

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXVI.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, APRIL 29TH, 1898.

No. 11.

RELIABLE SEEDS

JUST TO HAND:

CLOVE, TIMOTHY, ALSIKE.

ALSO

GARDEN SEEDS

in full supply, by the packet or ounce.

The Fenelon Falls Drug Store,
H. J. LYTLE.

March 9th, 1898.

THE VICTORIA

LOAN and SAVINGS CO.

Incorporated under statutes of the Province of Ontario.

Head Office, - Lindsay, Ont.
Smythe's Block, opposite the Market.

LOANS. Money to Loan on Mortgages at lowest current rates with no delay and small expense.

DEPOSITS. The Company receives money on deposit in their Savings department, and allows interest thereon at **Four Per Cent.** A mortgage company is the safest place to deposit money. No speculative business is done.

Apply to
JOHN MAGWOOD,
Or to Manager, Lindsay,
McLaughlin & McDiarmid (Mondays)
H. J. Lytle } Fenelon Falls
—41f.

SECOND DIVISION COURT

—OF THE—
County of Victoria.

The next sittings of the above Court will be held in Dickson's hall, Fenelon Falls, **ON THURSDAY, APRIL 28th, 1898,** commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon Saturday, April 16th, will be the last day of service on defendants residing in this county. Defendants living in other counties must be served on or before Apr. 12th.
S. NEVISON, E. D. HAND,
Bailiff. Clerk
Fenelon Falls, Feb. 3rd, 1898.

HARNESS

If you want first-class single or double light or heavy Harness or anything in that line call at

NEVISON'S

new harness shop, between J. McFarland's grocery and Wm. Campbell's dry goods store.

TRUNKS AND VALISES

kept in stock as usual, and also a good assortment of fly nets and buggy dusters at low prices. Try a bottle of Harris's celebrated harness polish. It is a new thing and you will be sure to like it.

Agent for Pianos and Organs.
Fenelon Falls, May 20th, 1896.—14-ly

The "Fenelon Falls Gazette"

is printed every Friday at the office, on the corner of May and Francis streets.
SUBSCRIPTION \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE, or one cent per week will be added as long as it remains unpaid.

Advertising Rates.
Professional or business cards, 50 cents per line per annum. Casual advertisements, 2 cents per line for the first insertion, and 1 cent per line for every subsequent insertion. Contracts by the year, half year or less, upon reasonable terms.

JOB PRINTING
of all ordinary kinds executed neatly, correctly and at moderate prices.
E. D. HAND,
Proprietor.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Our Spring Stock

Is now complete in every department, and we can say with confidence that we have the largest and newest assortment of Boots and Shoes ever shown in Fenelon Falls.

Shoes from the best makers in Canada have found their way to our store, and have all been bought for spot cash, which means a great reduction in price.

See our women's, misses' and children's goods (J. D. King make), all hand turned, in black, dark tan and chocolate. They have more style, better material and workmanship than any other shoe for the money on the market. You will only have to examine them to be convinced of this fact.

When wanting shoes we invite you to call and see our stock, when we are sure you will agree with us in saying that every pair is a bargain.

Our **GROCERY** stock is always supplied with the choicest and freshest goods obtainable.

J. L. ARNOLD.

Professional Cards.

LEGAL.

McLAUGHLIN & McDIARMID,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Lindsay and Fenelon Falls. Lindsay Office: Kent-St., opposite Market. Fenelon Falls Office: Over Burgoyne & Co's store. The Fenelon Falls office will be open every Monday afternoon from arrival of train from Lindsay. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates.
R. J. McLAUGHLIN. F. A. McDIARMID.

A. P. DEVLIN,
BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Kent Street, Lindsay.

G. H. HOPKINS,
BARRISTER, & SOLICITOR FOR the Ontario Bank. Money to loan at lowest rates on terms to suit the borrower. Offices: No. 6, William Street South, Lindsay, Ont.

MOORE & JACKSON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, & C. OFFICE, William street, Lindsay.
F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON

MEDICAL.

DR. A. WILSON,
—M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario,—
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCH-
EUR. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon Falls.

H. H. GRAHAM,
M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S., England, F. T. M. C., M. C. P. and S., Ont., Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Office and residence, Francis Street West, Fenelon Falls

R. M. MASON,
VETERINARY SURGEON; Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, 1884; R. M. O. V. M. A.
Residence—Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

E. P. SMITH,
VETERINARY SURGEON and Dentist. Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. Live Stock Inspector for North Victoria by appointment of Dominion Government. Office and address — CAMBRAY, Ont.

MUSIC.

ORWIN A. MORSE,

Organist Cambridge Street Methodist Church, Lindsay, Music Teacher. At Brooks' Hotel, Fenelon Falls, every Tuesday. Terms moderate. 32.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON,

P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, & Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

DENTAL.

Dr. NEELANDS, DENTIST, LINDSAY,

Extracts teeth without pain by gas (vitalized air) administered by him for 27 years. He studied the gas under Dr. Colton, of New York, the originator of gas for extracting teeth. Dr. Colton writes Dr. Neelands that he has given the gas to 186,417 persons without an accident from the gas. Other pain obtunders used. A good set of teeth inserted for \$10. Dr. Neelands visits Fenelon Falls (McArthur House) the third Tuesday of every month. Call early and secure an appointment.

W. H. GROSS, DENTIST.

The beautiful Crown and Bridge work practised with success. Gas and all other anaesthetics for extracting teeth without pain. A set of Artificial Teeth, better than the average, for \$8 00. Rooms directly opposite Wood's stove depot, Lindsay.

H. HART, L. D. S.

A SET OF GOOD TEETH FOR \$10. Gas and local anaesthetics for painless extracting. Satisfaction guaranteed in all branches of dentistry.
Office over Fairweather & Co's store nearly opposite the post-office, Lindsay

INSURANCE.

To the Public.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE Co. has amalgamated with the Alliance of England, giving insurers the security of \$25,000,000 and the same good policy.
JOHN AUSTIN, Agent
Also agent for the Queen of England and Caledonian of Edinburgh. Capital combined, \$45,000,000.]

A WEDDING RING,

Being an investment for a lifetime, should not be purchased without some thought or knowledge of its suitability for the person you want it for, and to be restricted to a small selection is provoking and unwise.

My stock consists of every fashionable shape—all the different thicknesses and widths—all sizes to fit anybody, and at very reasonable prices. You will find it very satisfactory to select from a stock like mine. You will save your car fare. If unable to come, write.

GEO. W. BEALL,
Lindsay, Ont.

Facts About Cuba.

SIZE AND PRODUCTS OF THE POOR LITTLE ISLAND.

Although Cuba is only 90 miles from the U. S. coast, the island is much larger than is generally supposed. It is of irregular crescent shape, is 730 miles long and has an average width of 80 miles and an area of 41,319 square miles. Although mountainous in the interior, much of the coast line is low and flat and difficult of approach on account of the numerous reefs and small islands. Notwithstanding this feature of the coast, it is said that no other island in the world has as many excellent harbors in proportion to its size. Of these, Havana, Matanzas, Bahia Honda, Mariel, Neuvitas, Nipe and Cardenas, on the north side, and Santiago de Cuba, Trinidad, Guantanamo and Cienfuegos, on the south side, are the principal and best known. Cuba is divided into six provinces, Havana being the most thickly populated and Puerto Principe the least. The total population of the island before the present insurrection was more than 1,600,000. A large part of the island is in a high state of cultivation, but there are no less than 20,000,000 acres of almost impenetrable forest, fully 13,000,000 of which have never been disturbed by man. But the soil which has been cultivated is marvelously rich and productive. To what extent this is so is shown by the fact that, notwithstanding the discouragements to industrial enterprises through the misrule of Spain, the exports in 1893 were valued at over 89,000,000 Spanish dollars.

The idea that Cuba is entirely unhealthy is a great mistake. The fact is that the greater part of the island, under normal conditions, is a very healthy region, and the sickly district could be made healthy by proper drainage. The climate is not as disagreeable as most people think. The highest temperature is rarely over 82 degrees, and the average for the year round is 77 degrees. The chief agricultural products are sugar, coffee and tobacco, of which the United States takes the greater part. In 1893, for example, there were 815,894 tons of sugar produced, of which 718,204 tons were exported, the United States taking 680,624 tons. Of 227,000 bales of tobacco exported two-thirds went to that country, together with more than half the 147,365,000 cigars made. But while the export footed up to a total of 89,000,000 Spanish dollars, and the imports 56,000,000, the taxation on the people reached nearly 25,000,000 Spanish dollars. Of this sum, which is more than one-sixth the combined value of the imports and exports, less than one-half came from customs and one-fourth of the whole goes directly to Spain.

Another popular misconception concerning Cuba is that its native population is composed almost entirely of negroes. The fact is that of the 1,600,000 people at the last census more than 1,000,000 were whites and less than 500,000 negroes. There were 50,000 Chinese in the island. Cuba is not only one of the most fertile countries in the world, but is also exceedingly rich in minerals. Its iron ores are unsurpassed, it has an abundance of coal, an

enormous quantity of hard woods and rich deposits of gold. The island has been so little developed that its possibilities cannot be estimated.

Socialism Growing.

Socialism is stronger in Germany than in any nation on earth. Even the army is now honeycombed with Socialism. And why should not Socialism flourish where an Emperor has a fortune of \$25,000,000—has twenty-two royal palaces—has forty-eight farms—has fourteen forests—has eight vineyards and a royal porcelain factory near Berlin? Why should it not flourish when hundreds of the employees of this man receive a remuneration of \$12, \$15 and \$20 a month?

Socialism is growing in Britain, and why should it not when all the children and grandchildren of a multi-millionaire queen have been supported by the Parliament—the People—of England? Why should it not very rapidly grow when the best Queen the world has ever known—one of the best women of her day—has not enough motherhood to care and provide for her own children?

Socialism in America is advancing with rapid and gigantic strides. And why should it not advance where injustice is king—where selfishness rules and where the love of money and position has destroyed the better instincts of the people? Why should it not in Canada as well as in the United States continue to increase in influence and numbers when governments are so corrupt—when legislators are untrue to the trust reposed in them—when, year after year, the struggle to obtain a livelihood grows more and more difficult—when the interests of the few are considered and the welfare of the many is unheeded.

Socialism lived two thousand years ago, and Socialism lives now. Now, as then, the Man Christ influenced the common people to love Him—to love each other.—*Citizen and Country.*

How Navvies are Treated.

W. Richards and J. Conn, both of Halifax, who have been working on the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, have returned to Winnipeg from the scene of construction. They walked the whole distance. Among other things Richards says: "When we had worked a month we were told that we had to pay one cent per mile for railway fare from Halifax, which left us largely in debt after that time, having to purchase blankets, bedding and other things we did not expect. Six weeks later the sub-contractor skipped out and left us without a cent, but it did not matter much, as it would under favorable circumstances have taken six months to have got clear of debt. We all left in debt and had to keep clear of the line for fear of being arrested. All were afraid of contractor Haney, and dare not give proper evidence before the Commissioners. The Commissioners were not in a position to report as to the true state of affairs."

Jonathan and John Bull.

The *Outlook*, N. Y., thus expresses itself on Anglo-American relationship: "Jonathan and John Bull are like two brothers working adjoining farms. They have tiffs now and then, of course. But at bottom they like and respect each other. That is no reason, however, for going into partnership. Each knows that his business is best managed apart. But woe betide the rural tyrant who thinks to gain an advantage over one of the brothers because he manages his farm alone. The other will instantly put his strength and his purse at his relative's disposal. As the *New York Press* finely says: 'We can conceive of only two situations which would produce an English-American alliance. One would be a European combination against the States; the other would be the same combination against Great Britain. In either of these cases a dual alliance would be as certain as is the splendid supremacy in the world of the Anglo-Saxon race.'"

Captain Lee of the Royal Military College has received instructions from the British Government to leave for Washington on Saturday and proceed to Cuba with United States troops. The English militia authorities are desirous of being informed on the manoeuvres of the American artillery men, and have selected Captain Lee to look after the information.