

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXIV.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JULY 31st, 1896.

No. 24.

POTATO BUGS!

"WE FIX 'EM."

APPLY TO

PARIS GREEN & CHURCH'S BUG FINISH

At the Fenelon Falls Drug Store.

July 2nd, 1896.

LOT FOR SALE.

The west half of Lot No. 3, south of Bond and west of Colborne street, Fenelon Falls, containing a quarter of an acre. For terms, etc., apply to

MRS. BELCH, Lindsay street.

A SNAP!

Only Two Baby Carriages Left.

These MUST go and are offered at cost. A genuine bargain. Don't miss it.

A large and complete stock of everything in the furniture line.

No Trouble to Start Housekeeping

when you buy from L. DEYMAN, the leading furniture dealer and undertaker.

SECOND DIVISION COURT

—OF THE—
County of Victoria.

The next sittings of the above Court will be held in Dickson's hall, Fenelon Falls, ON MONDAY, SEPT. 14th, 1896,

commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon Monday, Sept. 3rd, will be the last day of service on defendants residing in this county. Defendants living in other counties must be served on or before Aug. 28th. S. NAVISON, E. D. HAND, Bailiff, Clerk Fenelon Falls, July 15th, 1896.

INSURANCE.

Mr. Wm. E. Ellis having transferred his Insurance Business to me, I am prepared to take risks on all classes of property At Very Lowest Rates

None but first-class British and Canadian Companies represented.

FARM PROPERTY at very low rates.

James Arnold.

The "Fenelon Falls Gazette"

is printed every Friday at the office, on the corner of May and Francis streets. SUBSCRIPTION \$1 A YEAR IN ADVANCE, or one cent per week will be added as long as it remains unpaid.

Advertising Rates.

Professional or business cards, 50 cents per line per annum. Casual advertisements, 8 cents per line for the first insertion, and 2 cents per line for every subsequent insertion. Contracts by the year, half year or less, upon reasonable terms.

JOB PRINTING

of all ordinary kinds executed neatly, correctly and at moderate prices.

E. D. HAND, Proprietor.

Professional Cards.

MUSIC.

MISS B. MACNIVEN.

Instruction given on ORGAN and PIANO at moderate rates. For terms apply at the residence of Mr. R. B. Sylvester, "Maryborough Lodge," Fenelon Falls.

LEGAL.

McLAUGHLIN & McDIARMID,

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Lindsay and Fenelon Falls. Lindsay Office: Kent-St., opposite Market. Fenelon Falls Office: Over Burgoyne & Co's store. The Fenelon Falls office will be open every Monday and Friday afternoon from arrival of train from Lindsay. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates.

R. J. McLAUGHLIN. F. A. McDIARMID. M. H. McLAUGHLIN.

A. P. DEVLIN,

BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Kent Street, Lindsay.

G. H. HOPKINS,

BARRISTER, &c. SOLICITOR FOR the Ontario Bank. Money to loan at lowest rates on terms to suit the borrower. Offices: No. 6, William Street South, Lindsay, Ont.

MOORE & JACKSON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay. F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON.

MEDICAL.

DR. A. WILSON,

M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario. PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHUR. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon Falls.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM,

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Fellow of Trinity Medical School, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, Member of the College of Physicians & Surgeons of Ontario. Office and residence on Francis-St. West Fenelon Falls, opposite the Gazette office.

R. M. MASON,

VETERINARY SURGEON; Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, 1884; R. M. O. V. M. A. Residence—Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

E. P. SMITH,

VETERINARY SURGEON and Dentist; Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. Office: Cambray, Ont.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON,

P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, &c Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

DENTAL.

Dr. NEELANDS, DENTIST, LINDSAY,

Extracts teeth without pain by gas (vitalized air) administered by him for 27 years. He studied the gas under Dr. Colton, of New York, the originator of gas for extracting teeth. Dr. Colton writes Dr. Neelands that he has given the gas to 186,417 persons without an accident from the gas. Other pain obtunders used. A good set of teeth inserted for \$10. Dr. Neelands visits Fenelon Falls (McArthur House) the third Tuesday of every month. Call early and secure an appointment.

W. H. GROSS, DENTIST.

The beautiful Crown and Bridge work practised with success. Gas and all other anaesthetics for extracting teeth without pain. A set of Artificial Teeth, better than the average, for \$8 00. Rooms directly opposite Wood's stove depot, Lindsay.

H. HART, L. D. S.

A SET OF GOOD TEETH FOR \$10. Gas and local anaesthetics for painless extracting. Satisfaction guaranteed in all branches of dentistry.

Office over Fairweather & Co's store nearly opposite the post-office, Lindsay

INSURANCE.

To the Public.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE Co. has amalgamated with the Alliance of England, giving insurers the security of \$25,000,000 and the same good policy.

JOHN AUSTIN, Agent

Also agent for the Queen of England and Caledonian of Edinburgh. Capital combined, \$15,000,000.

TORONTO FINANCIAL CORPORATION

Authorized Capital, \$2,500,000. Subscribed Capital, \$630,000.

J. K. Kerr, Q. C., President. E. J. Davis, M. P. P., Vice-President. Geo. Dunstan, General Manager.

Fenelon Falls Branch.

Accounts opened and deposits received. Interest allowed at highest current rates in the

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Drafts issued on all points. Exchange bought and sold. Notes discounted. Special attention given to the collection of sale and other notes. Office in the McArthur Block.

H. J. LYTLE, Manager.

McLAUGHLIN & McDIARMID, Solicitors.

WOVEN WIRE FENCING



Manufactured and Sold by THE ONTARIO WIRE FENCING CO., LTD. Picton, Ontario.

THE McMULLEN FENCING

POULTRY NETTING

ARE THE ever made or sold in Canada. You want only THE BEST for your money. Don't waste it on poor imitations and cheap substitutes, but ask for and buy the McMullen goods. They are unequalled for FARM, LAWN or POULTRY fencings. No snow drifts with McMullen's fencing. For sale by hardware and general merchants.

General Sales Agents: For Ontario and Western Provinces—The B. Greening Wire Co., Hamilton, Ont. For Quebec and Eastern Provinces—James Cooper, Montreal.

MISS NELLIE SLATER, DRESSMAKER.

Work done by the day or at home, BOND STREET EAST.

West Side Store.

At this time I desire to call your attention to my new stock of **Boots and Shoes**, which has been selected with great care. Prices and styles will be found all right. My stock of **General Groceries** is the best that can be purchased, and my **Teas** speak for themselves. Everything usually found in a first-class grocery store in stock. Call and compare prices. I will please you. Produce of all kinds bought and sold.

GEO. MARTIN.

Headquarters

IN VICTORIA COUNTY FOR

Room Paper and Picture Frames

—IS AT—

W. A. GOODWIN'S, Baker's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay.

Artists' Goods a Specialty.

Machine Needles, Alabastine and Dye Works Agency.

Please call and see my 5c Paper.

The Liberal Victory in Canada.

(From Reynolds's Newspaper.)

We pointed out some weeks ago the real issues of the election in Canada, and we showed how the Canadian Conservative party had perpetuated its power by jobbery and fraud. Bad as is the record of the Conservative party in Canada, we did not, we confess, look forward to such a splendid victory as Liberalism has achieved there under the vigorous and enlightened leadership of Mr. Wilfrid Laurier. It is, perhaps, too much to say that the reign of corruption is absolutely at an end, for the abominations created by old Sir John Macdonald and fostered by his Conservative successors, die hard; but certain it is that a tremendous blow has been dealt the corrupt forces of reaction and vested interests. The funniest incident in relation to the election is the charge of one of the organs of that political impostor, Sir Charles Tupper, that the elections were won by the Liberals by fraud. As an instance of the Devil rebuking sin this impudent charge (and which of course is absolutely false) is without parallel.

The main result of the election is to turn a big Conservative majority in the Dominion Parliament into a minority of thirty-six, which is equivalent to one of nearly 100 in our own House of Commons. The great factor in the victory was the vote of the French Canadians, who gave their support to their own patriot, Mr. Laurier. Now, this is a remarkable fact, for this reason, that the French Canadians are Catholics, and that the Conservatives fought the elections largely by an appeal to Catholic feeling on the Education question. It will be remembered that that question came to an issue in Manitoba, whose Government refused to establish separate schools out of the local taxes. The Conservatives were for coercing Manitoba by the Dominion Government, in which case Manitoba threatened secession from the Dominion and joining the United States. The Conservatives thought they could secure the whole Catholic vote of Canada on this issue, but they have been completely foiled, the great Catholic Province of Quebec casting its votes overwhelmingly on the Liberal side, notwithstanding the pressure brought to bear by the priests and their emissaries. Canada has shown, therefore, as Ireland has shown, that men may be good Catholics and yet politically independent, and we congratulate the French Canadians on reading that lesson to the world.

The other great question, besides the power of clericalism, on which the election turned, was the tariff. The Conservative party has built up a system of high tariffs around Canada which has worked fearful havoc on Canadian prosperity, the many being taxed to support the few. Canadian population has been almost stagnant. She has laid herself open to the attacks of American high-tariff advocates who have naturally adopted the policy of retaliation, and her hastily-started mills, artificially brought into existence by protection and without any population large enough to make an effective demand for goods, have in many cases closed, throwing people on the streets. Immigrants have found no work to do in Canada, and pauperism has increased. At the same time high-tariff legislation has produced the usual effect of corrupting the Government, the rates of the tariff being determined by the pressure which vested interests can bring to bear on Parliament.

Now, the voters of Canada have at length risen against the corrupt and rotten ring which has so long plundered their country, and a man of honesty and capacity is at the head of affairs, with a large Progressive majority behind him. Mr. Laurier will first give all clerical reactionaries to understand that, while there is religious freedom for all, there will be no peculiar favors for any religious sect. He will next tackle the tariff problem, and while he cannot, in the nature of things, introduce Free Trade all at once, he will gradually reduce the tariff, and try especially to improve the condition of Canada by securing some kind of reciprocal arrangements with the United States. By so doing he will not only enrich Canada by increasing what must always be her most valuable market, but he will also help to put an end to the constant bickerings between the United States and Canada which have characterized the whole of the Conservative regime. We may also expect that the Canadian debt, which

has grown to such giant proportions, will not be further swollen by jobs and subsidies in connection with railway corporations, as has been the case during the eighteen years of Conservative rule. In short, there is now once more a fair prospect before Canada—a country which has been sorely tried, robbed and misgoverned during Conservative rule. We trust, however, that Mr. Laurier will not degrade himself at the outset by stooping to receive the "honour" of knighthood, as Lord Aberdeen proposes.

Accepting the Inevitable.

Those who have been at home since election day may have failed to notice how kindly the result has been accepted by the beat elements of the Conservative party. Returning after a month's absence, which began in the afternoon of election day, every phase of it seems fresh and interesting to me, while it is an old story at home, and people have ceased speaking of the change of Ministry. If one asks a Conservative friend, "Well, how did the election suit you?" almost invariably the answer comes, "First-rate. We had to have a change, and probably we put it off too long." Nothing shows such a good healthy condition of public sentiment as the willingness of a large majority of a party which had been so long dominant, to retire from power and purge their organization of the improper elements which were controlling it. Certainly hereafter it cannot be said that public opinion in Canada is apathetic and incapable of being aroused. Another noticeable thing is the failure of anybody to offer to talk about remedial legislation. It is quite evident that the people of this country got a thoroughly sufficient dose of that compound of politics and religion, and when any one endeavors to start a discussion of what Laurier will do about it his audience is apt to move away or stare at him in astonishment. Nevertheless it is a live question, and one that may be embarrassing to the new Government.

I have a letter before me asking for a forecast of the Government's policy. I cannot claim to be in their confidence, but I will venture to predict that Mr. Laurier had, and has, a definite scheme for the settlement of this vexatious proposition. It will be noticed that the new Government is partly made up of Provincial Premiers, who have long been unswervingly devoted to the doctrine of provincial rights, and the other members of the cabinet have one and all been committed to the contention that in certain matters the autonomy of the provinces must not be attacked. Is it necessary to go any further than the examination of the records of the members of the Ministry? No matter what the contention of constitutional hair splitters may be, it appears as if a phalanx of Provincial Righters has been organized to guard Manitoba from the attacks of the Remedialists. After the prairie province showed itself so venal as to elect supporters of Tupper, one might for the moment say that it deserves to be afflicted with Separate Schools, but such a suggestion would be manifestly improper. This is not, and never has been, the fight of Manitoba alone; it has been a fight for right and to safeguard our institutions. Even if Manitoba asked for Separate Schools now, it would be an unrighteous thing to grant them, for such a policy would render nugatory everything that has been done and shame those who had been the champions of Provincial rights and freedom from ecclesiastical control. I think the people of Canada are quite justified in resting in peace and feeling reasonably certain that no political party, either in power or out of it, will ever again assume to be champions and henchmen of a particular religious domination.—S. in Toronto Star.

Miss Millard of Teddington, Eng., has been in the business of buying and selling anything for which there is a market for about 15 years. She has dealt in horses, oil painting, instruments of science and torture, playing cards, pearls, old fashioned firearms and fans, sundials, carriage gates, lace, books, autographs, coins, medals, antiques—in fact, there is no end to the list. She once bought a church, and also bought and sold the gates of Hampton Court palace. With the late Frank Marshall, editor of the "Henry Irving Shakespeare," she traded a sapphire ring for a sow and litter of nine pigs. She has a great fancy for curios, and her collection includes some very rare articles.