About theHouse

CLAIMS OF THE KITCHEN.

dividual is much more concerned and the dining-room than with the once used it. kitchen, which some one has called "the heart of the house."

utes' chat was familiarly made at essential to the cook's comfort. somebody eternally "under feet."

We don't live in the kitchen as much as we used to. Even on the farm, the last stronghold of the kit- bersome utensils should be replaced chen as a living room, there is a by granite and agate ware. There strong tendency to use the whole house and confine the kitchen to its legitimate purposes as a cook room. Women realize that a small, convenient kitchen is an economizer of time, travel and strength.

In a kitchen twelve feet square there is ample room for the necessary conveniences which the worker can reach with ease. The chief reason for a roomy kitchen—the necessity of getting away from a red-hot stove in summer, has been done away with by the almost universal use of the gasoline stove, which throws out little heat, and is out of commission within five minutes after

it is put out. The kitchen should be on a level with the dining-room, its location should be carefully chosen. Not so near the dining-room that its heat and odors enter that room, nor so near a bedroom that the building of fires or the pounding of steak are disturbing. One of the important study of prevailing winds will often enable the builder to so place the windows that a current of air will carry the odors of cooking out of;

just this purpose the kitchen. In addition to the sweet chocolate. Cook till thick. windows, light is gained by making | Boullettes of Liver .- Cut one-half dry dark granary they are safe from

can be cleaned several times.

and plaster, especially where there dip in egg and bread crumbs, and These and the other minor ills of that when lying down the head can great advantage, but if fed bright, are children. For the floor, there is fry in hot fat. is trying to many women, because and one-half cups sugar; one-half cup grows plump, sleeps well at night The slats in front of the cow will ded to the ration to meet the craving it is like walking on pavement, pro- water; one egg; one level tablespoon and lets the mother get her much prevent her from getting the hay or for green feed. If the roughage is ducing a jar on the spine which is saleratus; two heaping teaspoonfuls needed rest as well. Mrs. R. M. tiring. The linoleum is clastic and baking powder sifted in with some LaRue, Mountain, Ont., says :- "I does away with this jar. Though of the flour. Flavor with cinnamon can recommend Baby's Own Tablets it is expensive it is durable, wears or nutmeg and add a pinch of salt. to all mothers who have cross or dewell, looks well, and is easily clean- Mix as soft as they can be rolled licate children. I do not know how ed. The pattern of the genuine lin- out. oleum goes clear through the fabric, Lovely Layer Cake .- An expert in Mother, isn't it worth your while to and therefore does not wear off.

cook seldom gets, but which she rec-

occasions, washroom, cookroom, and more than the rocking-chair that the caller who ran in for a few min- newspapers writers insist upon as

the meals traveled many extra miles down cellar. This is only a box fitin the course of the year because of ted into the lower sash on the outthe wide area required for all these side of a window, with a shelf or domestic processes. She generally two in it if needed. The lower sash had "sitters" whom she had to is raised to put things in. then lowdodge, and was wont to occasionally ered. Holes in the back and coverexpress her sentiments about having ed with mosquito net serve for venher tilation, or the whole back of the box may be made of wire netting.

> Iron pots and kettles, copper teakettles, and other heavy and cumis no sense in lifting pounds, daily, where ounces would suffice.

A drop shelf against the wall is handy. Hinged to the wall and furnished with a secure prop, it comes in play many times.

If a woodbox is necessary have it fitted into the wall between kitchen and woodshed, with hinged covers on each side so it can be filled from the outside. A lot of dirt and "tracking" is obviated.

Something often (almost universally) overlooked in the planning of a house is to locate the bedrooms and their windows so as to take advantage of the prevailing winds in summer and thus get air and coolness. Bedrooms on the east side of a house are nearly always hot in summer and cold in winter. Put the kitchen on the north or west side if you can; thus you have it cool in summer. Plan the porch so that it has a pretty outlook, gets the breeze, and is not overlooked by the street and the neighbors' windows.

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

the house instead of diffusing them pint milk; one egg; one-quarter cup ing down of the sausage and hams through it. A kitchen should have sugar. Set over fire and stir. till for summer consumption. To avoid opposite windows so arranged as to thick. Chocolate sauce-Small cup having to treat the hams in this be easily lowered from the top for sugar, three tablespoonfuls butter manner make covers of heavy cotand two of flour; one pint of boiling ton, sewing the hams into them Plenty of light is indispensable in water and half a square of melted tightly, and then whitewash the out-

the walls light in color. Oil paint pound of liver into thin slices and flies. applied to the plaster on walls and boil gently for twenty minutes; ceiling is easily cleaned, and is bet- drain and chop fine. Put a gill of than kalsomined or papered milk in a double boiler; rub together walls. Paper is easily loosened by one tablespoonful of butter and two steam, and if used should be the of flour; stir into the milk and when oiled paper in tile pattern, which a thick paste is formed add the fretful, sleepless children-there not only looks well, but which, if liver. Cook in double boiler for at | would not be any if mothers gave | which will prevent her from stepping | milk, would be paid for many times revarnished after the first washing, least ten minutes. Add one table- their little ones an occasional dose forward and soiling the rear of the over by the butter she produced. To spoonful chopped parsley; one tea- of Baby's Own Tablets. The little stall. Any adjustment of a stall make a cow do her best in winter, A wainscoting of Georgia pine on spoonful salt; oae-quarter teaspoon- ones are sickly and fretful and which will prevent cows from step- she should be warmly housed, and the side walls to a height of four or ful pepper; one teaspoonful onion sleepless usually because of some ping forward will keep them clean, not be allowed to run out during five feet is better than mop-boards juice. When cold, form into balls, stomach, bowel or teething trouble. and by having the manger low, so cold, stormy weather. Silage is a

nothing better than pine covered One Egg Cookies.—One cup, each, promptly cured by Baby's Own Tab- afford comfort, which is an essential bran or ground corn, she will do well, with linoleum. The hardwood floor of sour milk and shortening; one lets, and the little one thrives and point in securing a large flow of milk. especially if a few roots can be ad-

cookery gives the following recipe, give this medicine just one trial? If The iron and zink sink has been with careful directions as to mixing, your medicine dealer does not keep eliminated from the up-to-date kit- which are as necessary to success as the Tablets send 25 cents to The chen, and in its place stands the are the ingredients: Cream a quar- Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brock-

sion at one end, on which to place ly one cup of sugar, then two well the dishes when rinsed and wiped. beaten eggs, half a cup of milk, and With hot and cold water to be had one and two-thirds cups of flour at the turn of a faucet, or even sifted with two and a half teaspoons from a reservoir on the stove within of baking powder. In cold weather arm's length, dishwashing is made soften the butter and warm the bowl before beginning to mix cake. A zinc covered table or shelf is a Have the flour sifted and measured. convenience the housekeeper will ap- butter the cake tins with a bristle preciate, especially if it is provided brush, and sift over their greased with drawers for spices, utensils, surface a film of flour to keep the towels, etc. A marble slab for use cake from sticking. Put the soften- wide will confine them in rather close In building a house the average in- in pastry-making is something the ed butter in the warm bowl and beat quarters but can be arranged so they with the slitted spoon until it is can be comfortable and enough space about the parlors, the reception hall kons as indispensable after she has creamy; this allows a perfect blend- left for alleys. The cows should ing with the sugar, which should be face the centre for convenience in The height of the stove, the sink added while you beat constantly. feeding. Have a 3 foot alley back and the table should be adjusted to When the butter and sugar is white of the cows, with a gutter from 12 Some of us have recollections of the height of the woman who is to and creamy, sift in a few spoonfuls to 15 inches wide and 6 inches deep. the old-fashioned kitchen 'at grand- work at them. Backaches are of flour, then add the eggs and beat The floor upon which the cows stand father's," that are more or less bought on by working over a table energetically. Pour in the milk, should be level giving 41 feet for tinged with sentiment, but few want or stove that is too low. A high sift the flour and baking powder. standing room, about 2 feet for that kind of a kitchen in their own stool on which the worker may sit Put the batter immediately into the manger, making 11 feet for each cow The old-fashioned kitchen at her table or sink and be raised oiled tins, scraping every particle and 22 feet for the two, with a cenwas really the family living-room. high enough above either to work from the bowl with a palette knife tre feeding alley about 4 feet wide. It was dining-room except on state with ease is a convenience worth and before setting the cake in the The stalls should be 31 feet wide oven level it slightly, making it from centre to centre, which will somewhat higher at the sides than leave about 3 feet and 4 inches in in the centre. This makes a cake the clear, and will provide ten stalls home while the work went on unin- In cool weather a cooling-box out- level, as it is always sure to rise a terruptedly. The woman who got side a window will save many trips little higher in the center. Never scrape batter from the knife on the edge of the pan; if you do, the cake will not rise on that side. In fifor twenty minutes the cake

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

should be perfectly baked.

reach of children. They are a dead- to upright slats and then hung on ly poison, as dangerous as carbolic the rear post with hinges. Place acid or ammonia. Curiously, many slats in front so the cows cannot children seem fond of them. A case step forward and fasten a rope onto is on record where an 8-year-old boy the rear end of the partition with a died in great agony after chewing staple. The rope or chain in the rear two nutmegs.

normal appetites, as witness the which can be hooked into a staple in craving of the schoolgirl for chalk the swinging partition on the other and slate pencils. Things that are side. If the upper hinge on the pardeleterious should be rarefully kept tition is a little lower, so that the out of their way. enough to know better once ate so ways swing into much camphor gum ("because it felt so funny in her teeth," she explainhas ever since disliked the odor of out unlock the rope or chain back of cows are kept. If not, add a few camphor.

soapsuds.

Improve the first fine days by givline. The sun purifies blankets and quilts, raising the pile on the first and enlivening the cotton in the

latter. One of the "spring jobs" the house Two Sauces-Custard sauce-A half wife dreads is the frying and packside. Hung in a cool cellar or a

KEEP LITTLE ONES WELL.

There ought not to be any sickly, little ones are speedily relieved and be carried in a natural position, will sweet clover hay and corn fodder, I could get along without them. white enameled one, with an exten- ter of a cup of butter, add gradual- ville, Ont., and the Tablets will be sent by mail post paid.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Selfishness is the heart of sin. The fussy are never effective. Obedienco is better than oblation. Character is crystallized conduct. Revenge is sweetest when renounc-

Mercies multiply as we measure

Only manufactured doubts are ad-

vertised. Nothing spoils the life like living for the spoils.

Our victories depend on how we

take our defeats. Giving happiness is the only secret of getting it. There is no delight for those who

turn back from duty.

An unbridled tongue goes with an Sins of the imagination are more than imaginary sins.

A man's love for God may be measured by his life for men. You can hardly expect to get fire out of a cold storage religion.

trouble will subdue a great one.

your salvation.

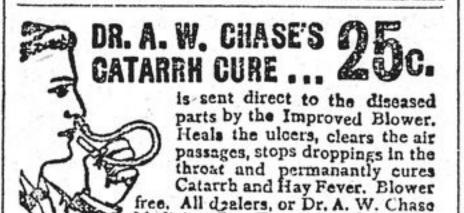
PLAN OF COW STALL.

Two rows of cows in a barn 26ft. on each side. The partitions between the cows

should be about 4 feet high and may be made of boards or slates. rear posts may be omitted, as it is not readily needed. The first post, which may be a 2 x 4 scantling, is 41 feet from the gutter, the front post is set forward 3 feet and slats nailed against it. The partition Nutmegs should be kept out of the boards or slats should be fastened onof the cows should be about 3 feet 6 Children often have curiously ab- inches long, with a hook on the end A child old partition will sag a little, it will al-

THE PROPER POSITION. give them room to turn around.

Each cow has a separate box for a silo is an advantage in producing



Mcditine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

square. The top of the manger in front of the cow is only from 3 to 10 inches high, so her head will be in a income from the herd. natural position when lying down. The manger should be adjustable so require more feed and better care, that when she is standing with her than one running dry, but she must hind feet near the gutter her nose be fed roughage anyway, and grain will just reach the slats in front, which would be required to make other roughage under her feet. The chiefly clover, a greater amount of stall is made narrow so that the fat-producing elements will be recow cannot turn round, while the quired in the grain, and a large chain or rope is fastened from one amount of corn meal can be profitabpartition to the other. Each cow ly used. If the roughage is largely should be taught to take her own corn stalks, timothy hay and oat stall and the teaching should be done straw, the grain ration should be with patience and great care. It re- composed largely of feeds rich in proquires gentleness and tact to teach tein. cows properly, but in the end one is amply rewarded for exercising these virtues.

CARE OF DAIRY COWS.

In the housing and care of dairy cows no country shows, as a rule in general practice, any methods or country. The average conditions and insanitary in many respects, al- |did." though frequently kept clean. The

is here far more regard for economy of labor management. Darish stables are generally kept clean, but at the cost of a vast amount of very cheap labor. In other countries, as well as Denmark, much attention is paid to cleaning the cow stables, but the conclusion has been forced upon us that this is done more from an appreciation of the value of all manurial matter and the fixed habit of saving it than from any knowledge or intention of cleanliness as of prime importance in dairying. This is especially shown by the fact that the cows are milked in just about as careless and uncleanly a manner in Great Britain and all over Europe as, it must unfortunately be confessed, is the common practice in this country. The very general use of women as milkers in all foreign dairy districts is a decided advantage; they are gentler and cleaner than men, and vastly better than the average farm laborer, who does all sorts of work during the day. Much attention is being given, especially in England, to perpetuate the custom of employing women instead of men for milkers, and to maintain the efficiency of milk-maids; the popular public milking contests at the dairy shows are useful and commendable. Many parts of Europe have the additional advantage of keeping the cows in the fields continuously the greater part of the year and milking them in the open air. This practice does much to insure clean milk and pure products.

DAIRYING ON A SMALL SCALE. There are many farmers who practice general farming, keeping enough zows to pay the grocery bill, who do not feel that their business in this line is large enough to warrant using the best modern applicances and conducting the business along the lines laid down by the best dairying authorities. Each man must judge for himself as to whether it is advisable to put in a separator and to build a silo. It is probable that a separator will pay for itself in a comparatively ed) that she was made very ill and When it is desired to let the cows short time, even where but a few the cow, beginning at one end, let more to the herd and arrange to Equal parts of ammonia and spir- the first cow back out; give her time save all the butter fat that is proits of turpentine will take paint out so she will be able to get out and duced. If cows are kept, they should of clothing no matter how dry and not afraid to back in the gutter. The have the feed that will enable them hard it may be. Saturate the spot other cows will soon learn to push to produce the most profit for the several times and then wash out in the swinging partition which will owner, and it is the general experience of practical dairying that the ing the bedding a good airing on the manger, about 2 feet 10 inches milk cheaply. But whether silo and separators are adopted or not, most farmers who keep cows could improve their methods of feeding and the general conduct of the business.

It would be wise for many to have their cows come fresh in the fall or early winter, rather than in spring as so many do. The price of butter is higher in the winter, and the farmer has less other work to demand his time and attention, than during the summer months. Many farmers allow their cows to go dry all winter, and while feeding them, receive no

Of course, a cow giving milk will

HEALTH IN SPRING.

Nature Requires Assistance in Making New. Health-Giving Blood.

Spring is the season when your conditions better than these of this system needs toning up. In the spring you must have new blood just elsewhere are bad enough, with oppor- as the trees must have new sap. Natunities for very great improvement; ture demands it. Without new blood but such improvement is being made you will feel weary, weak and lanas rapidly in this country as any- guid. With new, rich, red blood you where. Nowhere else is there a bet- will be sprightly, happy and healthy. ter appreciation of the importance The one sure way to get new blood and economy of abundant room, and fresh energy is to take Dr. Willight, air, dryness, comfort, and liams Pink Pills. They actually cleanliness for cows. One hears much make new blood. They are the greatof the close relations between the est spring tonic in the world. Mr, dairy cows and the families of their J. J. Mallette, a well known grocer owners in Holland and Switzerland, in Montreal, says:-"I wish to thank connecting apartments, under the you for the great good your Dr. same roof, etc.; but the stables which Williams' Pink Pills have done me are seen in summer converted into My system was very much run down conservatories and rooms for weaving and your pills have made a new may and cheese curing are the exceptional of me. As I am in business, coming and show places. Even the best of in contact with many people, I am these when visited in midwinter, with often able to recommend the pills, the cattle in place, are often found and they have already relieved a dark, ill ventilated, close, crowded, dozen of my friends who suffered as I

Many peorie further weaken their A principle hung up on the wall construction of cow stables generally system in spring through taking purin the old world is of a substantial gative medicines. What nature needs The man who can smile at a small kind, but with little regard to light to help her is a tonic, and Dr. Wiland ventilation, convenience of ar- liams' Pink Pills supply this need as The man who is looking for a rangement or ease of cleaning. The no other medicine can. Be sure you blood. Though I spent hundreds of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one chance to be grateful is never with- labor necessary to keep them in de- get the genuine with the full name cent condition would be regarded as "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale With an uneducated heart there can impossible in this country. The cow People' printed on the wrapper of all in Europe, but they are no dealers, or post paid at 50 cents per It is one thing to work up your better in any respect than the aver- box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writdistricts of this country, and there Brockville, Ont.

Indescribable Pains Stone in Bladder.

An Exceptionally Severe Case in Which a Helpless Sufferer Was Restored by Dr. Chase's Kidney Liver Pills

about the most painful ailment that After using one box I felt a decided ever afflicted mankind. It is the change for the better, and after takresult of deranged kidneys, the uric ing five boxes I feel like a new man. acid forming into hard substances, I am entirely out of pain, and have which lodge in the kidneys and blad- no more discharge of blood. I can unburdened brain. der. This horrible disease is pre- honestly recommend Dr. Chase's vented and cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to any fellow suf-Kidnoy-Liver Pills.

work, and frequently discharged monial as given by him is correct."

Liver Fills, and though I had no receipt book author, are on every sentiments and another to work out age of those of the distinctly dairy ing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. faith an them or in swithing else I box.

Gravel or stone in bladder is | decided to give them a fair trial. ferer, and will cheerfully verify this Mr. Daniel Brown, English River, statement to anyone writing me."

Ont., writes :- "For three years I | Mr. W. Bowen, Postmaster and suffered from urinary troubles, par- station agent at English River, taking of the nature of stone in the Ont., writes :- "I have interviewed bladder or gravel, and the pain Mr. Daniel Brown of this place in may be worse than none at all. which I endured can scarcely be des- regard to his long illness and cure. I was unable to do any and hereby certify that the testi-

doffars in doctors' bills I received pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all out one. no relief, and at last decided that I dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., would never be able to work again. Toronto. To protect you against never be more than a half educated houses in Denmark average the best around the box. Sold by all medicine "While in this condition I was ad- imitations the portrait and signa- head. wised to try Dr. Chase's Kidney- ture of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous