

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXXVIII.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1910.

No. 6

Professional Cards

LEGAL.

McDIARMID, WEEKS & O'NEAL
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, etc. Solicitors for County of Victoria. Money to loan on real estate at lowest rates of interest. Offices opposite Pym's Hotel, Kent street, Lindsay. Member of firm will be at Fenelon Falls every Tuesday.
F. A. McDIARMID, C. E. WEEKS,
W. J. O'NEAL.

McLAUGHLIN, PEEL & FULTON
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOTARIES. Offices over Dominion Bank, Lindsay. Branch office open at Bobcaygeon every Monday. Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.
R. J. McLAUGHLIN, K. C. A. M. FULTON, B. A.
JAS. A. PEEL.

G. H. HOPKINS, K. C.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY Public, &c. Solicitor for the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan at terms to suit borrower. Offices, 6 William street south, Lindsay, Ont.

MOORE & JACKSON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay.
F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON

STEWART & O'CONNOR,
BARRISTERS, NOTARIES, &c. MONEY to loan at lowest current rates. Terms to suit borrowers. Office on corner of Kent and York streets, Lindsay.
T. STEWART. L. V. O'CONNOR, B. A.

DENTAL.

Dr. S. J. SIMS, DENTIST,
Fenelon Falls.
Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons.
ALL BRANCHES OF DENTISTRY performed according to the latest improved methods at moderate prices.
OFFICE:—Over Burgoyne's store, Colborne street

Drs. Neelands & Irvine.
DENTISTS LINDSAY.
Natural teeth preserved. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Splendid fits in artificial teeth. Painless extraction. Gas administered to over 9,000 persons with great success.

MEDICAL.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM.
—M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S. Eng., M. C. P. A. S.,
ONT., F. T. M. S.—
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR. Office, Francis Street, Fenelon Falls.

DR. H. B. JOHNSTONE,
SUCCESSOR TO DR. A. WILSON,
GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office, Colborne street, Fenelon Falls.

AUCTIONEER.

THOMAS CASHORE,
AUCTIONEER FENELON FALLS.
Sales of all kinds conducted in a first-class manner. Secure dates before advertising.

In Jewelry

We carry a large and well selected stock. Our prices are as low as you will find anywhere.

It Pays

To keep your watch in good order. If it needs cleaning or repairing bring it here.

JOHN SLATER,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.
FENELON FALLS.

THE SHOE BILL IS BIG ENOUGH

When the money is as wisely spent as it possibly could be. It takes enough money, goodness knows, to shoe the household, without wasting any on experimenting. Because you are experimenting unless you are dealing in certainties. Yes, there are such things as shoe certainties. We can show them to you any day. Shoes that are known to be such and such—because they are built that way. You are wise if you deal in shoe certainties, and to do that you have but to make a practice of coming here for all your needs in footwear.



Don't forget our Ladies' Dongola Blucher Bal. at \$2.00—The best ever.
J. L. ARNOLD.

RELIABLE GROCERIES

Like ours provide wholesome eating. We continue to assure you this as we have done in the past, we won't stand for humbug goods. Reliability is our motto.



ROBSON & SON.

NOT TOO EARLY

To think about your needs in spring clothes. Our assortment of goods for this purpose will be found complete and up-to-date. Your inspection cordially invited.

TOWNLEY BROS.

BANK OF MONTREAL,

HEAD OFFICE - MONTREAL.
ESTABLISHED 1817 INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT
CAPITAL \$14,400,000.00. RESERVE 12,000,000.00
ASSETS OVER \$220,000,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Deposits taken of \$1 and upwards, which can be withdrawn on demand.

R. M. Hamilton, Mgr. Fenelon Falls Branch

The Artisan.

In former times the workman owned his own tools with which he produced the necessities of life. The shoemaker owned his last and awl and other tools necessary to make shoes. The small printer owned primitive presses with which he turned out small papers. The transporter of goods owned his horse and waggon to transport the goods made. The weaver and spinner owned the loom and spinning wheel he used. The worker owned the tools with which he worked, and got all there was to be got from the product of his labor.

But the giant machine came into being. The awl and last went. The primitive printing press went. The teamster was replaced by the railway and the engine. The hand loom disappeared before the power loom. The new machinery was no longer capable of individual ownership in the old sense. A modern printing establishment costs hundreds of thousands of dollars. A railroad costs a hundred thousand dollars a mile to build and equip. The cotton mill is far beyond the pocket of the average man to acquire.

The huge machines replaced the small tools. The small tools were owned by the workers. The big machines were owned by the capitalists. The old worker, owning his tools, got the full return of his toil in primitive society where there was not slavery. With the giant machines the worker no longer got the full reward of his labor. He had to surrender part of the product of his toil to the owners of the new machinery. With the evolution of industry the artisans were completely driven from their independent position, and had to seek work from the machine owners. The machine owners, therefore, had the whip hand of them, and drove a hard bargain. They took from the wage worker all the results of his toil, and gave in return a wage that would just keep him alive. At the present time the machine owners, through their ownership of the machines, are taking from the workers four-fifths of what they produce.

New occasions teach new duties. But these duties are learned slowly. The workers have endeavored to right themselves by organizing in craft unions and by raising wages. But with the raise in wages the machine owners raised the price of the products of the machines, and the workers were no better off than before. The workers are now advancing by returning to an old idea. They are seeing that, just as the old artisan owned the small tools and was independent, so the modern workers must own the giant machines, in order to be free

and to get the full return of their labor. They are crowding into the socialist ranks, and are devising ways and means for the proletarian control of the machinery of production.—Cotton's Weekly.

Monkeys Compared.

Suppose you were traveling in Africa and should see a colony of monkeys in a cocoon grove, and a few large monkeys compelling all the rest to bring coconuts to them, while they, the few, enjoyed themselves in the shade, giving back only enough coconuts to keep the workers alive, while quantities of coconuts were going to waste; and whenever a monkey "got gay" and demanded more coconuts to keep him from starving, the large monkeys denounced him "as undesirable," and, if this demand was repeated too often, killed him. What would you think of them?

Now, suppose these same monkeys should chance to travel in the United States, and see millions of human beings digging coal, catching fish, smelting iron, sawing lumber, making shoes, dishes, pianos, books, or raising farm products, and then handing all these things over to a few other human (?) beings—beings who do nothing; and then form themselves into vast armies and navies and defend these idlers with their lives, and then teach their offspring that such killing is patriotism; erect hovels for themselves and palaces for the idlers, and, with faces and hands turned toward heaven, beg the idlers for a chance to eke out a miserable existence. If the monkeys saw all this, what do you think they would think of the people? They could n't help but think the American species of monkeys are fit candidates for monkey asylums for the feeble-minded. If not, why not?

The human is the only species of animal on the face of the earth that permits millions of its own kind to starve while surrounded with plenty and to spare. What a travesty on civilization; and then to think that we, the Socialists, who know how to better the conditions of humanity, must suffer with the rest, because we are unable to change it without your votes.—W. Ries in "Men and Mules."

The men who talk most of the dignity of labor never try to be dignified in that way.

Ninety per cent. of the people fail under capitalism. Shows the system is impractical, does n't it?

When labor leaders eat with capitalists, it is a sign that the workers will have to patronize soup houses.

You give your votes for a clod of common clay, and then fall down and worship the ideal of your own making.

1836 THE BANK OF 1910

British North America

74 Years in Business. Capital and Reserve Over \$7,000,000

A Joint Account

may be opened by two members of a family.

Either may deposit or withdraw money on his or her own signature alone, so that either may do the banking, as is most convenient.

\$1.00 opens a Savings Account. Interest compounded at highest current rates. Money may be withdrawn at any time.

Fenelon Falls Branch, W. A. Bishop, Manager