VOL. XXXVII.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1909.

No. 19

#### Professional Cards.

LEGAL.

F. A. McDIARMID.

DARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Etc., FENE D lon Falls. Office, Colborne street opposite Post-office. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates.

MCLAUGHLIN, PEEL & FULTON DARRISTERS, SOLICITORS AND NOT-D aries. Offices over Dominion Bank, Lindsay. Branch office open at Bobcaygeon every Monday. Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

B. J. McLaughlin, K. C. A. M. Fulton, B. A. JAS. A. PEEL.

G. H. HOPKINS, K. C. BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY Public, &c. Solicitor for the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan at terms to suit borrower. Offices, 6 William street south, Lindsay, Ont.

MOORE & JACKSON, DARRISTERS, SOLIUITORS, &c. Of-D fice, William street, Lindsay. A. JACKSON F. D. MOORE.

STEWART & O'CONNOR, DARRISTERS, NOTARIES, &c. MONEY D to loan at lowest current rates. Terms to suit borrowers. Office on corner of Kent and York streets, Lindsay. L. V. O'CONNOR, B. A T. STEWART.

DENTAL.

#### Dr. S. J. SIMS, DENTIST, Fencion Falls.

Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons. ALL BRANCHES OF DENTISTRY performed according to the latest improved methods at moderate prices.

OFFICE :- Over Burgoyne's store, Colorne street

## DRS. NEELANDS & IRVINE,

LINDSAY. DENTISTS Natural teeth preserved. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Splendid fits in artificial teeth. Painless extraction. Gas administered to over 9,000 persons with great success

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DHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHeur. Office. Francis Street, Fenelon Falls.

> DR. H. B. JOHNSTONE, SUCCESSOR TO DR. A. WILSON,

ORADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVER-U sity. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office, Colborne street, Fenelon Falls.

#### AUCTIONEER.

STEPHEN OLIVER, ONT. LINDSAY Live Stock and general Auctioneer

Write for dates before advertising.

vertising.

THOMAS CASHORE, FENELON FALLS. AUCTIONEER Sales of all kinds conducted in a firstlass manner. Secure dates before ad-

#### EYES TESTED, FRAMES TESTED.

When your eyes trouble you, cause you pain or headache or if your glasses require changing or you need new glasses, go to

DR. M. B. ANNIS, Eyesight Specialist.

(over Neill's shoe store), Lindsay - Ont. satisfaction guaranteed. Charges mod-

## WOOD FOR SALE.

The undersigned is prepared to deliver wood to any part of the village at any time. Hard or soft wood 4 feet long or cut to order.

All kinds of green and dry wood bought at highest price.

M. WHALEY.

## DRESSMAKING.

The undersigned is prepared to undertake all kinds of dressmaking, in the latest styles, at Mr. Websters, next to the Baptist church. MRS. M. LOWTHER. 14-18

# ON FOOTWEAR.

There are different ways of economising in footwear.

To buy cheap, badly made shoes is not economy.

But to buy good shoes—high class shoes, is economy.

It is impossible to use high grade materials for cheap shoes and make money.

And it's also impossible to use the best machinery and employ the best workmen, because it wouldn't pay to

do either. When you buy cheap shoes you buy cheap material and cheap workmanship.

But when you buy ARMOLD'S shoes you buy the highest grade shoes it's possible to make.

You buy the best materials obtainable, labor of the highest skilled workmen and the very latest and up-to-date methods for making high grade shoes.

J. L. ARNOLD.

## For Spring and Summer

Our Stock is now complete. We have the newest and best in

SUITINGS, PANTINGS, AND FANCY VESTINGS.

We will be pleased to have you call and see these goods.

# TOWNLEY BROS.



you set out for, in all the latest styles. We're having things very much our own way this season and the stock is winning friends every day. All you need then is to come in, buy, and go away happy. If you see a well dressed foot

Robson & Son.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT. \$14,400,000.00. REST 12,000,000.00 ASSETS OVER \$183,000,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits taken of \$1 and upwards, which can be withdrawn on demand.

R. M. Hamilton, Mgr. Fenelon Falls Branch.

#### Capitalists Unnecessary.

Capitalists are becoming unnecessary. Capitalism is its own grave digger. In times past, in the beginning of the capitalist system of production, a man would work with his own hands, using his own tools. He would be nothing but an artisan. As custom came his way he would employ other men and work with them. He would now become a sort of foreman, and his increased income might be put down to his directing ability. Later on, he would buy machinery and appoint a foreman to do the work and keep an eye on the laborers. He would manage the business, but do no manual work himself. Later on, as business in reased and the business became better organized, he would employ a manager, while he himself would retire. At this stage he becomes useless to the business, and his revenue is now derived from the ownership of the mill alone. His income may be still considered as a sort of old age pension, as a reward for good work done and his due. When he dies, however, and his heir inherits, the new owner becomes a dead weight on industry. He has never done a day's work in the mill. All he does is to draw a large revenue and to spend it on himself.

Other mills have been built up in the same manner, and other heirs have inherited the title deeds to them. These mills become consolidated; expenses are cut down, and the revenues going to the owners are correspondingly greater. Thus is created a rich idle class who live in luxury because they own the machinery of production at which men must labor. They do nothing useful. Their mills are run by salaried agents, and the commerce of

develop, still more and more men are the class of the idle poor. The actual hold their jobs, because the idle are clamoring for work at the gates of the factories. As the rich live on dividends and dividends depend on trade, the products of the mills must be sold for the rich to get their incomes. The poor cannot buy for lack of money, and so the rich are constantly threatened with reduced incomes. The whole system has become outworn and a new system must take its place.

The rich own the means of production, which they must often cause to cease working because the poor are too poor to buy. The poor need many things which they themselves could ket would be cut from under them. fiction, but it is not.

Thus the factory owner would keep their factories closed or limit the output, while the poor would go hungry and ragged and shelterless.

The only remedy is for the government to take over all the means of production and run them in the interests of all the people, without regard to dividends.—Cotton's Weekly.

#### If We Were n't So Blind.

Although Geo. M. Pullman has been dead a number of years and the heirs to his great fortune were imbeciles, the Pullman company has doubled its capacity since his death, and is now valued at double what it was at that time. This illustrates forcibly the fact that the captain of industry is no longer necessary in the business world. Once a gigantic monopoly is established it runs on and on, irrespective of who is the nominal head. Rogers, who for so many years dominated and directed the great Standard Oil interests, died in New York a few days ago, and it did not cause a ripple on the financial sea. Standard Oil stock did not drop a penny in price. The work is carried on by the great army of skilled men, directed by competent foremen and superintendents, just as before. Some day society will wake up and discover that it can get along very well without paying such an enormous tribute to the men whose genius has built up the great corporations which now produce and distribute the wealth of this nation. The Appeal does not belittle the debt which society owes to such men as Rogers and Pullman; but it does not believe that society should be enslaved forever because of this debt, which has long since been cancelled. The trust to-day the country goes on without their aid. is merely a perfected machine. It is As industry becomes more and more as much an invention as the linotype settled and as better lines of commerce or the electric motor. Yet the government recognizes that it would not thrown out of employment and into be just to society to give the inventors of the linotype and the electric motor workers must work harder in order to a perpetual patent to the creations of their brains. Even the Chinese are wise enough to provide that, at the expiration of a certain number of years, the property of a railroad corporation shall pass into the hands of the government. If we were not so blind we could learn a valuable lesson from this practice of our Oriental brothers.—Appeal to Reason.

> If there must be soup houses and bread lines, it is the idle who ought to be put on that kind of fare, and not the workers.

During the dark ages the serfs produce, did they but have a right to used to suffer the pangs of hunger work in the factories. Under the in years when the crops failed; but present system, were the poor allowed during this enlightened age the "wage to work in the factories to make goods plugs" are in danger of starvation for themselves, the rich would not be only when the world's market is fairly able to get their dividends, as the mar- glutted withwealth. This sounds like

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\$1.00 starts a Savings Account and interest is compounded at highest current rates.

Fenelon Falls Branch,

W. A. Bishop, Manager