

Carpets and Oil-Cloths, No. 9 Keenan's Block, Kent Street, Lindsay.

TWO-ROWED BARLEY.—At a meeting of the West Peterboro' Farmers' Institute at Lakefield, the president advised the members to give the two-rowed barley a fair trial, in order to ascertain its average weight per bushel throughout the district, as much depended upon that; and the action of the Government in importing the variety for distribution among the farmers was approved by a unanimous vote. Mr. H. C. Garbutt said he had grown two-rowed barley for two seasons, and it was a better crop than the six rowed and better for feeding purposes.

WORTH NOTING.—Among the "Notes for Farmers" in a late number of the Toronto World we find the following: "I would be foolish to wish for an early spring and not be prepared for it by having everything in readiness. The farm implements and machinery should be put in order at the first available opportunity." Our readers in the country should cut this out and "paste it in their hats," and then, if any of their implements or machines are out of order, they should take them at once to the Cameron Lake foundry, which is thoroughly equipped with all necessary tools and materials for repairing them at the shortest notice and in the best possible manner.

ACCIDENTS.—Harvesting ice is a slippery business and not altogether free from danger, as some of those engaged in it at the Falls have already discovered. On Friday last Mr. John P. Woods fell from the top of one of the inclines to the ground, a distance of about twenty-five feet, but fortunately was so little hurt that he was able to go to work again on Monday. On the same day (Friday) a derrick broke and part of it nearly dislocated Mr. John McGillivray's right shoulder. On Saturday J.J. Wilson, Jr., a lad about 16, fell nearly fifteen feet, without any worse consequences than a pretty severe shaking up, and on Monday Fred Laliberte, a boy in age but a man in size, fell about twelve feet, and a large block of ice, weighing nearly 400 lbs., followed him, but did not "light on him" and he escaped unhurt.

Henry M. Stanley will leave Egypt April 7th.

Prince Albert Victor embarked at Bombay for England last Friday.

An English weekly paper has crossed the Rubicon, and will hereafter be sold for a half penny. People are already beginning to talk of the possibility of a farthing paper.

It is alleged that in a back district in Manitoba there is in the tax books this entry, referring to some crown lands:—"Owner, Victoria; occupation, Queen; residence, England."

A freak who died in Iowa a day or two ago had the body of a two-year old child, but a head as large as the ordinary man. He was 32 years old, and was never able to speak. For thirty years he was tied in a chair and fed with a spoon by his mother, whose constant fear was lest she should die before her boy and no one be left to wait on him.

Twenty-five years ago Mrs. Ernest Steig, at Crawfordsville, Ind., vowed that the sun should never shine upon her again, and she kept her word. Her husband humored the whim, and, when the house in which they lived was sold, compelling a transfer, she was removed at night in order that her vow might be kept intact. Some months ago she became blind and her death occurred last week.

The people who invent heraldic crests and mottoes are finding plenty to do nowadays in the States. The other day a man, who "recently made a stake" in a Western mine, called on one of their establishments and said:—"The girls want some sort of a motto, or crest, as they call it, to put on their letter paper. I think it's all doggoned foolishness, but 's long as they want it they must have it. So I want you to fix up one 'yer most expensive crests, like what them English dooks and counts have, and send the bill to me. What motto? Well, I don't care much. 'I ain't pretty, but I get there all the same,' would suit me all right. Just throw it into Latin or Greek, and twine it around the crest."

COMMUNICATIONS.

No. 9.

To the Rev. James Fraser, Baptist Pastor, Fenelon Falls.

DEAR SIR,—I have examined the chief texts in Scripture bearing on the question of infant baptism, although I have by no means exhausted them. Let us now look into the writings of those who came immediately after the writers of the New Testament, and see whether we can gather anything from them on this subject, either for or against the practice of infant baptism in the early ages of the Church.

Justin Martyr, who was beheaded for the cause of Christianity under Marcus Aurelius A. D. 167, lived only about forty years after the apostles, mentions that "there were many among them who were then 70

or 80 years of age, who had been made disciples of Christ when they were infants." Now as infants are incapable of faith, they must have become disciples of Christ by baptism, and if so, their age shows that they must have been baptized while the apostles were living.

Irenaeus, Bishop of Lyons, in France, who suffered martyrdom under Severus, A. D. 203, and consequently lived only 60 or 70 years after the apostles, reckons children among those who were "born again of God." Tertullian, A. D. 200, before he became a Montanist, spoke of infant baptism with as much clearness as if he had been a divine of the 19th century; but after that event he was the first to deny it. The first whisper of the exclusion of infants from a full and free admission to the Church and family of Jesus Christ by baptism, is to be found in the writings of Tertullian after he became a gloomy Montanist heretic.

Origen, who died A. D. 255, thus writes: "Young children are baptized into the remission of sins." And presently after: "And because that, by the sacrament of baptism the filth of our nativity is laid aside, therefore are little children baptized." And elsewhere, "To this may also be added, that it should be imagined into what is the cause that, seeing baptism is given to the Church for the remission of sins, according to the observance or custom of the Church, baptism is given also to little children; whereas if there was nothing in little children that ought to belong to pardon and forgiveness, the grace of baptism would be superfluous."

In the time of Cyprian, Bishop of Carthage, beheaded A. D. 258, there were some that thought that children ought not to be baptized until the eighth day, according to the time appointed for circumcision; but none that held that they ought not to be baptized at all whilst children. And to one that supposed they ought not to be baptized till the eighth day, Cyprian wrote, saying: "But as to the cause of infants, which thou sayest the second or third day after they are born ought not to be baptized, and that the law of the ancient circumcision is to be observed, that thou shouldst think that any one that is born ought not to be baptized or sanctified before the eighth day, it seemed far otherwise to all in our Council;" (66 in number) "for in this that thou thoughtest should be done, none agreed; but rather all of us judged that the mercy and grace of God (in baptism) should be denied to no one born of men." So it seems that this whole council determined that children ought to be baptized. And St. Augustine, speaking of this synodical determination, tells us that in this Cyprian did not make any new decree, but kept the faith of the Church "in the baptism of infants" "most firm and sure."

St. Augustine, Bishop of Hippo, who died A. D. 430, spends a whole chapter in proving, that by the price of the blood of Christ in baptism, children are washed, freed, and saved from original sin propagated from their first parents." And elsewhere he says, "Seeing therefore children do not begin to be the sheep of Christ but only by baptism."

"Wall's Treatise on Infant Baptism" is a work of three large volumes, made up almost entirely of quotations from the Fathers of the Church on this subject.

200 A. D.: Tertullian first objects to Infant Baptism.

360 A. D.: Gregory Nazianzen advises that children should not be baptized until "three years old."

1150 A. D.: The Waldenses refuse Infant Baptism.

1522 A. D.: Stork and Munzen, in Saxony, begin to re-baptize; hence the name Anabaptists.

1575 A. D.: Foxe writes, "No baptists yet in England."

1633 A. D.: The first baptist congregation formed in England.

In 1622, A. D., just ten years before this event, or 268 years ago, a very remarkable discussion took place in England, on this subject, in presence of the King and other notables. The question was not whether infants should be baptized or not, for both disputants were agreed on that point; but whether Infant Baptism can be "demonstratively" proved from Scripture.

The disputant that took the affirmative side selected our Lord's discourse to Nicodemus alone for the purpose, and was thought by the men of that time to have made his point good. I give his exact words: "That baptism is necessary to the salvation of infants (in the ordinary way of the Church, without binding God to the use and means of that sacrament to which He hath bound us) is express in St. John, 3, 5: 'Except a man (his, old and young, male and female) be born again of water and the Spirit, he cannot enter into the Kingdom of God.' So, no baptism, no entrance. Nor can infants creep in any other ordinary way. And this is the received opinion of all the ancient Church of Christ. And secondly, That infants ought to be baptized, is, first, plain by evident and direct consequence out of Scripture. For if there be no salvation for infants in the ordinary way of the Church, but by baptism, and this appear in Scripture, as it doeth, then, out of all doubt, the consequence is most evident out of that Scripture, that infants are to be baptized, that their salvation may be certain. For they which cannot help themselves must not be left only to extraordinary helps, of which we have no warrant at all in Scripture, while we, in the meantime, neglect the ordinary way and means commanded by Christ. Secondly, it is very near an expression in Scripture itself. For when St. Peter had ended that great sermon of his, Acts 2, he applies two comforts unto them, verse 38: 'Amend your lives, and be baptized, and you shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost.' And then, verse 39, he infers, 'For the promise is made to you and to your children.' The promise; what promise? What! Why, the promise of sanctification by the Holy Ghost. By what means? Why, by baptism. For it is expressly, 'Be baptized, and ye shall receive.' And as expressly, 'This promise is made to you and to your children.' And therefore A. C. (the disputant on the negative side) may find it, if he will, that the baptism of infants may be directly concluded out of Scripture."

Wx. LOGAN.

FENELON FALLS MARKETS.

Reported by the North Star Roller Mill Co.
Fenelon Falls, Friday, April 4th, 1890.

Wheat, fall, per bushel.....	\$0.55 to \$0.76
Wheat, spring ".....	70 76
Wheat, Scotch or Fife ".....	75 80
Barley, per bushel.....	30 36
Oats, ".....	25 26
Pease, ".....	50 52
Rye, ".....	40 45
Potatoes ".....	25 30
Butter, per lb.....	14 15
Hogs, per cwt.....	5.90 5.25
Eggs, per dozen.....	13
Hay, per ton.....	7.00 8.00
Hides.....	2.50 3.00
Sheepskins.....	40 1.00

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership hitherto existing between Dr. Archibald Wilson and Dr. Edward S. Wilson has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts and other debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Edward S. Wilson, who will pay all liabilities of the said partnership.

Dated at Fenelon Falls this first day of April, 1890.

ARCHIBALD WILSON,
E. S. WILSON.

Witness: Wm. McARTHUR. 7-4w.

House and Lot For Sale.

For sale, very cheap for cash, a half-acre corner lot and the buildings thereon, opposite the south ward school house, Fenelon Falls. The house is 18 x 24 feet, 1 1/2 stories high, on a stone foundation, with a kitchen 13 x 20 feet and a woodshed. There are also a workshop 14 x 20 feet, a never failing well of excellent water, and a few fruit trees. The buildings were erected about twelve years ago, and are in good condition.

Apply at the GAZETTE office, or to the undersigned.

GEO. W. MARTIN,
10 Pearson Avenue,
St. Alban's Ward,
Toronto.

Toronto, April 2nd, 1890.—7f.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

The undersigned hereby notifies all persons indebted to him either by note or book account, past due, that they must settle the same by Saturday, the 22nd of March inst., or costs will be incurred.

ALEX. CONNELL, Blacksmith,
Bury's Green, March 12th, 1890.—4-3w.

TO ALL CONCERNED.

Parties indebted to the late John Wallace are hereby notified that they must settle with the undersigned on or before the 10th of April next, or their accounts will be placed in court for collection.

Mrs. MARY WALLACE,
Fenelon Falls, March 25th, 1890.—6-3w.

SECOND DIVISION COURT

—OF THE—
County of Victoria.

The next sittings of the above Court will be held in Dickson's hall, Fenelon Falls,

On Tuesday, Apr. 22nd,

commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon

GEO. MANNING, E. D. HAND,
Bailiff, Clerk.

Fenelon Falls, Feb. 27th, 1890.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

I am prepared to supply eggs from pure-bred Houdans, Black Cochins, Plymouth Rocks and White Leghorns,

ALL OF THE CHOICEST STRAINS.

Price: \$2 for a Setting of 13, or \$3 for Two Settings.

At the poultry show in Bowmanville last January I took 1st prize for Houdans and Plymouth Rocks; 1st and 2nd prizes for Black Cochins; and 2nd prize for White Leghorns.

D. C. TREW, Russell-st., Lindsay.

Lindsay, March 25th, 1890.—6f.

LISTEN!

CALL AND BE SURPRISED AT THE

Wonderful - Bargains

—IN—

Millinery, Dress Trimmings,

etc., now offered for CASH and ONLY

CASH,

At Mrs. R. McDougall's.

See price list below:

Felt Hat for.....	30c.	worth	\$1.00
Buckran Shapes.....	15c.	worth	35
Plush.....	40c.	worth	60
Feathers.....	60c.	worth	1.25
Tips.....	20c.	worth	40
Birds.....	30c.	worth	1.25
Wings.....	15c.	worth	40
Wool Caps and Hoods 35c.		worth	80
Trimmed Hats at your own prices.			
Ribbons unequalled for low price.			

Mrs. R. McDougall,

2 Doors North of the Post-office

FARMS FOR SALE.

The following cheap and good farms are in the finest section of Western Ontario. Send for the "Canadian Farm Advertiser" to J. J. Daly & Co., Guelph P. O., Ont. It is sent free and gives the acres cleared, sizes and kinds of buildings, &c., &c., of these and 275 other farms.

No stones, hills or swamp on the farms, and the soil is guaranteed deep, rich, clay loam that never bakes. Money sent if required as guarantee, for expenses if the farms are not cheap and as represented,—and intending buyers, after seeing them, left to decide for themselves, and then keep or return the money as they think right.

Pure spring water on every farm, good fences; land not hilly nor flat. Gravel roads, cheese factories, creameries, schools, churches and post offices near all the farms. Good water every where and healthy country.

Only enough money to bind the bargain need be paid until taking possession, and then 60 per cent., \$50 of every \$100, of the price will be left on the farms, or less than that, if buyers wish, payable just to suit the buyers in every way. This will be put in writing and is the best chance ever offered to buyers. All buyers get good titles and their deeds when they take possession.

\$3,800. 110 acres, 65 cleared, 15 acres fine maple bush, good house and barn, market town with railway 2 miles.

\$4,500. 100 acres, 50 cleared, balance bush, brick house, good barn, market town only 1 mile.

\$3,000. 100 acres, 50 cleared, house and barn, near market town.

\$2,500. 50 acres, all cleared, good buildings, near market.

\$2,800. 65 acres, all cleared, good buildings, near large town.

\$3,400. 100 acres, 50 cleared, 15 bush, brick house and bank barn, market town with railway 5 miles, village near.

\$3,800. 100 acres, 50 cleared, 10 bush, large fresh water lake is boundary at back end, good house and barn, market town with railway 5 miles.

\$6,000. 305 acres, 90 cleared, rest in hardwood, house and barns, a village 2 miles, market town with railway 7 miles.

\$5,900. 165 acres, 50 cleared, 15 hardwood, good house, small barn, market with railway 1 mile, large town 6 miles.

\$5,200. 100 acres, 50 cleared, 5 hardwood, fine brick house and large bank barn, market town with railway 3 miles.

\$10,250. 200 acres, 180 cleared, balance hardwood, 2 sets of fine buildings, 2 bank barns and 2 good houses, market town with railway 2 miles, can be and is divided—one of the best farms in the county.

\$21,000. \$4,000 cash, balance to suit purchaser, fine buildings that cost \$10,000. This farm adjoins City of Guelph, and is one of the best grain and stock farms of its size in Ontario.

\$20,500. 450 acres in block, 300 cleared, 90 very fine valuable hardwood bush, 3 sets fine buildings, 2 bank barns, 1 fine new brick dwelling, near good market town with railway, best large farm in the county, is fenced into 3 farms—200 acres, 150 acres, and 100 acres, will be sold separately or together.

Send for the "Farm Advertiser," it gives full particulars of these and 275 other farms, and valuable information about this country. Address, J. J. Daly & Co., Guelph P. O., Ont.

GREENE & ELLIS'S

LUMBER YARDS,

FENELON FALLS AND LINDSAY.

We have for sale here and at Lindsay all kinds of Building Lumber, Joist, Scantling Plank, Timber, Lath, Pickets, Shingles, Fence Posts and all kinds of Planed and Matched Lumber from one to two years old.

Our Common Lumber, both Pine and Hemlock, inch and two inch, is mostly new stock, cut last season, well roofed, dry and bright, manufactured expressly for the local trade of Fenelon Falls and Lindsay and surrounding country.

From our long experience in the business, and being builders ourselves, we have a good idea of what is required for first class or common building materials for houses, barns and outbuildings.

We have assorted and piled by themselves both qualities to suit purchasers. Prices from \$3 50 to \$5 per M feet and upwards.

We have about two million feet that must be sold to make room for new stock. Parties requiring any of the above stock will save money by calling before purchasing elsewhere, or by sending their bills here or to Lindsay for quotations. Bills estimated and returned for approval. Can ship by car loads to all points. Can get special rates on to April next. Send on your orders. "One Dollar Saved is Two Dollars Earned."

TAKE NOTICE.—The above is all gang lumber, parallel widths.

GREENE & ELLIS, Fenelon Falls,
SAM'L PARSONS, Agent at Lindsay.

David Chambers,

General Blacksmith,

Francis-st., Fenelon Falls.

Blacksmithing in all its different branches done on short notice and at the lowest living prices. Particular attention paid to horse-shoeing. Give me a call and I will guarantee satisfaction. 45-ly.

HEADQUARTERS

IN VICTORIA COUNTY FOR

Room Paper and Picture Frames

—IS AT—

W. A. GOODWIN'S,

Baker's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay.

Artists' Goods a Specialty.

Machine Needles, Alabastine and Dye

Works Agency.

WALL PAPERS.

New Patterns Arriving Daily

FROM

ENGLISH, CANADIAN AND

AMERICAN MARKETS.

All the Latest Designs in

Hall, Dining Room, Drawing Room and

Bedroom Papers, Ceiling Papers,

Corners and Decorations.

PRICES & STYLES TO SUIT CUSTOMERS.

Call and see my 5c. per roll Paper.

" " 6c. " "

" " 7c. " "

" " 8c. " "

" " 9c. " "

" " 10c. " "

And all the way to 50c. per Roll.

I have on hand the largest stock of Wall

Paper ever brought into Lindsay.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

Just Opposite New Post-office,

Kent Street,

LINDSAY.

G. A. METHERELL.

Please call and see my 5c. Paper.

Lindsay, April 2nd, 1890.

The Great Discovery.

Read carefully and act wisely. Many

valuable lives can be saved by the

use of

MOSES COURTEMANCHE'S

LUNG SYRUP

This is undoubtedly the best lung med-

icine in the world, and for Dyspepsia

has no equal. Manufactured by Moses

Courtemanche, Midland, and sold by

W. E. Ellis, Fenelon Falls.

—52-17-3m.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the business

hitherto carried on by Samuel Swanton as

a dealer in

Railway Ties, Cordwood, Telegraph

Poles, Cedar and all kinds

of Timber, Lumber and Shingles,

will be continued on a much larger scale

than formerly by the undersigned, who

will pay, as hitherto,

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES,

and payments will be promptly made on

the 15th of every month for all materials

delivered.

One of the firm will be regularly on

the road.

For particulars apply to Samuel Swanton,

No. 52 Victor Avenue, Toronto, or to J. H.

Brandon, Fenelon Falls.

SWANTON, BRANDON & Co.

N. B.—Mr. Swanton thanks his numerous

customers for their liberal patronage during

the past ten years, and begs to solicit a

continuance of the same for the new firm.