

## ANOTHER WEEK OF FAST SELLING.

### DRY GOODS.

New Dress Goods are piled up on our counters and shelves in boundless profusion—so many of them that we are going to make some special bargains to get some of them out of the way. No left-overs among them—all this season's production and a fine stock.

FOR SATURDAY.—Five pieces Dress Goods in black, navy and grey, regular price 45, 50, 65 and 75 cents. Your choice on Saturday for 27 cents a yard.

### CLOTHING.

No use trying to explain here the good qualities of our men's, boys' and youths' ready-to-wear Clothing. It is sufficient to know that for the past 17 years we have done the Clothing trade of Fenelon Falls, and at the present time we were never in a better position to supply our customers with fashionable goods at a popular price.

Special cut price Sale of Clothing on Saturday.

### SHOE BARGAINS.

Last Saturday we cleared out 27 pairs of ladies' \$1.75 and \$2.00 Shoes at \$1.13 a pair. To those who were not fortunate enough to secure a pair of these, we offer for next Saturday, October 15th, 30 pairs of a better line; Shoes that are marked \$1.75 to \$2.75, also some lines of fine Shoes of only one size, but very likely the size you wear. Your choice of any pair on the table for \$1.24.

Visit our Grocery Department on Saturday.

## W. BURGOYNE.

Departmental Store.

## FALL and WINTER JACKETS and LADIES' RAIN COATS.

We are showing the largest stock, the newest styles and the cheapest ladies' Coats ever shown in Fenelon Falls.

Girls' and Misses' Coats, all sizes and several styles at \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00.



A sample of the great Coat offering we are making this week.

Coats the same as cut, regularly worth \$6.00, our special price \$5.00.

This is just one sample of what we are doing:

**\$6.00 Rain Coats for \$5.00**  
**\$7.50 Rain Coats for \$5.50**  
**\$8.50 Rain Coats for \$6.50**

All latest styles, just received this week. Full length or three-quarter. Come and choose one while you have a good choice, as they will not last long at these prices.

## WM. CAMPBELL.

## The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

Friday, Oct. 14th, 1904.

### The Liberal Convention.

The Liberal convention held in the Academy of Music, Lindsay, on Tuesday last, for the purpose of choosing a candidate, was a great success, the building being so crowded that many were unable to find seats. Mr. C. E. Weeks, barrister, of Woodville, who is an excellent speaker, filled the chair, and Mr. George Wilson, of the Post, was asked, and consented, to act as secretary for the day. Mr. Edward McGroove, of Kirkfield, who has been secretary of the Liberal Association for some years past, resigned in consequence of his appointment as returning officer, and Mr. W. T. Junkin, of Fenelon Falls, was unanimously elected secretary in his place. Mr. R. J. McLaughlin was chosen candidate by a standing vote of all present, amidst enthusiastic applause, after which brief addresses were delivered by Mr. McLaughlin, Senator McHugh, Mr. Thomas Stewart, Mr. Newton Smale, Mr. Robert Kennedy and Mr. John Austin. Want of time and space renders it impossible for us to give the convention more than the above brief mention; and we do not think that a longer one would be of any use.

### McLaughlin vs. Hughes.

The election campaign is now on, and, as stated in our last issue, the fight in this constituency is between Mr. R. J. McLaughlin and Col. Sam Hughes, with the odds in favor of the Liberal candidate. The constituency as it now is, embracing the whole of the County of Victoria and the Provisional County of Haliburton, contains a Conservative majority of from 300 to 500 votes, and, "other thing being equal," Col. Hughes would be almost sure of victory; but other things are a long way from being equal, and his defeat on November 3rd is more than probable. If he be beaten at the polls, as we feel reasonably confident he will be, he may blame the aggressive and domineering spirit he has always shown, both in journalism and politics; in other words, he will owe his defeat to his personal unpopularity. It is well known that he was not liked in the House of Commons, and, though hurried for by the rank and file of his Conservative constituents, who feel flattered by the familiarity with which he treats them, he is intensely disliked by a large number of influential members of the party, some of whom have declared that they will not support him and others that they will work against him. That Sam Hughes has good abilities no one, we fancy, denies; but Mr. McLaughlin is a better man, every way you take him—at least such is our opinion, and we believe it is the opinion of all who have had opportunities of judging the qualifications of the two candidates. If Sam Hughes had heeded and acted upon the adage that "a spoonful of honey is better than a quart of vinegar," and had tried to turn enemies into friends instead of converting friends into enemies, he need have had little fear of opposition; as it is, he will probably have to step down and out.

### A Government That Does Things.

Critics think it smart to declare that the Government does not cause the sun to shine, the rain to fall or the fruit to ripen. This is true, but we need not concern ourselves about what the Government does not do. The Government has established cold storage transportation from the farms in Canada to the British markets, making a complete chain from the refrigerator chambers in the creameries and the refrigerator car service to the cold storage warehouses at the chief points of export and the mechanical cold storage chambers on ocean-going steamships. This matter was neglected under Conservative rule, although Australia, New Zealand and the United States had similar services before 1896.

The Government has secured the removal of the cattle quarantine of 90 days in the United States. This embargo put Canadian cattle raisers at a serious disadvantage, and its removal, after negotiations by Mr. Fisher at Washington, resulted in a large increase in Canada's exports of cattle to the United States.

The Government has adopted practical methods in the distribution of agricultural information, so that every farmer can profit immediately by the knowledge gained through costly experiments.

The Government does not cause the fruit to ripen, but it protects the fruit from insect pests, gives information as to the best grades for various localities, provides for storage and transportation methods which insure the highest prices,

opens markets for all lines of farm products and relieves the farmer of unnecessary burdens of taxation.

The farmers of Canada do not ask to be "oddified." They know that the man behind the plow is the arbiter of his own fortune. There are things that the individual, no matter how industrious or far-seeing, cannot do for himself, however, and the farmers recognize that since 1896 those things have been better done than ever before.

The condition of rural Canada is never more satisfactory. On every hand farm mortgages are being reduced or wiped off, better buildings are being erected, and modern conveniences provided that make the life of women on the farm more comfortable than in the past. Why should not the farmers of Canada vote for the Laurier Government?—*Globe.*

### Port Arthur Not Fallen.

The war in the East is still dragging along, and the end is not yet in sight. What the outside world has been almost daily expecting is the fall of Port Arthur, but it's up, yet, and; if the following despatch from Naples on Monday last tells the truth, the fortress will not fall until it shall be taken by assault:

"Naples, Oct. 10.—The Corriere del Mattino to day published an interview with M. Verblunsky, Inspector General of the Russo-Chinese Navigation Company, who escaped from Port Arthur on a junk, and who has just arrived here. He reiterates the statement that Port Arthur will never fall through hunger, the stores of provisions accumulated before the war being immense, and practically not yet touched, while Chinese junks are continuing a daily service, thus replenishing the supplies. The junks, M. Verblunsky adds, escape the vigilance of the Japanese fleet by following the irregularities of the coast. Port Arthur, when he left there, had a garrison of 23,000 soldiers and 16,000 sailors."

And if it be true, as stated, that Kuroputkin has received immense reinforcements and is about to march to the relief of Port Arthur, any further assault upon it may be indefinitely postponed, unless the lively little Japs capture it before the Russians get there. There is a saying that "it is the unexpected that happens," but in this case it is the expected that doesn't happen.

### Ponder These Facts.

Here are a few facts that should be pondered by every Canadian who loves his country and strives for her welfare.

In the 18 years that the Conservatives were in office, their surpluses amounted to \$27,862,000, or an average of a little more than \$2,500,000 per year. In the 8 years that the Liberals were in office, their surpluses amounted to \$57,880,000, or an average of \$7,235,000 per annum, and this with a lower tariff than during the Conservative regime.

Every year of the 18, the Conservatives were in power the debt of Canada was increased \$6,700,000.

Every year of the 8 years the Liberals have been in power the debt has been reduced \$135,624—a total of \$1,084,903.

The last year of Tory rule the net debt was \$50.61 of our population. In 1904 it is but \$46.69; or nearly \$4 a head less.

And compare the quality of the Government and the conditions of the country in 1896 and to-day. Why shouldn't Canada like Liberal rule? Why shouldn't Victoria and Haliburton send a supporter of Laurier?

### The Poultry Trade.

We have received from a firm of wholesale produce merchants in Montreal a circular with reference to the poultry trade, and, in the interest of our readers—particularly those in the country—we make room for the following extract:

"Exporters at this season of the year endeavor to contract for the whole product of turkeys, chickens and other poultry, at prices which are no doubt fair value for export, but which are usually lower than the prices prevailing in the local markets after the export shipments have gone forward. The producers thus lose the benefit of the higher prices. What we advocate is that producers reserve at least a portion of their poultry for the home market, and by regular shipments secure the advantage of the higher average price usually prevailing here, in this way building up a home market that will take their poultry throughout the season. A reference to your files will show the higher prices obtained here last winter, as compared with prices paid by dealers buying for export."

The demand for poultry is steadily increasing, greatly to the benefit of the farmers of the Dominion, and the experience of the past few years, and es-

pecially of last year, has demonstrated that the home market is the most profitable one; but shippers strip the country so clean early in the season that it is becoming every year more difficult to secure a goose or turkey with which to properly celebrate Thanksgiving or Christmas, and local consumers have to pay not only higher prices than formerly, but higher than are paid for poultry for export. All through the winter, and especially at the festive seasons, the local supply is below the demand, which is an indication that not only the farmers, but the shippers' agents, are not sufficiently alive to their own interests. The circular we quote from has a footnote stating that poultry for shipment should never be scalded, and that the birds sold for shipment should be dry, plucked and undrawn.

### Powles' Corner.

(Correspondence of the Gazette.)

To climb the hill of fame we must start at the bottom, but Mr. P. Campo, when digging a well, starts at the top. On Tuesday, the 4th, Messrs. Campo & Kelly commenced to dig a well for Mr. W. H. Powles, and at 16 feet there is a great promise of a never-failing spring.

The date of the fowl supper has been changed from the 16th and 17th to the 30th and 31st.

Mr. John Gillis intends going to Delaware, U. S., to have a look at the green fields, and if he likes the look of the country, very likely he will invest in some land. And last, but not least, he intends to be home in ample time to swell Mr. R. J. McLaughlin's majority at Cameron on the 3rd of November.

Mr. Edward Beacock has recently purchased a Kemp manure spreader. These implements, or machines, or whatever they might be called, spread the manure very evenly and a great deal better than it can be done with forks. The crop receives a greater benefit, as there are no lumps of manure lying over the field, it being all ground up fine going through the machine, and will be very even if the teamster attends to his business. For a farm of 100 acres we don't think it would pay a farmer to purchase one. One day last week Mr. Beacock and his two men loaded and spread 35 loads. The work was done systematically.

Mr. F. C. Gillis, of Toronto, and his mother, who lives in Lindsay, drove down to Mr. John Gillis's last Sunday, and returned on Monday.

Miss Minnie Mark, of Fenelon Falls, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Mark last Sunday.

Mrs. R. McGee and her two daughters spent a few days in Peterborough, visiting relatives.

VERULAM COUNCIL.—Verulam council will meet at Bobcaygeon on Thursday, Oct. 20th, at 10 a. m., for general business.

BOBCAYGEON WINS.—The final game in the Kawartha Baseball League was played at Lindsay on Thursday of last week. The game was between Peterborough T. A. S. and Bobcaygeon, who were tied for first place, and was won by Bobcaygeon by a score of 8 to 6.

THE FENELON SHOW.—The annual fall show of the Fenelon Agricultural Society was held here on Wednesday and Thursday, and was not over when the Gazette went to press. The weather being all that could be desired, the exhibits were numerous and the attendance large. That's all we can say about it this week. The prize list will be published as soon as we can get it.

FOWL SUPPER AT COBOCONK.—The Women's Aid Society of the Church of England, Cobocok, will hold their annual hot fowl supper on Tuesday evening, Oct. 18th, at the Queen's hotel, at 6 o'clock, and, in connection with it, a musical entertainment in the Odd-fellows' hall, at 8 o'clock. An autograph quilt will be sold by auction. Tickets, adults 25c; children 15 cents.

METHODIST FESTIVALS.—There is to be a fowl supper at Bethel church on the evening of Monday next, the 17th inst., admission 25c. and 15c. The Harvest Home sermons will be preached at the Falls on Sunday, the 23rd, and a fowl supper will be given in the basement of the church on the following evening; admission 25 cents. Other Methodist events are advertised for later in the month.

HARVEST THANKSGIVING SERVICE.—The annual harvest thanksgiving service of St. James' church will be held on Sunday evening next, the 16th inst. Rev. J. H. Teney, of Omamec, will conduct the service. The thanksgiving service of St. Peter's church, Verulam, on the afternoon of the same day, will also be conducted by Mr. Teney. Rev. Mr. Dickinson will take the Omamec charge on that day.

AUCTION.—Mr. James J. Power has received instructions from Rev. William Farncomb to sell by public auction on Colborne street, at 1 p. m. sharp on Sat-