

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XXII.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JUNE 22ND, 1894.

No. 18.

BUGS!

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Pure Paris Green

— AT —

LYTLE'S

DRUG STORE.

Quality the Best. Prices Right.

Fenelon Falls, June 20th, 1894.

Professional Cards.

MUSIC.

MISS THISTLETHWAITE,

who has studied for years with the best teachers on this continent, and has passed the required examinations at the Toronto College of Music, will give

Lessons on Organ or Piano,
ALSO VOCAL LESSONS IF DESIRED.

For Terms apply at Mrs. J. McArthur's residence.

LEGAL &c.

A. P. DEVLIN,

BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Kent Street, Lindsay.

HOPKINS & CHISHOLM,

(SUCCESSORS TO MARTIN & HOPKINS)

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c. Money to Loan at 6 per cent. Office, William street, next to the Bank of Montreal. G. H. HOPKINS. D. H. CHISHOLM.

MOORE & JACKSON,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay. F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON.

McINTYRE & STEWART,

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Offices over Ontario Bank, Kent street, Lindsay. Money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms. D. J. McINTYRE. T. STEWART.

MEDICAL.

A. W. J. DEGRASSI, M. D.,

GRONER, Physician, Surgeon, &c., &c. Residence, Brick Cottage, Wellington street, Lindsay.

DR. A. WILSON,

— M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, —

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHUR. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon Falls.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM,

GRADUATE of the University of Trinity College, Fellow of Trinity Medical School, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, Member of the College of Physicians & Surgeons of Ontario. Office and residence on Francis-St. West Fenelon Falls, opposite the Gazette office.

R. M. MASON,

VETERINARY SURGEON; Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, 1884; R. M. O. V. M. A. Residence—Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON,

P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, &c. Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

DENTAL.

W. H. Gross, Dentist.

The beautiful Crown and Bridge work practised with success. Gas and all other anesthetics for extracting teeth without pain. A set of Artificial Teeth, better than the average, for \$8 00. Rooms directly opposite Wood's stove depot, Lindsay.

H. HART, L. D. S.

A SET OF GOOD TEETH FOR \$10. Gas and local anesthetics for painless extracting. Satisfaction guaranteed in all branches of dentistry. Office over Fairweather & Co's store, nearly opposite the post-office, Lindsay.

THE SYNDICATE STORE.

Our store is now complete in every particular, and we invite the public to call and inspect it. We consider it no trouble to show goods. If you do not buy to-day, you will to-morrow, after becoming conversant with our remarkably low prices. We keep everything in the general store line except Hard ware, and if you want any of that we will give you a letter of introduction to Joe Heard.

Our Dry Goods department is full of "plums" in the way of bargains and novelties, Delaines, Cashmeres, Serges, Hop-sackings, Whipcords, Figured Lustres, Dress Muslins, Lama Cloths, etc., in endless variety, with a full line of appropriate trimmings, consisting of Lace Insertions, Serpentine Braid, Military Braid, Princess May Braid, Laces, Gimps and Ribbons of all shades and widths.

Our Carpets and House Furnishings

CAPS THE CLIMAX FOR

artistic designs, richness of coloring and fineness of texture. Brussels, Tapestry, Ingrains, Unions, Heath and Matting, Lace Curtains, Chenille Curtains, Art Muslins and Curtain Scrim at all prices.

A beautiful assortment of Velvet Pile Rugs.

1,500 yards Carpet sold since 1st April.

Floor Oilcloths, yard and yard and a half wide, handsome patterns.

18 dozen Parasols, from 50c. to \$3. Buy where you have an assortment to choose from.

Hosiery, Gloves, etc., for the million.

Our Clothing and Gents' Furnishings department contains a full line of men's, boys' and youths' Black Worsteds, Halifax Tweeds, Blue Serges and Canadian Tweeds. A fit guaranteed. Camping Shirts, Bathing Suits, Hats, Caps, Ties, Oil-cloth Coats, etc., at amazingly

LOW PRICES

Boots AND Shoes

The largest and best stock in the county. In Groceries and Provisions we excel. Fresh Fruit, Cheap Sugars, Fine Teas.

GOOD VALUES.

McDougall, Brandon & Co.

WALL PAPER.

SEE OUR
5c.
6c.
7c.
10c. Papers.
If you see them you will buy Sure.

OUR GILT PAPERS

At 15c., 17c., 20c., 25c., 35c. and 40c. are the Best Value we have ever shown.

WINDOW SHADES

AND WINDOW PAPER. . . . THE CHEAPEST IN TOWN.

NEW BRICK
BLOCK,
COLBORNE
STREET,
FENELON
FALLS.

NEVISON'S BAZAAR

ELECTION NOTICE.

I, WILLIAM THURSTON, of the Township of Verulam, in the County of Victoria, Farmer, a candidate at the election as a member of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, for the East Riding of the County of Victoria, to be holden on the twenty-sixth day of June, 1894, do hereby, in pursuance of the statute in that behalf, declare

THOMAS ROBERTSON,

of the Township of Verulam, Dunsford Post-Office, Farmer, as my agent, for the purpose of making all payments and for all other purposes in reference to such election, by which I am required under Section 189 of the Election Act and amendments thereto to declare such agent.

Dated at Fenelon Falls June 19th, 1894.

WM. THURSTON.

R. H. HOPKINS, Witness.

ELECTION NOTICE.

I, JOHN HILLIARD CARNEGIE, of the Township of Bexley, in the County of Victoria, Farmer, a candidate at the election as a member of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, for the East Riding of the County of Victoria, to be holden on the twenty-sixth day of June, 1894, do hereby, in pursuance of the statute in that behalf, declare

WILLIAM McARTHUR,

of the Village of Fenelon Falls, Gentleman, as my agent, for the purpose of making all payments, and for all other purposes in reference to such election, by which I am required under Section 189 of the Election Act and amendments thereto, to declare such agent.

Dated at Fenelon Falls, June 19th, 1894.

J. H. CARNEGIE.

R. H. HOPKINS, Witness.

Mr. Meredith and Separate Schools.

In the course of his speech at the great meeting last Monday evening in Massey's hall, Toronto, Mr. S. H. Blake said:—"I want to read to you a short extract from an address made by Mr. Meredith upon this question of the Separate Schools. I want you to be good enough to listen to this. You know we say that Ontario cannot deal with Separate Schools; that the Dominion cannot deal with Separate Schools; that it belongs to the Imperial Parliament to deal with; but it is said that if Mr. Meredith is returned as leader, Mr. Meredith will be sure to bring in a bill which abolishes Separate schools. Listen to what he put in writing in 1886. He says that the true friends of the French and Catholic people were to be found in the Conservative ranks. Mark that—"The true friends"! They were the men who gave them Separate Schools, and recognized their claim to a share in the public patronage based on population. The French race had done good work for the preservation of British government in this country, and they were factors in moulding the destinies of Canada. They had been given Separate Schools by his party and their immunities and privileges were assured by the British North America act. Mr. Meredith said that they were sacred rights, describing them as the ark of the covenant that no sacrilegious hand could touch. And this is the man that is now placarded up and down the Province as being the person that is going to do away with Separate Schools; the very man that says they were brought in by the Conservatives, that they can absolutely claim these privileges, and that they are as the ark of God, something that is not to be touched!" (Applause.)

The Ross Bible.

A press despatch from Chicago, which appeared in the Empire of Saturday, said:—"A petition bearing 60,000 names, and representing many religious bodies, has been prepared for presentation to the Chicago Board of Education, recommending that a reading book, consisting of selections from the sacred Scriptures, in use in the schools of Toronto, Canada, with the approval of both the Catholic and Protestant Churches, or similar selections, be put in use in the Public Schools without delay. The petition continues:—"As the whole religious world united without objection in the universal prayer, "Our father who art in heaven," during the world's religious congress in 1893, we believe that all right-minded classes of Americans now agree on the daily reading in the Public School of suitable selections from the sacred Scriptures, and the recitation of that prayer, and the two great commandments upon which hang all the law and the prophets, thereby fixing in the minds of the children the vital spiritual principles on

which good citizenship and the future welfare of our country so largely depend." Among other petitioners are Charles C. Bonney, who was in charge of the religious congress; W. R. Harper, President of the University of Chicago; W. A. Amberg, President of the Columbus Club; W. J. Onahan, upon whom the title of Camberlango was recently conferred by the Pope, and other well-known men."

This is the terrible "Ross Bible," which Tory-P.P.A. speakers throughout the country are referring to as an evidence that the Government is ruled by the "hierarchy."

A Good Record.

THE MOWAT GOVERNMENT'S RECORD AS TO TEMPERANCE LEGISLATION.

It has efficiently regulated the liquor traffic.

It has given us an act which has reduced the number of licenses from 6,185 in 1874-5 for population of 1,700,000, or one license for every 274, to 3,369 in 1892-3 for population of 2,135,000, or one license for every 633 of population.

It has furnished a special text book on temperance to the public schools.

It has, by means of education and legislation, assisted in the diminution of drunkenness, so that convictions for this offence have fallen from 4,032 in 1877 to 2,652 in 1893, although total population was increased as shown above.

It has given the Province a local option law, which enables the entire prohibition of the liquor traffic for beverage purposes in municipalities.

It has conferred the powers of prohibition as to new licenses upon a majority of electors in polling sub-divisions.

It has given legislation which prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquor on vessels navigating the lakes and rivers of the Province.

It has increased the age of minors from 16 to 18, thus subjecting to a penalty those who sell liquor to persons under 18 years of age.

It has provided a penalty when liquor is supplied to any person under 21 years or habitual drinker in respect to whom notice in writing has been given, prohibiting such licensed victualler from selling or supplying liquor to the party in question.

It gives greater authority to search unlicensed premises and "dives," to seize liquor and arrest persons found on said premises.

It gave the electors of the Province an opportunity of expressing their verdict on prohibition by means of a plebiscite.

The Premier has said: "If the decision of the Privy Council should be that the Province has jurisdiction to pass a prohibitory liquor law as to sale, I will introduce such a bill in the following session if I am then at the head of the Government. If the decision of the Privy Council is that the Province has power to pass only a partial prohibitory liquor law, I will introduce such a prohibitory liquor law as the decision shall warrant."

Stand Up for the Right.

The executive committee of the London and Western Ontario Prohibition Union at their last meeting passed the following resolution:

We desire to place on record our satisfaction at the result of the late plebiscite vote on prohibition and at the attitude of the Hon. Oliver Mowat, Premier of Ontario, inasmuch as he has pledged himself to introduce prohibitory legislation if the judgment of the Privy Council in the test case presented is to the effect that such legislation is within the power of the Provincial House.

We cannot refrain at this juncture from an expression of the hope that throughout the Province during the coming election all temperance electors will support only those candidates who will pledge themselves as willing to vote for and support immediate prohibition; and that, in the opinion of this committee, the will of the people was sufficiently declared in the late plebiscite.

The bodies of George Brock, his wife and young son were found in a secluded hollow near Borden, Indiana, on the 15th inst. The bodies were enclosed by a rude log pen, built by Brock to keep the hogs from devouring them. Brock killed his wife and son and then himself. He had been made desperate by poverty and hunger.