HOUSEHOLD.

Poor Housewives.

Naturally it is only a practical, wellinformed housekeeper who can train raw recruits, whatever their nationality; and here is a good place to say that no woman. rich or poor, in town or country, is fit to fill a housekeeper's position in her own house till she understands the business in detsil. Half at least of the woes of domestic tress, writes Mary C. Hungerford.

From what silly theory did the idea ever come that it is sweetly fascinating in a spoonfuls of sugar have been added, cook young wife to profess complacently, "Oh, for another minute, add a teaspoonful of dear, no, I know nothing in the world butter, and cool, about cooking or housekeeping?" Cherry lips and dimples blind one to the smallness of the mind that glories in ignorance; but as a merchant or a manufacturer acquires technical knowledge before he enters! business,-for he will hardly ask his clerks to teach him details, -so a woman should be trained for her profession, or else the lovely, helpless butterfly will develop into an unsuccessful old wife, bullied by hirelings and undervalued by the husband who thought her ignorance so bewitching before it affected his comfort and well being.

Piecing Carpet.

extend from the other about one finger. oblivion on the night of Sept. 12, 1827. Unless your measure is scant, have the nearly as possible. Sew a firm seam across, then spread cut and baste the allowed ends carefully buttonhole stitch each end down | Morgan was taken there and put in jail. with fine worsted yarn that matches color of carpet as nearly as possible.

A Dainty Bedspread.

A pretty bedspread is made of deep cream-colored or tan linen, with deeply hemmed edges and finished with a hardsome crochet lace, made from whippord twist the same shade as the linen. It can be lined. Another odd and dainty spread death by being thrown, or falling, is made of common unbleached sheeting, worked all around the edge with fern fronds in delicate green silk. Big square into the Niagara river near that placepillows accompany this spread, and these have covers made from the same material as that employed in the spread.

Ventilating a Room.

Window boards give a simple way to cool or ventilate a room where there is no system of doing it, or when, as is often the case, the system doss not work. These boards should be as long as the window sash and about six inches wide. Adjust them to the window still along the bottom of the lower sash and close to it. When the window is raised level with the top of the board, air will pass in, rise to the ceiling, spread along it, and gradually settle down without much drought. This method is imperfect but better than opening doors or windows.

A Furniture Polish.

A Japanese furniture polish said to be exceptionably valuable for its purpose is prepared by mixing well together one pint | removed. The county built at new and linseed oil, one pint strong cold tea, the whites of two eggs, and two ounces spirits of salt. When thoroughly combined pour into a bottle, which must be shaken each time before the polish is used. Make a pad of soft linen, pour on a few drops of liquid, rub weil over the article to be polished, and finish the process with an old silk handkerchief or dry chamois skin. The Japanese use their fine paper both as polisher and first applier.

Good and Easy.

Prune Pudding .- One of the puddings that might be called "perfectly lovely" is this same one made of prunes. To makes it, stew prunes until tender, remove the stones and then chop the fruit. Beat the whites of three eggs with half a cup of sugar, until it will stand alone, then beat chopped prunes. Bake in a shallow pan. With the yolks of the eggs, make a boiled custard to serve with the pudding. When ready to serve, cut the pudding in squares, put in saucers and pour the custard around it. May be used warm, but is better when

very cold. butter with threefourths of a cup of sugar, then beat into this the yolks of three eggs. Moisten two tablespoonfuls of corn starch with a little water, and then add the It was frequently noticed that the furry corn starch and two cups of water to the skins of these animals exhibited scars indicpart already prepared. Add the juice and ative of wounds they had received. At grated rind of one lemon, beat up well and | first it seemed reasonable to suppose that the fire, stir in lightly the well beaten combats which, under certain circumstances, serve with sweetened cream, or without examination of the traces of these wounds dressing of any kind.

Cherry Tapioca. - Cover one cup of taploca with cold water and let stand over night. In the morning add a pint of water, put over the fire and let it simmer slowly until perfectly clear. Take from the fire and add a pound and a half of sour cherries and a cup of sugar or more if liked very sweet. Serve when very cold, with cream and sugar. If you can afford to use good take the place of the cherries, or a quart of berries, stewed peaches, or in fact almost any fruit may be used for a change.

dieb as cold as possible. If the froth is skummed off as is sometimes recommended. | treatment.

it is apt to fall after a time. It is better to beat steadily until the whole mass is the proper consistency. It may be sweetened by adding a little sugar at a time and the flavoring can be dropped in when it is CARL THEODORE OF BAVARIA AN nearly solid. Very thin cream cannot be whipped. If it is too thick it must be diluted with a little milk or it will turn to butter in the process.

Orange Cream. -Into a cap put the juice of an orange, half its peel, and a table spoonful of lemon juice, filling with cold water. Let it stand for an hour; then strain and put on to boil. Add a tablespoonful life and the trials of poor service spring of cornstarch, wet in cold water, stir till from the incompetency of the house mis- thick; then cook over hot water for ten minutes longer. Next stir in the beaten yolk of an egg, to which two heaping table.

A FAMOUS JAIL.

William Morgan and William It Held

Lyon Mackenzie. Piecing or sewing a cross-wise seam in fame indeed is more than state wide. It slike have benefitted by his skill, which he an ingrain carpet may be done very neatly extends wherever the story of Morgan, the devotes entirely for the alleviation of afin this way: Overcast the edges, place the Masonic traitor, is told, for it was from flicted humanity. Wealthy men and women right sides together, allowing one piece to this building that he was nurried away to who come to him are placed on the same

William Morgan, a bricklayer of Batavia, stripe or pattern of the carpet to match as in New York state, had in course of publication a book in which he pretended number of peasants had come before her. smoothly down. Turn under the edges to disclose the secrets of Freemasonry. and carefully sew down with an under- Efforts to secure the manuscript by negostitch. Slightly dampen, place a thick tiation having failed, the renegade was Meran, a beautiful little town in the fold of paper over the seam and press with arrested on a charge of having stolen a Bavarian Alps, just across the Austrian a hot iron. For Brussels carpet, trim the shirt and cravat. The warrant was sworn border. The Duke and his family always for the management of the property of edges, make a lap of a few inches, secure out by Nicholas G. Ghesebro, a prominent spend the spring of the year at Meran and shout 0 closes, and it. I. Booming, an extensive farmer near Carman, got 36,this by a through and through seam, then member of the fraternity in Batavia, and the summer months at Tegern Lake, where

later, just at dusk, two men called at the | months, Ithough he is kept busy from one jail, convinced the woman left in charge year's .. d to the other. that they were friends of Morgan and had settled the claim against him, and had secured his release. As the prisoner was passing out of the jail he was roughly seized by men lying in wait, hustled into a carriage | mind fully, and all of his time was given to | as fast as four horses can take him back to and driven rapidly away.

abductors were traced to Lewiston, and it be laundered over and over. It should not is pretty well established that he met his

DURING A STRUGGLE,

Several prominent Canadaiguans were arrested on suspicion of complicity in the abduction. The body of the missing man was never recovered, and proof was not forthcoming to secure their cenviction on a serious charge. Two of the accused were confined on minor charges for several months and then the matter was permitted to

The jail now demolished was built in 1815 and was for many years considered one of the best and safest in New York state. It was, as a consequence, frequently made the place of detention for desperate prisoners from other counties. Among these were William Lyon Mackenzie, a leader in the Canadian rebellion of 1837; Vaux, the famous mail robber, and Simms, the counterfeiter. But, strong as was the famous old building, it outlived its time. Modest philanthropists denounced it as lacking in ventilation and drainage. Whitewash would no longer cover up the accumulated filth, nor carbolic acid abate the stench. It was condemned by the village board of health and ordered to be modern jail. This was completed in theearly summer and is now officially the prison of the county.

parts of the state, upon their request for perfect. such relics.

The Antarctic Continent.

There is every reason to believe that the Antartic continent, certain evidences of the existence of which have but recently been discovered, is considerably larger than the eggs lightly into a cup and a half of the Europe in area. It contains more than injured eye and when the old man reached 8,000,000 square miles. Mr. C. E. Borchgrevink, who has journeyed well into this most intense agony. The Duchess received region and has observed it carefully, de- him and did all the preliminary work on clares that it contains some large and fierce | the injured optic. The task was a most carnivorous animals at present unknown to disagreeable one, but she never flinched. science. It will be remembered that neither It was necessary to remove the eye to save the polar bear nor tay other large carnivor- the sight of the other one, and while Lemon Custard. -Rub a tablespoonful of our land animal has been found in antarctic performing the operation the Duke out his latitudes. Mr. Borchgrevink, however, hand. Blood-poisoning set in and for two thinks that he has discovered traces of weeks the Duke's life was despaired of. some such creature from the curious wounds | This is merely an incident to show the observed on the backs of a number of seals. like hoiled custard. When taken from such wounds were received in the furious charge of all the instruments, cleaning and with the testimony which he furnished in whites of three eggs. Cool in cups and seals wage against each other. Careful has shown that they could have been made only by some immense, powerful animal, at present unknown to zoologists.

Cure for Cholera.

It was announced some weeks ago that Dr. Kitazato, a prominent native scientist of Tokio, had discovered a sure cure for cholera. The doctor was invited to experiment in the cholera hospitals of Tokio, and tream, tu- te tapioca from the moulds it was said that out of 83 patients whom into saucers and pile whipped cream around he treated, but 12 died. This is a mortality it. If liked, a dozen oranges sliced may of 15 per cent. The average during the lead a regular life? present epidemic throughout the empire has been, to date, over 68 per cent. It would seem that, while Dr. Kitazato has Whipped Cream.-In whipping cream not produced a specific remedy, he has the secret of success is to have cream and made a discovery which cannot fail to prove of value to the medical profession. Nobody knows as yet the nature of his

UNUSUAL NOBLEMAN.

Finest Practitioner in Europe-His Wife Who Was the Princess Braganza, Takes a Fee-An Illustration of His

Skill. A Duke who is allied to several of the reigning tamilies of Europe and who spends all of his time doctoring the eyes of poor people is something of a wonder. But such a Dake really exists, and more than that, his wife, who is a Princess, devotes nearly all of her time to the delicate work of restoring the shattered or injured sight to the poor peasants who would otherwise end their days in the fearful gloom of blindness.

The Duke is Carl Theodore of Bavaria and while little or nothing is known of him, During the past month the work of de- except among medical men of the first molishing the old Ontario county jail in rank, he is widely known over all Europe. Canandaigua, N. Y., has been in progress, He is now in his 57th | year, and is classed who read with astonishment of his and to-day hardly one of the stones of as the leading oculist of the Continent. which it was built lies upon another. This | He has performed more delicate operations, jail was one of the most interesting histori- perhaps, than any man in his profession, cal landmarks in Western New York. Its but has never taken a fee. Rich and poor level as the poorest peasant. The rich baroness must wait until the poor road mender has been treated. A Princess has been kept waiting several days because a

THE DUCAL HOSPITAL.

The hospital of the Duke is located at he also has a hospital. Nearly all his work he remains in the saddle, riding about, bushels to the acre. And in oats and bar-In the absence of the jailer two days is done during the spring and summer watching the fighting until close upon I

It was after the death of his first wife, thirty years ago, that he took up the study of medicine. He felt her loss so deeply that it was necessary for him to occupy his two forces. This duty fulfilled, he is away figure out that the farmers there are medicine. His first wife was a daughter of | the railway, and then on by his train to a In the exciting search which followed his the King of Saxony and died two years

after her marriage. During the Franco-Prussian war, the Duke as a physician was of valuable assistance to the German army, and upon the close of the war he made a specialty of the Russia, Germany and France. He applied himself so assiduously to his studies that in a few years his former instructors acknowledged that he was their superior.

To judge of the amount of labor he has done it is only necessary to state that up to which is only one branch of many of his

His present wife was the Princess Braganza and is a sister of the Archduchess Maria Theresa, who is the wife of the heir apparent to the Austrian throne. She is of work, and is always present at the most difficult of the operations. Whenever a child is operated upon the Duchess holds the youngster on her knee and tries to amuse it while the Duke hastens the work along.

Both the Dake and the Duchess are familiar with all the dialects spoken by the peasants of the Bavarian and Austrian Alps, and, for that matter, with the dialects of all the German States, for people come to them from all over Europe.

THE DUKE'S SKILL.

As an evidence of the Duke's skill, one of In making the contract for the demolition | the cases which he recently treated can be of the old building the county made pro- cited. A German army officer brought his vision for the preservation of the cell in daughter to Meran, after all the oculists of which Morgan was confined. This was Berlin and Paris had said that she would found to be impracticable, but the grated be blind for life. The Duke at first doubted letters and despatches to which his attendoor and its frame and massive locks were that she would ever be able to see again taken out intact and are now in the custody | and undertook her case with reluctance. of the village lodge. No. 294. F. and A. M. In ten days she was able to see with one the articles necessary to supply a luncheon Bricks from the cell have also be sent to eye and three weeks later she could see lodges of the Masonic fraternity in distant | with the other. To-day her sight is almost

Last spring a Tyrolean farmer was brought to the hospital at Meran by his fields, was caught in a storm and a thorn was blown into the pupil of one of his eyes. Like others of his class, he at once applied to the village barber, who extracted the thorn with some rude dental instruments. . This treatment worked havoc with the the Duke's hospital he was suffering the

life he leads. Not only are the Duke and Duchess ineldest daughter, the Princess Sophie, also assists at the operations, and has complete keeping them in perfect condition. The eldest daughter, the Princess Amalie, is

married to the Duke of Urach. There are two small boys in the family, one 7 years old and the other 3. Both of them are interested in the work of their father, and the youngest of them tries to troubles. The peasants about Meran and Duke that no matter what the nature of an | horse. illness is that they may be suffering from they always apply to him for relief.

Regularly Irregular.

His Friend -1 should say he did. He gets drunk regularly every week.

The Expense Piles Up.

One disadvantage of the bloomer habitis that girls may use their bloomers for Christmas stockings.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S BUSY DAY.

He Can Turn Off a Great Amount of Work Between Brenkfast and Bed Time,

The German Emperor is without doubt, one of the busiest men in Europe, and it can be no sincure to hold any appointment in his immediate entourage. State affairs Assists in His Operations-He Never to which he has to give his close personal attention, are almost of hourly occurrences and it is known that he never neglects any duty of this sort. As a matter of fact he gives personal attention to all matters, even in some cases those of minute details wherein he considers the welfare of the country over which he rules is concerned. In addition to this he is always moving about from one place to another, so that the number of miles he must travel during the year if computed would doubtless be found to exceed the total covered by the most rapid American globe-trotter. How he manages it all is a source of speculative wonder, not only of the majority of his subjects, but to the people of other nations,

The system adopted by the Emperor to enable him to keep abreast of the work he has to do is clearly shown of the army manoeuvres. There is certainly no fussy hurry exhibited, but still there never is a minute lost through want of forethought on the part of those responsible for the arrangements. Every hour of the day from early morning till late in the evening has its duties, and to enable the Emperor to fulfill his engagements calls forth some

ABLE GENERALSHIP

and skilful organization. Take the prosleeping at some place a few miles from the Portage Plains, got 52 1-3 bushels per acre scene of the manoeuvres. Early in the off 40 acres, and his whole crop off 300 acres morning he has important interviews with averaged over 30 bushels. Mr. Farrell, of his secretaries and the chief of his staff. Neepawa, got 1,426 bushels off 23 acresabout 9 o'clock, at the scene of operations, 865 bushels off 985 acres, an average of 361 o'clock. Then on the "cease firing" sounding, he has the commanding officers assemble, and there is the usual 'critique,' at which it is clear that he has given the very closest attention to the tactics of the with the chief officials, and afterwards honors them with some good advice. After an hour or two devoted to the work that has been following him about all day, he again enters his train and is whirled off eye, studying under the finest oculists of to the schloss where he intends sleeping. There he is kept busy till the dinner hour, at which he may entertain over 100 guests. favoured few, are allowed to leave.

who had been with the Emperor the whole | and day continuously for some months. In the present time he has performed 2600 of the day when the time had been occupied the Slocan country, now easily reached operations for the removal of cataracts, as described, and they looked wrecks of from Revelstoke, there is going to be a humanity, but when I saw the Emperor | big boom, and the mines there are worked an hour or so later—it was then 8 o'clock he looked as fresh and smiling as usual. Germany's young kaiser must possess

EXTRAORDINARY POWERS

cuperating from fatigue, or otherwise it has recently paid \$132,000 in dividends, would not be possible for him to get | and what are reported to be richer claims through the work he undertakes. Certain- are now being operated. Everybody anticily everything is done to assist him that can pates a big rush there when the wonderful be done, and his time is economized to the richness of the country dawns upon the utmost extent possible. At the station his outside world. special train, consisting of five large carriages, is kept ready to start at any minute; horses are at every village, so that he can be supplied with a remount in case of accident, and several covered carts follow him | Winnipeg. Spokane, in Washington, has about. They are made somewhat after the also done a good trade with the Kootenay, pattern of those we are accustomed to see | but with improved transportation facilities conveying her Majesty's mail through the there is no reason why the bulk of the streets, only they are dark chocolate-col- business should not be done by Canadian oured instead of red, and bear the "spatch- firms. The Northwest ought to find it a cocked" eagle of Germany blazoned on their good market for its products, and certain sides in place of the V. R., monogram. One of these vehicles contains papers, tion has to be given some time during the day; another one has within its recesses to several people at a few minutes' notice. There is also somewhere about in the neighbourhood the Emperor's schlaf-wagon (sleeping carriage) in which, if the necessity arises or the humour seizes him, he son. The old man, while working in the can pass the night amid the bivouac of his troops. In addition he has a small carriage of the victoria pattern, drawn by four gray horses, which keeps in touch with him during the day. After the manœuvres are over he dismounts, and, entering the carriage, is off as fast as the four little thoroughbreds can gallop. - London Graph-

Suicide of Three Brothers.

Without parallel in modern times is the case of the successive suicides of the three Van der Smissen brothers. The eldest, Count Van der Smissen, was the senior General of the Belgian army, the chief of staff, and the principal aide-de-camp of King | renditions. Singing birds, however, are Leopold. On June 15 he blew out his terested in the work, but their second brains at Brussels, the reason given for the deed being that he imagined himself to have incurred popular odium in connection ter. On July 15, day for day, his second brother, Baron Adolf Van der Smissen, killed himself with the same revolver at hotel where he was staying in Paris, and now comes the news that on August 15, the third and youngest brother of the General question all of the patients about their sent a bullet into his temple on the race course at Vichy, after having lost more Tezern Lake have such confidence in the than he could pay by backing the wrong

Model Village.

Hanke, in the yen of Koshti, in Japan' has received a gift of \$100 from the Gov-Her Father-And does the young man ernment on account of the unusually exemplary behavior of the villagers. For by a naturalist who has been conducting over 200 years there have been neither some experiments in the London Zoological quarrels nor lawsuits in the place; no Gardens, that these animals are instantly crimes have occurred; the taxes have and powerfully affected by the smell of always been paid on time, and whenever lavender water. Under its influence they misfortunes have come the villagers have become as docile as lambs, forgetting even helped each other without calling on the hunger. The effect is not unlike that exert authorities.

IWESTERN WEALTH.

The Immense Grain Fields of Manitoba and Mineral Riches of British Colum"

"They are not talking much about the school question out in Manitobe," remarked Mr. Geo. H. Ham, who has just returned from a prolonged tour through that province and British Columbia, to a press representative the other evening at Montreal, "and you only hear it incidentally spoken of. The fact is the wheat ques_ tion has completely overshadowed it and all other questions. Manitoba had a pretty good crop last year and the year before, but this year it is simply beyond comprehension. Fancy 25,000 farmers producing 35,000,000 bushels of wheat and about as many bushels of other grains. That beats the world's records-and this, too, without fertilizing or the employment of extra hands by more than one farmer out of five. To thoroughly realize the immensity of the crop, however, you should drive through the country in August. Day after day you can travel through fields of grain which, stretching as far as the eye can reach are apparently only bounded by the horizonnot fields of grain in the ordinary eastern acceptance of the word,

BUT TOWNSHIPS.

The provincial Government bulletin, issued in August, estimated the yield of wheat at 251 bushels to the acre, but the threshers show that this is far under the mark, and the actual yield will doubtless be larger by from five to ten bushels per, acre. Some of the yields are phenomenal, and 30 to 35 bushels are very common. One High Bluff farmer, named George Muir, weighed in to the elevator 55 bushels gramme of one day as an example. He is to the acre; another named Sissons, on the ley and roots there were also phenomenal yields. As high as 50 cents have been paid for extra No. 1 hard, but the prices averagfed from 46 to 48 cents, and when it is comruted that the cost of growing an acre of wheat is less than \$8, it is not dimeult to getting into pretty good shape financially, especially when it is remembered that they town perhaps 30 miles off, where he lunches | have also gone largely into stock raising and "And British Columbia ?"

"The Kootenay country is developing wonderfully. New railways are being constructed by the C. P. R., and

BETTER FACILITIES

are being furnished for transporting the It is a late hour when the last of them, the ore to the smelters. Not only this, but new smelters are being erected, and the On one occasion I met two of the attaches one at Pilot bay has been working night very profitably. In Trail district, near the United States boundary, gold has been found in large quantities, and thenewtown of Rossland, a few months old, has already a population of 2,500, and is growing the greatest assistance to the Duke in his of endurance and capacity for quickly re- rapidly. One mine there, the War Eagle,

> "The Victoria Board of Trade recently visited the Kootenay country to endeavor to secure a share of the trade which is now largely held by Montreal, Toronto and Eastern Canadian manufacturers will find it a profitable place for their wares. Of course there is only a small population there yet, but the immense wealth of the country, now commencing to be developed, will undoubtedly attract thousands of gold seekers during the next few years."

MUSIC AND ANIMALS.

Music Hath no Charms to Soothe the Savage Beast.

It has been generally supposed that the strains of music have a peculiar influence in subduing the untamed spirit of wild animals. This belief may possibly have been inculcated by the line "Music hath charms to soothe the savage beast. That this notion is a mistaken one is now agreed by all who have made a practical test of the mattter. Dogs sometimes show their appreciation of music by emitting sympathetic howls. Cats, on the other hand, are apparently disgusted with harmonious sounds as produced by human agency, and at once retire to a distance solacing themselves with their own vocal charmingly affected, and trill as if their little breasts would break in the effort to surpass the performer. Hyenas, rhinoceroses, hypopotamuses, pigs, ostriches, deer, llamas, tigers, lions, and leopards apparently are not affected by music, excepting that they occasionally show some curiosity.

Mice seem to have a great fondness for all sorts of harmonic sounds, and have been known to come out of their holes and listen attentively to a boy whistling. Cows care nothing at all for music, nor, as far as can be learned, do asses. Elephants and horses, on the other hand, are in some degree conscious of its charms and will often, when marching in procession, accommodate their step to the beat of the music. A prisoner in the Bastille who played upon the bagpipes succeeded in attracting the attention of a spider, which, after several months became a regular attendant at his daily concert. But though music has no charm for the lion and tiger it has been discovered ed upon cats by catnip and mint