Saturday. Mr. Carling was

elected in London and Mr. Hearn in Quebec West.

The strike of the weavers in the Canada Cotton Company's mill at Cornwall has ended, the demands of the men having been acceded to.

Fifteen tramps made a descent upon Mound City, Ill., on Thursday, and so annoyed the shingard employes that they inflicted upon each of the intruders a severe flogging.

There are 173 Irish peers, out of which number 39 may still be regarded as large landed proprietors, being possessed of upwards 18,000 acres each, of an annual value of £14,000.

Acknowledgment.

The following is a list of subscriptions, which were collected some time since by Capt. Crandell for James Coombs, who unfortunately lost his house and contents by fire on the 3rd of December last:—

NAME	AMOUNT.
Geo Crandell	2 00
McIntyre & Stewart	2 00
Thomas Walters	2 00
Thomas McConnell	2 00
J. Riggs	1 00
R. G. Homs	25
J. M. Hurley	50
Fremont Crandell	1 00
J. P. Ryley	50
S. Perrin	50
F. C. Taylor	50
M. J. Carter	25
J. Killen	50
W. White	25
Tom Jones	25
A Campbell	25
Dr. Wilson	25
A. Higginbotham	25
From a Friend	25
Edward Benson	50
Sadler, Dundas & Co.	2 00
N. H. Cowdell	50
George Cary	50
Joseph Moxley	25
Robert A. Pogue	25
Jordan & Brother	50
John G. Pearson	50
A. W. Hetzger	25
Charles Bartlett	25
L. Harrow	50
John Dobson	2 00
E. Woods	50
W. G. Woods	50
Wm Galbraith	25
Fred Knowlson	50
Duncan Ray	25
Warner & Co.	1 00
W. E. Murphy	25
N. McFadden	25
J. G. Edwards	25
James Killen	25
George A. Metherell	25
J. Magwood	25
China Hall	25
H. P. D.	25
A. Primeau	50
John Robinson	25
J. W. Anderson	50
T. Ward	25
James Killen	50
C. E. Veitch	50
A. B. Terry	2 00
Paterson & Co.	2 00
Killaly and Kennedy	2 00
Rev. Mr. Wright, Clothing	1 50
Mrs. A. Mallon	4 00
	42 25

The Church Army, in connection with the Established Church of England, now has an income of £15,000 a year. A special cable says this large amount comes in the shape of pennies, a penny being the standard contribution.

A strange suicide is reported by the *Dublin Express*. A farmer named Ransford, of New Ross, let himself down a deep well by a bucket and rope and was drowned. The body was discovered by a girl bringing up a neckcloth in the bucket.

If the De Boucherville Government is sustained at the coming Quebec elections, it is reported that one of its first acts will be the arrest of Mr. Mercier and some of his supporters, on charges to be sustained out of the evidence given before the Baude des Chaleurs Commission.

Married.

OLIVER—HOLLER—At the Methodist parsonage, Lindsay, by the Rev. T. M. Campbell, on Saturday, Feb. 20th, Robt. Oliver to Victoria Alberta Holler, all of Mariposa.

HENRY—VANSTONE—On Wednesday, Feb. 24th, at the Methodist parsonage, Lindsay, by the Rev. T. M. Campbell, George Henry Pearce to Frederica Vanstone, all of Mariposa.

MARK—FERGUSON—On Wednesday, Feb. 24th, at the Methodist parsonage, Lindsay, by the Rev. T. M. Campbell, Philip Mark to Minnie Ferguson, all of Mariposa.

FARM FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE FARM WITHIN Two miles of Haliburton being composed of Lot No. 23 in the 5th concession of Dysart, containing 100 Acres, 60 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and in a good locality. There are on the place all necessary buildings in a good state of repair.

Apply for further information to Wm. BEAMISH, On the premises. Lindsay Dec. 30 1890-1-1f.

THE DAILY GAZETTE

MONTREAL. Will be sent to any address in Canada or the United States during the Present Session of the Dominion Parliament on receipt of

ONE DOLLAR

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SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

This GREAT COUGH CURE, this successful CONSUMPTION CURE, is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease CONSUMPTION, don't fail to use it, it will cure you or cost nothing. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster, 25 cts.

THE HEAD SURGEON

Of the Lubon Medical Company is now at Toronto, Canada, and may be consulted either in person or by letter on all chronic diseases peculiar to man. Men, young old, or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting from many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headache, pimples on the face or body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eye lids, and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc. are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity and death unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function was in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance may be permanently cured! Send your address for book on all diseases peculiar to man. Books sent free sealed. Heart disease, the symptoms of which are faint spells, purple lips, numbness, palpitation, skip beats, hot flushes, rush of blood to the head, dull pain in the heart with beats strong, rapid and irregular, the second heart quicker than the first, pain about the breast bone, etc., can positively be cured. No cure, no pay. Send for book. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonell Ave. Toronto, Canada.