

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXXII.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1905.

OPEN
THE
NEW
YEAR
WITH
A
SAVINGS
ACCOUNT
IN
THE
BANK.

Professional Cards.

LEGAL.

F. A. McDIARMID.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Etc., FENELON FALLS. Office, Colborne street, opposite Post-office. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates.

McLAUGHLIN & PEEL.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. MONEY to loan on real estate at lowest current rates. Office, Kent street, opposite Market, Lindsay. R. J. McLAUGHLIN. J. A. PEEL.

G. H. HOPKINS,
BARRISTER, &c. SOLICITOR FOR the Ontario Bank. Money to loan at lowest rates on terms to suit the borrower. Office: No. 6, William Street South, Lindsay, Ont.

STEWART & O'CONNOR,
BARRISTERS, NOTARIES, &c. MONEY to loan at lowest current rates. Terms to suit borrowers. Office on corner of Kent and York streets, Lindsay. T. STEWART. L. V. O'CONNOR, B. A.

MOORE & JACKSON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay. F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON.

AUCTIONEER.

STEPHEN OLIVER,
LINDSAY ONT.
Live Stock and general Auctioneer
Write for dates before advertising.

MEDICAL.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM.
—M. D., O. M., M. R. C. S. Eng., M. C. P. & S.,
ONT., F. T. M. S.—
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCH-
eur. Office, Francis Street, Fenelon
Falls.

DR. A. WILSON,
—M. D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario—
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCH-
eur. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon
Falls.

DENTAL.

Dr. S. J. SIMS, DENTIST,
Fenelon Falls.
Graduate of Toronto University and
Royal College of Dental Surgeons.
ALL BRANCHES OF DENTISTRY
performed according to the latest improved
methods at moderate prices.
OFFICE:—Over Burgoyne's store, Col-
borne street

DRS. NEELANDS & IRVINE,
DENTISTS LINDSAY.
Natural teeth preserved. Crown and
bridge work a specialty. Splendid fits in
artificial teeth. Painless extraction. Gas
administered to over 9,000 persons with
great success.

ABOUT TIME

to think of your Fall and Winter
FOOTWEAR.

We have received this month the
following well-known makes:

25 doz. pairs of the Empress shoes for
women; price \$2.00 to \$4.00.

300 pairs of the Slater shoes for men;
price \$3.50 to \$5.00.

40 cases of men's, women's, boys', misses'
and children's Rubbers from the best
Canadian factories.

The length of time a shoe wears is
the best way to test its quality. Custom-
ers often tell us they have worn
the Slater or Empress Shoe for over
a year.

GROCERIES.

This season's goods.

New Selected Raisins.
New Cleaned Currants.
20 cases Horseshoe Salmon.
40 cases Corn, Tomatoes and Peas.
20 half chests of Japan Tea at 25c.

POULTRY.

I will pay the highest cash or trade
price for live Chickens, Hens, Ducks,
Geese or Turkeys delivered at my
store or poultry house any Monday.

J. L. ARNOLD.

AROUND CHRISTMAS



we generally make many
new friends. We do it by
showing an unusually com-
plete assortment of the
seasonable

FANCY GROCERIES.

We take particular care
not to admit anything that
isn't of the very highest
grade. We are ready to
make your acquaintance
and earn your friendship
right now.

W. L. ROBSON.

Who's Your Tailor?

If you ask any particularly well-dressed
man in Fenelon Falls or surrounding district,
"Who makes your clothes?" invariably he
will tell you

'TOWNLEY.'

Be one of the number, and call and see
what he is doing for the Fall and Winter.
His prices are right, consistent with first-class
style and workmanship. He makes no other.

ONTARIO FOREST RESERVE POLICY The Most Progressive Record of the Ross Government.

Not the Least Important Acts of the Ross Government That Call for
Commendation Are Those Setting Apart Large Areas of the
Crown Domain As Forest Reserves. They Are As Follows:—In
Frontenac and Addington, 80,000 Acres; North Shore Lake Su-
perior, 45,000 Acres; Temagami, 5,776,000 Acres; Missisaga
River, 1,920,000 Acres; Algonquin Park, 1,101,000 Acres;
Rondeau Park, 5,000 Acres. Total, 6,927,000 Acres.

Out of a total expenditure of
\$113,191,872 since 1871 in Ontario,
over \$95,000,000 have been returned
to the people.

Out of this total expenditure of
\$113,191,872.69 since 1871 the fol-
lowing sums might be fairly taken
as contributions either for the relief
of taxation, or for the improvement
of the country:

Education.....	\$20,042,769.61
Toronto University, fire grant.....	160,000.00
Hospitals and chari- ties.....	8,965,775.11
Maintenance of Asy- lums and Public In- stitutions.....	20,588,648.01
Surplus distribution, 1873.....	3,388,777.47
Distribution of clergy lands.....	981,994.50
Refunds land improve- ment fund.....	539,614.76
Agriculture and arts..	4,971,995.54
Immigration.....	987,767.80
Administration of jus- tice.....	10,966,391.24
Aid to railways, in- cluding annuity re- payments.....	11,311,417.27
Colonization roads.....	3,694,247.79
Municipal drainage.....	1,221,117.35
Swamp drainage.....	238,405.09
River, lake and bridge works.....	1,150,965.47
National parks since 1885.....	113,252.41
Public buildings—con- struction outlay.....	9,518,571.30
Repairs and mainten- ance since 1884.....	1,459,097.92
Total of over.....	\$ 95,000,000

LIBERAL PLATFORM SUMMARIZED.

The Planks on Which the Ross Govern-
ment Appeals to the Electors.

First—Education.

That the school system of the Pro-
vince in all its departments should
have in view those practical courses
of study which specially fit the
youth of Ontario for agricultural
and industrial pursuits, and that the
Provincial University should receive
the general support of the Legisla-
ture.

That the Agricultural Department
should continue the educational work
of the Agricultural College, Farm-
ers' Institutes, dairy schools, good
roads associations and other simi-
lar associations with undiminished
zeal and efficiency

Second—Purity of Elections.

That every form of bribery and
all fraudulent schemes to defeat the
honest purpose of the electorate are
contrary to the spirit and tradi-
tions of the Liberal party.

That the sanctity of the ballot
box should be protected and all of-
fences against the Election Act pun-
ished.

That every riding should conduct
its organization without outside in-
terference or assistance.

Third—Railway Assessment and Taxation.

That railway corporations should
contribute to municipal taxation in
the same proportion as other pri-
vate property

Fourth—Extension of Government Railway.

That the Government Railway from
North Bay should be extended to the
Grand Trunk Pacific, and, if prac-
ticable, to James' Bay, and that
town sites on the Government Rail-
way and Grand Trunk Pacific should
be surveyed and sold for the benefit
of the Province.

Fifth—Timber and Minerals for the Settlers.

That all settlers on agricultural
lands in the unorganized districts be
allowed the use of every description
of timber on such lands, pine alone

excepted.

That minerals on such lands should
not be reserved, but should be the
property of the patentee, and that
prospectors should be dealt with lib-
erally.

Sixth—Provincial Charters.

That companies of a local or Pro-
vincial character should not be re-
moved from Provincial control on
the declaration that they are for
"the general advantage of Canada."

Seventh—Pine and Pulp Wood Lands.

That only the matured timber on
pine lands should hereafter be sold,
with a view to the preservation of
the forests as a source of revenue for
all time to come, and that pulp con-
cessions and water powers north of
the height of land should be sold at
public auction.

Eighth—Provincial Commission for Protection to Municipalities.

That a Commission, having au-
thority to deal with the bonding
powers of companies concerned in the
operation of public utilities and the
application of municipalities in con-
solidating debenture debts and other
matters of a similar character, would
be a source of great protection to
the public.

Ninth—The Labor Question.

That the various branches of the
public service affecting public labor,
such as the Bureau of Labor and fac-
tory inspection, should be consoli-
dated, and legislation, if possible, be
obtained to avoid strikes and to
prevent unskilled alien and prison
labor from interfering with the op-
portunities of the working classes.

Tenth—Minister of Colonization and Labor.

That a Minister of Colonization
and Labor be appointed for the set-
tlement of New Ontario and for pro-
moting immigration of a suitable
character into the older parts of the
Province.

Eleventh—Temperance Reform.

That steps should be taken to re-
duce the consumption of intoxicating
liquors, to prevent the sale of
liquors on Sundays and during pro-
hibited hours, and to secure the most
vigorous enforcement of the license
laws, to encourage and make effective
the adoption of the local option pro-
visions of the License Act, and such
other changes as are more fully set
forth in the finding of the Conven-
tion.

Twelfth—Public Utilities.

That the greatest facilities should
be afforded municipalities to obtain
the ownership of all franchises of a
public character affecting the use of
water, light or transportation with-
in the municipality.

WHITNEY AS A LIGHTNING-CHANGE ARTIST.

Wearing a Different Policy Suit for Every
Election—Quick Changes to Catch the
Passing Breezes of Popular Opinion—
Different Platforms in Different Elec-
tions.

The Tory Opposition of Ontario
has shown its incapacity for leader-
ship and Government during all its
history. That's the reason why it is
still in Opposition.

That's the reason why it will con-
tinue in Opposition.

It is a party without stability,
without a settled and continuous
policy. It is a rudderless ship.

At one time they opposed the ap-
pointment of a Minister of Educa-
tion.

They were opposed to building
Normal Schools at Ottawa, London
and Hamilton.

They once opposed the establish-
ment of a School of Practical
Science.

They once opposed the appointment
of a Minister of Agriculture and a
Minister of Education.

They objected to the removal of the
Agricultural College from Mimico to
Geolph.

They resisted the starting of a
dairy school in Middlesex and a Pio-
neer Farm at Dryden.

They opposed the Liberal Govern-
ment in its fight for provincial
rights.

They have placed obstacles in the
way of building railways to open
New Ontario and exploit its re-
sources.

They have formulated policy after
policy only to change it for some-
thing different.

They are as unstable as water.

The Tory Party a Party of Failures.

Failures they have been from time
immemorial, in matters of legisla-
tion; in the presentation of their pol-
icy up to the present hour, and with
failure written over their whole car-
eer, they are now going to the coun-
try asking for public confidence.
Shall the people of Ontario take in-
to their service a party that fails in
presenting an acceptable policy, and
that has failed eight times?—Premier
Ross at Temple banquet.