The Wedding Eve;

Or, Married to a Fairy.

CHAPTER XXIV .- (Continued).

For I was jealous, passionately jealous, of my beautiful wife, and I believe the one reason for which I was anxious to return to my native land was that Englishmen as a rule do not dare to look at a pretty woman-at least, when her husband is about-with the love-making insolence which characterizes the Frenchman's or the Italian's ogle. It was not that Lilith flirted conspicuously with other men. It was only that I longed with all my soul for the key to her heart to be mine, and that I dreaded beyond everything lest it might ever be stolen from me by another.

Had she a heart? I sometimes asked myself, or was she incapable of loving as a man would wish to be loved? Less than two years ago Nicholas Wray had pronounced her to be an Undine, lovely and soulless, and I was sometimes almost in-

clined to agree with him. And yet, one day, shortly after we settled in Paris. when I arrived from England earlier than she expected, I found her in her room lying stretched upon the floor with her hands clasped behind her head sobbing as though her heart would break.

All the explanation she cave, when caught her up in my arms, and implored chatter about the life at the various me."
her to tell me what troubled her, was foreign spas to which she had recently So that she "felt dull without me," and very soon she was all smiles and gaiety again, enjoying a shopping excursion, a restaurant dinner, and a visit to the opera.

From our seats that night I remember I recognized Nicholas Wray in a cheaper part of the house, and presently sought him out. His greeting was cold and constrained, and he flatly declined to come back with me and speak to my wife. "Mrs. Hervey and I don't like each other," he said, "and the less we see of each other the better. Why don't you take her to London? It's not fair to her to keep her away from town, looks as if you were ashamed of her, you see.'

That view of the case had not occurred

to me, and, vexed as I was by his words, I saw there might be something in them. A week later we took possession of our new home. Lilith was like a child with a fresh toy, flitting about, full of delight, dancing from one room to another, too much -leased and excited to require rest or feel fatigue. By her consent I had smile, though tears shone in her eyes. reinstated Wrenshaw, who was punctiliously polite to his new mistress; I also retained Rosalie, and engaged a cook and parlor-maid. With so small an establishment, as Lilith urged, I could afford to gratify the desire of her heart, "to ride in her own carriage," as she artlessly put it. So the neatest of victorias was bought and installed in our stable, and for a time the use of it placed Lilith in the seventh heaven. But not many days after its arrival, Lilith and I, as we were driving up Regent Street, passed her old instructress, Mrs. Stanhope Morland, in a modest hansom cab.

And Mrs. Stanhope Morland gave us both the cut direct. At this, Lilith, with her usual absence of pride, wept outright then and there, in her pretty carriage in the crowded street, and when we reached home she

would not be comforted. But another surprise was in store for us that afternoon. Before I had kissed my wife's tears away, a carriage drove up to our door, and a visitor was shown into the drawing-room.

The visitor was Lady Margaret Lorimer.

CHAPTER XXV. "Your coasin, Lady Margaret!" cried Lilith, forgetting Ler tears in her astonishment. "She has actually come here to see us! Or, rather. to see you, I suppose?" There was no touch of either jealousy or bitterness in her tones, only wonderment not unmixed with awe. The latter inflexion voxed me. Why should my wife be overwhelmed with the honor of a visit

from my cousin? "She has come to see you," I said has-"Ladies call upon the lady of the house, not the gentleman belonging to

"Oh, you'll have a lot to do teaching me all that social stuff," Lilith observed placidly. "But I can't have her quiz me with these red eyes. You talk to her a bit until I come Dicky, dear, and get her into a nice good humor. And don't talk too much about being happy with me, for if you do she is sure to hate me, as she was once so sweet on you herself.'

"She broke off our engagement-"Oh, I dare say! But you won't persuade me she wanted to! Remember, 1 was under the sofa all that time she was talking to you in the studio that morning, and anybody could see with half an

eye she was in love with you.' She ran off, laughing, to her dressingto the drawing-room. There were certain days. expressions Lilith constantly made use of, which, though neither very slangy nor very vulgar, were sufficient to jar upon the ear of a sensitive person. And Madge was critical and sensitive in the extreme. I knew that, and knew how my wife's absurd habit of calling me "Dicky," for no reason in the world but that I was going to be christened "Richard," after m- father, until at the last moment my great-uncle's names were substituted, would surprise and vex her.

"Adrian's too grand. I shall feel more like a relation and an equal if I call you 'Dick,' " Lilith had said, and "Dick," or "Dicky." I ever was to her. Her trick of calling every one, by nicknames amused me, as did most of her childish ways. head." But then to me whatever she did was delightful, and I was only apprehensive lest her impulsive ways might be unfavorably commented upon by the hy-

percritical Madge. Another reason, and one which I hardly dared to own even to myself, made me secretly regret Madge's visit. She was so terribly clear-sighted and so keen a judge of character. Would she not realize that in our married life Lilith and I played the parts quoted in the dreary

French proverb: "Il v a toujo irs un qui baise et un qui tend la joue"-there is always one who kisses, and one who is kissed. Would she not, in fine, with that keen, far-seeing gaze of here, realize that the

fire of my rassionate love spent itself in vain upon my wife's friendly indifference, and that, worship Lilith as I did, die for her as I would, I was little more in her life than a "very nice man who paid for everything and was always

With these thoughts in my mind, I entered the drawing-room. Madge rose at a Paris theatre recently; that was all. sight of me, and came forward with frank I don't even know where he is."

cordiality. She had not altered much in six months' time, and yet to me she seemed changed Drop him altogether. He is a bad man, from the Madge I used to know. Her not a person you should let your wife to decrease. hair was a darker shade than it had been | meet. a fashionable nut-brown tint, which went admirably with her bright skin and the fawn-colored velvet gown she was wear- me quite flercely. -for one, that she looked more than her said. "If you have any regard for me.

for another, that every line of her face was full of meaning, of thought, and of feeling: and for a third, that there was a distinction about her whole bearing to which I had formerly been too well

accustomed to specially remark it.

She was shaking me by both hands, asking how I was, and inquiring after Lilith, before I had time to feel quite at ease with her again.

"Papa is so dreadfully ill," she said "that he couldn't come. In fact, he hardly goes anywhere now." "Is that true?" "That Lord Carchester is ill? Indeed

it is only too true.' "You know what I mean. That he

would have come if he could?" Madge hesitated.

"Well, it isn't quite true," she admitted at last, "but it will be when he comes to a reasonable frame of mind. He will persist in thinking that you jilted me, and broke my heart. Now, do I look like

She laughed, and it suddenly struck me that her laughter hang false. Looking at her, for one brief flash I caught in her dark eyes an expression of intense pain.
But almost before I had time to realize that Madge had suffered cruelly and was suffering still, she had broken into lively bad at arithmetic, and doing sums amuses accompanied her parents for the cure of their respective ailments:

"Papa is really ill," she declared, "but there is nothing in the world the matter with mama but diamonds on the brain. The voung Duchess of Axminster cut her out completely at the state concert in Berlin last month, and poor mama has been ill with temper ever since. To soothe her, I have to swear the duchess' diamonds were paste. But abusing her doctors does her so much good that it wouldn't be fair to tell her nothing is the matter with her.

"It is delightful to be listening to your sub-acid tongue again," I said. "Lilith is much impressed with your visit, and splendidly reviewed, but sent up both my is changing her frock in your honor. You -you will be kind to her, I am sure, Madge. She has no mother and no womankind at all, not even any women

"Kind! Why, of course I will," she said, turning upon me with a lovely "I hear she is so beautiful that only to and the admiral's legacy of twice that see her is to love her, and-oh, Adrian, sum, seemed wholly inadequate to sup-

that is not vour wife, is it?" For Lilith had entered, looking most fairylike in a tea-gown of silver-gray crepe, which fell in long, narrow pleats from her throat to her feet, and was array, so happy in spending money, and caught loosely round the waist with a girdle of chased silver.

Lilith, and they expressed recognition as covered, fits, not of nagging or sulkiness, clearly as those of my wife showed sur- but of a silent despair very pitiful to prise at her reception, and even some- behold. I could not bear to see my thing of fear.

Lilith crept toward me, pale as death, as though Madge's cry of startled recognition were an indictment against her. "Is this your cousin, Lady Margaret?" she faltered, with white lips and lowered

eyes. "Won't you introduce me?" By this time Madge had had time recover herself. Never once had she removed her eyes from Lilith's face, but she advanced to meet her now with perfeet politeness, if with no geniality.

fore," she said. "I remember that I ried life slipped by, and I still felt no thought I recognized her photograph. Did | nearer nor dearer to my wife, made me I not have the pleasure of seeing and speaking to you at Lymhurst, in the New Forest, rather more than a year ago?"

The question was addressed to Lilith, and at first elicited no answer. Turning to her in surprise, I perceived that even her lips were colorless, and that she appeared to be trying to speak with dry lips and words that would not come. "You are not ill, my darling, are you?"

I exclaimed, slipping my arm about her, for indeed I feared that she would faint. "No. no," she muttered, "not ill at all. bear to see her looking at it. Only I was so puzzled and startled when Lady Margaret said she knew me and had spoken to me. For I was quite certain that I had never seen her before." "Really? I must have been mistaken, then," Madge returned. "Or possibly you

have forgotten. Have you ever been to Lymhurst?" "Not since I went to school," murmured Lilith, almost inaudibly, with lowered head and cheeks that had suddenly grown crimson. "Before then I may have been.

I-my father-we-She stopped short in deep confusion, and guessing that she was ashamed of alluding to those old vagrant days, I came to her rescue. "Lilith used to travel about a great

deal formerly under her father's care," I explained "but she would rather not room, while I slowly descended the stairs be forced to talk about those sad old

"That is just what I wanted to say." Lilith exclaimed, with a grateful look at

And we both left Madge in the wrong. The interview begun thus inauspiciously was a constrained one on all sides. Lilith was clearly 'on her best behavior," spoke in monosyllables with rather an and that was when the talk turned to theatres and to the merits of a certain dancer whom she and I had seen in

Paris. "She can't dance really well," exclaimed my wife. "She only moves her feet and

And, springing up, she was about to give an illustration of the style of the dancer in question, when she, and I, too, upon her with so strange an expression ing to the most modern rules of dance she was beginning.

"I-I can't do it myself, of course," she "You can dance, then?" Madge asked

sweetly. And Lilith, with a vivid blush, denied it. When Lady Margaret left, after taking tea with us. I accompanied her to the door. Candidly. I did not want her to come again, and I was both embarrassed and surprised when she assured me very earnestly that she wanted to see a great deal more of my wife, and hoped that they might become warm friends.

"Oh! and one thing I must ask, Adrian, she said, pausing on the threshold. "Do you ever see anything of Nicholas Wray now?"

"I exchanged a few words with him in

"Poor Wray is a great admirer of yours," I protested; but Madge tu: ned on

ago nearer thirty than five and twenty; any consideration for the honor of your

family, you will drop the man altogether."
"Do you mean that he has insulted you?" I asked, astonished at her vehem-She was silent for a moment. Then she

"Yes. He has insulted me. And as I regard you now as a brother, for my sake you must never meet him. Good-

CHAPTER XXVI.

And now began a time in my life which I experience the greatest difficulty in de-scribing, as I believe that those who know me best consider it either inexcus-

able or inexplicable. In my own defense L can only state that I was always a poor hand at figures and business details; that I had up to now found my income sufficient for my requirements; that I was making money easily, having managed to hit the public taste; that I not unnaturally considered about four thousand a year amply sufficient for a childless married couple, with four servants, a coachman, and two horses; and, above all, that I adored my wife, and belief in her was to me a re-

When we settled first in our new house, I was desirous of providing Lilith with a housekeeper, to take all domestic details, such as looking after the accounts and regulating the expenses, off her inexperienced hands. But this arrangement Lil-

ith would not hear of. dear," she pleaded. "As it is, I have no much authority with the servants, except the parlor-maid, who is only eighteen. Both cook and Rosalie bully me, rather. Oh, of course, I shall teach them to re-

So she had her own way. But though we lived simply enough, we hardly enter- cook with, are nothing more than tained at all-for Lillith could never get over her prejudice against her own sex, or her constrained and awkward manners among them, and I could not let her appear at receptions where the guests were all men-the money simply flew in our household.

I was very much occupied about this time with the "one-man-show" which I had been induced to give, chiefly by Madge, who had set her heart upon it. Undoubtedly, she was right, in that the Bond Street exhibition of my marine paintings was one of the most successful shows that season, and not only was name and my prices, not a single picture being left unsold when the gallery was

There are many reasons, indeed, why I have never, either before or since, done such good work as during the first portion of my married life. My Uncle Carchester's allowance of a thousand a year, ply the needs of a lovely wife with a passion for diamonds, who refused to look at a gown unless it came from Paris.

Lilith was so beautiful in her brave so fascinating in her wheedling for more, that I could refuse her nothing. Indeed, Madge's tone was one of horrified to refuse her checks for her pretty examazement. Her eyes were fixed upon travagances brought on, as I soon dismarsh fairy creep away to her room, tears rolling down her lovely face, to lock herself in and weep in solitude.

And money was easily earned, even if it entailed what I least liked, the necessity for constant flying visits to the seacoast, while Lilith, who professed herself tired of the sea, remained in London. Not only the spur of making a fortune for Lilith's slender fingers to squander urged me to put forth my best, but a certain loneliness of soul, which grew up-"I think I have seen Mrs. Hervey be- on me as the days and weeks of our marturn to my art as a solece. Thus I threw myself heart and soul into my work, seeking in it something I could not find in life; and in the second year of our marriage I completed the only picture of mine in which the sea is made subordinate to the human figure.

Matthew Arnold's "Forsaken Merman' inspired me, and my picture was called "The Forsaken Merman's Wife." Only Madge, I think, knew what I meant by the work, and in consequence I could not

REORGANIZING CHINA'S ARMY

Tuan Chi-jui is Named Generalissimo, With Wide Powers.

ing action by the Advisory Council, are couples of nine and twelve the office of "tutuh" in China has years; then children live together been abolished. The official who in the iglo as man and wife. The came in with the Wuchang upris- chief provides regularly for the ing has passed from the stage of wants of his companion. After a Chinese political life. Coincident few months, and even a few years, with the abolition of the "tutuh" is of this apprenticeship in married announced a complete reorganiza- life, if any friction occurs under the tion of the army and a shake-up iglo between the two apprentices, which involves many celebrated the couple separate without noise, military men. The rank of general- and for the two life has to begin Eskimos are the victims on the part issimo has been created, and Pres- over again. A Christian can hardly ident Yuan Shi Kai has conferred honor with the name of "marriage" anected intonation, and seemed to have it upon Tuan Chi-jui who has dir- the unions formed under the iglo of did she break into her natural vivacity, ected the reform of the army as the Eskimo. These unions are, for Minister of War.

More than 30 new generals are pairings. But it must be said, to announced to head the newly-created military districts. The unification of the army is complete. There are 30 separate divisions, and these are to be trained accordin them that Lilith stopped short in the warfare, and armed with up-to-date weapons. China already possesses stammered. "But any one can tell what a remarkably efficient aerial corps.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Incubators relieve old hens of a lot of responsibility.

Charity may cover a multitude of sins, but there are several still uncovered. When a bachelor gets tired of

leading a single life he should marry and be led. After a young man's mustache be-"Whatever you do," she said impressive | comes heavier than his eyebrows, ly, "never ask that man to your house. his knowledge of the world begins

to attempt to train up his son in the way he should go if he doesn't one that can pass through it easily. ing. Three things struck me about her "His admisation is an insult!" she keep in the middle of the same To get in one must at first get on path himself.

REPORT TELLS OF LIFE IN THE FROZEN REGIONS.

Polygamy Is Fast Dying Out Owing to the Efforts of the Missionary.

Special reports of the officers who were appointed to take a census of the inhabitants of the Far North have been compiled by the census and statistics branch at Ottawa. These reports are of more than ordinary interest at least from an ethological, if not from a statistical point of view.

M. Fabien Vanasse, historiographer of the Canadian Government steamship "Arctic" under Captain Bernier, was appointed to take the census of Baffin Island and took in addition the census of Kilkenek, or Port Burwell, on the spect me in time, but not if you inter-fere, or if you put some dreadful old wo-man over my head, to worry me and pat-report contains the following interesting remarks as to conditions amongst the Eskimos. "The lamps which are used by hundreds to light and heat their iglos, as also to a stone block of about eight to ten inches in circumference in which is carved a semi-circular cavity about three inches deep. This cavity is filled with seal oil, then a wick made of dry moss is placed around this bowl, and when this primitive wick is well soaked with oil it is lighted. The lamp gives a dim light and produces a heat of about two or three degrees. This affords all the light and all the heat which is enjoyed by the Eskimo during his existence in his house of snow. The yearly value of the hunt for each Eskimo hunter is placed at \$800 or \$1,000 on the premises. If this forsaken one of civilization were living in the proximity of our competitive markets, if he knew the value of the products of the hunt, if he was more concerned about the future, in spite of all the inconveniences he has to suffer from the inhospitable climate where God has placed him. But unfortunately the Eskimo has no idea of the economic values he holds in his hands after his slaughter of 10 or 20 polar bears, his capture of 25, 30 and sometimes 100 foxes, of two, three or four narwals, of eight to ten wolves, of hundreds of large salmon, each weighing 10, 20 or 30 lbs., and which he throws to his dogs. Besides this he is cheated odiously each year by the skimmers of the sea who visit him to collect his furs. At the trading counters he exchanges for few pounds of biscuits and tobacco, a few quarts of molasses, pipes, matches and some few yards of showy cotton goods, his silky furs of the greatest economic value.

None Very Old.

"Generally speaking, the Eskimo does not attain a very advanced aged 60 to 65 years. The average length of life of this people is from 35 to 40 years. There is no settled the most part, simply promiscuous the honor of the Eskimos of Baffin Island, that this sad state of affairs tends more and more to disappear among these tribes. The zealous work of the Anglican unions among this people during thirty years has largely contributed to diminish, or even extirpate entirely this pagan vice, destroyer of the family and domestic happiness." M. Vanasse writes that he has met with only one case of polygamy in taking the last census, and the Isky who acknowledged it seemed to be ashamed of it.

Not Too Clean.

The visit to the domicile, or the iglo, M. Vanasse writes, is not what one may think. The iglo is of circular form, eight feet in diameter and as much in height. It is made cents to \$6 a pound. of blocks of snow, the door is at the bottom, on a level with the ground, It's a waste of time for a father it is about one foot and a half wide by two feet high. It is not every his knees, then lie flat on his stom- it while they are a way."

ach and slide in, snake-like, for a distance of about ten or twelve feet in this tube of the same dimension as the door. One never gets in and comes out of it spotless, for this vestibule is not kept in an exaggerated state of cleanliness. Once in the iglo you are asked to sit on a block of snow, which is covered with a deerskin. In less than five minutes you are covered with the hairs of this fur. But after a few visits to the domicile one does not notice these small details. The in terpreter is alongside of you. Naturally this brave man, the sage of the village, has no idea of what constitutes a census. He has to be made to understand the questions put to the head of the iglo. There are English and French words which have no equivalent in the language of the Eskimo. Thus, for example, the words "years," "months," "days," "hours," are donominations of time absolutely ignored by the natives. These are so many mysteries to them.

"Married or Single."

"What is you age?" was invariably answered by "none savi mi." Then, M. Vanasse writes, he had to enter a conversation, carried on much more by gestures than by the voice, with the interpreter, in order to make him understand the question. This done, the interpreter and the hunter, or the wife of the latter in his absence, made endless calculations. It was a review of all the important events in the country, from as far back as the hunter could remember, and the farthest away event was used as a basis to determine as near as possible the date of his birth. There is another difficult point for the Eskimo to elucidate. There was a great deal of trouble in the beginning to ascertain from the head of an iglo if he was married or single. The word marriage is absolutely unknown among the natives; tha same with the words "child" and "family." M. Vanasse writes that he managed to make himself understood by asking first if they had an iglo, a koney, a pik-ki-nini. Now the head of the iglo is Osky; koney is his wife, and the pick-ki-nini the children. Each child has his name and constitutes by himself a separate unit:

Only Two Seasons.

Here is an example: the Osky Nassou has three sons, namely Ikton-ta, Kak-ton and Pro-mik-ton. We do not say Ik-ton-ta Nassou, etc., as we say in the Christian world John Smith, etc. In twenty years from this, when a new generation will have grown up, who will know that Ik-ton-ta and his brothers are the sons of old Nassou? With such a system it is difficult to preserve family traditions. As to the month of their birth, it is a mystery to themselves, they do not know this subdivision of the year. In reality there are only two seasons for the Eskimo: "summer" and the ice season "winter." As the winter lasts nine or ten months age. Some have been met, however, of the year the greater number of births is in winter. The same difficulty exists as to the number of animals slaughtered or captured By Presidential mandate, follow- age for domestic pairing. There by the hunter during the year. The Eskimos count easily up to ten; above that their mode of calcula-

tion is long. M. Vanasse, whose report is dated October 24, 1911, concludes that if the Government of Canada wants to preserve these relics of primitive humanity they will very soon have to put a stop to the depredations, plunders and thefts of which the of the rovers of the sea. The Government of Denmark has shown a noble example in this respect in favor of the Greenland Eskimos.

Silk Fishing Lines.

The familiar leaders for attaching fishhooks to lines, known as silkworm gut, is made from the caterpillars of silkworms, by placing the freshly-killed worms in vinegar for several days. The caterpillar is then pulled apart in such a way as to draw out a glutinous thread formed by the silky secretion, three feet long, which is then stretched on boards and dried in the sun. The silkworm from which this kind of fishline is made is a green variety about three inches long, feeding on the leaves of the camphor tree. Forty grades of this product are recognized by dealers, the price varying from 30

Neighborly Kindness.

"This plant belongs to the bongia family."

"Ah! And you are taking care of