

Christy's Hats

HATS
for men and boys.

If it's style you want, we have it. A visit to our Hat Department will convince you that for Style, Quality, Assortment and Price, we should be called

THE HATTERS of FENELON FALLS

We have an exceptionally fine line of Men's and Boys' fine quality Newest Style Suits, every suit guaranteed and prices to suit everybody.

A visit to our Gents' Furnishing Department will convince you that Burgoyne's is the right place to go for new and up-to-date Furnishings. See our display on Saturday.

W. BURGOYNE.

Three Stores.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HARDWARE,
Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Blinds, etc.

In our tinware department all kinds of job work is promptly attended to.

See our Corn Planter—newest thing out.

We bought everything before the large advance which has taken place in hardware the last few months, and will give our customers the benefit of it. Try us.

JOS. HEARD.

REMOVED.

I have removed my Dressmaking business to the rooms over Miss Washburn's millinery establishment.

Street Entrance—door between the two red stores.

APPRENTICES WANTED.

MRS. M. E. CALDER.

ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?



ALL CASES OF DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE
by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.
HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.
F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1902.
Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.
About five years ago my right ear began to ring, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.
I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.
I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain
Very truly yours,
F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.
Examination and advice free. **YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME** at a nominal cost.
INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

Subscribe for the "Gazette," \$1 a year.

Farmers!

If you want

Good Binder Twine

cheap, go to

THOS. ROBSON.

Twine in stock—

PLYMOUTH, BRANTFORD, RED STAR, McCORMICK.

All at prices that will defy competition.

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

Friday, May 9th, 1902.

A "Crowded" House.

On Monday evening Hon. D. C. Fraser, M. P., of Guysborough, Nova Scotia, addressed one of the largest audiences we have ever seen in Fenelon Falls, Dickson's hall being so full that several persons who came late were totally unable to obtain admission. Mr. Fraser arrived from Lindsay at about 6 o'clock on the steamer *Water Witch*, accompanied by Mr. Thomas Stewart, Mr. Hugh O'Leary, K. C., Mr. Thomas Brady, and about a dozen others. Mr. James Dickson, President of the Reform Association, officiated as chairman, and, after a few remarks, called upon Mr. Stewart, who spoke with his usual fluency and marked ability, but only for about half an hour, as he wished to make way as soon as possible for Mr. Fraser. Mr. Stewart is an admirable speaker, as is admitted by all who have ever heard him—by Conservatives as well as by Liberals—and when he represents some constituency in Parliament, as, sooner or later, he is sure to, he will have but few equals and scarcely a superior. Mr. Fraser, who is a very tall and large man, with a powerful and penetrating voice, spoke for nearly or quite an hour and a half, and that his speech was an exceptionally good one we should infer (if we had not heard it) from the fact that the Conservatives, with great unanimity, are disparaging it with all their might. Mr. Fraser is called the "giant of the House of Commons," and is one of the very best speakers therein. In the course of his address he made several good "points," two of which were exceedingly effective. One was, that all the expenditures by the Liberal Government since it came into power had been approved by the Opposition, with the exception of one dollar out of every hundred; the second point was, that it devolved upon the Opposition to not only prove wherein the Ross Administration had done wrong, but to show in what respects they (the Opposition) could do better if the affairs of the Province were in their hands. We were pleased to see many ladies and a considerable number of Conservatives in the audience. Music, instrumental and vocal, was furnished by the local orchestra and glee club, and the proceedings were concluded by singing "God Save the King."

Public Ownership.

The feeling in favor of "public ownership of public utilities"—the chief plank in the Socialists' platform—is rapidly spreading in all countries in which there are public utilities to own; and wherever it has been tried it has proved a success, except in two or three instances in which exceptional circumstances have enabled its deadly enemies, the capitalists, to throw obstacles in its way. In Glasgow, Scotland, there are no taxes, because all the utilities are owned by the city, with the result that the cost to the people of street railway transportation, electric light, telephone service, water, etc. etc., is very much less than it would be under private ownership, and a profit, over running expenses and wear and tear, sufficient to pay for all necessary local improvements, is made. In Russia the Government owns and operates a railway 5,000 miles long and the third class fare on it is half a cent a mile; in New Zealand the fare, hitherto about a third of a cent per mile, has just been reduced,

with a great resultant increase in traffic and profits; and in Switzerland a ticket costing about \$16 entitles the holder to travel every day and all day long for a year, if he wishes to do so, on any railway in the country. In this Canada of ours public ownership is in the air, and the Government that favors it will have the support of the people. Under the heading "Premier Ross and Public Ownership," the *Toronto Socialist paper, Citizen and Country*, says:

"The policy of the Government in undertaking the construction and operation of the Temiskaming railway themselves, instead of handing it over to a monopoly, has met with general approval. That is the line upon which New Ontario should be developed throughout. If a smelter for the development of nickel mines is needed, let the Government construct and run it instead of bonusing some company to do it, and give the public equal rights. If it is desirable to erect pulp mills to give the settler a market for his wood; let the Government build them, and let the public treasury reap the profits instead of enriching syndicates of capitalists. In short, if anything needs to be done to encourage industry, to attract settlers and to develop the country which private companies want Government aid for doing, the capitalist should be told to stand aside and the enterprise should be undertaken as a public work. If there were a few class-conscious Socialist members in the House, the Temiskaming railway railway plan, instead of being a noteworthy exception to the general rule, might be indefinitely extended to all forms of constructive enterprise; and all subsidies and bonuses could be done away with. A very few independent men could force the Government to throw the monopolists overboard and legislate for the people."

Something New in Silos.

Much has been written in regard to silos and silo building, and numerous plans have been published, but in actual experience none of them have proved entirely satisfactory. Some are too expensive for ordinary farmers, others are cheap, but last only a few years. The round stave silo is one of the cheapest sorts, and if it were not liable to collapse on account of shrinkage of the staves and expansion of the iron hoops, it would be very satisfactory. There is now a prospect of these disadvantages being overcome. A number of farmers in the United States have adopted the plan of using wooden hoops, which cannot shrink or lengthen endwise. The inside sheeting is of one inch Georgia pine, which seems to be the best kind of lumber for silos, on account of its non-shrinkable character. It is so full of pitch that moisture has practically no effect upon it. This lumber has been recently laid down at Ottawa for \$27 per M, and at that price should be one of the most economical our farmers could use. The foundation of this new sort of silo is in its wooden hoop, six inches wide, and made of half inch elm lumber, sprung around a form, and built up with well lapped joints, using a trifle longer nail each time, until the hoop has a thickness for the three bottom hoops of five layers each. The remaining five top hoops require only four layers each. The average silo will not require more than 500 ft. of lumber and 20 pounds of nails for the hoops, which are easily and quickly made, and should not cost more than \$1.25 each, or \$10 for the lot. This is a good deal less than the cost of the usual iron hoops and lugs. A three-cornered frame is erected at the exact outside circumference of the silo, and the hoops placed in position and fastened. The lining of the silo is then put on, and should be of inch Georgia pine lumber, matched and nailed to the hoops the same as the flooring. When the lining is on within twenty inches of the starting place, stop, and put in 2x4 studding up and down between the hoops on each side of the door for door-stays and jambs. Make the doors of the same lumber as the walls, cutting them in to "joints" on the inside of the hoops. If the silo is outside the barn, it can be covered with tarred paper, and cheap siding, run both up and down as a protection against frost. The roof and foundation are the same as for any silo, and the outside covering could be of any sort the owner wished, or it might go without siding, the same as any other tub silo. If protected from the weather the wooden hoops should last for years, and if at any time the inside lining became "dozy" it might be lined with tarred paper, and then sheeting, thereby making it serviceable again for a number of years at small cost. John Gould, the well-known Ohio Dairymen and Farmers' Institute lecturer, who has seen a number of these silos in operation, thinks highly of them.

F. W. HODSON,
Live Stock Commissioner.

Apprentices wanted to learn dressmaking. Apply to Mrs. Calder.

Personals.

Miss Mabel Nevison, of Lindsay, was at the Falls on Sunday.
Miss Emma Torrance returned last week from Lindsay, and will remain at home.
Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Moore and family left on Thursday for a trip to North Bay.
Mrs. E. B. Borland and her son Clifford left last week for Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where they will in future reside.
Mr. James Dickson left on Thursday to make a survey of Government lands near Batoche, in the district of Saskatchewan.
Mr. J. H. Knight, I. P. S., of Lindsay, was at the Falls on Sunday, and assisted at the evening service in St. James' church.
Mr. Henry Graham, Sr., of Kinmount, who has been appointed election clerk for East Victoria, was at the Falls on Wednesday.
Mrs. Joseph Pogue, of Peterborough, came to the Falls last Friday to attend her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Smith, who has been very ill.
Mrs. Louis F. Heyd, wife of the Liberal candidate for East Victoria, spent nearly all last week at the Falls, taking trips with Mr. Heyd into the country in the daytime and staying overnight at the Mansion House.
Mrs. Cunningham and her daughter, Mrs. Fraser, now of Vankleek Hill, Ont., and Mrs. Tom Kains and her three children, late of British Columbia, are all coming to the Falls, with the intention of making it their permanent home.

Somerville Council.

Burnt River, April 26th, 1902.
Council met pursuant to adjournment, all the members present except the reeve. On motion, Mr. Stewart took the chair. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.
Mrs. Morgan addressed the council re horse lost by getting its leg broken in a culvert, and, after hearing the facts in the case from her and others, she was given \$85 in settlement of her claim for damages.
Mr. T. Byrnes and others addressed the council in connection with road grants.

Thirty dollars was granted to be spent on the third line near Mr. Ed. Watson's; the reeve, Mr. Stewart and Mr. Carew were commissioned to have the road fixed at Crego's creek; Mr. Stewart and the clerk were ordered to see the places on the eighth and ninth lines where it is asked to have the road made around rocks and hills, and to arrange with the owners of the land for right of way; Mr. Carew to examine the road where Mr. Umphrey asks for a grant, and report at the next meeting of the council. Fifteen dollars was granted to be spent on the Fenelon road on Mr. Tipling's division, part of this being a revote of a grant of last year, and fifteen dollars was granted on Griffith Hughes's road.

The clerk was ordered to arrange to have a surveyor locate the centre of the line on the side line between lots six and seven across the tenth, eleventh and twelfth concessions, and notify the owners of the lands along the said line that they will be charged with the cost of such survey.

The clerk was ordered to get three new road scrapers.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid: "Municipal World," stationery, \$2; J. C. Argue, for House of Providence for expenses re J. Pelo, \$25; Home for the Aged, keep of W. Badgerow, \$9.60; Members of Board of Health, attending meetings, Hodgson \$1.95; Doughty \$3.10, Howie \$4.10, Suddaby \$3.10; Clerk, postage, \$2; D. Chalmers, shovelling snow off roads, \$1.50; J. Hodgson, opening road to Cobocook after snowstorm, \$4.50.

Council adjourned to meet at call of reeve.

Powles' Corner.

(Correspondence of the Gazette)
In the last issue of the Fenelon Falls Star we noticed among the items a slur on the Gazette correspondent at Powles' Corner. The deceitfulness of some in this locality has no limit. We would ask the Star correspondent to mind his own business and treat the Gazette man in the future as the Star correspondent has always been treated in the past.

There has been quite a large quantity of nursery stock of all kinds delivered among the farmers this spring.

There are a good many farmers who would like to plant out more shade trees along road fences, but as they are very busy on the farm in the spring, they don't like to spend the time. It has been very favorable this spring for such work, as the weather has been so cool and showery.

Quite a number from here were down to Fenelon Falls to hear the Hon. D.