

THE BIG CLEARANCE SALE STILL GOES ON.

SOME BARGAINS THAT ARE BARGAINS.

The Big Store is the best place to buy fine Clothing—there's no doubt about it in the mind of any of our customers. We sell the best clothing for the money it is possible to produce. We sell at the lowest price it is safe for you to pay for quality. Read the list carefully for Saturday.

10 doz. Men's Felt Hats, black, grey and brown, regular \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Sale price, each	.79
Men's Tweed Suits, regular \$7, \$7.50 and \$8. Sale price	\$1.99
Boys' Norfolk Suits, (2-piece), regular \$3, \$3.50 and \$4. Sale price	\$2.69
Boys' 3-piece Suits, regular \$3.50 and \$3.75. Sale price	\$2.99
Men's tweed Pants, regular \$1 and \$1.15. Sale price	.60
6 doz. men's colored cambric Shirts. Regular 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25. Sale price	.49
Men's winter Gloves, kid or mocha, reg. \$1 and \$1.25. Sale price	.79
15 doz. misses' and women's black and colored Gloves, regular 25c, 35c. and 40c. Sale price per pair	.13
Another lot of cheap Dress Goods for Saturday. 20 pieces fine black Dress Goods, regular 35c, 40c. and 50c. Sale price per yard	.23
30 pieces black and colored Dress Goods, regular price 60c., 75c. and 85c. Sale price	.44
Fine English bleached Cottons, regular 12c. and 13c. Sale price	.08
5c. Steam Loom. Another case this week. Regular 7c. for 56 pairs more of ladies' fine Shoes, similar to those of last week. Sale price, per pair	\$1.00
30 pairs men's fine box calf Shoes. Regular \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00. Sale price, per pair	\$2.00
A winner for this week—2300 yards fancy print, big variety of patterns, price while they last, per yard	.05
30 pieces striped Flannellette, per yard	.05
15 pieces Flannellette, plain grey or plain white. Regular price 10 cents. Sale price per yard	.07

Be here early Saturday.
Come Friday if you can.

W. BURGOYNE.

Departmental Store.

JANUARY
1905.

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Reduction Sale

OF LADIES' MANTLES, SKIRTS AND FURS.

We wish all our friends and patrons a most happy and prosperous New Year, and to be more practical we are offering all our Mantles, Skirts and Furs at a reduction in price that cannot fail to interest you.

125 Ladies' Skirts ranging in price from \$1.50 to \$15.00. These Skirts are made from the best quality chevots, broadcloths and tweeds, and all this season's styles.

24 Skirts, regular price \$2.25, on sale at \$1.75.
12 " " " \$2.75, " \$2.00.
6 only Skirts " \$3.50, " \$2.75.

And all other lines at prices that may justly be termed bargains.

Ladies' Coats worth \$3.25 for \$2.50.
" " " \$3.75 " \$3.00.

See our \$5.50 Coat, made from best quality Frieze and Knapp cloth, semi-fitting back and lined with mercerized. Our sale price .. **\$4.50.**

We can save you money in Furs if you buy them now. A nice assortment to choose from, consisting of Caperines, Ruffs, Muffs and Caps.

Don't miss this money-saving chance.

THE CHEAP
STORE.

WM. CAMPBELL.

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

Friday, Feb. 10th, 1905.

It Is Horrible.

On our first page we give an editorial from the Mail and Empire on "England's Problem of the Unemployed," the writer of which gives some harrowing figures, speaks of the theories as to the causes of the prevailing distress; and winds up by saying that "the need of the hour in England is not loose change, but brains; not philanthropists, but statesmen." This statement is not quite correct, because, however much brains and statesmanship may be desired, the whole cause of the trouble is the want of "loose change" in the pockets of the unfortunate beings who go about seeking employment and finding none. The appeal to the charitable on behalf of the starving thousands of Tottenham and West Ham has been nobly responded to in this Canada of ours, and the "Globe Fund" will probably reach \$5,000 by to-morrow night, after which no further contributions will be asked for, as the worst is already over; that is to say, the pangs of hunger of the London poor have been temporarily relieved. But it is an almost heartbreaking certainty that similar crises will occur, not only in England, but in other countries, as in all of them there are toiling millions who can only get food as long as they can get work, and the stoppage of the one means the stoppage of the other. A book entitled "Poverty: its Causes and Recruits," by Robert Hunter, is reviewed in last Saturday's Globe, and the writer says:

"There are great masses of men who are up before dawn, who dress and wash and eat, kiss their wives and children and hurry away to work, or to seek work. The world rests upon their shoulders. But industry is so organized that they gain enough to live upon only when they work; should they cease, they are in destitution and hunger. The more fortunate laborers are but a few weeks from distress when the machines are stopped. Upon the unskilled masses want is constantly pressing. These people are the actual producers of wealth, who have no home nor any bit of soil they may call their own. They are the millions who possess no tools, and can only work by permission of another. In the main, they live miserably, they know not why. They work sore, yet gain nothing. They know the meaning of hunger and the dread of want."

The way in which "industry is organized" is the cause of nearly all the suffering and misery in civilized countries, and the only possible solution of "The Problem of the Unemployed" is offered by the Socialists, who demand that "all those things upon which the people in common depend shall be owned and administered."

The Local Legislature.

Hon. G. W. Ross and his colleagues resigned on Tuesday afternoon, and the Lieutenant-Governor was advised to invite Mr. Whitney to form a new Administration, which was done, and Mr. J. P. Whitney is now Premier of Ontario. On Monday Mr. Ross, who will, of course, be leader of the Opposition, told a Globe reporter that, although the elections were disappointing, he "looked forward with much pleasure to relief from the cares of office and accepted the decision of the electors cheerfully." The Globe says:

"The conditions under which Mr. Whitney enters upon his office are in many respects unique. He has a majority so large that any surrender to men of blemished character or selfish motive would be inexpedient and to the last degree culpable. His choice of men for positions of trust need not be forced. The alienation of some of his supporters would be in his own as well as in the public's interest. In any case he is bound to select the best men available for the important departments they will have to administer. And in the Legislature he will have his chance to work out what he considers the best policy in education, temperance, colonization, and in administration and development of the resources of the Province. He is bound by no outgrown pledges. That fact increases rather than diminishes his responsibility. It puts upon him the obligation of reason, intelligence and devotion to public ends."

With reference to one of the most useful members of the late Cabinet, we find the following despatch from Ottawa, dated the 6th inst., in the Toronto papers, and, in the interests of agriculture, hope it may be true:

"There is some quiet talk going on in Liberal circles here, especially among the members from rural constituencies, in the direction of finding an appointment in the Dominion Department of Agriculture for John Dryden, the late

Minister of Agriculture in the Ross government. It is not likely that anything will be decided for some weeks, but it may be set down as certain that before many moons are gone Mr. Dryden will be using his undoubted ability to farm and live stock matters in the service of the Department of Agriculture here."

Fairs and Exhibitions Association.

Matters vitally affecting the interests of the agricultural societies of the Province will be discussed at the annual convention of the Fairs and Exhibitions Association, which will be held in Toronto on February 14th to 16th. A great majority of the societies have appointed delegates to this convention, in order that they may have an opportunity of expressing their views on the subjects under discussion. The most important subjects which will come up for discussion are: "Should horticultural societies be separate in the Agricultural and Arts Act from agricultural societies?" "Should the number of agricultural societies be reduced?" "How many fall exhibitions should be allowed in each county?" "The best method of reducing the number of fall exhibitions." "Should the distinction between township and district societies be abolished and the societies receive their grants in proportion to the amounts they expend for agricultural purposes?" "Should the government grant be withheld from societies that permit games of chance at their exhibitions?" "Should the Legislature be asked to vote a special appropriation to assist in stamping out games of chance at agricultural exhibitions?" Other subjects of a general nature which will be considered include "Ownership of stock by agricultural societies," and "Spring stallion shows." Supt. H. B. Cowan will present his report of fairs work in the province during the year. Owing to the importance of the subjects, the convention this year will last three days instead of two as usual. Reduced rates have been secured over all the railways.

A Crisis for New Ontario.

The following is part of an article under the above heading in a recent issue of the Globe:

"The interregnum between two Administrations is a good time to face one of the most serious problems this Province has ever had, or is ever likely to have, thrust upon it for immediate and peremptory solution. The outgoing Ministry would have been compelled to have settled it at once in some way if it had remained in control of public affairs; the incoming Ministry will, during the first session of its first Parliament, find itself under the necessity of deciding what its course of action is to be. The problem is the control of the liquor traffic in the vast region lying far to the north and north west of the settled parts of the Province. Four-fifths of Ontario lie within that area, and of this the development has only begun. The question for settlement is whether a liquor license system that has never been successful in an old community, where it has all the appliances of a Christian civilization to aid it, is to be forced gratuitously on a new community in what is still a practically unbroken wilderness. The license law is more difficult to enforce there than it is in older and denser settlements, for there is less chance to invoke public opinion in favor of its strict observance. Drunkenness and its concomitant disorderliness are more rife because they are more venial; and if this is the case where settlement has been going on for a quarter of a century, it is sure to be immeasurably worse where the process is just beginning, and where its progress will be extraordinarily rapid. If there is any reasonable and feasible way of saving that region from the danger impending over it, no time should be lost in taking the precautions necessary for its protection. Surveyors have been at work for many months locating the main line of the transcontinental railway, and no long time will elapse before the work of reconstruction begins."

Being strongly opposed to the liquor traffic, we sincerely hope that Mr. Whitney and his colleagues will be able to solve the somewhat knotty problem before them.

A Business Deal of Magnitude.

The Post says: "It will be of interest to the business community to learn that one of the largest business enterprises of the kind in our town, has changed ownership. The Rathbun Co. have disposed of their entire business interests in Lindsay to a newly organized company, to be known as Baker & Bryans, Limited. Mr. Baker has been the agent of the Rathbun Co. since they began operating in this section, with Lindsay as a centre, some eighteen years ago, and under whose en-

prising and successful management the business of the agency has developed to such an extent that in itself it is one of the most important concerns in our midst. With Mr. Baker in the new departure is associated Mr. Robert Bryans, our well known townsman, who until recently was heavily interested in a similar kind of business. It is needless for us to say one word as to the business capacity and enterprise of either of these gentlemen. They are as well known and highly appreciated by all classes of citizens as anyone can desire to be. The new company has purchased all the limits, manufacturing and freighting plant, store-houses, yards and stock, and with the energies of the new management concentrated, the abundant success of Baker & Bryans, Limited, is secured."

Dead Body Exploded.

A despatch from St. Paul, Minn., dated February 4th, tells the following strange story:

"Peter Eberhart is supposed to be the name of a farm hand who yesterday drank a small bottle of nitro-glycerine on a wager, froze to death while walking home, and to day exploded when efforts were made to thaw him out. Peter worked near Wheatley, Minn., and while in the village yesterday met the town marshal, who showed him a bottle of nitro-glycerine, saying it was taken from a bank robber. Peter bet that he could drink it and never feel injurious effects. He drank it and started for home. He failed to get home, but this morning was found by the roadside, frozen to death and much distorted. He was picked up and hauled to the home of Claude Armonville, his employer, where his late "boss" undertook to thaw him out, so that the body could be placed in a coffin and properly composed. While the body was left in an out-building near a stove in which was a roaring fire, the nitro-glycerine exploded. The building was almost as completely wrecked as was the body of Peter."

Fell's Station.

(Correspondence of the Gazette.)

Mr. Pogue, of Lindsay, has been visiting relatives in and around Bury's Green for the past week.

Mr. Thomas Bulmer, of our vicinity, has taken unto himself a life partner in the person of Miss Lizzie Logan, of Toronto, and his many friends wish them many years of wedded happiness.

Miss Lizzie Tipling, of Honey Grove, has been visiting friends at Powles' Corner for the past fortnight.

Mrs. Wm. Mitchell, Fairview, has purchased a lovely new piano case Dominion organ from the Bowmanville Organ and Piano Co., and is very highly pleased with it.

Mr. J. W. Moise, of Orono, Ont., who is agent for the Dominion Organ and Piano Co., of Bowmanville, was in our locality recently looking up business. Mr. Moise also does all kinds of repairing and tuning, and expects to be in our vicinity again in the very near future.

Mr. C. H. Moise, of Toronto, has been spending a few days with his relatives at Fairview.

A couple of checker matches have taken place recently in Baddow settlement, which afford quite a lot of amusement for these long winter evenings, and more are expected to follow.

Our day school, No. 11, is progressing splendidly under the careful attention and unflinching interest of our teacher, Miss M. Martin.

Mr. Edwin Wood and Miss Ellen Wood spent Sunday with relatives near Cobocook.

Mr. B. Smith, of Bury's Green, is busy at present making preparations for a new brick house which he intends erecting this coming summer.

A CALF'S FATE.—On Monday a calf, about nine months old, owned by Mr. Walter McCall, backed into an open well on his premises on Francis street, and remained there so long that, though alive when rescued, it died next day.

THE FIRST BLOCKADE.—Owing to the snow-storm last night, the train from Haliburton was cancelled this (Thursday) morning. It is the first blockade this winter on the line running through the Falls, and we hope it will be the last.

A COUNCILLOR WANTED.—Owing to the resignation of Councillor McGee, somebody else will have to take his place, and the Returning Officer's proclamation is already out. The nominations will be held in Twomey's hall at noon on Thursday next, the 16th inst., and the election (if any) on the Thursday following. "Bah for the best man!"

ALLEGED HORSE THIEF.—About a fortnight ago a man named Edmonds, from Orillia, hired a horse and cutter at Mr. J. H. Lee's livery stable. As he