AGRICULTURAL TOPICS.

Prof. Robertson Speaks.

Pro. J. W. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, is again in Ottawa. Speaking of his trip he says:

"I found Canadian cheese, butter, bacon and eggs growing in favor with importers and wholesale houses. I discovered that we are suffering from unfairness of treatment by the retailers putting our best products before their consuming customers as best English. Our Canadian producers do not get the extra price which is paid by the British consumers by reason of this deception. Not more than two thirds of the ten millions of dollars' worth of our cheese are ultimately sold to consumers. Almost no butcher owns to selling Conadian beef. He says: 'Canadian and American beef is sold only in the rough shops, where the cuts are cheap.' Of course, that is untrue and grossly unfair alike to the Canadian and English farmers. I observed a great and growing demand for fresh-made fine butter; the working classes (the multitudinous class who consume our products) are well enough off to pay for and buy only foods of fine flavor. They are now willing and able to pay for the delicacies in quality whereas they formerly purchased only the necessaries for barely comfortable subsistence. Our cold winter climate gives us unequalled advantage for the production of and the safe transportation of fancy butter.

"I learned of an ever-increasing call for Canadian-fed and Canadian-cured swine products. I was able to point out the superiority of quality which results from the fattening of swine (as in Canada) on mixed cereals, skim-milk, buttermilk and whey, over the bacons from the hogs fed on Indian corn.

"Eggs are wanted as nearly fresh as possible. It would pay to collect them from the farmers at least twice a week. The main cause of dissatisfaction and loss among shippers has arisen from the reclamations which have been made for spoiled eggs. We have also got past the period when the retailers expect particular bargains in Canadian eggs. The retailers always look for enormous profits of whatever new in name or appearance is offered to them. Poultry is wanted not only at Christmas time (when there is apt to be a glut if the weather be at all mild and soft), but on through January, February, March and until warm weather.

"The difference between the prices charged by the retailers for our best products, and the prices realized by the producers on the Canadian side, is out of reasonable proportion to the value of the services rendered in the distribution. I heard one of retail butcher who had made a million of dollars in a few years out of selling prime Canadian-fed beef as the 'best English.' Doubtless the customers who purchased from him got good value but a much larger share of what they did should have come to the pockets of our Canadian farmers. That is only one instance out of a large trade.

"I received from the largest retail dealer in provisions in the world an offer for our mammoth Canadian cheese which is to form the centre of the dairy pyramid at the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago. He has no less than 90 large shops in different parts of London, and shops in nearly every large city in Great Britain and Ireland. The price offered is one which will recoup the department for all the expenses of manufacturing the mammoth cheese. Besides, the purchaser, who is no other than the great Lipton, whose retail sales of tea reach 275 tons per week, undertakes to exhibit the cheese, free of expense to the department and without charge to the public, in every large city of commercial importance in Great Britain and Ireland. He will also spend $15,000 in advertising it as the largest cheese in the world. All this will call attention to the magnitude of the Canadian trade in cheese and make its excellence better known to the great masses of consumers."

Mr. Robertson gives an interesting account of his tour and the hearty welcomes he met, and dwells on the requirements of the British markets. He attended the great conference in London, called to consider the agricultural depression, and added: "I did not quite see daylight through the mist of some of the speeches. Every reference to production by the imposition of a tax upon all food products imported into Great Britain was received with vigorous applause. I do not think that the meeting represented the feeling of the British public or the expectation of the mass of the farmers or farm laborers upon that question."

—A horse with a tapering head, a broad, full place below the eyes, dished face and rounding nose cannot be trusted. The horse that turns back his ears till the points almost touch is sure to have something wrong. Never buy a long-legged stilty horse. The animal that has these points is pretty sure to be cowardly, vicious and not to be trusted.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

"For God and Home and Native Land."

The Model Temperance Committee.

By Miss Mary A. Coleman.

There is no department of Endeavor work of more practical importance than promoting the cause of temperance. Therefore, the Model Temperance Committee should have a high conception of its opportunity and obligation. It should give to its special work thoroughness, together with earnest, careful study, united believing prayer, and wise persistent effort, realizing that "the eyes of the Lord are in every place beholding the evil and the good," and that "when He comes He will bless us according to our works."

It is true that the fascination of drink keeps multitudes from Christ. The young, with whom is the chief work of the society, are in greatest danger. Certainly the only hope for the future of the church and state is in training the coming generation to be total abstainers, and to hate and oppose the drink evil.

There can be no permanently successful Endeavor work that neglects this department of effort. All earnest endeavor should be directed to make the impression that alcholic drinks injure the whole being, especially the mental and moral faculties, and above all, it debases and ruins the soul. Can we therefore wonder that God has sounded so many notes of warning in his word? Of all the manifold machinery invented by Satan, none has wrought so much evil as strong drink. It may well be called *the* curse. The home, the nation, the church, are alike invaded by it. Its ruinous work lies strewn o'er every clime, and its wrecks lie bleaching on every strand. Then ought we not pray and work for its removal?

Special effort should be made to awaken the enthusiasm in the cause of temperance. This enthusiasm may be promoted by social temperance meetings, held often enough to maintain interest, but not so frequently as to become wearisome. They should always be spirited and attractive. Lively singing, earnest prayers, short, effective talks are of great value.

Also the pledge is a most important factor in temperance work, yet it should be used with care. It is not a substitute for the grace of God in saving drunkards. Back of a promise to abstain must be an intelligent purpose. There is no salvation for the drunkard save through that one name "Jesus," "wherefore He is able to save them to the uttermost that come unto God by Him." None are too far gone to be saved by Almtghty grace.

While the duty of citizens in regard to the enactment and enforcement of right laws is not to be ignored, the chief opportunities of this organization are along the lines of instruction and rescue; furthermore, we know the main reliance must be upon personal effort. Whatever may be the value of suggestions as to methods of temperance work, the one thing essential is a conviction of its importance, and the consecration of time to search for the best way to do it. In conclusion, let us not expect the Model Temperance Committee to accomplish all in the great temperance work, but may each one of us faithfully do our part and "whatsoever we do, do it heartily as to the Lord and not unto men," believing that the full reward shall be bestowed in heaven where there is fullness of joy.

$25,000 IN REWARDS.

Seventh Half-Yearly Literary Competition of Canadian Agriculturist.

In accordance with their usual custom for some years past, the publishers of that old and reliable publication, The Canadian Agriculturist, now presents its 7th Great Half-Yearly Literary Competition for the winter of 1893, to the people of the United States and Canada. The following is the prize list.

1st Grand Prize	.....	$2,500 in Gold
2nd "	.....	2,000 in Gold
3rd "	.....	500 in Gold
4th "	.....	250 in Gold
5th "	.....	100 in Gold

5000 Elegant Silver Tea Services, Pianos, Organs, Gold Watches, &c., &c., making a total of over 10,000 prizes.

How to secure a Prize.—Take a few sheets of paper and make all the words you can out of letters contained in the "Columbian Exposition," and send them to us, enclosing one dollar for six months subscription to the Agriculturist or the Ladies' Home Magazine—two of the best monthlies in the world.

Rules—1. Foreign words not allowed. 2. Letters cannot be used ofterner than they appear in the two words, "Columbian Exposition." 3. Names of persons and places barred.

All lists containing over 100 correct words will receive a valuable special prize. Send postal card for list of prize winners in former competions. Address,

The Agriculturist Pub. Co.,
Peterborough, Canada.

THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Full text of His Excellency's Address at The Opening of the House.

Ottawa, Jan. 26.—The following is the full text of the address of His Excellency, Lord Stanley, at the opening of the House to-day.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons.

In meeting you at the commencement of another session of Parliament, it affords me pleasure to congratulate you on the continued progress which the history of the past year unfolds with regard to Canada. The increased trade, as illustrated by the exports and imports during the period for which the official returns have been prepared, has been most gratifying and that increase has continued down to the present time with promise that the volume of trade during the current year will exceed that of any year in the history of the Dominion.

The revenues of the country have likewise provided for all the services for which Parliament has made appropriation, and the operations of the operation of the Government railways has been less burdensome, as regards the difference between income and expenditure, than has been the case for a long term of years previously.

In Manitoba and the North-west Territories the increase in immigration has been decidedly encouraging both as regards the number of persons who have come from other countries and as regards the number of homestead entries made by settlers of all nationalities.

Measures have been taken to carry into effect the agreements arrived at with the United States on the subjects of the boundary of Alaska, boundary line in Passamaquoddy bay, and the prevention of destructive methods of fishing and the preservation and increase of fish life.

With regard to reciprocity in wrecking and towing, a correspondence has taken place which indicates that privileges are demanded for United States vessels in Canadian canals which were not anticipated; but it is not impossible that a satisfactory conclusion of the discussion may yet be reached.

During the recess a friendly conference took place between delegates from my Government and from the Government of Newfoundland on the questions which were pending between the two countries. It is hoped and expected that the interchange of views which then took place will be productive of beneficial results and lead to an amicable adjustment of these questions.

The statutes of 1887, relative to a department of trade and commerce and to the office of solicitor-general having been brought into into force, the appointments were made which were contemplated by the Acts.

It is to be regretted that the Government of the United States was unable to accept the suggestions made by my Government on the subject of canal tolls, and that the President should have thought it necessary to impose exceptional tolls on Canadians using the Sault Ste. Marie canal, which has so long been free to the people of both countries. My Government, while ready to consider in a friendly spirit any proposals which may be made by the Government of the United States, has caused efforts to be made to hasten the completion of the Canadian canal works, which will soon afford to the commerce of the Dominion a highway within our own country.

Measures will be laid before you for the improvement of the Franchise Act; for the improvement of the laws relating to the civil service and the superannuation of civil servants; for regulating the admission of evidence in causes and matters under control of the Parliament of Canada; for extending the system of voting by ballot to the North-west Territories; and for simplifying the laws relating to lands and land transfers in the territories.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons.

The public accounts of the past year and the estimates for the ensuing year will be laid before you without delay, and I trust it will be seen that ample provision may be made for the public service without increasing taxation.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons.

I have every confidence that all these matters will receive your best attention, and that your deliberations will keep in view, above all other considerations, the welfare and stability of the country.

His Excellency then retired and the assemblage slowly dispersed.

A Popular Competition.

The Publishers of the Ladies' Home Magazine present its great Winter Competition to the public of America. This Competition closes on April 30th, 1893.

Questions —1. Which is the longest book in the New Testament? 2. Which is shortest? 3. The longest verse? 4. The shortest?

How to Compete —Write the questions down, and follow with the answers. Mail this to us, together with $1 to pay for six months, subscription to the Ladies' Home Magazine—one of the best Home Magazines of the day, and if your answers are correct you will receive one of the following prizes: $1,000 in gold; $500 in gold; $250 in gold; $100 in gold; 2500 Elegant Silver Tea Sets; Organs; Pianos, &c. Everything fair and square. Send postal card for list of former prize winners. Over $10,000 distributed during the past two years. Address: The Ladies' Home Magazine, Peterborough, Canada.

NEWSPAPER LAW.

The following condensation is based upon derisions rendered at various times by Division Court Judges:—

1. Subscribers who do not give definite notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.

3. If subscribers neglect to take periodicals from the post office, they are likewise responsible till all arrearages for subscriptions are settled.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the post office, or removing to another town and leaving them uncalled for, prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice at the end of their time if they do not wish to continue taking the paper, otherwise the publisher may send until such time as a definite order to discontinue, accompanied by payment of all arrears, is sent him.

7. The man who allows his subscription to run for some time unpaid and then orders the paper discontinued or asks the post-master to mark it "Refused" leaves himself liable to punishment.

The Churches.

Methodist, Cambridge St—Rev. T. M. Campbell. Pastor. Services at 11 A.M. and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2.30. Classes at 10 A.M. Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 8 P. M. Young People's Christian Endeavor Society, every Friday evening at 7.30.

Methodist, Queen Street.—Rev. Newton Hill, Pastor. Services at 11.00 A. M. and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 2.30 P. M. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.30 P. M.

Baptist, Cambridge Street.—Rev. H. J. Ware, Pastor. Services at 11.00 A. M. and 7.00 P. M. Song Service. Sabbath Eve'g, 6.45. Prayer Meeting Sabath morning at 10.30 A. M. Sabbath School at 2.30 P. M. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor Monday at 7.30 P. M. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.30 P. M.—All seats free.

St. Andrew's (Presbyterian). William Street. Rev. Robert Johnston, B.A., Pastor. Services at 11.00 A. M. and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.00 P. M. Prayer Meeting, Wednesday at 8.00 P. M. Young People's Christian Circle, Sabbath Morning at 10.15

St. Paul's (Church of England) Russel Street—Rev. C. H. Marsh, Rector. Services at 11.00 A. M. and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 2.30. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.30 P. M.

St. Mary's (Roman Catholic) Russel Street—Rev. Vicar-General Laurent, Pastor, Rev. Father, Scanlan, Curate. Services at 8.00 and 10.30 A. M. and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.30 P. M.

Y. M. C. A., Rooms Cor. Kent and Cambridge sts. Open daily from 9.00 A. M to 10.00 P. M. Prayer Praise meeting Saturday at 8 P. M. Young men's meeting Sunday at 4.15 P. M. Short addresses. Good singing. Young men always welcome. Dr. W. H. Clarke, President; C. K. Calhoun Gen. Secretary.

Salvation Army, Peel street.—Captain Clipperton and wife, officers. Sunday services at 7 and 11 A.M., and 3 and 7.30 P.M. Public meeting every evening with the exception of Tuesday, soldiers roll call; and Friday, Holiness meeting to which all Christians are welcome.

W. C. T. U. meets first Monday of every month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 3.30 p.m.

THE ÆTNA

Life Assurance Company.

ASSETS,	$37,397,238
SURPLUS, (by Canadian Standard)	7,858,507
INCOME,	6,243 789
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA,	3,000,000
POLICIES IN FORCE	124,907,217
NEW POLICIES, 1890	23,370,242

ENDOWNMENTS

The Government Reports for years past show that the ÆTNA LIFE has paid to living policy holders in Canada a larger sum in settlement of MATURED ENDOWMENTS than that paid by Canadian and British Companies combined. No better evidence is required of the value and popularity of the ÆTNA ENDOWMENT Policies.

Cash Dividends paid Every year

JOHN D. MACMURCHY
General Agent

J. NEELANDS,

L.D.S.,
M.R.C.D.S.
ONT.
DENTIST,
Lindsay.

By the aid of the new Hydro-Carbon Gas Furnace he can make indestructible porcelain fillings and restore broken and decayed teeth to their original shape, contour and color. By this process old roots can have porcelain crowns attached; consequently THERE IS NO PLATE REQUIRED.

Gas, Vitalized Air, administered for nearly 23 years, extracting teeth for thousands of persons without a particle of pain. He uses the latest approved appliances for administering the Gas. He died with Dr. Colton, of New York, the inventor of gas for extracting teeth, who has given it to over 160,000 persons and not a fatal case.

Mr. NEELANDS uses Ball's Local Anæsthetic for extracting teeth. He is now using a new style of forcep, which he had expressly manufactured while on his last visit to New York, which removes the teeth without danger of injury to the gums or jaw, the gums healing up beautifully in a few days, and no consequent trouble. Artificial teeth inserted on all the popular bases and by the most approved styles and appliances for their retention and comfort. Numbers of persons are wearing teeth made by Mr. Neelands over 20 years and never required repairs. Prices from $10 to $65 for an upper or under set.

Persons from a distance will please send a post card before coming. Office, Ken Strett, Linds

HERE'S A TIP, - -

IF YOU LIVE IN A HOUSE

YOU WANT FURNITURE

ANDERSON, NUGENT & CO.,

before winding up the estate of the deceased partner have decided to give furniture away in exchange for small sums of money

THEY HAVE JUST WHAT YOU REQUIRE,

and prices are so low that dealears from other places are coming in to take advantage of the cut.

THEY CARRY

A LARGE STOCK AND FULL LINES.

CALL AND SEE THEM

NOTICE.—All Accounts due this firm must be paid at once. This is rendered necessary in order to settle the estate of the late John Anderson,

Anderson, Nugent & Co

RYLEY'S HARDWARE

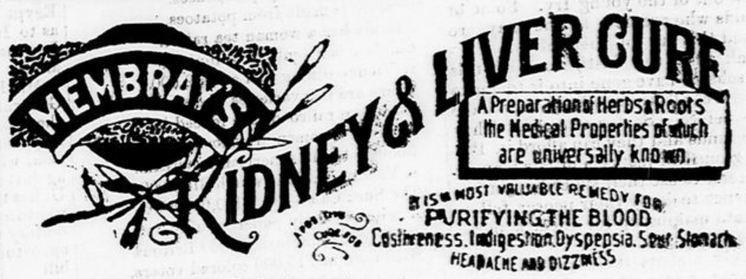
FOR

BUILDERS'

MATERIAL.

J. P. RYLEY,

ONE DOOR EAST BENSON HOUSE.



—E. GREGORY, Sole Agent.

Treasurer's Sale of Lands.

FOR TAXES IN THE

TOWN OF LINDSAY.

TOWN OF LINDSAY. Whereas by virtue of a warrant issued by the Mayor of the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria and authenticated by the corporate seal of the said town bearing date of the 9th day of November, 1892, and to me directed commanding me to levy upon the following lots or parcels of land for the arrears of taxes due thereon and costs. I hereby give notice that unless the said taxes and costs are sooner paid, I shall, on Tuesday the Fourteenth day of February, 1893, at the hour of One o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in the Town of Lindsay, proceed to sell by Public Auction the said lands or as much thereof as may be sufficient to pay such arrears of taxes and all lawful charges incurred.

All the undermentioned names are patented.

Street	Lot.	Part	Acres	Arrears	Cost of Advertising and Commission.	Total
N King	38		½	$12 62	$1 57	$14 19
S King & W David	26		½	3 94	1 34	5 28
S King & E St David	16		½	5 54	1 39	6 93
do	17		½	5 54	1 39	6 93
N Kent E & E St David	16		½	5 56	1 39	6 95
do	17		½	5 55	1 39	6 94
Park Q, E Logie & between R R Trac			1 7-8	13 91	1 60	15 51
E Lindsay N	13		½	2 61	1 32	3 93
do	17	S pt	28 ft	6 21	1 41	7 62
Block B2		N ½	½	1 83	1 29	3 12
Block G G, E St Paul	6		½	11 78	1 55	13 33
N Glenelg, W	13	S W pt	50x56	13 80	1 60	15 40
N Russell, W	18	C pt	61 ft	13 76	1 60	15 36
Park Y N Division			½	3 94	1 34	5 28
do			½	3 94	1 34	5 28
do			½	1 96	1 31	3 27
Park X1			6½	85 39	3 39	88 78
Sub-div Parks 8 & 9 W Adelaide & W Jane	5	N pt	37 ft	3 22	1 33	4 55
do	6		1-5	1 40	1 28	2 68
S Francis	16	S pt	½	24 60	1 77	26 37
S Wellington	20		½	43 44	2 34	45 78
do	21		½	51 27	2 53	53 80

FRED KNOWLSON,
Town Treasurer

JOB PRINTING,

DONE ON SHORTEST NOTICE

At the 'Watchman' Office.