

LARGE CURTAINS.

200 Pairs Opened this Week.

PRICES FROM **25c.** PER PAIR UP.

W. BURGOYNE.
THE RED STORE.

For Flour and Feed

Of the very best quality the North Star Roller Mills are famous. Special attention given to gristing and chopping. Parttes wanting Flour and Feed in large quantities would do well to get our quotations.

We Pay Lindsay Prices

For wheat and coarse grains, and we want an unlimited quantity.

We Buy and Sell Cattle, Sheep and Pigs,

Hides and Skins, Furs, etc.

McDOUCALL, BRANDON & AUSTIN.



As the season is far advanced I have decided to clear out the following goods

AT COST,

namely :

Cross-cut Saws,

Axes, Axe Handles,

Spring and Hockey Skates,

Cow Chains and Rope Ties.

The proof is in coming and getting prices

JOS. HEARD.

**FOR STYLE AND
ECONOMY COMBINED**

Go to **Wm. Campbell**, who has the largest, best assorted, most stylish and cheapest stock of

MILLINERY

in town. Come early and

SEE THE PLUMS.

Our Opening takes place every day.

FARMERS WANTING

Ensilage Cutters

With Roller Bearings,

Root Cutters and

Pulpers

With Roller Bearings,

Plows,

Gang Plows and

Harrows,

would do well to call at

Thos. Robson's,

Fenelon Falls, as he has a large assortment to choose from at low prices.

Highest Price for Scrap Iron, Brass and Copper.

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

Friday, February 25th, 1898.

VOTE FOR AUSTIN.

Go to the polls on Tuesday and vote for John Austin. The Hardy Government is sure to be sustained, and we want to send it a supporter from East Victoria.

EAST VICTORIA NOMINATIONS.

The nomination of candidates for the honor of representing East Victoria in the Local Legislature took place in Dickson's hall last Tuesday, Mr. E. C. Young of Minden, the Returning Officer, presiding, supported on the right by Mr. Henry Graham of Kinmount, his election clerk. The proceedings were commenced at noon, according to law, and the nominations were as follows :

Mr. John Austin of Kinmount; nominated by Mr. Thomas Robson of Fenelon Falls and seconded by Mr. Alexander Ellis of Verulam.

Mr. John H. Carnegie of Bexley; nominated by Mr. William McArthur and seconded by Mr. H. J. Lytle, both of Fenelon Falls.

At the conclusion of the hour during which nominations can be made, a poll was demanded on behalf of Mr. Carnegie, and the returning officer announced that it would be held on Tuesday next, March 1st, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m., and read a list of the different polling places throughout the riding and the names of the deputy returning officers. There was not a very numerous attendance of electors at the nominations, but at 1.30, the time appointed for the speaking to commence, the hall was about as full as it could be, and a few minutes later so many more persons had arrived that a little crowd clustered around the door vainly seeking admittance. It had been arranged that Mr. Carnegie was to speak for three-quarters of an hour and Mr. Austin for an hour, and that Mr. Carnegie should be allowed fifteen minutes in which to reply. Mr. H. J. Lytle was called to the chair, which he filled to the satisfaction of everybody, and made a nice little speech, after which Mr. Carnegie took the floor and proceeded to do his best to lower the Ontario Government in the estimation of his hearers. The game laws, the school laws, the price of school books, the Provincial finances, duty on sawlogs, the cost of maintaining asylums, the number of officials, and the agricultural college all came in for adverse criticism; but he admitted that the college, being an educational institution, could not be expected to pay, though he thought that, as regards the farm proper, there ought to be a better showing than there is. In the course of his speech Mr. Carnegie repeated what he said he had been told about some utterance of Mr. Austin at a meeting out north; but Mr. Austin at once declared that he had not spoken the words attributed to him, and Mr. Carnegie gracefully admitted that he had probably been misinformed. "Our friend the enemy" is a very pleasing and fluent speaker, and was frequently applauded when he quoted figures which, without any explanation, made it appear that all sorts of things were different from what they ought to be.

Mr. Austin followed and spoke for a full hour, following Mr. Carnegie

through his different charges, and making a good many points that were appreciated and applauded by the large audience. Mr. Carnegie's term in Parliament, of course, gives him a great advantage over an inexperienced opponent, who has been too deeply immersed in business to make the necessary preparation for a political discussion; but Mr. Austin made a speech highly creditable to himself and pleasing to his supporters, who feel that if they succeed in electing him, of which they have scarcely a doubt, East Victoria will have as creditable a representative as she now has, and one who will support, instead of opposing, a Government whose virtues are many and great and whose faults are few and insignificant. Mr. Austin has a pleasant and sufficiently powerful voice and a good command of language, and, with experience and practice, will be above the average as a public speaker. Some of his opponent's statements he could not answer for want of personal knowledge or available proof; others he could and did, and his address was not only exceedingly creditable for a novice, but was better and more effective than even his friends expected it would be.

Mr. Carnegie again took the floor and used his allotted fifteen minutes adding a little to what he had said in his first speech; after which cheers were given for the Queen and the candidates, which terminated the proceedings.

Ontario's Labor Laws.

As in agriculture the Liberal Government of Ontario has recognized the greatest industry of this country, and, by the establishment of the Department of Agriculture with a responsible Minister at its head in the person of the Hon. John Dryden, a thorough, practical farmer possessing superior administrative ability, has been able to wisely and economically assist those who are engaged in the various branches of farming, so its record as to labor legislation is regarded by competent authorities as the most advanced and progressive of any self-governed country in the world. That well-known Conservative, Mr. E. F. Clark, M. P., and for years one of the most prominent of the Opposition members in the Provincial Legislature, speaking on the subject at Dundurn Park, Hamilton, last labor day, said :

"In looking up the history of the Province for 25 years, the people might well congratulate themselves on the strides that had been made. It was less than 25 years since Parliament declared labor organizations to be legal. Before 1872 it was an illegal thing to be a member of such organizations, but no man need now apologize for standing on the platform on behalf of organized labor. The objects of organization were peaceful and progressive, and he was bound to give full credit to the Attorney General, Hon. A. S. Hardy, and Hon. J. M. Gibson, for the efforts they had made during many years on its behalf. They have always been willing to accede to any reasonable demand of organized labor. As the combined effort of organized labor there had been placed upon the statute books a body of legislation that is a credit to those who have enacted it and to those who have demanded it."

Salaries of Public Servants.

Much ado is being made by the Opposition about the alleged over-payment of the public servants of the Province. A comparison between Ontario and other countries shows how unfair is such criticism.

Cabinet Ministers : Victoria \$10,000; South Australia \$15,000; Massachusetts \$5,000; Ontario \$4,000.

Deputy Ministers : Victoria \$4,500; South Australia \$3,000; West Australia \$3,000; Massachusetts \$2,500; Ontario \$2,300 to \$2,800.

Sergeant-at-Arms : Victoria \$3,000; Massachusetts \$3,500; Ontario \$600.

Librarian : Victoria \$3,000; Massachusetts \$3,000; Ontario \$1,800.

Queen's Printer : Victoria \$3,500; South Australia \$2,500; West Australia \$2,000; Ontario \$1,400.

Clerk of the House : Victoria \$6,000; South Australia \$5,000; Ontario \$2,000.

Attorney-General : West Australia \$2,500; Massachusetts \$3,500; Ontario \$2,460.

Inspector of Asylums : Victoria \$5,000; Ontario \$2,000.

Inspector of Jails : Victoria \$3,750; Ontario \$2,500.

Ministers' Secretaries : Victoria \$2,000; South Australia \$1,500 to \$3,000; Ontario \$1,000 to \$1,600.

In Ontario one official is Inspector of Insurance, Registrar of Friendly Societies, Registrar of Loan Companies and Referee under the Succession Duties at a salary of \$3,000. In England four officials are employed for these, the total salaries being \$31,500. In New York the Inspector of Insurance re-

ceives \$10,000 and the assistant \$7,000.

If the figures of any of the States of the Union or of other countries be taken, it will be found that the Ontario Civil Service is the poorest paid in the world.

Campaign Slanders.

The Toronto Star says :

"It is very evident to those in touch with the political organizations that in this campaign the Liberals are not flush with funds; they are carrying on the fight on the most economical basis. Where, then, are all the funds which the public has been told the Ministry collected from license holders, office holders, Michigan lumberman and corporations generally? If ever the Government party needed "boodle" it is now, but evidently it has none. The only possible conclusion is that the charges of the Opposition shouters were simply falsehoods, and that the Government had neither bled any person nor sold its honor. The absence of Liberal campaign money refutes the wild declarations of the slanderers of the Government. Are the people of Ontario prepared to believe these oft-repeated slanders, and thus declare that for 25 years they have kept in power a dishonest Government? Virtually the charges are a reflection upon the people of the Province, for the same old slanders have been the cry in every campaign of the past, and yet the electorate has, time after time, expressed its confidence in the Ministry, and declared its disbelief in the charges. The people are not likely to stultify themselves this time."

Who Does The Work ?

The following statement gives the number of bills introduced during the recent Legislature by the members of the Ontario Government and by the leading members of the Opposition respectively :

Year.	By Ministers.	By Opposition.
1894	35	1
1895	42	2
1896	56	4
1897	51	1
1898	30	0
Totals	214	8

Profitable Pork Raising.

We have always been of the opinion, and have frequently expressed it, that there is money in pork, and the following paragraph from a recent issue of the Post is proof that pigs pay well when properly cared for :

"Mr. John Christian, of Fenelon township, who made a friendly call on the Post when in town on Friday last, informed us that he recently disposed of a six months' old litter of fifteen hogs, which averaged 206 lbs., at 50c. per lb. live weight. As these pigs were fattened on coarse food he realized a very handsome profit on the sale. At this price it is possible, from one good brood sow, to make a turn over of \$310 in one year, making a net profit far in advance of what can be cleared in any other branch of agricultural pursuits. The way Mr. Christian accomplishes such a quick growing and fattening process is that from their birth he keeps his hogs housed in clean, well ventilated pens, thus preventing them from losing flesh by rooting and running about."

Two Fires.

Last Saturday night a house in Verulam, about five miles from the Falls, owned by Mrs. Burke of Reaboro and occupied by Mr. Alfred Inkpin, was totally destroyed by fire, together with all its contents but an organ, a bureau and part of a bed. Mr. and Mrs. Inkpin had gone to Peterborough, and Mr. and Mrs. Moon, neighbors of Mr. Inkpin's, were at his house taking charge of the children during the absence of their parents. The cause of the fire is unknown, as it broke out about ten o'clock, after all the inmates had gone to bed, and some of them were awakened by the fall of the kitchen roof. The house, which was built of logs, was a story and a half high, and, as far as we can learn, was uninsured, but Mr. Inkpin had \$200 on its contents.

About 10 o'clock on Tuesday night fire broke out in a story and a half frame house on Greene street, formerly owned by the late Henry Junkin, but now part of the R. C. Smith estate, and occupied by Mr. Charles Wise. There was no one in at the time, Mr. Wise having gone over to visit his daughter, Mrs. A. Menzies, on Murray street, and it is thought that a lamp that was left burning on a table may have exploded. The fire was first seen by Mr. John A. Ellis, who was walking home from the Falls to his farm, and he and Mr. Fred Greene, who was with him, ran to the burning house. Finding it locked up and nobody at home, Mr. Ellis broke open the door of the porch and then the front door, and, the alarm having