

WOMEN NEED A SAFE TONIC

And There Is Nothing Better Than
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for
Toning Up the Blood.

It is said that woman's work is never done, and it is a fact that whether in society or in the home her life is filled with more cares and more worries than falls to the lot of man. For this reason women are compelled regretfully to watch the growing pallor of their cheeks, the coming of wrinkles and the thinness that becomes more distressing every day. Every woman knows that ill-health and worry is a fatal enemy to beauty, and that good health gives the plainest face an enduring attractiveness.

What women fail to recognize is the fact that if the blood supply is kept rich and pure, the day of the coming of wrinkles and pallor, dull eyes and sharp headaches is immeasurably postponed. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are literally worth their weight in gold to growing girls and women of mature years. They fill the veins with the rich, red blood that brings brightness to the eye, the glow of health to sallow cheeks, and charms away the headaches and backaches that render the lives of so many women constantly miserable.

Mrs. William Jones, Crow Lake, Ont., says: "I feel that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life. I was so badly run down that I could hardly drag myself around. I was so bloodless that I was as pale as a sheet, and you could almost see through my hands. In fact the doctor told me my blood had all turned to water. I was taking medicine constantly, but without benefit. My mother had so much faith in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that she bought me two boxes and urged me to take them. How thankful I am that I followed her advice. Before these were gone I began to feel better, and I continued using the Pills until I had taken five more boxes, when I was again enjoying the blessing of perfect health, with a good color in my face, a good appetite, and I feel sure a new lease of life. I will always, you may be sure, be a warm friend of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

If you are weak or ailing, begin to cure yourself to-day with the rich red blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make. If you do not find the Pills at your dealer's, send 50 cents for a box or \$2.50 for six boxes to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be sent you by mail, post paid.

Fact and Fancy.

When men get tight, they talk loose.

The Japanese tax beards.
A cold reception will make anybody hot.

Men grow grey a decade earlier than women.

What can't be cured buys the doctor's autos.
Young crow is white and tender, with a delicate flavor that epicures readily mistake for plover. So they say.

It's a wise youth who owes his own father.

Chinese coats have five buttons, signifying the five Confucian virtues—humanity, justice, order, prudence and rectitude.

"ANOTHER KNIGHT MOTOR SUCCESS."

The adoption of the Knight Motor by the F. B. Stearns Company of Cleveland seems to have been merely the beginning of the taking up of this motor by several prominent firms throughout the United States.

The achievement of the Knight Motor, both in this country and abroad, have induced the Moline Automobile Company of Moline, Ill., to adopt it. This company will have cars equipped with the powerful Knight Motor on the market by the first of the year.

Scarcely second in importance to their announcement in regard to the Knight Motor, is the recent purchase of a license by J. M. Willys of the Willys Overland Company. The Overland people are, by the way, one of the largest poppet engine builders of the United States. In the old Garford plant at Elyria, Ohio, which was formerly employed in the construction of Garford Trucks, they have started to build the Knight Motor. This is most significant, for possibly no one motor car company has been more strikingly successful than that directed by Mr. Willys.

Doings in Europe.

Germany Warned of French Peril.

Prince Bernhard von Bulow, formerly German imperial chancellor, the other day abandoned the silence which he once declared he would maintain until death. He does this in order to warn his countrymen, he says, that inveterate hostility to Germany is the soul of French policy. This, he declares, will continue to be so long as Frenchmen have the slightest hope of regaining Alsace-Lorraine by their own efforts or with outside assistance.

Prince von Bulow expresses this conviction in a review of German politics. He points out the folly of ignoring this inbred hostility of the French and of trying to arrange German relations with France on any other basis.

"It is idle to hope for a reconciliation with France," he says, "without restoring the provinces of Alsace and Lorraine. The French determine that they will do so whenever there is a prospect of success; must continue to be a factor in the calculations of statesmen. Germany should try to maintain courteous and correct relations with France, with whom she can co-operate in minor questions, but she should not chase fantasies nor aspire to overcome France's ingrained rancor by compliments."

Prince von Bulow does not criticize the French, declaring that he fully comprehends their attitude. On the other hand, he criticizes indirectly the emperor's occasional holding out of the olive branch.

Legion of Honor Loses Value.

Members of the French Legion of Honor are so numerous in France that the once highly prized little strip of red ribbon has almost ceased to be a mark of particular distinction. During recent years a number of prominent Frenchmen have even refused it, saying that they preferred not to have a decoration rather than accept one which had become so common. Almost all the other French orders have shared a similar fate. The only decoration which appears to have kept its place and original value is the Labor Order, conferred on employees who have worked for the same firm for thirty years or more.

Pope Plus a Teetotaler.

Pius X. has introduced some rather drastic reforms into the domestic arrangements of the Vatican, notably in dispersing the world famed cellars of priceless wines, the presents of kings and emperors. It is well known that the Pope is a man of great austerity of life, and although wine to an Italian is as innocent and natural a beverage as water, he is himself a teetotaler, and wishes to encourage the practice of water drinking.

The immediate cause of this move of Pius X. is said to be the obstreperous behavior of some of the members of the Papal guard. Whether this is true or not seems a moot point, for Italians are very seldom guilty of excessive drinking.

A House For Three Cents a Day.

An attractive scheme for the betterment of the French working classes has just been proposed by M. Cheron, Minister of Labor, and supported by the Minister of Finance. It is not intended to be compulsory.

A workman by setting apart three cents a day can assure for himself the ownership of a house, a certain capital sum and a pension for his old age. Thus a man taking out a deposit book in the name of his son and having inscribed therein a monthly sum equal to the rate of three cents a day is sure that the beneficiary on reaching the age of 25 years will receive a sum of over \$250. With this the young man can enter into possession of a \$1,500 house, paying the remainder of the purchase money by instalments.

Should he die before completion his heirs by virtue of an insurance combination become the absolute owners of the house without having to pay another cent. If the young man continues the payments of three cents a day his old father at 60 will be just under \$95, while in case of his death his heirs will receive a sum of \$240.

Luok in Store For Poincaré.

The President of France has had his horoscope drawn up for him by no less important a personage than the president of the Astrological Society of France. Capricorn is in the ascendant, which denotes energy, domination and good taste and announces brilliant success in public affairs.

These predictions are backed up by the planet Mars. Unfortunately an ill-omened planetary conjunction augurs a traveling accident. But so many beneficial influences are also at work that no serious consequences are to be anticipated. On the whole the horoscope shows an unusually favorable future.

"Diplomatic Dram" Popular.

Iceland is extremely "dry" in the sense that all importation or sale of alcoholic liquor is forbidden by law. It is some little time now that this law has been in operation, and no one has complained about it except the foreign consuls, who do not see why these laws should be prevented from indulging at meal times and on festive occasions in a moderate amount of stimulant.

They therefore recently appealed in a body to the Icelandic government for an exception to be made in their favor. The Althing, or Chamber, has just acceded to their request and adopted a clause known popularly as the "diplomatic dram clause" by which foreign consuls are henceforth permitted to import once a year a "not excessive" quantity of assorted alcoholic drinks, which must be consumed within the four walls of the consulate.

This proved satisfactory to the consuls until the question of interpretation arose. It now seems that only two members of the consular body benefit by the exemption clause. They are those of France and Norway, who alone have been sent out from their respective countries. The other consuls are local men and to them the exemption does not apply. The French and Norwegian consuls are enjoying a striking and increasing popularity among their colleagues.

A Woman Aged 120 Years.

Hedwig Stawne, "goose girl" of the village of Dornowo, Prussian Poland, has produced for official inspection a birth record showing that she was 120 years old Oct. 15. It is admitted by the registration authorities that so far as they can discover she is the only woman alive in Germany who saw Napoleon's "grand army" march through Poland to invade Russia.

The aged woman does her own marketing. When the weather is reasonably fine she looks after the village goose, as she did when she was a child. Her eyesight is excellent. She knits most of her own woollen clothing and stockings, and for others. Her memory is clear.

In all her 120 years the most eventful incident was the passing of a part of King Jerome's wing of the grand army once again at Pilschen, where she was born, and later of a few stragglers and outriders of the Russian Cossacks.

Her childhood recollections are of lonely and secret tramps into the forests around her birthplace to make food for her father, who had fled into the forest with his cattle to escape the plundering Cossacks. Jerome's troops were well-behaved, according to Hedwig. The only difficulty was that they would not eat black bread and had to have geese and chickens.

Angel Food.

Mrs. Nicker—Do you have eggs for breakfast?
Mrs. Bocker—No; but we have a phonograph record of a cackle.

EXECUTIONER'S PAY.

France Was More Liberal Than England.

James Berry was not so well paid for his services as his French confrere, M. Antoine Diebler, who draws £500 a year, while his four assistants have a similar amount to divide between them. Sanson, the first executioner to wield the guillotine, was originally paid £1,520 a year, but when executioners were appointed in each department this was reduced to £800. Before the Revolution the legal tariff in France was 25s. for a beheading, 16s. 8d. for a burning at the stake, and the same amount for a hanging, with allowances for the erection of a scaffold or the provision of fuel. One of James Berry's predecessors for a brief period donned a uniform when at work. In 1785, according to a contemporary chronicler, the Sheriffs of London were "so pleased with the excellent mode



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TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG-MONTREAL

in which Edward Dennis, their hangman, performed his duties that they presented him with a very elegant official robe—a khilaut, in fact, as Eastern potentates term a similar garb of honor. Dennis found this inconvenient when at work... and sold it to a well-known character, Old Cain, who, having set up as a fortune-teller, wanted a robe to complete the costume in which he received dupes."

FORTY-FOURTH ANNUAL STATEMENT

of

The Royal Bank of Canada



LIABILITIES

TO THE PUBLIC:

Notes of the Bank in circulation	\$13,176,634 69
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date	\$101,900,790 87
Deposits not bearing interest	36,276,871 80
	138,177,662 47
Deposits by other Banks in Canada	\$ 405,669 90
Deposits by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	1,649,466 73
	2,055,136 63
Bills Payable	990,899 59
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	361,106 66
	\$154,761,440 04

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS:

Capital Stock Paid-up	11,560,000 00
Reserve Fund	\$12,560,000 00
Balance of Profits carried forward	1,015,119 58
	13,575,119 58
Dividend No. 105 (at 12% per annum), payable Dec. 1st, 1913	\$ 346,800 00
Dividends Unclaimed	3,426 11
	350,226 11
	\$180,246,785 73

ASSETS

Current Gold and Silver Coin	\$ 7,802,067 72
Dominion Government Notes	11,664,142 00
	\$19,466,209 72
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves	2,000,000 00
Deposit with Dominion Government for the purposes of the Circulation Fund	578,000 00
Notes of other Banks	2,676,878 07
Cheques on other Banks	6,566,249 32
Due by other Banks in Canada	1,160 12
Due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	3,603,452 05
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, not exceeding market value	1,127,312 91
Canadian Municipal Securities and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian, not exceeding market value	2,081,533 53
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value	14,565,306 32
Call and Short Loans in Canada, on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	9,002,193 01
Call and Short Loans elsewhere than in Canada	10,817,496 66
	72,385,791 71
Loans to Provincial Governments	\$ 247,435 89
Loans to Cities, Towns, Municipalities and School Districts	3,686,624 08
Other Current Loans and Discounts (less rebate of interest)	98,606,925 14
Overdue Debts (estimated loss provided for)	175,673 57
	\$102,716,658 68
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off	4,783,228 68
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra	361,106 66
	\$180,246,785 73

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 30th November, 1912	\$ 610,219 36
Profits for the year, after deducting charges of management and all other expenses, accrued interest on deposits, full provision for all bad and doubtful debts and rebate of interest on unmatured bills	2,142,100 22
	\$2,752,319 58

APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS:

Dividends Nos. 102, 103, 104 and 105, at 12 per cent. per annum	\$1,387,200 00
Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund	100,000 00
Written Off Bank Premises Account	250,000 00
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward	1,015,119 58
	\$2,752,319 58

EDSON L. PEASE,
General Manager.