

The Fenelon Falls Gazette.

VOL. XX.

FENELON FALLS, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2ND, 1892.

No. 23.

SCHOOL BOOKS

AND ALL

School Supplies,

—A—

FULL ASSORTMENT

—AT—

RIGHT PRICES.

Walter R. Madill,
W. E. Ellis's Old Stand.

Fenelon Falls, Sept'r 1st, 1892.

Professional Cards.

LEGAL &c.

A. P. DEVLIN,
BARRISTER, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor
in Chancery, Kent Street, Lindsay.

G. H. HOPKINS,
(SUCCESSOR TO MARTIN & HOPKINS)
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c Money
to Loan at 6 per cent. Office, Wil-
liam street, next to the Bank of Montreal.

MOORE & JACKSON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Of-
fice, William street, Lindsay.
F. D. MOORE. A. JACKSON.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office,
Shenry Block, Kent street, Lindsay.
ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY.

McINTYRE & STEWART,
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, &c.
Offices over Ontario Bank, Kent street,
Lindsay. Money to loan at 6 per cent. on
easy terms.
D. J. McINTYRE. T. STEWART.

NOTICE.

All Notes made payable to JAMES BRAY
Agent, will have to be paid to Frank Kerr
post-master here, who holds said notes.
JAS. JOHNSTON & Co
Fenelon Falls, June 30th, 1891.—19 t.f.

MEDICAL.

A. W. J. DEGRASSI, M. D.,
CORONER, Physician, Surgeon, &c., &c.
Residence, Brick Cottage, Wellington
street, Lindsay.

DR. A. WILSON,
—M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario—
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCH-
eur. Office, Colborne Street, Fenelon
Falls.

DR. H. H. GRAHAM,
GRADUATE of the University of Trinity
College, Fellow of Trinity Medical
School, Member of the Royal College of
Surgeons of England, Member of the Col-
lege of Physicians & Surgeons of Ontario.
Office and residence on Francis-St. West
Fenelon Falls, opposite the Gazette office.

R. M. MASON,
VETERINARY SURGEON; Honor Grad-
uate Ontario Veterinary College, To-
ronto, 1884; R. M. O. V. M. A.
Residence—Corner Colborne and Louisa
streets, Fenelon Falls.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON,
P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B.,
Conveyancer, &c. Residence, and ad-
dress, Fenelon Falls.

DENTAL.

W. H. GROSS,
DENTIST, LINDSAY,
will be at the "McArthur House," Fenelon
Falls, the second Wednesday of each month.
Beautiful and durable artificial teeth made,
and all other dental work properly done.
Nearly 27 years' experience. 16-17.

Did It Ever Strike You

that we are giving

The Best Value in Boots & Shoes in the County?

We have an immense variety to choose from, and our Prices are the Lowest. We are always picking up Bargains. We have from the finest grades to the cheapest. We lead the Boot & Shoe trade.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

A full line of Sugars, Teas and Canned Goods always on hand.

Try our 25 cent Tea; it is a bargain.

ARNOLD & GRAHAM,
H. AUSTIN'S OLD STAND.

Fenelon Falls, June 23rd, 1892.

READ THIS.

As I have decided to give up the Painting business, I will sell out my entire Stock of White Lead, ready mixed Paints, Oils, Turpentine, Japans, Furniture and Carriage Varnish at greatly reduced prices, and all those who are in want of any of the above lines will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Glazing, Kalsomining and Paper-hanging done as usual.

S. NEVISON.

Fenelon Falls, September 1st, 1892.

"Oh! Mamma, Willie's tired of using poor Machine Oil." "Read this, Willie."

The Oils for Gennine Satisfaction for all sorts of Machinery are

MCCOLL'S CELEBRATED LARDINE & CYLINDER OILS,

used by the Largest Millmen in the Country, and manufactured solely by

MCCOLL BROTHERS & Co., TORONTO.

For Sale only by JOSEPH HEARD in Fenelon Falls.

Inoculation For Cholera.

A NEW YORK PHYSICIAN BELIEVES THE DISEASE MAY BE CONTRACTED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Medical men in this city are greatly interested in a new treatment of cholera discovered at the Pasteur Institute in Paris, and it was learned yesterday that in case the epidemic continues to spread the efficacy of the treatment will be promptly and thoroughly tested by New York experts. Of this treatment, which is analogous to that employed by Jenner in smallpox and by Pasteur in hydrophobia, Dr. Hoffkide, who has been studying at the Pasteur Institute for some years, claims to be the discoverer. He is confident the inoculatory method will do for cholera what it has already done for smallpox and hydrophobia. He has used choleric vaccine upon several animals, with the result that none of them have died, while of those animals subjected to the poisonous virus and not inoculated all have died. After his experiments with rabbits, guinea pigs and pigeons had proved successful, Dr. Hoffkide injected into himself some attenuated virus and noted that the result and symptoms were a slight elevation of the temperature, pains in the head, dryness in the mouth and a swelling of the skin and gangrene at the spot where the inoculation took place. There was scarcely any intestinal derangement and the normal condition of health was restored within 24 hours. He next experimented on himself with active virus with the same results, and concluded that inoculations of this kind could be made upon human beings with perfect safety and with the assurance that six days after the vaccination the patient would be proof against all attacks of cholera.

Peace and Security Count in Our Favor.

A few years ago we could announce in Europe, as a reason why Canada should be preferred to the United States as a field for settlement, the fact that the national indebtedness and expenditure were both much lower here, in proportion to population, than across the lines. The rapid decrease in the great war debt of the Union, and increase in our National obligations as a result of the carrying out of vast public works, have, however, robbed us of this argument. But circumstances are rapidly supplying us with a still more potent one. While this country is free from industrial troubles, a state of affairs is rising in the States scarcely distinguishable from a civil war. The peace and security enjoyed on this side of the border, and riots and rumors of riots in the other, will give to the Dominion a vastly greater advantage in competing in Europe for the better class of settlers than we enjoyed even when the relative position of the two countries financially was the opposite of what it is to-day.—News.

A Water Weight Railroad.

A novel form of inclined railway has been built at Bridgenorth, England. It connects the upper and lower parts of the town, communication between which was formerly provided by means of steps cut in the solid rock. The length of the track is only 201 feet, but its vertical rise is 111 feet. There are two cars on separate lines of rail, and they are connected by a steel cable passing round a wheel at the top. They are thus balanced, and a preponderating weight is given, whichever one is at the top, by pumping a supply of water into a tank placed in the frame of the car. The steel rails are secured to ties which are bolted to the solid rock and also imbedded in concrete. The brakes are normally on the wheels, and motion is only possible while the brakeman turns his handle. The track is cut out of solid rock, so that it shall not spoil the beauties of the landscape.—Sci. Am.

A Schomberg correspondence sends the following to the Aurora Banner: The villagers were surprised to hear that a man at the north end of the village had been buried in the earth for three hours and was got out all right, better than he was before. It was an old gentleman who got poisoned with ivy. They dug a trench, removed his clothing, put him in and covered him up all but his head; left him there three hours, and when he came out he was a cured man. This is said to be a sure cure.

Lumbermen to Enter Suit.

A rumour current about town for some days is confirmed by the following despatch from Ottawa: Messrs. Mossom Boyd & Co. lumber merchants, of Bobcaygeon, have entered suit in the exchequer suit to recover the sum of \$10,000 from Mr. E. T. Smith, collector of slide and booms for the public works department personally, and also asks an injunction restraining him from selling lumber seized for arrearages of slide dues. The allegation made is that the lumber in question was seized for dues of the slide at Fenelon Falls, which they claim they are not entitled to pay. They also ask a petition of right to sue the department for a similar sum, and injunction to restrain the Government from selling, and to prevent further seizures. The slide dues claimed amount to \$2,241, the value of lumber seized \$5,000. This, the plaintiffs claim, are already sold. They urge that their trade has been paralyzed and they have been prevented from filling orders and contracts.—Lindsay Post.

A Mother's Terrible Loss.

ATHENS, Ga., Aug. 26.—A farmer named Wilson, living in Madison County went to a mill leaving his wife and four children at home. Two hours later he returned and found his wife lying insensible on the floor, with four dead children about her. When the mother was restored to consciousness she said she had taken the baby to the spring, leaving the other children in the house. Hearing their cries she put the baby down and hurried back to the house, and found two dead, the other dying. The living one said they had poked their fingers through a crack in the floor and a hen had picked at them. The mother went back to the spring for her baby and found that it had fallen into the water and been drowned. The third child died before she got back to the house and the mother swooned away. Investigation showed that the supposed hen was a rattlesnake.

The Law on Estray Animals.

The laws of Ontario provide that a person taking any estray stock shall give notice of such taking up by publishing a notice three times in a weekly newspaper, if one is published in the section where the estray was taken up, and if the property is not called for within three weeks of the first insertion of the notice, the finder shall go to justice of the peace and take oath to the finding and advertising. If the property is not claimed within one year and should not exceed \$50 in value it then belongs to the party taking the same up. If over \$50 it shall be advertised by the justice and sold, and the excess of all expenses shall be paid over to the county treasurer. Any person taking up any estray and neglecting to cause the same to be advertised and appraised shall be liable to a fine of \$20. The estray applies to any other personal property which may be found in like manner.

A hunting party composed of four young men has been found murdered on the banks of the Caney Creek, in the Indian territory. Papers found on one of the men indicated that his name was Cherrie and that he travelled for the Williamtic Thread Co., of Connecticut.

Recently a young man in Denver, Colo., who had doubts about the divinity of Christ, told his pastor that if Mr. Gladstone affirmed his belief in that doctrine he would accept it. Accordingly a note was sent to Mr. Gladstone, and, though it reached him in the midst of the election excitement, he found time to send the following in his own handwriting on a postal card: "All I write, and all I think, and all I hope is based upon the divinity of our Lord, the one central hope of our poor wayward race."

The last giraffe in the London Zoological gardens has recently died and the institution is, for the first time since 1836, without a living specimen of this animal. It has had in all thirty specimens, of which seventeen were born on the place. The giraffe market is very poorly supplied, and there is but one specimen now for sale in Europe. The giraffe is practically extinct in South Africa and cannot be found within a thousand miles of Cape Town. There are still giraffes in East Africa, but there are no means of catching them.