

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXV.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, APRIL 16TH, 1897.

No. 9.

SEEDS!

TIMOTHY,
RED CLOVER
AND ALSIKE,

— AT —
THE DRUG STORE,
FENELON FALLS.

LOT FOR SALE.

The west half of Lot No. 3, south of Bond and west of Colborne street, Fenelon Falls, containing a quarter of an acre. For terms, etc., apply to

MRS. BELCH,
Lindsay street.
—12tf

Furniture.

NOW, AS HERETOFORE, I HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF UP-TO-DATE GOODS AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Steel Runners to fit any style or make of Baby Carriage.

L. Deyman.

SECOND DIVISION COURT —OF THE— County of Victoria.

The next sittings of the above Court will be held in Dickson's hall, Fenelon Falls, ON TUESDAY, APRIL 27th, 1897, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon Friday, April 16th, will be the last day of service on defendants residing in this county. Defendants living in other counties must be served on or before April 11th.

S. NEVISON, E. D. HAND,
Bailiff. Clerk
Fenelon Falls, Jan. 29th, 1897.

INSURANCE.

Mr. Wm. E. Ellis having transferred his Insurance Business to me, I am prepared to take risks on all classes of property At Very Lowest Rates

None but first-class British and Canadian Companies represented.

FARM PROPERTY at very low rates.

James Arnold.

The "Fenelon Falls Gazette"

is printed every Friday at the office, on the corner of May and Francis streets. SUBSCRIPTION \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE, or one cent per week will be added as long as it remains unpaid.

Advertising Rates.

Professional or business cards, 50 cents per line per annum. Casual advertisements, 8 cents per line for the first insertion, and 2 cents per line for every subsequent insertion. Contracts by the year, half year or less, upon reasonable terms.

JOB PRINTING

of all ordinary kinds executed neatly, correctly and at moderate prices.

E. D. HAND,
Proprietor.

Professional Cards.

MUSIC.

MISS B. MACNIVEN.

Instruction given on ORGAN and PIANO at moderate rates. For terms apply at the residence of Mr. R. B. Sylvester, "Maryborough Lodge," Fenelon Falls.

LEGAL.

McLAUGHLIN & McDIARMID,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Lindsay and Fenelon Falls. Lindsay Office: Kent-St., opposite Market. Fenelon Falls Office: Over Burgoyne & Co's store. The Fenelon Falls office will be open every Monday afternoon from arrival of train from Lindsay. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates.

R. J. McLAUGHLIN. F. A. McDIARMID.

A. P. DEVLIN,
BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Kent Street, Lindsay.

G. H. HOPKINS,
BARRISTER, &c. SOLICITOR FOR the Ontario Bank. Money to loan at lowest rates on terms to suit the borrower. Offices: No. 6, William Street South, Lindsay, Ont.

MOORE & JACKSON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay.

F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON.

MEDICAL.

DR. A. WILSON,
—M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario,—
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHUR. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon Falls.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM,
GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Fellow of Trinity Medical School, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, Member of the College of Physicians & Surgeons of Ontario. Office and residence on Francis-St. West Fenelon Falls, opposite the Gazette office.

R. M. MASON,
VETERINARY SURGEON; Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, 1884; R. M. O. V. M. A.
Residence—Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

E. P. SMITH,
VETERINARY SURGEON and Dentist. Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. Live Stock Inspector for North Victoria by appointment of Dominion Government. Office and address—CAMBRAY, Ont.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON,
P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B. P. Conveyancer, &c Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

DENTAL.

DR. NEELANDS, DENTIST, LINDSAY,
Extracts teeth without pain by gas (vitalized air) administered by him for 27 years. He studied the gas under Dr. Colton, of New York, the originator of gas for extracting teeth. Dr. Colton writes Dr. Neelands that he has given the gas to 186,417 persons without an accident from the gas. Other pain obtunders used. A good set of teeth inserted for \$10. Dr. Neelands visits Fenelon Falls (McArthur House) the third Tuesday of every month. Call early and secure an appointment.

W. H. GROSS, DENTIST.

The beautiful Crown and Bridge work practised with success. Gas and all other anesthetics for extracting teeth without pain. A set of Artificial Teeth, better than the average, for \$8 00. Rooms directly opposite Wood's stove depot, Lindsay.

H. HART, L. D. S.

A SET OF GOOD TEETH FOR \$10. Gas and local anesthetics for painless extracting. Satisfaction guaranteed in all branches of dentistry.
Office over Fairweather & Co's store nearly opposite the post-office, Lindsay

INSURANCE.

To the Public.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE Co. has amalgamated with the Alliance of England, giving insurers the security of \$25,000,000 and the same good policy.

JOHN AUSTIN, Agent
Also agent for the Queen of England and Caledonian of Edinburgh. Capital combined, \$43,000,000.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS.

YOU WANT THEM.
WE HAVE THEM—
GOOD—
CHEAP!

CALL AND SEE.

GEORGE MARTIN

THE WEST SIDE STORE.

HARNESSES

If you want first-class single or double light or heavy Harness or anything in that line call at

NEVISON'S

new harness shop, between J. McFarland's grocery and Wm. Campbell's dry goods store.

TRUNKS AND VALISES

kept in stock as usual, and also a good assortment of fly nets and buggy dusters at low prices. Try a bottle of Harris's celebrated harness polish. It is a new thing and you will be sure to like it.

Agent for Pianos and Organs.
Fenelon Falls, May 20th, 1896.—14-ly

BATTEN DOORS. WIRE DOORS

J. T. THOMPSON, Jr.,
CARPENTER.

Jobbing attended to. Wall Brackets and Easy Chairs made to order.

Workshop on Lindsay Street, Near the G. T. R. Station, Fenelon Falls.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Send a stamp for our beautiful book "How to get a Patent," "What profitable to invent," and "Prize Patent's Advice Free. Fees moderate." MARION & MARION, EXPERTS, Temple Building, 95 St. James St., Montreal. The only firm of Graduate Engineers in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively.

WANTED—Young women and men, or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with \$60 per month and upwards, according to ability. Rev. T. S. Linscott, Toronto, Ont.

LINDSAY

Marble Works.

R. CHAMBERS

is prepared to furnish the people of Lindsay and surrounding country with MONUMENTS AND HEADSTONES, both Marble and Granite.

Estimates promptly given on all kinds of cemetery work.
Marble Table Tops, Wash Tops, Mantel Pieces, etc., a specialty.

WORKS—In rear of the market on Cambridge street, opposite Matthews' parking house.

Being a practical workman all should see his designs and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

ROBT. CHAMBERS,

North of the Town Hall

"QUEEN VICTORIA; Her Life and Reign"—Great historic work; sells at sight to thousands. Lord Dufferin introduces it to Canadians in glowing words. Easy to make \$20 a week, some make twice that. Many make more in spare time than during day at regular employment. This year's Great Sixtieth Anniversary is booming it. Books on time; prospectus free to canvassers. Territory going fast. The BRADLEY-GARRETTSON CO., Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

"The Gin Duke."

ONE OF BRITAIN'S LIQUOR LEADERS FOR GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

(From the Hamilton Templar.)

There are few dull moments for Prohibitionists these days. The proverbial apathetic Temperance man must be pretty thoroughly aroused by this time if he resides in this Canada of ours. One sensation follows another so rapidly that no sleepy fellow could keep track of them. Royal Commissions, Provincial plebiscites, Dominion plebiscites, Type-written pledges, License legislation, political contortions, indignation conventions, Government deputations, Legislative debates, have brought a veritable whirl of interest to the discussion of the reform, and now comes the news that Lord Salisbury will send the most noted liquor lord of Britain's legislators to succeed Aberdeen as Governor-General of the Dominion.

One would think that the overwhelming Temperance sentiment of this country would be entitled to some consideration in a matter of this kind. Perhaps it has had too much consideration. It is just possible that some shrewd diplomat has undertaken to check the rising tide of public opinion in favor of outlawing the drink, by installing upon the mimic throne of Canada a personification of the liquor interest. The Duke of Leeds is said to be immensely wealthy, the gains of gin. The laws of Great Britain have protected him and his partners in the manufacture and sale of an article that has robbed and demoralized the people beyond all comparison. A man is none the less a robber because he can hide behind unjust and immoral statutes. The wealth that is made by gin is fleeced from the poorest and most degraded of England's people. All the titles and insignia of the empire that may be heaped upon the duke of Leeds will not gloss over the fact that he is a gin maker with all its well understood qualifications.

His appointment would be an insult to the overwhelming majority of Canadians, who have resolutely made up their minds to free their own land from the curse of the Duke's "trade." The very suggestion should be promptly resented. There is no necessity for any hysterics, or any harsh language, but there should be a vigorous, firm and dignified protest on the part of the Temperance people of Canada against the appointment of a liquor man to the post of Governor-General. This is what the Templar proposes, and it will be glad to hear from the friends of the reform with regard to the matter.

An article in the Toronto World upon the Duke of Leeds contained some interesting reading from this point of view, and we clip the following paragraphs from it:

"The Duke himself, besides being a man of considerable wealth, of much geniality and spirit of repartee, brings to the vice-royalty a flavor of liquor which is sure to contribute to the joviality of his reign. In England he goes by the name of the 'gin duke,' being the senior partner and managing director of the great firm of Holland & Co., which probably has the largest gin business in the United Kingdom, and which bears a name that is known to consumers of spirits in every part of the world, civilized and uncivilized. He derives large profits from this source, and whenever he has been to spare a moment from his Parliamentary duties he has been in the habit of rushing off to Deptford, where the distilleries are, to see how things are getting on. It is needless to say that the young Duke is as popular with the liquor dealers, great and small, as he is the reverse with the temperance folk. In fact, to the latter he appears as a sort of evil spirit, not only because he takes an active part in the manufacture and sales of ardent spirits, but likewise because he is the champion of a very liberal compensation for those liquor dealers who find their business ruined by the extension of the temperance propaganda."

A female burglar, 21 years of age, recently sent to jail in London, was proved to have worked her way through an opening 9½ inches square, and on a previous occasion had wriggled through a hole eight inches square.

Wah Lee, the young Chinaman who embezzled a large sum of money from a brother celestial at Bowmanville a couple of weeks ago, was found guilty at Cobourg assizes and sentenced by Sir W. R. Meredith to one year in the Central at hard labor.

Observations.

(From the Whitby Chronicle.)

A very clever and able thinker walked into the sanctum a week ago to argue with us about departmental stores. He expressed the view that it were better for the farmer and mechanic to buy cheap goods. "Let the farmer sell his produce for the best he can get," said he, "and then buy to the best advantage wherever he can. If he can do better buying in big concerns, why should not he consider it best to do so?" "What would become of the towns and villages?" "What need he care so long as he has the city market?" At first sight this looks like good sound reasoning, and we have no hope of convincing some people that it is not so. We take this ground, however, that there must be a consumer as well as a producer. Departmental stores are run with hands at starvation wages, who cannot be very great consumers. Machinery is replacing mechanics, printers, artists and all other workers. Who will be the consumers after a while? It is a certainty that towns and cities have been great consumers in the past, but we are at present pursuing a course which will leave nothing but half paid people and wealthy syndicate owners to do the consuming. These views were presented to our friend, and he promptly responded by saying that laws would have to be made to regulate wealth in the hands of rich people. This was another argument hard to get around, but it proclaimed our friend to be a Socialist. He would foolishly pursue a course which would tend to make a few immensely rich and all the rest immeasurably poor. He would have all hands run to the rich syndicate with their trade, and when they finally saw the ruin they had wrought on ninety-nine out of a hundred, he would turn around and take away the rich man's wealth and divide it up.

This is the direction in which the world is drifting. We are all time servers and bargain hunters. We demand that foreign markets shall be found for our products, while at the same time we are killing off the consumer at home. It was the Grangers and Patrons who raised the cry that middle men were nothing but leeches, and from that day the home consumer was doomed. Could there be a worse piece of nonsense invented than the idea that Toronto will be able to consume all the farm produce in the country when the towns and villages are laid waste? The only market for any country to always rely upon is the home market. Foreign consumption is an uncertain thing. We have been finding this out in Canada for fifty years. We know we may feed and supply our own people, but we may be shut out from any and every foreign market. The Americans are just now teaching us a useful object lesson if we will but learn. It is every farmer's best plan—his only safe plan—to keep up as big a town as possible as close to him as possible. He should strive to prevent his money from going farther away than that town. If he spend his cash there it will come back to him for more produce. If he carry it to Toronto bargain hunting it will never return. We should look ahead of us in this as in other things.

The wealthy people of a town are generally the worst offenders in this matter. We heard on Saturday of the owner of a series of stores in a town who bought wall paper at Eaton's to decorate premises where one of his tenants is an extensive dealer in wall paper. We see people who own stores and whose rents are swiftly coming down, who take in every cheap excursion to Toronto and bring home a dray load of goods. One wealthy man said to us recently: "Look at this suit I have on. I paid \$7.50 for it." No merchant in this town ever dared to spread such shoddy on his counter, except as ready-made. It was woven of waste material and made in a sweatshop. No person connected with its manufacture could afford to buy a pound of prime butter or a dozen fresh eggs from a thrifty farmer's wife. A poor article is a loss to the world from start to finish. If producers will only buy poor quality at poverty prices, how can they expect to sell good quality at good prices. The world is becoming niggardly, and mean, and shamelessly and boastfully so. Until such time as people broaden their ideas and learn to live and let live, there is no prosperity ahead of us. We write as we feel, and those who will not learn from argument will acquire knowledge from the much more costly and dangerous results of experience.