

# Grain, Cattle and Cheese

Prices of These Products in the Leading Markets are Here Recorded

### Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Sept. 23.—Flour—Ontario wheat flour, 90 per cent., made of new wheat, \$3.35, sea board. Manitoba—First patents, in 48-lb. bags, \$5.40; do., seconds, \$4.90; strong bakers', in 48-lb. bags, \$4.70. Manitoba wheat—No. 1 new Northern, \$3.12; on track, Bay ports, No. 2 at \$2.40; No. 3, \$2.12; Bay ports.  
Ontario wheat—New No. 2 wheat at 64 to 65c, outside.  
Oats—No. 2 Ontario oats, 33 to 33 1/2c, outside, and at 35c, on track, Toronto.  
Western Canada old oats, 40 1/2c for No. 1, and at 30c for No. 3, Bay ports.  
Peas—\$3 to 3 1/2c, outside.  
Barley—\$2 to 2 1/2c, outside.  
Corn—No. 3 American corn at 78 1/2c, off, Midland.  
Eye—60 to 62c per bushel.  
Buckwheat—\$2 to \$2 1/2 per ton.  
Wheat—Manitoba brand, \$22 to \$23 a ton, in bags, Toronto freights. Shorts, \$24, Toronto.

### Country Produce.

Wholesale dealers' quotations to retailers are:  
Butter—Choloe dairy, 23 to 24c; inferior, 17 to 18c; creamery, 26 to 27c for rolls, and 4 to 5c for solids.  
Eggs—Cases lots of new laid, 26 to 28c per dozen; fresh, 24 to 25 1/2c, and seconds, 17 to 18c.  
Cheese—New cheese, 14 1/2 to 14 3/4c for large, and 15c for twins.  
Beans—Hand-picked, \$2.25 to \$2.35 per bushel; primes, \$1.75 to \$2.  
Honey—Extracted, in tin, 11 to 11 1/2c per lb. for No. 1, and \$2.75 for No. 2.  
Poultry—Hens, 16 to 17c per lb.; chickens, 20 to 21c; ducks, 18 to 19c; geese, 13 to 14c; turkeys, 18 to 20c.  
Potatoes—Immediate delivery, 70 to 75c per bag, and future delivery 65c per bag, on track.  
Baled Hay and Straw.  
Baled hay—No. 1 hay, \$13 to \$14, on track, Toronto; No. 2 at \$12.50, and mixed at \$12.  
Baled straw—\$8 to \$8.50, on track, Toronto.

### Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 16c per lb in case lots. Pork—Short cut, \$29; do., mess, \$24. Ham—Medium to light, 21 1/2 to 22c; heavy, 20 1/2 to 21c; rolls, breakfast bacon, \$1 to 2 1/2c; backs, 24 to 25c.

### KAISER INVESTS IN B. C.

Other Eminent Germans Are Following His Example.

A despatch from Berlin says: It is reported that the Kaiser has become an extensive investor in land in Vancouver and elsewhere in British Columbia. His Majesty's reported investments are purely personal. Other eminent Germans are said to have followed the Kaiser's example and to have purchased land in British Columbia, chiefly farming and forest land. The transactions have been conducted for them by Count Von Alvensleben, who lived in Vancouver for several years, and has "specialized" in interesting his wealthy fellow-countrymen in what has been called "the region of unlimited possibilities." Several German syndicates conduct an active propaganda for the investment of funds in property in British Columbia.

### TRIP TO CHICAGO.

Winnipeg Business Men Will Go at Invitation of Chicago People.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Arrangements are now being completed in the city for a special business men's trip to Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, which will be made at an early date. The trip is being taken on the invitation of the Chicago Association of Commerce.

# KILLED AT RIFLE RANGES

Accidental Discharge of a Gun Caused the Death of Quartermaster-Sergeant Harris

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—Through a terrible mishap at the Rockcliffe rifle ranges Saturday afternoon, Quartermaster-Sergeant T. Stanley Harris, Ottawa, of the 5th (Princess Louise) Dragoon Guards, was shot and killed. The fatal shot was fired just as several teams representing the corps of the Ottawa garrison were preparing to shoot the Dundonald match. Team captains had just drawn for places, and the first squads were taking their positions at the butts, when the sharp crack of a rifle shot attracted the attention to the right of the firing line, and Harris was seen to stagger and fall, shouting "Oh, boys, I'm shot, I'm shot." A physician, who was on the ranges as a spectator, was called, but Harris was beyond medical assistance. Examination revealed a terrible wound in the right arm and another in the hip, the latter of which was

fatal, as the blunt-nosed bullet of lead covered with nickel must have inflicted a terrible internal injury. The shot which killed Harris was fired from the rifle of Sergeant Robert Innes, of the Ottawa Engineer Corps, who was in the act of explaining to one of his men how to load the magazine of his rifle to prevent the cartridges jamming. He drew back the bolt and closed it again, and the shot went off. He says he did not touch the trigger. Innes was overcome with grief, and ultimately almost lost control of his mind when informed that the bullet from his rifle had caused death. In addition to the inquest opened by Coroner Dr. Baptie, there will be a military inquiry into the affair. It is the first fatal accident at the Rockcliffe ranges. Harris is survived by a young widow and infant daughter. He was in his 25th year.



Madame Curie,

described by Sir Oliver Lodge as the greatest of all women scientists, who was honored by the British Association. She contributed to the address on radium.

### BULGARIA AND TURKEY.

Now All Is Peace Between the Late Combatants.

A despatch from Constantinople says: Official announcement is made of the settlement of the frontier question between Bulgaria and Turkey in Thrace. The frontier starts at the mouth of the Maritza River and ends north of Midia, on the Black Sea. Turkey retains Adrianople, Demotika and Kirk-Killiseh, while Bulgaria retains Tirnova, Mustapha Pasha and Ortaakoi. An agreement in principle has been reached on the subject of nationalities.

### CHILD WITH MATCHES.

Buildings and Crop Were Burned, With a Loss of About \$5,000.

A despatch from Brantford says: The barns of John Mordue, Pleasant Ridge, four miles from Brantford, were destroyed by fire on Thursday night. The fire was caused by children playing with matches. The loss is estimated at \$5,000, all the season's crops being destroyed, as well as the implements. Four Brantford autoists, passing at the time, succeeded in saving live stock valued at \$500.

### THROWN FROM HIS HORSE.

Field Marshal Wood Suffering from Concussion of Brain.

A despatch from London says: Field Marshal Sir Evelyn Wood is confined to his bed with concussion of the brain as the result of being thrown from a bolting horse which became frightened at an automobile.

### HAPPY OLD AGE.

Most Likely to Follow Proper Eating.

As old age advances we require less food to replace waste, and food that will not overtax the digestive organs while supplying true nourishment.

Such an ideal food is found in Grape-Nuts, made of whole wheat and barley by long baking and action of diastase in the barley which changes the starch into a most digestive sugar.

The phosphates also, placed up under the outer coat of the wheat, are included in Grape-Nuts, but are lacking in white flour because the outer coat of the wheat darkens the flour and is left out by the miller. These natural phosphates are necessary to the well-balanced building of muscle, brain and nerve cells.

"I have used Grape-Nuts," writes a Western man, "for eight years and feel as good and am stronger than I was ten years ago. Among my customers I meet a man every day who is well along in years and attributes his good health to Grape-Nuts and Postum which he has used for the last five years. He mixes Grape-Nuts with Postum and says they go fine together."

"For many years before I began to eat Grape-Nuts, I could not say that I enjoyed life or knew what it was to be able to say 'I am well.' I suffered greatly with constipation, but now my habits are as regular as ever in my life."

"Whenever I make extra effort I depend on Grape-Nuts food and it just fills the bill. I can think and write a great deal easier."

"There's a reason." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

# TRAGEDY AT ALEXANDRIA

A Mother Kills Her Daughter and Wounds Her Grandchild and Herself

Alexandria, Ont., Sept. 21.—Mrs. J. H. A. Taylor, of Montreal, shot and killed her daughter, Mrs. Harold W. Norton, and seriously wounded her 14-year-old grandchild, Lulu Norton, also of Montreal, about six o'clock Monday morning, while they were asleep at the home of her son, J. A. H. Taylor. She then shot herself, but not fatally.

Mr. J. H. A. Taylor was a Montreal business man who came to Alexandria a short time ago intending to carry on a model farm to supply Montreal markets with eggs, poultry and other farm produce.

On Saturday evening Mrs. J. H. A. Taylor, her husband, her daughter, Mrs. Harold W. Norton, and her granddaughter, Lulu Norton, came from Montreal to Alexandria on a visit. It all appeared to be a happy family reunion. The family retired late Saturday night, Mrs. Norton and her child sleeping downstairs, while the others slept upstairs, and all was peaceful till Sunday morning at daybreak when Mr. Taylor, Sr., and the other inmates were startled by revolver shots and screams. Mr. Taylor, Sr., rushed to the stairs only to meet his wife coming up in the dim

light of the morning with her face streaming with blood.

It would appear that Mrs. Taylor, who has been suffering for some time from melancholia, found a loaded 32-calibre revolver in a drawer in her son's dresser. She concealed it in her clothing and came downstairs to the room in which Mrs. Norton and her child, Lulu, were sleeping. Without any warning, and while they still slept, she shot Mrs. Norton in the left eye. She then shot the child in the temple, and turned the gun on herself. This last shot, however, failed to kill her, passing through her upper lip and nose and then cutting a deep gash in her forehead, and finally passed into the ceiling. There were four shots fired, but just where the fourth shot went is unknown. After the shooting Mrs. Taylor then threw the revolver away and rushed upstairs. She was met on the stairs by Mrs. Taylor, jr., and Mr. Taylor, Sr., who were awakened by the screams and shots below. She could give no motive for the deed. Drs. J. T. Hope and K. McLennan were at once called, but in spite of their efforts Mrs. Norton died from the effects of the wound about noon.

### SPRING WHEAT 192,517,000

Ottawa Places Canada's Grand Total at 211 Million Bushels.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A bulletin issued by the census and statistics office of the Department of Trade and Commerce gives preliminary estimates of the yield of spring wheat, rye, oats and barley, as compiled from the reports of correspondents upon the appearance of these crops.

Of spring wheat the average yield per acre is provisionally placed at 21.24 bushels per acre, which upon an area of 8,990,500 acres, makes the total yield of spring wheat to be 192,517,000 bushels. This quantity added to 18,481,800 bushels of fall wheat, as published last month, gives the total production of wheat at 210,998,800 bushels, and for 1911 of 215,851,000 bushels. The yield per acre in 1912 was 20.99 bushels for fall wheat and 20.37 bushels for spring wheat.

Oats, with an average yield of 40.98 bushels per acre on 9,640,400 acres, gives a total production of 395,341,000 bushels, as against an average yield of 39.25 bushels and a total yield of 361,723,000 bushels in 1912.

Barley, a yield per acre of 31.05 bushels, and a total yield of 44,440,000 bushels, as compared with an average yield of 31.10 bushels and a total of 44,014,000 bushels in 1912.

The estimated yield of rye is 2,425,000 bushels for 127,000 acres, being a yield per acre of 19.06 bushels as against a total of 2,594,000 bushels in 1912.

For the three northwest Provinces the total yield of spring wheat is estimated at 188,018,000 bushels, oats 244,125,000 bushels, barley at 28,150,000 bushels, rye at 612,000 bushels and flax at 15,056,000 bushels, as compared with a total yield in 1912 for spring wheat of 183,322,000 bushels, oats 221,857,000 bushels and barley of 26,671,000 bushels.

The general condition of the live stock is very satisfactory, being expressed in percentages of a standard of 100, representing a healthy and thrifty state, as 94.27 for horses, 91.37 for milch cows; for other cattle 93.54, for sheep 90.41, and for swine 94.83.

### GOLD FIND REPORTED.

Prospector Says He Has Found Something to Rival Klondike.

A despatch from Edmonton says: After searching 32 years for gold, John Gentle, aged 72, arrived at Edmonton Monday morning with the news that at last he had reached Eldorado. To substantiate his statements he brought several nuggets, some over an ounce in weight. He interested three local professional men, and all decided to file claims on what may be a new Klondike. They left Monday night, their destination being somewhere north of the end of steel on the MacLeod River.

### NEW RIFLE SIGHT.

Military Authorities Say It Must Be Used at All Matches.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It was announced at the Militia Department that a new rifle sight made by the Ross Rifle Company and adopted by the Dominion Government will be issued next year. The militia authorities say that after next year everyone shooting at the Dominion Rifle Association and at the provincial matches will have to use the same sight, namely, the one adopted by the Government.

### THANKSGIVING DAY.

Order-in-Council Fixes Date For October 20th.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An order-in-council has been passed fixing Monday, October 20, as Thanksgiving Day.

# CUSTOMS OFFICES NOW 705

The Total Number of Persons Employed in the Department is 3,250

A despatch from Ottawa says: The number of Customs offices now open in Canada is 705, as compared with 661 two years ago. Thus in forty or fifty places the public have the opportunity of transacting their Customs business in their own home town instead of having to go to a distance.

The number of persons employed in the Customs Department now is 3,250, of whom 220 are on the inside and 3,030 on the outside staff. The increase in two years has been about 32 per cent., the number in September, 1911, having been 2,459. While offices have been opened free-

ly and liberal additions have been made to the staff, the revenue has increased by 32 per cent., from \$79,000,000 to \$115,000,000, and the proportionate cost of collecting the revenue has fallen greatly. In 1908-9 4.15 per cent. of the Customs revenue collected was absorbed in the cost of collection. In 1909-10 it had fallen to 3.32 per cent., and in 1910-11 it was 2.98 per cent. With the advent of the Hon. J. D. Reid as Minister of Customs there was a sharp decline to 2.78 per cent. in 1911-12, that constituting a record in cheapness. In 1912-13, however, the department did better still, the cost falling to 2.73 per cent.