

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXV.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26TH, 1897.

No. 41.

CHEAP READING.

Daily Globe and Mail 35c. per month,
The Daily World 25c. per month,

THE DRUG STORE, FENELON FALLS.

GOOD FURNITURE

Is always cheap furniture in the long run. Looks better. Wears better. Gives better satisfaction. I have the best and largest stock of furniture of all kinds, from the best manufacturers in the province, consisting of

- DINING ROOM FURNITURE,
- BEDROOM SETS,
- EASY CHAIRS,
- ROCKERS,
- LOUNGES,
- SIDEBOARDS,
- SPRINGS AND MATTRESSES,
- KITCHEN FURNITURE (all kinds),

and prices are away down. Repairing and all ordered work promptly attended to.

Undertaking in all its branches.

L. DEYMAN.

SECOND DIVISION COURT OF THE County of Victoria.

The next sittings of the above Court will be held in Dickson's hall, Fenelon Falls, ON FRIDAY, JANUARY 28th, 1898,

commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon Monday, January 17th, will be the last day of service on defendants residing in this county. Defendants living in other counties must be served on or before Jan. 12th.

S. NEWSON, E. D. HAND, Bailiff. Clerk

Fenelon Falls, Nov. 9th, 1897.

INSURANCE.

Mr. Wm. E. Ellis having transferred his Insurance Business to me, I am prepared to take risks on all classes of property

At Very Lowest Rates

None but first-class British and Canadian Companies represented.

FARM PROPERTY at very low rates.

James Arnold.

The "Fenelon Falls Gazette"

is printed every Friday at the office, on the corner of May and Francis streets.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE, or one cent per week will be added as long as it remains unpaid.

Advertising Rates.

Professional or business cards, 50 cents per line per annum. Casual advertisements, 2 cents per line for the first insertion, and 1 cent per line for every subsequent insertion. Contracts by the year, half year or less, upon reasonable terms.

JOB PRINTING of all ordinary kinds executed neatly, promptly and at moderate prices.

E. D. HAND, Proprietor.

Professional Cards.

MUSIC.

ORWIN A. MORSE,

Organist Cambridge Street Methodist Church, Lindsay, Music Teacher. At Brooks' Hotel, Fenelon Falls, every Tuesday. Terms moderate. 32.

LEGAL.

McLAUGHLIN & McDIARMID, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Lindsay and Fenelon Falls. Lindsay Office: Kent-St., opposite Market. Fenelon Falls Office: Over Burgoyne & Co's store. The Fenelon Falls office will be open every Monday afternoon from arrival of train from Lindsay. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates. R. J. McLAUGHLIN. F. A. McDIARMID.

A. P. DEVLIN, BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Kent Street, Lindsay.

G. H. HOPKINS, BARRISTER, &c. SOLICITOR FOR the Ontario Bank. Money to loan at lowest rates on terms to suit the borrower. Offices: No. 6, William Street South, Lindsay, Ont.

MOORE & JACKSON, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay. F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON.

MEDICAL.

DR. A. WILSON, —M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario,— PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACOUCHUR. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon Falls.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM, GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Fellow of Trinity Medical School, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, Member of the College of Physicians & Surgeons of Ontario. Office and residence on Francis-St. West Fenelon Falls, opposite the Gazette office.

R. M. MASON, VETERINARY SURGEON; Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, 1884; R. M. O. V. M. A. Residence—Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

E. P. SMITH, VETERINARY SURGEON and Dentist. Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. Live Stock Inspector for North Victoria by appointment of Dominion Government. Office and address — CAMBRAY, Ont.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON, P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, &c. Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

DENTAL.

Dr. NEELANDS, DENTIST, LINDSAY, Extracts teeth without pain by gas (vitalized air) administered by him for 27 years. He studied the gas under Dr. Colton, of New York, the originator of gas for extracting teeth. Dr. Colton writes Dr. Neelands that he has given the gas to 186,417 persons without an accident from the gas. Other pain obtunders used. A good set of teeth inserted for \$10. Dr. Neelands visits Fenelon Falls (McArthur House) the third Tuesday of every month. Call early and secure an appointment

W. H. GROSS, DENTIST. The beautiful Crown and Bridge work practised with success. Gas and all other anaesthetics for extracting teeth without pain. A set of Artificial Teeth, better than the average, for \$8 00. Rooms directly opposite Wood's stove depot, Lindsay.

H. HART, L. D. S. A SET OF GOOD TEETH FOR \$10. Gas and local anaesthetics for painless extracting. Satisfaction guaranteed in all branches of dentistry. Office over Fairweather & Co's store nearly opposite the post-office, Lindsay

INSURANCE.

To the Public.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE Co. has amalgamated with the Alliance of England, giving insurers the security of \$25,000,000 and the same good policy.

JOHN AUSTIN, Agent Also agent for the Queen of England and Caledonian of Edinburgh. Capital combined, \$45,000,000.

WANTED. I can pay ten dollars weekly to a lady of mature age, refinement and tact to spend her time in a good cause. T. H. LINSKOTT, Toronto, Ont.

MILLINERY MILLINERY WALL PAPER WALL PAPER AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

XXXX

Window Paper. Fancy Goods. Materials for Fancy Work, Toys in Great Variety. Stamping Done. Eggs Taken in Exchange.

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MRS. HEELEY.

Wanted. Solicitors for "Canada, an Encyclopedia of the Country," in five Royal Quarto Volumes. No delivering. Commission paid weekly. A canvasser reports his first week making over seventy dollars profit. THE LINSKOTT COMPANY, Toronto.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS.

YOU WANT THEM. WE HAVE THEM—GOOD—CHEAP.

CALL AND SEE.

GEORGE MARTIN.

THE WEST SIDE STORE.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Send a stamp for our beautiful book "How to get a Patent," "What profitable to invent," and "Prizes on Patents." Advice free. Fees moderate. MARION & MARION, EXPERTS. Temple Building, 335 St. James St., Montreal. The only firm of Graduate Engineers in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively.

LINDSAY Marble Works

R. CHAMBERS prepared to furnish the people of Lindsay and surrounding country with MONUMENTS AND HEADSTONES, both Marble and Granite.

Estimates promptly given on all kinds of cemetery work. Marble Table Tops, Wash Tops, Mantel Pieces, etc., a specialty. WORKS—In rear of the market on Cambridge street, opposite Matthews' parking house. Being a practical workman all should see his designs and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

ROBT. CHAMBERS. North of the Town Hall

WATCHES, RINGS, JEWELLERY, BY MAIL.

Unless you are a practical watch-maker you must place some confidence in the dealer you buy from.

The principle upon which we do our mail business is that if a customer, after seeing his purchase, would prefer his money back, he simply has to say so, and we cheerfully return all he paid.

You thus have the privilege of examining your goods at home, and it makes selling by mail mutually satisfactory.

When wanting an Engagement Ring or Wedding Ring or Present write us for particulars.

Geo. W. Beall,

Watchmaker, Kent Street, LINDSAY. Established 35 Years.

An Honorable Career.

Sir Oliver Mowat enters Government House listening to the friendly words of his old political opponents as of old political comrades. In truth there was nothing in his career to sow the seed of personal animosity. He combined in a really remarkable way indomitable courage and firmness with unflinching courtesy and charity. He never imputed evil motives. Like Wellington, "he never spoke against a foe," and those who used to sneer ill-naturedly or smile good-naturedly at the phrase "a Christian politician" applied to him by some of his friends, will do him the justice to say that he never failed in the prime Christian virtue of charity. And yet he was a fighter every inch of him. In all the history of Canada there is probably no better instance of a long-sustained and successful struggle than that which Sir Oliver Mowat and his colleagues maintained for the territory, the resources and the legislative rights of Ontario. The powers of the Federal Government, the astuteness of a famous political leader, were used in vain against a Ministry and Legislature led by that mild and courteous statesman. Whatever may have been our differences in those days, we all acknowledge now that Mowat, Pardee, Fraser and Hardy were right, and we are all grateful for the battle they fought and the victory they won. Over two of them the grave has closed amid the sincere tributes of the whole Province. The youngest remains in the arena where we must expect hard blows to be given and taken. The leader enters upon a well-earned period of peace, dignity and immunity from political strife, not of immunity from labor, for there is no Ministry, of whatever party, that might not profit from the counsels of the man who has worked for the state.

"Till old experience doth attain To something like prophetic strain."

We may be sure that whatever influence he may exercise in his new position will be exercised for the benefit of the Province whose interests, even in the midst of political strife, were always uppermost in his mind. His is an honorable career worthily crowned by this new honor, and worthy to be an example to all those who have aspirations for public life.—Globe.

A Sensible Yankee Bishop.

The right Rev. William Crosswell Doane, Bishop of Albany, presided at the annual convention of the clergymen and delegates of the Albany Episcopal Diocese, in that city, on the 17th inst., and in his annual address reviewed the proceedings of the meeting of Bishops of the Anglican Communion, held this year in London. He referred to a committee report in favor of international arbitration, saying:

"There can be no question but that within the past few years, from various causes and with some faults on both sides, the minds of men have been accustomed to the thought of a possible resort to arms as the settlement of national questions between England and America. We are responsible for the spirit that has been aroused in America, and which has in it inconceivable possibilities of horror. It is unfortunate for us that our public men are, by the force of our constant political chan-

ges, untrained either in the art or in the language of diplomacy. It is still more unfortunate when statesmen forget the art and language of courtesy. Always in an amalgamated civilization like ours, when we have not yet become one nation, but are a conglomeration of innumerable nationalities only in process of assimilation, there are two dangers—the one, of the assertion of old-time prejudices and antagonism, which have no place in our soil and no reference to our relations to any other country in the world; and the other, the unpardonable political device of pandering to some of these translated prejudices in order to obtain votes for one or the other of our political parties. I am quite sure that the more thoughtful men in England look with amazement and astonishment on what sometimes seems to them, from the unbridled violence of our partisan newspapers, the feeling of hatred and dislike of England in America. I am as sure of the absence of all such feeling among thoughtful people in America. With these extreme expressions of violence the English Government, the English people and the English press have been most patient. The theory that the old revolutionary spirit, which regarded England as a tyrant, is kept alive by the study of our school books of history, may have some weight. If it has, it is time that the school books were corrected, so that the children shall be taught that the England of one hundred years ago was as different from the England of to-day as the America of this century is different from the America of the revolution. No greater outrage, it seems to me, can be more conceivable and no more lasting and serious injury to all the best interests of humanity throughout the world, than the severance, or even the straining, of the close tie which binds America to England. A war would be only less fratricidal than our unfortunate rebellion; but the prevention of it must not be by the machinery of statecraft and cabinet counsel, but by the cultivation of the true spirit and temper of the peoples of both nations."

Trade in Canada.

R. G. Dunn & Co.'s last weekly statement of trade in the Dominion says:—"At Montreal the distribution of general merchandise countrywards may still be called active for the season. The carrying capacity of the river steamers has been pretty well taxed on recent trips, and some of the best boats, it is reported, have not been able to take all the freight offering. The amount of goods moving by rail is also larger than usual at this season. General collections continue to be favorably spoken of, and in the money market there is nothing new, the general quotation for call funds being four per cent. The business situation at Toronto is slightly better, if anything. Dealers in wholesale departments report liberal orders in nearly all lines, and speak encouragingly of the future. Travellers for fancy goods are doing an unusually large trade, and shipping departments are working hard to keep up with orders. Failures are again unimportant, and in striking contrast with a year ago. Payments are good. There is a large quantity of grain going forward for shipment to the old country, including oats, the demand for which seems keen, with an advance in prices. The demand for low grade flours is good, with shipments to the lower provinces. There were thirty-two failures, as against forty last week."

Damages for Being Blacklisted.

Fred. R. Ketchum, has been awarded a verdict of \$21,666 by the jury in Judge Clifford's court, at Chicago, in his suit against the North-western Railroad for \$25,000 damages for blacklisting. The case of Ketchum against the North-western Company has been on trial for nearly three weeks, and has been of great interest to men employed in the railroad business. During the great strike of the American Railway Union, Ketchum was employed as a conductor for the North-western Railway Company. He joined the strikers, and the evidence showed that he attended some of the meetings in the interest of the A. R. U. Since the strike Ketchum claims he has been unable to secure steady employment, owing to the fact that he was blacklisted. He obtained several positions with other roads, but, after working a short time, was discharged, he alleges, without any cause.