

# OVER 150 PERSONS PERISH

## Passenger Steamer From Marseilles to Algiers Wrecked.

A despatch from Palma, Island of Majorca, says: Swept helplessly from her course in one of the wildest storms that has swept the Mediterranean Sea in forty years, the French Transatlantic Steamship Company's steamer General Chanzy, crashed at full speed, in the dead of night, on treacherous reefs near the Island of Minorca, and all but one of the 157 souls on board perished.

The sole survivor is an Algerian customs officer, Marcel Rodel, who was rescued by a fisherman and lies at present in the hospital at Ciudadela, raving, as a result of the tortures through which he passed, and unable to give an account of the disaster.

Of the ship's company there were 87 passengers, of whom 30 were in the first cabin. The crew numbered 70. The ship was in command of Captain Cayol, one of the most careful officers of the line. He never before had met with an accident. He soon was to have retired from the service.

The passengers of the Chanzy were mostly French officers and officials returning to their posts in

Algeria, accompanied by their wives and children, a few soldiers, some Italians and Turks, and one priest. The only Anglo-Saxon names on the passenger list were Green and Stakely. They were members of an opera troupe of eleven which had been engaged to sing at the Casino in Algiers.

The General Chanzy sailed from Marseilles on Wednesday at noon, and was due to arrive at Algiers on Thursday afternoon.

The Chanzy is a total wreck. Steamers have been despatched from Spain and from points in the Balearic Islands to the scene of the catastrophe. Among the victims was the celebrated Parisian music hall singer, Francis Dufor, as well as other prominent music hall favorites.

The General Chanzy struck at 9 o'clock Thursday night. Other ships in the neighborhood had safely outridden the storm, but the Chanzy was lifted off her course through the Balearic Archipelago and brought up on the coast of Minorca, in the vicinity of Ciudadela. Fishermen at daybreak picked up Rodel clinging to a piece of wreckage.

### A MILITARY AIRSHIP.

#### Launch of Huge Craft for Use of British Army.

A despatch from London says: The British army appears at last to have secured a workable airship after many false starts. Manned by Col. Capper and four assistants, the huge fish-shaped craft was launched from the Military Balloon factory at Farnborough on Saturday. An hour was occupied in a fight over Laffin's Plain to Aldershot Camp, and back to its shed. The airship travelled several hundred feet above the highest point passed over and appeared to answer its helm perfectly. It seemed to be under thorough control throughout the trip and maintained a good speed even when driven in the teeth of a stiff breeze. The new machine is many times greater in size than its predecessors, being 170 feet in length with pointed ends and having fin-like projections on either side. Framework extends below the body for about three-fourths of its length. The propellers are attached to its sides.

### TRAIN STRUCK HANDCAR.

#### Three Railway Men Hurt Near Bying Inlet.

A despatch from Sudbury says: Albert Hodgman, foreman, with two sectionmen, Tiklena and Crier, trackmen on the Toronto-Sudbury branch of the C. P. R. between French and Bying Inlet, while returning from Bying Inlet on Thursday afternoon ran into the Toronto Sudbury local train before they noticed it. Their jigger was smashed to pieces. Hodgman was severely bruised about the head, and Tiklena's jaw broken and his scalp injured. Crier was cut about the face and his back injured. Crier managed to jump before the collision came, but was hit with flying debris. All three were brought to Sudbury General Hospital on the train. All are expected to recover.

### RUSSIAN EGGS COMPETE.

#### A Consignment of Six Thousand Dozen Received in Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Montrealers will have an opportunity of judging what kind of hen fruit the poultry yards of Russia can produce, as a consignment of 6,000 dozen eggs has been received here from Riga, Russia. Strange as it may seem, these eggs can be brought approximately 5,000 miles at a price to compete with the local eggs. It is believed to be the first time a commercial transaction of this nature has taken place, but there have been previous instances of foodstuffs being brought from abroad at a time when the local prices were extremely high. Butter has been shipped to England and reimported before now owing to the scarcity of the product and consequent high prices.

### DOG PICKED UP AT SEA.

#### Big Newfoundland Swimming Hundred Miles From Land.

A despatch from Vancouver says: The steamer Fred J. Wood, which arrived from the Pacific coast on Sunday, reports picking up a large black Newfoundland dog one hundred miles from land. The animal was almost dead from exhaustion. He recovered and now seems none the worse. He wore no collar, and was apparently lost overboard from some passing ship.

### MAD DOG KILLED.

#### Men in Pere Marquette Shops Visited by Snapping Terrier.

A despatch from St. Thomas says: A stray Scotch terrier, frothing at the mouth, suffering from frequent convulsions and evidently infected with rabies in an advanced stage, invaded the Pere Marquette shops on Thursday and created a panic among the employees. One of the men killed the beast with a crow-bar.

# THE WORLD'S MARKETS

## REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

### Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

#### BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Feb. 15.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$1.25 to \$1.30 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto, and \$1.15 to \$1.20 outside in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.70; seconds, \$5.20 to \$5.30, and strong bakers', \$5 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.12, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern at \$1.10, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 mixed red Winter or white, \$1.07 to \$1.08 outside.

Barley—No. 2, 57c outside; No. 3 extra, 55c; No. 3 at 50 to 52c, and feed, 48c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, 39 to 40c outside, and 42 to 42½c on track Toronto. Canada West oats, 42½ to 43c for No. 2, and 41½ to 42c for No. 3, Bay ports.

Peas—\$4 to 85c for No. 2 for shipment at outside points.

Rye—No. 2, 68c outside.

Buckwheat—53½ to 54c outside for No. 2.

Corn—New kiln-dried No. 3, 73c, and No. 3 new yellow, selected, 70c, Toronto freights.

Bran—\$22.50 in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$24, in bags, Toronto.

#### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$1.50 to \$3 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—Car lots outside, \$1.80 to \$1.90, and small lots at \$2 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2 to \$2.50; extracted, 10½ to 11c per lb.

Baled hay—No. 1 timothy, \$13.50 to \$14, and No. 2 at \$12 to \$12.50 on track, Toronto.

Baled Straw—\$7.50 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—47 to 50c per bag on track for Ontarios.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 17 to 18c per lb.; ducks, 13 to 15c; geese, 12 to 13c; chickens, 13 to 14c, and fowl, 10 to 11c.

#### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 22 to 23c; tubs and large rolls, 20 to 21c; inferior, 18 to 20c; creamery, 27, and solids, 24 to 25c per lb.

Eggs—Case lots of new laid, 30 to 32c per dozen, and storage, 25c per doz.

Cheese—12½c per lb. for large, and at 13c for twins.

#### HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon, long clear, 14½ to 14¾c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$27; short cut, \$28.50 to \$29.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 15½c; do., heavy, 14 to 14½c; rolls, 14 to 14½c; shoulders, 13 to 13½c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 17½c; backs, 18 to 19½c.

Lard—Tierces, 15½c; tubs, 15¾c; pails, 16c.

#### BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Feb. 15.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 45½ to 46c; No. 2 oats, 44½ to 45c; Ontario No. 2 white, 43½ to 44c; Ontario No. 3 white, 42½ to 43c; Ontario No. 4 white, 41½ to 42c. Barley—No. 2, 59½ to 60c; No. 3, 58½c; No. 4, 56½c; feed barley, 54½c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.50; do., seconds, \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10; straight rollers, \$5.10 to \$5.25; do., in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran, \$22.50 to \$23; Ontario middlings, \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$22; do., shorts, \$23; pure grain moullie, \$31 to \$33; mixed moullie, \$27 to \$29. Cheese—Sept. and Oct. make western, 12 to 12½c; eastern at 11½ to 12c. Butter—choicest creamery, 26 to 26½c; fresh receipts at 24½ to 25½c. Eggs—Selected stock, 28 to 30c; No. 1 candled, 25 to 27c per dozen.

#### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Feb. 15.—Wheat—Spring wheat firm; No. 1 Northern, carloads store, \$1.19½; Winter steady. Corn—Strong. Oats—Firm. Rye—No. 2, on track, 85c.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.24 to \$1.25; No. 3 red, \$1.18 to \$1.22; No. 2 hard, \$1.13 to \$1.14; No. 3 hard, \$1.10½ to \$1.12½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.14½ to \$1.14¾; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13½ to \$1.13¾; No. 2 Spring, \$1.10½ to \$1.13. Corn—No. 2, 63½c; No. 2 white, 64 to 65c; No. 2 yellow, 63½ to 64½c; No. 3, 62 to 62½c; No. 3 white, 62 to 63c; No. 3 yellow, 62½ to 63c; No. 4, 57½ to 58½c; No. 4

# THE FUTURE OF CANADA

## Deputy Minister of Agriculture for Ontario Says It Lies in Her Farms.

A despatch from Toronto says: That the future of the Dominion lies in the productive development of our farming land was the opinion expressed by Mr. C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, in his address on Wednesday night at the banquet of the Holstein Breeders' Association. He contended that a responsibility lay on all farmers to cultivate and assist one another in cultivating their acres to the highest degree of productivity by scientific agricultural study and the diffusion of knowledge among their less fortunate neighbors.

Education, the speaker said, was the basis of the development of any people, and best of all was the securing of this education in an independent manner. In Ontario there were two classes of farmers that the province had to deal with; those who kept abreast with new ideas for improvement of orchards and farms and the indifferent class who lagged behind and remained poor. Ontario, he said, had more than its share of the latter class. To assist these farmers the Department of Agriculture, which, he believed,

was one of the best in the world for organization, had started the Agricultural College at Guelph, which after 25 years had shown a marked influence in farming life. To this institution 1,000 men came every year to study, but the speaker claimed they were the men who least needed the education. The province was trying to get after the backward agriculturist. With this in view, the department had started three years ago to locate branches in different parts of the province, where representatives would be stationed to assist farmers in cultivating crops. There would soon be fourteen of these, he said, and the movement had been doing much to better conditions.

The farmer to-day, he said, was having his innings, and the public were at the mercy of the producers. Prices had risen on all products, and there was no chance of their coming down. The reason for this, he said, was that during the last ten years the farming population had suffered a big decrease and the cities were becoming filled up rapidly. Therefore the producers were unable to meet the demands of the consumers.

yellow, 53 to 59½c. Oats—No. 2 47½c; No. 2 white, 48½ to 49c; No. 3, 47½c; No. 3 white, 46½ to 47½c; No. 4 white, 46 to 46½c; standard, 47½ to 48½c.

#### LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, Feb. 15.—Prime beefs sold at from 5½ to 6¼c per lb.; pretty good animals, 4¼ to 5½c; common stock, 3 to 4c per lb. Large bulls from 3½ to 4¼c per lb.; milch cows from \$20 to \$50 each. Calves from 4 to 6c per lb. Sheep 4¼ to 5c per lb.; lambs, 6½ to 7c per lb. Good lots of fat hogs about 9c per lb.

Toronto, Feb. 15.—The quality of the cattle was medium to good, with a sprinkling of choice steers and light exporters; the latter sold up to \$6. A few picked butchers' realized \$5.75 to \$5.90, but these were exceptions. Ordinary good loads sold at \$5 to \$5.60; cows sold from \$4 to \$1.60, and bulls from \$1.25 to \$5.25. Milkers and springers were steady. Sheep and lambs firmer owing to the limited supply. Lambs selling at \$6.50 to \$7.25; sheep at \$1.50 to \$5. Hogs were quoted at \$8 to \$8.10 f.o.b., and \$8.25 to \$8.30 fed and watered.

#### LEG SEVERED BY SLEIGH.

#### Woodstock Lad Stealing a Ride Fell Under Runner.

A despatch from Woodstock, Ont., says: A lad named Arthurs, six years of age, jumped off a sleigh containing a load of brick after school on Wednesday afternoon, and, getting under the runners, his leg was cut off just below the knee. His recovery is expected.

#### FIRE VISITS THE CAPITAL.

#### The Loss to Three Firms Will Total \$92,000.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A fire which occurred in a Rideau Street building at noon on Sunday caused damage to the building and contents amounting to \$92,000. The building was occupied by Hugh Carson Limited, saddlers; T. Shore, hardware dealer, and F. W. Lord,

furniture dealer. The loss was distributed as follows:—High Carson, Limited, \$75,000, with \$35,000 insurance; T. Shore, \$6,000, with \$5,000 insurance, and F. W. Lord, damage caused by water, \$11,500. The building, which belonged to W. J. Charleson and J. B. Duford, was damaged to the extent of \$10,000. It was fully insured.

#### FRANCE SENDS HER THANKS.

#### Canada's Contribution to Flood Relief is Handed Over.

A despatch from Ottawa says: At the opening of the House on Thursday Mr. Fielding read a telegram from Sir Francis Bertie, British Ambassador at Paris, acknowledging the receipt of Canada's gift of \$50,000 to assist the sufferers from the floods in France. The message said: "Money handed over to French Minister of Foreign Affairs, who requests that the deep gratitude of the Government of the Republic, who are much touched at this generous sympathy, be conveyed to the people of Canada."

#### A STRICKEN FAMILY.

#### Six Members Down With Typhoid Fever.

A despatch from Peterboro says: Four patients suffering from typhoid fever were brought to the city from Hastings on Thursday night, and are now in the Nicholls' Hospital. They are Mrs. Sidney Sharpe, and three daughters, aged three, nine and eleven years, respectively. The family, which was composed of father and mother, two sons, and three daughters was, with the exception of Mr. Sharpe, stricken with typhoid fever about two weeks ago. One son, aged eighteen, died, and the family physician has given up all hope for the recovery of the other boy.

The Grand Trunk Railway's half-yearly statement has given great satisfaction on the London market. An employee of the Montreal registry office has absconded with a shortage of \$5,000 in his accounts.

# FIFTY PERSONS DROWNED

## British Steamer Lima Wrecked on One of the Islands of the Huamblin Passage.

A despatch from Santiago, Chile, says: The Pacific Navigation Company's steamer Lima is ashore on one of the islands of the Huamblin passage of the Straits of Magellan, and will probably be a total loss. The chief pilot and fifty passengers were drowned.

The British steamer Hatumet rescued 205 of the persons aboard the stranded steamer, but was forced to leave 53 aboard, as there was great danger that she, herself, would be swept on the rocks by the storm that prevailed at the time.

The Chilean Government, immediately on receipt of the news that the Lima had been wrecked, despatched the protected cruiser Minischo Jenteno to the rescue, and the Pacific Navigation Company sent five steamers at top speed to the Straits of Magellan.

The Lima is a British vessel owned in Liverpool, and plying between that port and the ports of South America. She was last reported as sailing from Bahia Blanca, Argentina, on January 26, and was on her way to Chilean and Peruvian ports.

# PATIENTS FROM ONTARIO

## Nine Receiving Treatment at the Pasteur Institute in New York.

A despatch from New York says: During the first six weeks of the present year fifteen patients from the Province of Ontario have received treatment for rabies at the Pasteur Institute here. There are at present eight persons receiving treatment—three from Tilbury, two from Strathroy, two from Atwood, and one from Grimsby. The others have been cured. Twenty-two persons from Ontario received treat-

ment last year, six in 1908, and one in 1906.

Dr. George G. Rambaud, Director of the Institute, says regarding the order that all dogs shall be tied up or muzzled in Western Ontario: "It is the safest, easiest, and cheapest plan to eradicate an outbreak of rabies. A dog bitten by a dog having rabies should be quarantined for at least 5 months, as 99 per cent. will develop rabies in three months, and one per cent. in five or six months."