

Our Cheap Sale is a Success!

THE PUBLIC ARE NOW SATISFIED

WITH THE PRICES AT WHICH THEY GET DRY GOODS AT THE OLD STAND.

• THEY SAY •
THAT GOODS ARE NOT SOLD CHEAPER ANYWHERE.

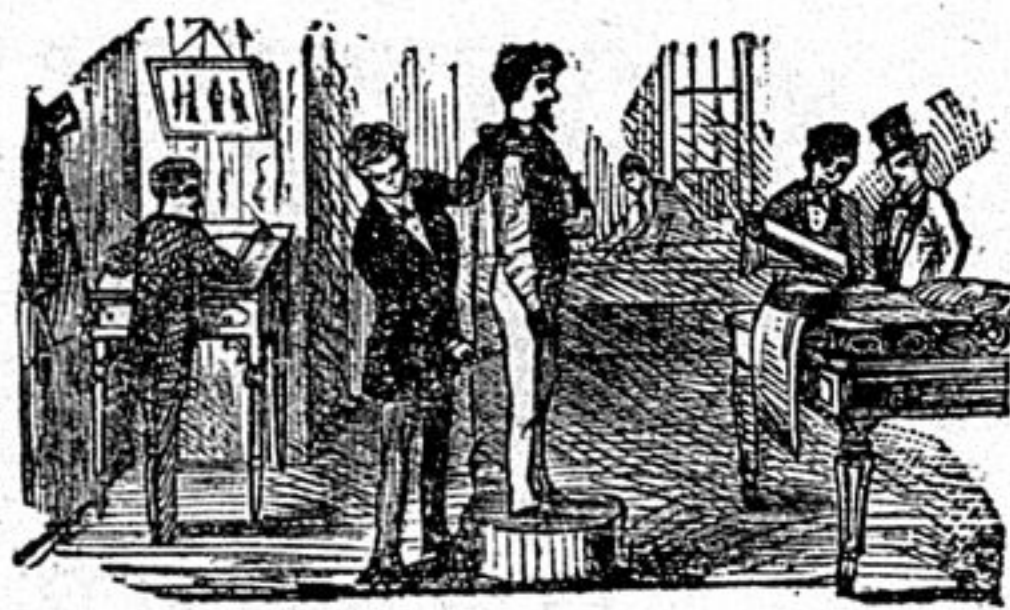
Please Continue Calling, for there is always Something New turning up.

WM. CAMPBELL.

Furniture,
Doors, Sash,
—AND—
UNDERTAKING,
—AT—
W. M'Keown's,
FRANCIS ST. WEST,
FENEON FALLS.

Just
Lovely!
WHAT?
THOSE \$10 SUITS
AT CLARK & SON'S.
MADE UP IN THE LATEST FASHION.
BLACK PANTS \$3.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY
Furniture.
DURING HOUSE CLEANING
A Special Cut in Prices
Will be given to those
BUYING FOR CASH.
My stock is large and complete,
consisting of
BEDROOM SUITES,
Lounges, Centre Tables,
Cane and Easy Chairs,
Bureaus, Side-boards,
and every description of Kitchen Furniture
Pictures Framed to Order.
Everything Sold at Lowest Living Prices
Undertaking promptly and carefully
attended to.
L. DEYMAN,
UNDERTAKER & FURNITURE DEALER,
Colborne Street, Fenelon Falls.
Residence over the Shop.



Excursion Steamer
'COLUMBIAN.'
This fast, roomy and comfortable steamer has been much improved this season, and is now open for excursions from all points on Scugog and Sturgeon Lakes, through to Lakefield. Satisfactory rates given.
Apply to W. McCAMUS & CO.,
—7-5m Bobcaygeon.

HEADQUARTERS.
IN VICTORIA COUNTY FOR
Room Paper and Picture Frames
—IS AT—
W. A. GOODWIN'S,
Baker's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay.
Artists' Goods a Specialty.
Machine Needles, Alabastine and Dye Works Agency.
Please call and see my 5c. Paper.

To the Public.
THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE Co. has amalgamated with the Alliance of England, giving insurers the security of \$25,000,000 and the same good policy.
JOHN AUSTIN, Agent.
Also agent for the Queen of England and Caledonian of Edinburgh. Capital combined, \$45,000,000.

Buchanan's Steel-Picket WIRE FENCE.

Strong. Durable. Cheap.

To the Farmers of Canada.

GENTLEMEN:

In most sections of our country timber for wood fences has become so scarce that the farmer and land owner have been compelled to look for some other material with which to fence their land. Several kinds of wire fence have been placed upon the market, none of which have proven entirely satisfactory; but, in placing before you my Steel-Picket Wire Fence, I do so confidently believing that in it I have over come all of the objections that have been raised against wire fences in the past. The principle of the fence is easily understood; it is composed of any number of galvanized steel wires desired—placed any desired distance apart—upon which are placed corrugated steel pickets, which are secured to the wires with a galvanized steel wire stay, and the wings of the picket drawn back tightly against the wire, which prevents it being moved sideways on the wire. The pickets are painted with a weather-proof paint, which fully protects them from rust. Made of No. 9 Galvanized Steel Wire—which has neither been partially broken, nor had the galvanized coating destroyed, by crimping or twisting (so that it will break easily and commence to rust almost as soon as it is built); but, on the contrary, it retains its full tensile strength, and the coating is unharmed.

The construction of my picket prevents its being moved up or down, so that an animal, by shoving its head between the wires, cannot make a hole large enough to admit its body. The breadth of the picket makes it visible to all animals, and they do not have to run into it to find out that there is a fence there—as is the case with most fences. It is so arranged that the action of heat and cold, in expanding and contracting the wires, is thoroughly controlled, and the fence can be kept taut at all seasons of the year, and every year.

All I ask is an examination of its merits, and I am satisfied you will decide that it has no equal.

M. T. BUCHANAN, Manufacturer,
INGERSOLL, ONT.

FOR SALE BY
THOS. ROBSON, FENEON FALLS.

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

Friday, July 13th, 1894.

Labor vs. Capital Again.

On our first page we give a scene from the drama now being enacted in Chicago, and the end of which no man can tell. The trouble commenced about two months ago in a strike of the employees in Pullman, and as the owners of the city and car works would neither come to terms with the men nor agree to an arbitration, President Debs of the American Railway Union ordered a strike of the union against the Pullman cars, and, as the railway companies refused to discontinue their use, the men on many of the lines have not only quit work but have tried to put a stop to traffic. On behalf of Mr. Pullman it is alleged that although, in consequence of the decreased demand for his manufactures, it would have paid him to have closed the works, he kept them open and took contracts at a very heavy loss out of consideration for the married men in his employ, and that, notwithstanding the pecuniary sacrifice he was daily making for their benefit, they demanded, on the 7th of May, that he should restore their wages to the rates they were paid before the commencement of the great depression. The probability is that the railway hands themselves would not have been guilty of such acts of violence as have been perpetrated, and President Debs, who was arrested on Tuesday, complains that matters have been taken out of his hands by the criminal classes and the foreigners of various nationalities who swarm in Chicago, and have passed entirely beyond his control.

Whoever is to blame for, and whatever may be the exciting cause of, the great strike—which, it is feared, will extend to all the cities in the Union—it is without doubt primarily due to what political economists call "the unequal distribution of wealth," or, in other words, to the fact that while a favored few, who never earned a dollar in their lives, are wallowing in luxury, the great mass of the people have enough to do to gain a bare living, while tens of thousands, through no fault of their own, are compelled to pass their lives in squalid misery. The remedies for the present lamentable state of affairs—remedies that are beginning to be advocated and will be applied in the "good time coming"—are the passage of laws making misdemeanors or felonies of many practices by which wealth is now acquired or creditors are defeated, and the nationalization of land, coal mines, oil fields and such industries as from their nature place the many at the mercy of the few. The strike in Chi-

cago may be suppressed by bullets and bayonets, but as long as three families control the iron and steel output of the United States and five men own all the coal, and the three or the five can at any moment (as they have in the past) form a combine to put millions of dollars into their own pockets and drive the poor into still greater poverty, and while corporations of all kinds prey upon the masses, there will be strike after strike until some day or other there will be the biggest strike of all, during which the excited malcontents—by that time more numerous as well as more desperate than they are at present—will frighten the legislators into inaugurating reforms which will render it impossible for greed and cunning to any longer get the better of justice and right.

Reform Convention.

The North Victoria Reform convention in Dickson's hall on Tuesday last was so poorly attended that the great majority of those present were opposed to then and there choosing a candidate, as some parts of the riding were entirely unrepresented, and, after a discussion in which several gentlemen took part, it was resolved to hold another convention, on a day yet to be decided upon, at which each municipality shall be represented by delegates, as has hitherto been the custom. A short time ago information was received from a private source, and it was also stated in some of the city papers, that the election for the House of Commons would probably be held in a few months, and, under the impression that such would be the case, the convention was called by posters which, though plenty were printed, either did not reach or were not circulated in some of the more remote parts of the constituency. During the afternoon a good deal was said against taking an "outsider" as a candidate, though, as one or two remarked, and probably everybody will admit, the main point is to choose a man who can carry the riding. There are several men in North Victoria as fit in every way to send to Parliament as many who are already there; and if at the next convention the unanimous, or the nearly unanimous, choice of the delegates should fall upon one of them, it is to be hoped that every member of the party will at once determine to strain every nerve to place him at the head of the poll on election day. We don't know any more than "the man in the moon" who the candidate will be; but we do know that there is not a prominent resident of the riding of whom someone is not jealous, or against whom someone does not bear more or less ill will, and it is the existence of these feelings that render the choice of an outsider necessary in many constituencies. Resolutions endorsing the Mowat Administration and Dominion Opposition were carried, and the meeting closed with the customary cheers for everybody who deserved them. Mr. James Dickson, President of the association, presided, and Mr. E. Fitzgerald kindly acted as secretary in place of Mr. W. T. Junkin, who is laid up with a broken leg.

Village Council.

Fenelon Falls, July 9th, 1894.
Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members present, J. McFarland, reeve, and councillors Sandford, Martin and Golden. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed. Mr. Brandon entered and took his seat.
Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Golden, That the following accounts be paid and the reeve give his orders for the same: John Palmer, work on Francis street, \$15; Wm. Jordan, six months' rent, \$25; Wm. Johnston, work on drain, \$5; Jas. Dickson, rent of hall for election purposes, \$4; McSweyn & Anderson, account to date, \$44.98.—Carried.
Moved by Mr. Martin, seconded by Mr. Brandon, That By-law No. — a by-law regulating the time as to which children in the village of Fenelon Falls shall be off the streets and in their homes in the said village, be now read a first time.—Carried.
By-law read a second and third time and passed without amendment.
Moved by Mr. Brandon, seconded by Mr. Golden, That By-law No. —, entitled a by-law for the recovery and enforcement of penalties imposed by by-laws of the municipal council of the village of Fenelon Falls, be now read a first time.—Carried.
By-law read a second and third time and passed without amendment.
Moved by Mr. Sandford, seconded by Mr. Golden, That Thos. Northey's account for making stakes for cemetery (\$8.36), and an account of work in cemetery (\$8), be paid, and the reeve give his order on the cemetery treasurer for the same.—Carried.
The council then adjourned.

Somerville Council.

Burnt River, July 7th, 1894.
Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present and the reeve in the chair. Minutes of last meeting read and signed. Messrs. G. Goodhand, G. Trux and S. Schell told their respective troubles re roads. A communication from the county registrar re plans of Burnt River and Kinmount villages was laid before the council, and the clerk was instructed to arrange with Mr. James Dickson, P. L. S., about said plans.
The following accounts were ordered to be paid: J. J. Broad, M. D., for vaccinating, \$18; L. Deyman, for three coffins, \$22; McDougall & Brandon, for goods supplied to J. Schell while isolated on account of diphtheria, \$21.50; J. C. Argue, salary and expenses re debentures, \$43.50; S. Suddaby, salary, \$22.50; A. B. Townsend, assessor's salary, \$35.
Pathmasters' returns No. 48, 54, 42 and 64 were examined, and the council adjourned, to meet at Cobocook on Saturday, August 25th.

Powles's Corners.

Correspondence of the Gazette.
Now that the provincial elections are over, the Patrons of Industry have no reason to be ashamed of the number they have elected to represent them in the local legislature, and if the Patron members vote and work in harmony with the Patron platform, we may look for great developments. In the coming Dominion election campaign there is a large field for the Patrons to labor in, and a few have already been chosen.
Crops are looking well in this part. Farmers are sure of a good crop of straw, and should we get lots of dry weather there will be a good yield of grain. The potato crop is also looking well, and a very heavy crop of bugs has already been destroyed, and lots left. The hay crop in this section is lighter than last year, taken on an average, but there are a few good patches to be seen here and there.
Mr. John Herron had his barn jacked up not long ago by Mr. Thos. Littleton, and Mr. Thos. Lane of Fenelon Falls has just finished a very substantial wall under it, and now Mr. James Wagar is busy building an addition to the barn, which will make room for the coming big harvest.
If the union Sunday school excursion had not been so close to the 12th of July it would have been patronized a great deal better.

Personals.

Mrs. M. H. Cochrane of Peterborough is visiting at Mr. Thos. Robson's.
Miss Hattie Corniel, of Emily, is visiting friends and relatives at the Falls.
Miss Bella Anderson, of Peterboro', left for home this morning, after a week's visit at Mr. Hand's.
Miss Edwards, of Manilla, left for home on Wednesday after a visit of about a month to her sister, Mrs. McKinnon, at the Manse.
Miss Lillian Burgess, who has been teaching school at Northbrook, Ont., came home on Thursday of last week for the midsummer holidays.
Mr. Geo. Gatchell and family moved back last Tuesday from Kinmount to the Falls, as there is now a good prospect of his obtaining plenty of employment.
Mr. Fred. Parker (son of Rev. Caleb Parker, now stationed at Bowmanville) and a friend about his own age were at the Falls on Wednesday and Thursday, and will spend several weeks camping out somewhere on our back waters.
Mr. George DeLury and Mr. D. McQueen of Manilla came to the Falls on Wednesday, spent the night at Mr. A. Clark Sr.'s and left yesterday to pass two or three weeks under canvas near Rosedale. Mr. DeLury is brother of Mr. Robert DeLury of this village.
The Rev. Rural Dean Baker of Bath, Ont., and Mrs. Baker and their daughter-in-law, Mrs. Massey Baker of Lindsay, were the guests of Mr. Geo. G. Nie from Saturday until Tuesday. Mr. Baker preached in St. James's church on Sunday morning and evening.
Mr. and Mrs. I. Junkin, of Bobcaygeon, came to the Falls on the 5th inst. to visit their son, Mr. W. T. Junkin, who is laid up with a broken leg, and Mrs. Junkin remained until Tuesday, when she returned home, and Charley, her youngest son, came up to help in the store and house until his brother is able to get around again.

School Report.

Powles's Corner, July 11th, 1894.
The following is the standing of the pupils of Powles's Corner public school, as a result of the promotion examinations of June. The names are in order of merit.
Jr. Fourth.—Bertie, Parrish, Roy,