

POINTERS For BUYERS

OF FAMILY GROCERIES.

OUR DEPARTMENTS ARE:—

Teas, Sugars and General Groceries, Crockery and Glassware, Cured Hams, Bacon, Portland Smoked Fish, Canned Goods of all Description, Woodenware and Dairy Supplies, Flour Feed Chop, Oatmeal, Etc.

These Lines are kept constantly replenished, consequently buyers may rely on getting satisfaction every time by purchasing from the

LEADING FAMILY GROCER OF LINDSAY.

A. CAMPBELL,

L. O'CONNOR'S CARRIAGE & WAGGON WORKS,

Corner of William and Russell Sts, Lindsay, Ont.

The undersigned would respectfully ask all requiring anything in his line to call and inspect his stock and the materials of which they are composed

For Neatness of Design, Durability and Finish,

He leaves the public to judge of, as they have, by their patronage hitherto bestowed, awarded him high commendation.

NO FACTORY WORK USED,

But all MADE BY HAND, and by experienced workmen.

REPAIRING

Of all kinds promptly attended to at the Lowest Prices.

L. O'CONNOR.

Lindsay Woollen Mills

Again in Operation.

A large STOCK of GOODS

To be Sold Cheaper than the Cheapest.

Accounts required to be settled without delay, and

IN FUTURE NO CREDIT WILL BE GIVEN.

Wool Wanted as usual.

J. W. WALLACE,

MANAGER

FAUGH A BALLAH

W. F. McCARTY

THE WATCHMAKER,

has on hand a nice, neat stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewellery at lowest prices for honest goods.

IN CLOCKS

Seth Thomas, New Haven and Ingraham.

The Old Reliable Seth Thomas Alarm Clock, only \$2.50.

IN WATCHES

Waltham, Elgin, Hampden, Illinois and Swiss Movements.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Satisfaction guaranteed on all work entrusted to my care or money refunded.

W. F. McCARTY.

Opposite Daly House

1890 SUBSCRIBE FOR THE 1890 WEEKLY EMPIRE

Canada's Leading Newspaper.

PATRIOTIC IN TONE.

TRUE TO CANADA.

TRUE TO THE EMPIRE.

THE EMPIRE IS NOW

THE GREAT WEEKLY PAPER

OF THE DOMINION,

and special arrangements are being made to add new and attractive features, which will greatly increase its interest and value.

We will give the Empire and WATCHMAN for the balance of the year, and to January, 1891, for \$1.30.

D. CAMPBELL

WOODVILLE LIVERY.

COMFORTABLE RIGS AND GOOD driving horses at reasonable rates. Special attention paid to commercial men

INQUIRE AT QUEEN'S HOTEL WOODVILLE.

The Churches.

METHODIST, Cambridge street.—Rev. Dr. Williams, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M., and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2.30. Classes at 10 A. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday at 8 P. M. Young People's Christian Endeavor Society, every Friday evening at 7.30.

METHODIST, Queen Street.—Rev. G. W. Dewey, Pastor. Services at 11.00 A. M., and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 2.30 P. M. Prayer Meeting Thursday at 7.30 P. M.

BAPTIST, Cambridge Street.—Rev. W. K. Anderson Pastor. Services at 11.00 A. M., and 7.00 P. M. Prayer Meeting Sabbath morning at 10.30 A. M. Sabbath School at 2.30 P. M. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor Monday at 7.30 P. M. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.30 P. M.—All seats free.

St. ANDREW'S (Presbyterian) William Street. Rev. Robert Johnston, B. A., Pastor. Services at 11.00 A. M., and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.00 P. M. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 8.00 P. M. Young People's Christian Circle Sabbath Morning at 10.15

St. PAUL'S (Church of England) Russell Street.—Rev. C. H. Marsh, Rector. Services at 11.00 A. M., and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 2.30. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.30 P. M.

St. MARY'S (Roman Catholic) Russell Street.—Rev. Vicar-General Laurent, Pastor, Rev. C. S. Bretherton, Curate. Services at 8.00 and 10.30 A. M., and 7.00 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.30 P. M.

Y. M. C. A., Rooms opposite new post office. Open daily from 9.00 A. M. to 10.00 P. M. Religious Meetings for young men Sunday afternoons at 4.15 Short addresses. Good singing. Young men always welcome. Robert Kennedy, President; F. B. Utley, General Secretary.

W. H. GROSS,

L. D. S., M. R. C. D. S., Ont.,

DENTIST, - - LINDSAY.

THE POPULAR GOLD AND PORCELAIN CROWNING SYSTEM

without plate, practiced by Mr. Gross with great satisfaction to a large number of persons.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted by the most approved methods and principles for securing perfection of fit, comfort, usefulness, durability and beauty, on Gold, Silver and Celluloid, also on all the harmless dental Rubbers, and at the lowest living prices. All sets of teeth finished and fitted to the mouth by Mr. Gross himself, or under his personal supervision, which will account for the satisfaction given by his work.

The introduction from time to time of the latest appliances for the administration of VITALIZED AIR and Gas, enables Mr. Gross to announce constantly increasing success in the use of these anaesthetics. No pain, no accidents, no torn gums, consequently no dissatisfaction.

The best methods of preserving the natural teeth by filing with Gold and other reliable material, has been made a study for nearly THIRTY YEARS by Mr. Gross, and special attention and care is given by him to this branch of his business. No unnecessary pain in filing.

Don't fail to call on GROSS at his office, over Kent Street, and see specimens of his work.

HUGH MITCHELL.

Accountant, Fire and Life Insurance Agent. Agent for Headstones and Monuments. Canvasser and Collector for The Watchman. Lindsay, Ont.

MONEY TO LOAN.

COMPANIES' & PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

privilege to borrower to pay off any sum on account or principal with any payment of interest without notice and without expense. Interest yearly. All payments made in my office.

H. B. DEAN,

Barrister, Solicitor, &c., Corner of York & Kent Streets, Lindsay Lindsay, Dec. 30th, 1887.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES, INTEREST PAYABLE YEARLY. Terms to suit borrower.

McINTYRE & STEWART, Barristers and etc., Lindsay.

THE AETNA

Life Assurance Company.

ASSETS, - - - \$32,620,676
SURPLUS, (by Canadian Standard) 7,319,000
INCOME, - - - 5,000,000
DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA, - 2,098,223

MATURED ENDOWMENTS.

The government blue books of the past five years (pages 58, 68, 72, and 86) show the cash paid to living policy holders in Canada, in settlement of Endowment Bonds during the five years ending January 1st, 1888, as follows:—

AETNA LIFE, - - - \$446,998
CANADIAN AND BRITISH COMPANIES COMBINED, - 135,666

Besides the \$446,998, the Aetna Life paid to living members in Canada \$447,577 in annual cash dividends upon their policies, and \$729,434 to widows and orphans of deceased members, making a total of \$1,624,000 during the past five years in Canada.

JOHN D. MACMURCHY, General Agent.

Lindsay, Ont.

CANADIANS IN THE UNITED STATES

Mr Choquet's Observations on Behalf of the Quebec Government.

Mr. Ambrose Choquet, who was appointed special agent for the Quebec Government to inquire into the condition of the French Canadians in the New England States and the causes of their emigration from Canada, was in the city yesterday, and was asked what the result of his mission was. "There are two or three chief causes of emigration from Canada, as far as I could find. The first is the want of protection for the laboring class against their creditors; that is, their wages were seized for debt and there were no exemptions at all. What would a poor man do in such circumstances but move into a country where his wages would be his own? He would go to New England where he found that \$20 a week were secured him against all claims for debt. Then the landlord and tenant laws go strictly against the tenants here. They have a privileged claim in movables, furniture, etc., for rent. Some of the Canadians in New England complain that by these laws they were deprived of all their furniture to satisfy a bill for rent, and having no chances of redeeming their furniture or of buying new furniture they moved to the States, where the landlord has no privileged claim at all on furniture. In New England no credit is given; a property is let only on payment in advance or on very good security. Another reason is that people living in the country, especially the farming class, are under false impressions as to the mode of living in the United States. They think that across the line they will find money everywhere and employment immediately. And unscrupulous agents din this into their ears and tell them all sorts of falsehoods to persuade them to go across. Why, it is only a few weeks ago that such an agent went down into the Saguenay district and collected a number of families to go with him to New Hampshire to work in mills.

THE POOR FAMILIES

found that the reality did not bear out the promises. I claim that people brought up on the farm or at any rate outside of cities who go to the States, as they generally do, to work in factories and mills, lose their health and a large proportion of them die from the effect of a change of climate, from the kind of work to which they are put, and especially from being confined in these factories, sorts of goals for them. If Canadian farmers with a fondness for emigration were aware of the real situation of those who go from here to the States to work I believe they would not leave their farms here, but would, on the contrary settle on some good farms, if their own won't do, say in the Ottawa district or near St. Johns. As to the effect on the health of immigrant mill hands, as I explained, my views are endorsed by Hon. Dr. Archambault of Woonsocket, R. I., Dr. V. St. Germain, of Fall River, Dr. Napoleon Jacques, of Worcester, Mass. As to the chances of repatriation, however I must say that they are very slender. If a man has been living in an American city for four or five years and got over the first difficulties you can't expect him to go back to Canada and settle on a farm. He is no longer used to that kind of work. People who are once well warmed into the American cities don't care to come back."

Mr. Choquet, who arrived from Quebec yesterday, where he reported to the Government, left for his home at Worcester, Mass., last evening.

POT-POURRI.

SOME POPULAR FALLACIES.

"Love levels all things," so 'tis freely said;

Yet lovers never had a level head.

"None but the brave"—again—"deserve the fair,"

Only the brave to live with them would dare.

Some think that absence makes the heart grow fond;

But presents will be found a surer bond.

If fools rush in where angels fear to tread,

That's why in love and life the fool's ahead.

"A good thing needs no putting?" Try it then,

Upon your choice havanas, smoking men.

"Figures won't lie?" Who said so was not fly;

There's Sally's figure is a living lie.

"What one man loses is another's gain?" You lose your temper to your neighbor's bane.

"A fellow-feeling makes us wondrous kind."—

Not when the fellow feels your purse to find.

A gentle answer turneth wrath away."—

Best trust your legs and woot from out the fray.

—Wilson K. Welsh.

CANVASSER:—"I have here a work—"

Master of the house:—"I can't read."

Canvasser:—"But your children—"

Master of the house:—"I have no children—"

Canvasser:—"Triumphantly—"

Canvasser:—"Well, you want something to throw at the cat." He took the book.

In a Breach of Promise Case.—The Court:—"What is your age, madam?"

The Plaintiff:—"Must I answer?"

The Court:—"You must." The Plaintiff:—"Why, Judge, I thought people didn't have to testify against themselves!"

When Wilberforce was at Oxford, he had a chum whose habit was to come into his friend's rooms at breakfast time and smoke a huge pipe. Wilberforce could not abide his bacon and toast saturated with tobacco smoke, but he was at a loss to know how to convey the necessary hint. At last one morning he remarked apologetically. "I say, old chap—you'll excuse me—I hope you don't mind—but do you object to my going on with my breakfast while you are smoking?"

"This is George the Fourth," said an exhibitor of waxwork for the million, at threepence each, pointing to a very slim figure, with a theatrical crown on his head.

"I thought he was a very stout man," observed a spectator.

"Very likely," said the man, shortly, not approving of the comment of his visitor; "but if you'd been here without victuals half so long as he has you'd have been twice as thin."

IN THE CONSERVATORY.

Philadelphia Enquirer: She (widow and rich)—What do you think of my garden?

He (single and poor)—Beautiful, and you the fairest flower in it. I would I were your gardener.

She—Why, you'd make a queer gardener. Come, now, I will examine you. What is the first thing you would do were you gardener here?

He—I'd ask your permission to remove your weeds.

But she married a fellow rich as herself, and he's in training still.

A Strange Case.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I. Feb. 6.—An attempt to poison Mrs. Sutherland, the wife of a prominent merchant here, has caused quite a sensation, and the circumstances are very peculiar. Last week Mrs. R. T. Weeks, the widow of the junior partner in the firm of Davies, Sutherland & Weeks, suddenly disappeared. She had resided opposite the house of Mrs. Sutherland, and was on unfriendly terms with that lady, but, as alleged, on different terms with her husband. It was suddenly discovered by Mrs. Sutherland's medical man that arsenic had been placed in her physic, and this leaking out Mrs. Weeks promptly left the city, going to Cape Traverse, and thence across the Straits to New Brunswick in the customary ice-boats. She paid \$30, ten times the usual fare. It was found on Monday that the wires had been cut between Charlottetown and Traverse, and communication was prevented. Mrs. Weeks proceeded with all speed to St. John, where she was taken ill, owing to the exposure she had undergone. As soon as possible a description was telegraphed, and her arrest requested. She is now watched, and expresses her willingness to go back. She also says she has not been in Sutherland's house for more than a year.

Egyptian Cats.

The bronze cats and kittens of Bubastis have never been excelled for truth and suppleness of modeling. As for the cat-headed Bastis, so admirably is the head of the intelligent Egyptian tabby adapted to the graceful proportions of the goddess, that we lose our perception of the incongruity and find the combination perfectly natural. The name of the cat in the ancient Egyptian language is mau—a name evidently onomatopoeic, and so affording no clew to the original nationality of the animal, which was certainly unknown to the Egyptians of the Pyramid period. Lenormant remarks with truth that Bast in the time of the ancient empire was invariably represented with the head of a lioness, and that it is only with the advent of the twelfth dynasty that she begins to appear upon the monuments in the likeness of a cat. This was the time of the great raids of the Pharaohs into the land of Kush (Ethiopia); and it is a notable fact that the cat and the Dogoese dog are first represented in the wall paintings of Beni-Hassan during the reigns of the Userthesens and Amenemhats.—Amelia B. Edwards in Century.

A Safe Name.

In the year 1654, on the 5th day of December, the English ship Menai was crossing the straits and capsized in a gale. Of the eighty-one passengers on board but one was saved. His name was Hugh Williams. On the same day, in the year 1785, a pleasure schooner was wrecked on the Isle of Man. There were sixty persons in the boat, among them one Hugh Williams and his family. Of the three-score none but old Hugh Williams survived the shock. On the 5th day of August, 1830, a picnicking party on the Thames was run down by a coal barge. There were twenty-five of the picnickers, mostly children under 12 years of age. Little Hugh Williams, a visitor from Liverpool, only 5 years old, was the only one that returned to tell the tale. Now comes the most singular part of this singular story: On the 19th of August, in the year of our Lord 1880, a Leeds coal barge, with nine men, foundered. Two of them, both Hugh Williams, an uncle and nephew, were rescued by some fishermen, and were the only men of the crew who lived to tell of the calamity. These are facts which can be substantiated.—Leeds Mercury.

Mice Liberated by Rats.

A citizen of Greensboro, Ga., who was in the habit of setting a trap in his dining room to catch rats, hearing a queer noise there a few nights ago, went down to investigate. He reports the state of things thus: "About a dozen small mice had been caught in the trap. This was surrounded by four or five big rats, which had dragged it to one corner and were holding a consultation. As I looked in, alarmed by the light, they hurried their preparations to a close. One of the big fellows seized the door of the trap between his teeth; another rat seized him by the tail, another and another quickly took hold; a sudden pull was given, and quicker than I can relate the door flew back, the mice scampered out, and before I could walk across the room old rats, young rats, old mice and young mice had disappeared, leaving the trap in the corner, with the door shut and every vestige of the bait gone."—Exchange.

The Russian government has in contemplation a project for connecting, by a system of canals, the White sea with Lake Onega and with the principal navigable rivers of Russia. The canals are to be of sufficient depth to admit vessels drawing ten feet of water.

Paper from Spider Webs.

George West, of Ballston, is in possession of a curiosity in paper, sent him by a friend in Hong Kong, China. It is a sheet 11 by 14 inches, made from the web of the "sacred white spider" of the Flowery Kingdom. It is as light as air and almost as transparent, but is also beautifully printed, containing about two columns of matter, giving in English the story of how "Midshipman Coplestone was Presented at the Court of Peking." Americans know much about paper making, but it is safe to say that there is not a spider web paper factory outside the almost eyed kingdom.—St. Louis Republic.