

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXX.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JULY 25TH, 1902.

No. 24.

Professional Cards.

LEGAL.

McLAUGHLIN, McDIARMID & PEEL,

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Lindsay and Fenelon Falls. Lindsay Office: Kent-St., opposite Market. Fenelon Falls Office: Over Burgoyne & Co's store. The Fenelon Falls office will be open every Wednesday afternoon from arrival of train from Lindsay. Money to loan on real estate at lowest current rates.

R. J. McLAUGHLIN. F. A. McDIARMID
J. A. PEEL.

G. H. HOPKINS,

BARRISTER, &c. SOLICITOR FOR the Ontario Bank. Money to loan at lowest rates on terms to suit the borrower. Offices: No. 6, William Street South, Lindsay, Ont.

STEWART & O'CONNOR,

BARRISTERS, NOTARIES, &c. MONEY to loan at lowest current rates. Terms to suit borrowers. Office on corner of Kent and York streets, Lindsay.

T. STEWART. L. V. O'CONNOR, B. A.

MOORE & JACKSON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay.

D. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON

MEDICAL.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM.

M. D., D. M., M. R. C. S. Eng., M. C. P. & S., Ont., F. T. M. S.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHUR. Office, Francis Street, Fenelon Falls.

DR. A. WILSON,

M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHUR. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon Falls.

DENTAL.

Dr. S. J. SIMS, DENTIST,
Fenelon Falls.

Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons.

ALL BRANCHES OF DENTISTRY performed according to the latest improved methods at moderate prices.

OFFICE—Over Burgoyne's store, Colborne street

Dr. NEELANDS, DENTIST, LINDSAY,

Extracts teeth without pain by gas (vitalized air) administered by him for 27 years. He studied the gas under Dr. Colton, of New York, the originator of gas for extracting teeth. Dr. Colton writes Dr. Neelands that he has given the gas to 186,417 persons without an accident from the gas. Other pain obtundants used. A good set of teeth inserted for \$10. Dr. Neelands visits Fenelon Falls (McArthur House) the third Tuesday of every month. Call early and secure an appointment.

A Sunderland lady writes Dr. Neelands that he had made her a successful fit after having eight sets of teeth made in Toronto and elsewhere.

W. H. GROSS, DENTIST.

The beautiful Crown and Bridge work practised with success. Gas and all other anesthetics for extracting teeth without pain. A set of Artificial Teeth, better than the average, for \$8 00. Rooms directly opposite Wood's stove depot, Lindsay.

I HAVE PURCHASED W. McKEOWN'S FURNITURE BUSINESS,

and will carry a large and up-to-date stock of furniture.

Am also prepared to do all kinds of

Carriage Making,
Repairing and
Repainting,

and to make

DOORS AND SASH.

Planing done on short notice.

S. S. Gainer.



SLATER SHOES.

Our first consignment of Slater Shoes for Spring and Summer trade has arrived.

All the latest styles and best qualities of leather.

Prices \$3.50 and \$5.

J. L. Arnold.

SOLE LOCAL AGENTS FOR
"The Slater Shoe"

My Spring Stock of BOOTS AND SHOES

has arrived, and contains a number of new styles, and the prices will be found lower than I ever had the pleasure of offering you before.

W. L. ROBSON.

Who's Your Tailor?

If you ask any particularly well-dressed man in Fenelon Falls or surrounding district, "Who makes your clothes?" invariably he will tell you

"TOWNLEY."

Be one of the number, and call and see what he is doing for the Spring and Summer. His prices are right, consistent with first-class style and workmanship. He makes no other.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN

RINGS?

Engagement Rings,
Wedding Rings,
Diamond Rings.

WRITE

GEO. W. BEALL,
THE JEWELLER,
Lindsay,

For particulars. You will save money. You can rely on what you get.

Backward or Forward, Which?

There was a time when kings "farmed out" the work of organizing, drilling and subsisting their armies. Later, the nation did this work in their collective capacity, and the work was better and more cheaply done.

There was a time when the mail was carried and post-offices were kept by private individuals and by companies. Now, all civilized people do this work through post-office departments, and the effect of the change has been to enormously increase and improve and cheapen the service.

There was a time when all schools were private enterprises. Now the public school is the child of the government, and education, from being the exception, has become the rule—from being grotesque has become, or is becoming, symmetrical.

Who would like to change our modern way of doing these things for the methods in use a century—or two, or five centuries ago? Do you know what people said and thought of these changes at the time of their making? They raised the cry of "Paternalism." They claimed that the government was assuming the work, rights and privileges of the people; that the sole power of government lay in its police—or should; that its sole business was to keep the peace, protect property and punish criminals. It must do nothing to make its citizens happy, wise and prosperous, but must keep off the invaders, hang the criminals, and let every other man alone to work out his own happiness, comfort and prosperity as he best could.

When nations assumed control of the post-office business, it undoubtedly put a great many people out of employment. Was it right for the government to do so? When the schools first came under public control, thousands of "back-numbered" teachers were stranded. The "back-numbers" undoubtedly suffered. Were the governments wrong? No. Before the change the whole people were suffering—we, better than they, know how much. By its high tariff, the private postal service was a bar to, rather than a medium of, communication. By the stupidity and cruelty of the old time dominions, the love of learning was fostered, not fostered. These changes and others are milestones on the march of humanity that has brought us from slavery, through feudalism and serfdom, to political democracy.

What next? Are there other changes in store for us? Is it wise or modest to believe that in to-day's conditions we see the *ne plus ultra*? That position lands us in the ranks of the persecutors of Galileo and the partisans of the slave trade. Is society as now constituted a safe place for a Christian to live? If Christ should come to-day, would our balance of trade be right? You are strong of body—in robust health. Would you not blush to overpower a weaker man, and take from him his earnings and savings? Would n't you? You are strong in intelligence and in learning. Should you not blush to out-wit, out-cunning a simple man and cozen him out of his goods—goods that cost him his weakness more than they would cost you your strength? Do you? You are blessed. Is it kind, is it moral, is it Christian for you to seek to verify the passage, "To him that hath shall be given, and from him that hath not shall be taken away that which he hath," and

ignore that sublimest of all sayings, "Whatsoever ye would that others should do unto you, do ye even the same unto them?" Is it? How much more virtuous is it to take by strength of mind or length of purse than by strength of muscle? Why is it that physical might no longer makes right, but intellectual might or pecuniary might does? Did Christ draw the line? Was the Golden Rule given for the weak, the simple and the poor only? Or was that sublime truth for all—for the poor and the rich, the simple and the wise, the weak and the strong, the footpad and the railroad president, the ranchman and the sugar trust.

How was it? How is it?

C. F. WILLIAMS.

How Could He Earn It?

M. Camille Flammarion, the well-known French writer on astronomy, mentioned at the last meeting of the French Astronomical Society that the Christian era has just completed the first milliard of minutes. Between January 1st of the year 1 and April 18th of the year 1902, at 6.10 p. m., he says, just one thousand million minutes have passed.

The statement suggests a realisation of the meaning of a thousand million in the abstract, and still more of a thousand million in the concrete form of money. Mr. John D. Rockefeller's fortune, for instance, is generally estimated at about two hundred million dollars, or, say, a thousand million francs. We all recognize that this is an enormous amount; but the trouble with most of us is that a single million seems almost as remote from our possibilities as a thousand millions, so that the greater sum does not differentiate itself sufficiently from the smaller.

Let us see, then, what Mr. Rockefeller's fortune of a thousand million francs means. It means that if a man had been working steadily, day and night, from the birth of Christ to the present time, at the compensation of a franc a minute, his total earnings would just now have reached the amount of Mr. Rockefeller's pile. A franc a minute is very handsome pay. It is \$12 an hour, or \$300 a day. A man getting \$300 every day, from the beginning of the year 1 to the present time, and consuming none of his earnings, would only just now have as much as Mr. Rockefeller has. Or, putting it another way, imagine a town containing 300 working people, each earning \$7 a week. The total wages earned by the people of this town, in successive generations all the way from the time of Christ to the present day, would not exceed the amount which one man has managed to put by in the course of a single lifetime. Truly a thousand millions is a great sum. How could he earn it?—*Baltimore News.*

What Are You Howling About?

Gentlemen, what are you howling about the beef and other trusts just now for? Have they just attracted your attention? Are they something new to your vision? You seem to think they are something new on the commercial sky. Why, they have been doing business on your blood for years. They have been sucking your substance for the last thirty years. Finding you so docile or stupid as to submit, they have been breeding and thriving on your life. I expect they open their eyes with surprise that you should kick about them doing business now, when all these years you have never evinced any objection to their existence or methods. They have been bribing and robbing and feasting, and I expect they had come to the conclusion that you were only so much carrion, with no life to protest. The robbery of the beef trust is nothing to the robbery of the banking and railroad trusts. But you seem to be sensible only of pain when your stomach is directly attacked. You live in your stomach, eh?—*Appeal to Reason.*

Nothing but Direct Legislation will make majority rule possible.

Emil Vandevelde, the leader of the Belgian Socialists, is a wealthy lawyer. He has a greater following than the king.

The labor papers that do not side with the Socialists are having a hard time of it these days. The spread of Socialism among the labor unionists is something astonishing, and they keep the labor editor who upholds the wage system continually dodging their shafts.