

HALF PRICE

Christmas Cards. A LARGE LOT BOUGHT CHEAP.

PICTURE BOOKS, PLUSH GOODS, TOY BOOKS, ALBUMS, and a nice assortment of

POCKET BIBLES, all prices, suitable for Christmas Presents.

LOW PRICES to suit the hard times.

W. E. ELLIS, Fenelon Falls, Dec'r 10th, 1885.

LEGAL &c.

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MARTIN & HOPKINS, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Money to Loan at 6 per cent. Office, Kent street, Lindsay, Ont.

F. D. MOORE, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, & SOLICITOR and Notary Public. Money to Loan. Office, Kent street, Lindsay.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office, Doherty Block, Kent street, Lindsay.

MCINTYRE & STEWART, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office over Ontario Bank, Kent street. Money to Loan at 8 per cent. on real estate securities.

BARRON & SMITH, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Money to Loan on security of mortgages, promissory notes, &c.

DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOU- chers. Office, Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

DRS. BURKOWS & GRAHAM, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, &c. Office and residence directly opposite Carr's hotel, William St., Lindsay. Calls from the country promptly attended to.

P. PALMER BOROVS, H. H. GRAHAM, M.D., M.B., C.M., M.C.P.A. C.M., late S.O.H. Hospital, London, F.R.S. College, Mont, 1861. [M. M. R. C. S., England

SURVEYORS. JAMES DICKSON, P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B. Conveyance, &c. Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

MISCELLANEOUS. W. H. GROSS, DENTIST, LINDSAY.

Over 25 years' experience. The generally acknowledged head quarters for good dentistry. A stock of about 10,000 artificial teeth to select from.

SPECTACLES. A full stock of Laurence's famous Spectacles at Ellis's Drug Store. Every pair guaranteed. Call and see them. 40-ly.

BARGAINS. Five good Building Lots for sale cheap in Fenelon Falls West.

J. NEELANDS, DENTIST, LINDSAY.

One of the firm will be at the McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, on the third Monday of each month. Teeth extracted by laughing gas without pain or injury, or on charge will be made.

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE Co. Capital £2,000,000 sterling. Deposited with the Dominion Government. \$100,000.

THE ROYAL INSURANCE Co. OF ENGLAND.—Capital, \$1,000,000. Deposited with Dominion Government and otherwise vested in Canada, \$600,000.

THE WESTERN INSURANCE Co. OF CANADA. Capital and Assets, \$1,427,553.

J. D. SMITH, Agent. Fenelon Falls, Jan'y 22nd, 1884. 48.

INSURANCE. GEORGE CUNNINGHAM, General Insurance and Loan Agent, FENELON FALLS, ONT., represents the following first-class companies, with which business can be transacted upon the most advantageous terms.

The Canadian Insurance Co. & Savings Co. The Imperial Insurance Company, of London, England.

The Citizens' Insurance Company, of Canada, Fire and Marine.

The Lancashire Insurance Co., of England. The Confederation Life Association, of Canada.

CAMERON LAKE FOUNDRY.

The Excelsior Fanning Mill. In introducing this mill to farmers I have the pleasure of offering to them a mill that has never been beat for cleaning and separating mixed grain.

FARMERS. And others in want of a good light HORSE-POWER for sawing wood, running grain crusher or straw cutter, should call and see them. For strength and durability they have no equal.

POWER AND HAND STRAW CUTTERS. This straw cutter is particularly suited to those having a small farm, or for stable use. No one should be without one.

THOMAS ROBSON. The Fenelon Falls Gazette

Saturday, Dec'r 19th, 1885.

We wish all our readers a merry Christmas, a tender turkey, a ponderous plum pudding and a good appetite.

Temperance Meeting. In accordance with resolutions passed by the Ontario Branch of the Dominion Alliance, a fairly attended meeting was held in Jordan's hall last Thursday evening, for the purpose of forming an Electoral Temperance Union for the village of Fenelon Falls.

A little after 8 o'clock the chair was taken by Mr. Geo. G. Keith, president of the local temperance organization, who briefly but clearly explained the object of the meeting and then invited discussion by those who thought fit to express their opinions as to the best steps to be taken for the enforcement of the Scott Act, which is to come into effect in this county on the 1st of May next.

Messrs. Jas. Dickson, J. D. Smith, Wm. Jordan, S. Johnson, H. W. Greene, E. Fitzgerald, and one or two others, all spoke briefly, but to the point; and Mr. Dickson, in the course of his remarks, made the statement that, during the eight or nine years he had been a magistrate, four-fifths of the offenders brought before him had broken the law while under the influence of liquor.

The Rev. C. W. Watch, in response to the call of the chairman, delivered a stirring address, towards the end of which he expressed the conviction that the formation of an Electoral Temperance Union would be a good thing for the village, and said that it was the duty of advocates of the Scott Act to put into effect of all kinds men who were in sympathy with the Act. At the conclusion of Mr. Watch's address it was

Moved by Mr. J. D. Smith, and seconded by Mr. Samuel Johnson, That an Electoral Temperance Union for the village of Fenelon Falls be formed.—Carried.

A committee consisting of Messrs. J. D. Smith, John Dinney, H. W. Greene, S. Johnson, G. G. Keith, S. Wright and W. S. Burley, was then appointed to visit all in the village known or believed to be in favor of the enforcement of the Scott Act, to ascertain how many of them will join the union.

As a meeting of the members is to be held in Jordan's hall next Wednesday for the purpose of discussing the best means of securing the return of temperance candidates at the approaching municipal elections, we would advise our readers not to pledge their votes until that meeting has taken place. It will commence at 8 p. m.

A Letter From British Columbia. Many of our readers, especially those residing in the village, remember Mr. R. H. Hall, who was at one time in the employ of Smith & Co., and who left the Falls some fifteen years ago to push his fortune in British Columbia, where he has done remarkably well.

An interesting letter of his to some old friend here appeared in the Gazette a long while ago, and the following, which we think will be pronounced more interesting still, was received the other day by Mr. George Cunningham, who kindly handed it to us for publication:—

Fort Simpson, B. C., Nov. 11, 1885. MY DEAR GEORGE, It is a long time since I last wrote to you. I heard that your uncle, my old friend, Mr. Jamieson, was dead, and that you in the business and in the hearts of his friends are trying to reign in his stead, and with fair success. I am now the head of a family with four children (one girl and three boys) and no prospect of any more just now. I am satisfied with the present even number; but who can foresee the future? I am only 35 and the old woman 32, and both in excellent order.

I am still in charge of the Hudson's Bay Company's establishment here, quite an important charge, where we do a large wholesale and retail trade and buy quite a lot of furs. We are in the centre of the northern salmon canning industry, and this is a natural centre of trade, situated on the best harbour in the province, with a climate similar in many ways to that of Ireland, "my own, my native land," of which I am by no means proud, since dynamite and murder have taken the place of cudgels and fair fistfights in the settlement of little troubles. Just across Dixon's entrance I have embarked in a private venture of my own, and have a man there in charge of my business. I have bought 1,500 acres of land there (on Graham Island, of the Queen of Charlotte group) and have gone into stock raising. My man is an old Fenelon boy, Reuben Suddaby, and he is giving me every satisfaction. I only pay him \$450 per year at present, but I will raise his pay as soon as the ranch becomes productive, that is, when we have cattle to sell after next season. I have invested about \$7,000 in the land and cattle, starting with 75 two-year-old heifers, 1 thorough-bred Shorthorn bull, 1 grade Shorthorn bull and 1 ordinary bull, 3 horses, and all the concomitants of a cattle ranch. When I have a day or so to spare I jump into our sloop (10 tons) and run across and goat on my calves and yearlings. I expect to have 50 three-year-old steers to sell year after next, which butchered here will bring me about \$60 each, or \$3,000, and if all goes well I will have more to sell each subsequent year.

If you see any of Suddaby's folks tell them he is doing well, and I want him to go home soon and get a good Fenelon girl for a wife, as it is a lonely job housekeeping alone. The country on Queen Charlotte's is very pretty, and the hunting and fishing as good as can be found in the world. Suddaby likes his job; he has no one to boss him and he works well without it. His judgment is good, although he was not brought up to the cattle business. I have not heard of Wm. Thompson for years and don't know whether he is now in this coast or not. I have heard of Mike Faucett and some of the old hands from Suddaby, as well as from a gold miner named Warburton, who worked for Elliott and Sadder; he drove the engine in their mill. Give my love to all old friends and flames. Hoping to run east over the C. P. R. next year to see old places and dear old faces,

I am, my dear George, Your old friend, R. H. HALL.

P. S.—Is my old boss, J. D. Smith, still in Fenelon? If he is, remember me to him; also to the McArthur and to Shingle Smith, and to Jim Ellis, if alive. R. H. H.

For Xmas Goods go to BARRETT'S. XMAS TREE AND SOCIAL.—An Xmas tree and social will be held by the ladies of St. James's Church on Xmas eve, (Thursday, 24th inst.) in Ingram's hall. Doors will be opened at 7 o'clock. Entrance fee 10 cents; the Sunday school children free.

Be sure and visit BARRETT'S during Xmas week. OUR SCHOOL.—The half-yearly promotion examinations of the children attending the village school were held on Monday and Tuesday last, and the results, which have just been handed in for publication, will appear in our next issue. The Christmas holidays begin next Monday and school will re-open on the Monday following.

Grand illumination on Xmas Eve at BARRETT'S. CHRISTMAS TREE.—Preparations are being made by the authorities of the Presbyterian Sunday school for a Christmas tree in Ingram's hall on Tuesday evening next. Doors open at 7 o'clock; admission 10 cents. We hardly need add that the tree will be brilliantly illuminated and loaded with presents for the children, whose expectations of what they are to receive will, we hope, be fully realized.

Over-Coats from \$4 50 up at Fair weather's Cheap Store. DIPHTHERIA.—We are glad to learn from the Minden Echo that diphtheria is so rapidly abating in the northern townships that it will probably have entirely disappeared in a very short time. There have been two deaths at Kinmount and one near Ingoldsville, but in all the other cases the patients recovered. Neither of the three cases in Fenelon Falls terminated fatally, and the fears entertained by some of our villagers that the disease might spread fortunately proved groundless.

Christmas Cards half price—from 2 cents up—at Ellis's Drug Store. JUVENILE ENTERTAINMENT.—The entertainment given in Ingram's hall last Tuesday evening by the members of the Band of Hope was one of the most successful of the kind ever held in this village, and was so numerously attended that over \$25 was realized. The entertainment consisted of readings, recitations, dialogues, charades and tableaux vivants, and was very creditable to all concerned. We are requested to state that the managers and youthful amateurs have much pleasure in expressing their grateful acknowledgments to their village friends for the kind and cordial appreciation accorded to their efforts.

Fathers and mothers, don't stint your children. Go to BARRETT'S. DISAPPOINTED.—Early in the week we heard that there was to be a reply to "Indignant Parent's" communication in last week's Gazette, and as some of our readers no doubt heard it also, they will eagerly look for it in this issue, and be disappointed because it isn't, or "Hasn't either 'Woman Hater,' or 'Man-not-afraid-of-law,' or 'Managing Chief,' or 'Man-with-a-grievance,' or 'Man-not-to-be-bothered,' or 'Man-who-would-do-right-if-the-other-fellows would let him.'" a single word to say in his own defence? "Indignant Parent" wants their scamps, which will be in danger if satisfactory explanations are not given at the big pow-wow on the 28th.

Ladies' Mantles, Coats and Caps for half price at Fairweather's Cheap Store. A California girl has sold \$800 worth of feathers plucked from wild geese that she shot last fall. Several girls out there have made nearly as much.

There are more churches and chapels in London than in the whole of any European nation except France. A baby weighing one pound fourteen ounces made its advent into the home of E. Evans, a colored letter carrier of Troy, N. Y., last week.

The King of the Samoan Islands has sent as a gift to President Cleveland a jug of liquor, a drink of which will keep a man drunk for three weeks. In 1867 Henry Stocum lost a gold watch while fishing in a cove near Nantucket. Last week Wm. Tuckett fished it out with a scoopful of oysters.

Riel's Funeral.

ENGLISH-SPEAKING WINNIPEGGERS VERY INDIGNANT AND WARRLIKE. NEW YORK, Dec. 13.—A special from Winnipeg says: The English-speaking people of Winnipeg were indignant at the preparations for Riel's funeral yesterday, and a movement was inaugurated to prevent the "outrage," as the English people deem it. This movement was greatly strengthened by the wholesale circulation of handbills, reading as follows: "War of races? Yes, if necessary, and war to the teeth, if required!!! Will an already outraged public stand quietly while a great demonstration is being made over the burial of that red-headed rebel and traitor, Louis Riel? No, decidedly no! Let all truly loyal proceed to St. Boniface, where the traitor is to be interred, and, if anything is said insulting to British Canadians, let them pull the cathedral down upon the heads of the tribe that exalts the rebel, and so blot them from the face of the earth. God save the Queen."

In answer to this warlike summons, hundreds of excited Britishers crossed the river yesterday to watch the ceremony. Most of them were well armed, although not displaying their weapons, but ready to use them if the moment their leader called upon them to do so. Fortunately the hot-headed leaders of the movement, who were principally relatives of men shot in the rebellion, were prevented by the police from being present, and this fact, with the presence of a large force of provincial policemen and special constables, prevented what might have been a fearful encounter between the races, and might have been the origin of a civil war all through Canada. The half-breeds and French present were all well armed, for they looked for a fight.

Archbishop Tache, alarmed at the state of affairs, decided to do away with all the ceremony intended, and conducted the funeral services quietly within the cathedral. The excited factions remained without waiting for the body to be lowered into the grave; but the authorities decided not to allow the burial to take place at that time, and at the conclusion of the service the casket containing the remains was smuggled into the cellar of the cathedral. The announcement that the burial would not take place had the effect of dispersing the crowd.

Holocaust in England. FOURTEEN PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH. LONDON, Dec. 13.—At Plymouth today a tenement house on Love street, in a low and squalid neighbourhood, took fire, and a terrible calamity resulted. The flames burned rapidly and fiercely, and, when at last they were subdued, twelve calceated human bodies were found among the ruins. Two others are missing, and they, too, have in all probability been burnt to death. One unfortunate victim was dashed to pieces by jumping from a high window to the street. Several of the occupants of the burning buildings in their flight ignored the fire escapes, and throwing bedding to the pavement, forty feet below, jumped from windows. A number of these had legs and arms broken by the fearful leap. A harrowing incident of the calamity was the appearance of a youth named Bickford, who, with his little sister under one arm, hung suspended from a window by the other for some minutes, until the flames surrounded him and caused him to let go his hold and fall to the ground. He had both legs fractured. The child was also severely injured. The intensity of the flames gave the building the appearance of a furnace, but this did not deter the firemen, many of whom entered the house, and by a heroic struggle succeeded in rescuing several persons.

A Fearful Smash. APPALLING COLLISION ON A GEORGIA RAILWAY. ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 15.—One of the most terrible railroad accidents ever known in Georgia occurred last night at midnight, fifteen miles from this city, on the Georgia Pacific railroad. The East Tennessee and Georgia Pacific road use the same track to Ansted, and last night a Georgia & Pacific mixed train, with a coach and one sleeper, stopped at a tank to get water. The coach and sleeper were on a trestle thirty feet high. An East Tennessee fast passenger train, going at a speed of thirty miles per hour, struck the sleeper and engine and went nearly half way through it. The wreck was terrible. The fireman sprang overboard and received slight injuries, but the engineer held to his throttle and was unhurt. Twelve persons, two of whom were unknown children, were either killed on the spot or died immediately after the accident, three received injuries that are sure to prove fatal, and about ten others were less seriously injured. The dead and wounded have all been brought to Atlanta.

Restless Indians. TROUBLE FEARED WITH CHEYENNES AND ARAPAHOS. NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 15.—An Indian Territory special says the Cheyennes and Arapahos are becoming very restless, and trouble is imminent. The principal cause of discontent is the loss of money derived from cattle leases. The Indians who were loudest in denouncing cattlemen and urging their expulsion are now complaining most of the changed conditions. Reports from Fort Reno say no outbreak is likely to occur in that vicinity, but other parts of the reservation are far from being quiet. The issue of annuity goods, which was made recently at Darlington for the first time in three years, was expected to have a soothing effect; but, on the contrary, it has led to much ill-feeling among members of the two tribes.

Great Christmas Sale of Dry Goods at Fairweather's Cheap Store. Signs of the Red Flag. It is stated that about a dozen English workmen have been elected to the newly-reformed parliament, in addition to several artisans who belong to the Irish National delegation. English Radical newspapers, commenting on the fact, urge an alliance between the workmen and others of comparatively obscure position, both English and Irish, against the aristocratic and wealthy element of the house. Party combinations may temporarily frustrate such an alliance, but sooner or later it is bound to come, and party lines in the future will be largely coincident with those of social demarcation.

The action of the British workmen in using their ballots to return to parliament men of their own order, is a reproach to the indifference of the Canadian laborer to his own interests. In the past the workmen of our city, who hold the preponderance of political power, have chosen to use it to elect lawyers, merchants, manufacturers or bankers, whose interests are mainly opposed to those of labour. As a consequence, the grievances of labour have been ignored, and when measures have been asked to improve the condition of the working people they have been contemptuously refused. The factory bill, for instance, has been allowed to hang over from one session to another for several years, and it is to day no nearer becoming law than when the agitation for it began. The state-aided immigration policy has been steadily persisted in, despite the protests of those whose opportunities of gaining a livelihood were injured by the flooding of the labour market with continued new arrivals from Europe. Workmen may protest against the ostentatious regard of their rights in these and many other instances, but their complaints will avail nothing unless they follow them up by political action. So long as they keep on voting for Grit and Tory candidates, and put party before all other considerations, they have no right to expect any better treatment from either Sir John or Edward Blake than they receive. They cannot reasonably suppose that other people will be more solicitous about their concerns than they are themselves.

This is a selfish world, and the politician does not act from motives of philanthropy. It is votes, and votes alone, that most of them care about. Unless the workmen combine to let the politicians of both parties see that they have more to lose than they have to gain by refusing justice to labour, they need only look for nothing but piecemeal promises before election, and the cold shoulder afterwards.

If they would follow the example of their British brethren and elect a man of their own standing, who would put labour first and partisanship second, they could very soon effect a healthy change in the political atmosphere and public opinion. It is a matter which they ought earnestly to consider, in view of the probable near approach of a general election.—Toronto News.

Distress in Russia. While the political future of Russia is, to say the least, uncertain, the commercial and financial outlook is so dark that one scarcely sees a ray of light. The skill and enterprise of American farmers have been every year diminishing the imports of Russia into Western Europe, and to this competition has now been added that of India, whose export of wheat this year will surpass that of Russia. Competition has forced the price down to the lowest figures known in more than a century; so low, in fact, that Russia cannot grow wheat at the present prices, and the great interest of wheat growing is therefore paralysed. The ignorance, poverty and financial burdens of the peasantry are so great that they do not know how to make proper use of their lands. The latter are already becoming exhausted, and a bad season, added to the cumulative effects of bad tillage, has caused widespread disaster and discouragement among them. The suffering from these causes has gone so far that the Government has interfered for the relief of the wheat-growers; banks have been organized to make advances to proprietors and farmers to enable them to hold their wheat against the possibility of a better market. But as the Government itself is practically bankrupt, the end of this kind of help cannot be far off. The beet-root industry, after having been stimulated into life by subsidies, has now been destroyed by the competition of Germany. The great linen trade is fast going to decay by the increasing use of cotton and jute. Flocks and herds are becoming more and more the prey to various diseases. It will be seen, therefore, that the agricultural condition is desperate, and the commercial situation is no brighter. The Government adds to the general suffering by its excessive taxation for the great war expenses of the past, and steadily piles up an enormous debt by yearly deficits. A crisis is apparently inevitable, and is deferred by nothing except the immense interests of German investors in Russia.

Terrible Explosion. ONE HUNDRED MINERS IMPRISONED IN A PENNSYLVANIA MINE. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 14.—A frightful explosion of gas took place this morning at Mill Creek mine, operated by the Delaware and Hudson coal company, at Plains, a few miles from this city. At the time of the accident there were about one hundred miners, laborers and boys in the slope. The news spread at once, and the whole population seemed to have gathered about the colliery. The explosion occurred in what is known as No. 12 lift, which is located at the extreme end of the opening of the slope, being 4,000 feet from the mouth, and therefore its ventilation was a difficult problem. The gas had ignited in the breast, where a miner named Cuffey was at work. An exploring party of twenty miners entered the slope and discovered that many of those in the mine had been burnt, and the relief party immediately

A Lesson from England.

begun to remove them. Eight men were seriously injured, and one fatally. The explosion was an unavoidable one.

The Situation in Egypt. ANOTHER BRITISH EXPEDITION TO BE SENT THERE AT ONCE. LONDON, Dec. 11.—The activity and daily increasing strength of the rebel forces have attracted the attention of the government to the serious state of affairs in Egypt, and to the fact that the present British force in Egypt is totally inadequate to cope with the formidable army of the new Mahdi. Hence it is announced to-day that the government has decided to send a new expedition to the Soudan, and it is being prepared for immediate departure for Egypt. The frontier field force in Egypt consists of about 6,500 men under command of Brig-Gen. Grenfell, one-half of the force being British and the remainder Egyptian. The force in Egypt proper, which, with the above field force, constitutes the command of Lieut-General Stephenson, consists of about 8,000 British and 3,000 Egyptians. Some 2,000 of the former are stationed at Alexandria, the remainder being in Cairo, with small detachments at Assiout, Suez, and Port Said, under Gen. Hudson. At Suakin are about 3,000 British and Indian troops.

A Navy for Uncle Sam. PROPOSAL TO APPROPRIATE FIFTY MILLIONS TO BUILD TEN VESSELS. WASHINGTON, Dec. 15th.—Congressman Thomas, of Illinois, is drafting a Bill which in the main will follow the recommendations contained in Secretary Whitney's report. It appropriates fifty million dollars for the construction of ten vessels—two ironclads, three cruisers of the Atlanta type, and five gunboats. This amount does not cover the cost of arming the vessels. The gunboats will be of light draught with centreboard to enable them to go out to sea in heavy weather. Mr. Thomas says:—Under the treaty stipulations with Great Britain we are allowed to keep but one man-of-war on the lakes. In case of war a great part of our Northern frontier would be exposed to invasion by water, England could send a fleet of a hundred vessels up the St. Lawrence River and enter the lakes without meeting any opposition. Now if we had these light draught gunboats we could send them in case of an emergency through the Erie Canal without loss of time. It would not be much of a defence, but would be a start in the right direction.

"Oh, my! ain't they cheap?" is what everybody says when they see the Xmas Cards at the Drug Store.

The Sultan of Turkey now has only 250 wives.

An autograph of the Mikado of Japan, upon silk, with gorgeous red background, illuminated with lettering of gold, has been received from Yokohama by Governor Sherman, of Iowa.

A little child in Natick, Mass., was attacked by a guinea hen the other day. The child's head was badly scratched and its eyes almost put out. The bird was driven off with great difficulty.

Robert Grover, a Salford farmer, held a turkey raffle a few weeks ago, and was fined \$30 at the police court for permitting gambling on his premises. The days of the turkey raffle are over in the Grover family.

In England there are now upwards of 30,000 blind persons. The proportion of blind people to the population of all European nations bears very nearly the same ratio—1 in 1,000.

In the museum of the Ordnance Bureau at Washington is the stump of an oak tree, three feet in diameter, which was completely cut down by the bullets of the opposing armies at Spottsylvania Court House.

Telephonic communication has been established between Paris and Rheims, a distance of about one hundred and fifteen miles, and the transmission of sound is said to be perfect. Five minute's conversation costs one franc.

A Newark, N. J., woman "writes to the papers" to say that in her humble opinion the only way to get rid of the dogs which are a paralyzing existence in Newark, is by a law prohibiting people from giving them away, or selling any for less than \$2 or \$3.

Mr. Gladstone is fond of using postal cards for his communications. Although the law is that nothing must be written on the address side of the card save the address, he invariably puts either his name or his initials there. Thus the recipient is subjected to a charge of two cents extra postage. Probably the extra autograph is worth it.

A jack train passing along a cliff near Newman, Colorado, the other day crowded one of the burros over a precipice. The animal must have fallen sixty feet perpendicularly, and then struck on its back, the ore with which it was packed serving to turn its feet heavenward. The packers looked, expecting to see the animal broken into three or four sections, but he got up, snorted once or twice, and struck out for the valley.

A correspondent writing from Malaga asserts that the large sum of money contributed in England for the relief of the sufferers by earthquakes in Spain has been diverted to the restoration and reconstruction of churches, convents and other religious establishments. It was placed in the hands of the Archbishops, and none of it has reached the destitute and suffering people for whom it was intended. Indeed, they have been kept in entire ignorance of the existence of the charity.

The large employers of labor in England who are Liberals are very much incensed because their employees, who are mostly Irish, agitated and voted against them in the recent elections. They, therefore, propose to combine against the employment of Irish labor. This manner of revenge will undoubtedly provoke retaliation, and would bring to a climax the antagonism which exists between the Irish and English. Should the proposition be carried out, we may expect to hear of the reappearance of the dynamite can in England.

Intense cold prevails in England.

There is an alarming spread of diphtheria in New York city. A corstalk 25 feet long was recently exhibited in Lafayette, Ind. A train of 141 cars, loaded chiefly with cotton bales, was hauled the other day into New Orleans. There is great excitement at Dunsleth, Dak. The first baby born there will receive, by a vote of that place, \$300 and a town lot.

While a London chemist was testing a bottle of milk it exploded with a loud report, scattering fragments of glass all over the room. A lady who received through the post-office a postal card containing 1,030 words, written by a gentleman, replied on a card containing 1,940.

A professor of dentistry has been appointed for the schools in Surrey, England. His business is to look after the teeth of the pupils.

All the fruit and other trees in Santa Barbara, Cal., are being dug up, and English walnuts planted in their stead. The craze is rapidly spreading.

There are stated to be 600 schools in the Turkish Empire which have been established by American societies. The number of pupils is placed at 25,000.

The cradle that rocked President Cleveland when he was an infant has been fished out of a creek near Pala-ki, Tenn., and its history satisfactorily traced.

From a single acre you can gather 3,000 bushels of prime oysters, if you have the acre in the right place. This beats what raising by a large majority. Recent explorations at Memphis, in Egypt, have brought to light a large number of harps and other musical instruments, supposed to be at least 3,000 years old.

What they are saying.—That Ellis has the cheapest Xmas Cards ever shown at Fenelon Falls—at the Drug Store.

FENELON FALLS MARKETS.

Reported by McDougal & Brandon. Fenelon Falls, Friday, Dec'r 18th, 1885. Wheat, fall, per bushel - \$0 75 0 80. Wheat, spring, " " " " " " " " 0 75 0 80. Barley, per bushel - " " " " " " " " 40 50. Oats, " " " " " " " " 30 33. Peas, " " " " " " " " 50 60. Rye, " " " " " " " " 50 66. Potatoes, " " " " " " " " 25 30. Butter, per lb., - - - - - 12 13. Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs., \$5 00 \$5 75. Beef, per 100 lbs., - - - - - \$4 50 \$5 00. Eggs, per dozen, - - - - - 10 11. Hay, per ton, - - - - - \$10 00 \$11 00.

New Advertisements.

ESTRAY CATTLE. Strayed on to my premises, lot 18 con. 8 of Somerville, about two months ago, four head of cattle rising two years old—two Steers and two Heifers. The owner can have them by describing the same and paying charges. If not claimed within two months of date of this advertisement, they will be sold to pay expenses. For further particulars apply to—

RICHARD WINDRAM, Lot 54 Front Range Somerville, Baddow P. O. Somerville, Dec'r 14th, 1885. 44-3*

ESTRAY HEIFER. Came on to the subscriber's premises, the west half of lot 16 in the 2nd concession of Verulam, on the 27th of November last, two Heifers and one Steer, all coming two years old. The owner can have them upon proving property and paying expenses. ANDREW KNOX, Verulam, Dec'r 7th, 1885. 43-3*

CATTLE STRAYED. Strayed from the premises of the undersigned, lot 29 in the 4th concession of Verulam, two Steers rising two years old, red with white stars in forehead, one with a white mark on one shoulder; also two heifers the same age, red with white mark in forehead; all of them with more or less white on belly. Any person giving such information as will lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded. J. KASTER, Buty's Green P. O. Verulam, Dec'r 18th, 1885. 43-3*

Just Received. J. NEVISON'S HARNESS SHOP. the most complete stock of TRUNKS AND VALISES ever offered for sale in Fenelon Falls.

Robes. Horse Blankets. Whips, Curry-Combs, Brushes, and All kinds of Harness, always in stock. Give him a call. J. J. NEVISON, Fenelon Falls, Dec'r 12th, 1885.

ESTRAY HEIFER. Came on to the premises of the undersigned, about the 10th of November last, a red and white Heifer, coming two years old. The owner can have her upon proving property and paying charges. J. J. BRANDON, Fenelon Falls, Dec'r 3rd, 1884. 42-3*

ESTRAY STEER. Came on to the premises of the subscriber, lot 20 con. 2 Verulam, at the latter end of last August, a two-year-old Steer, red with white marks. The owner can have it by proving property and paying charges. JOHN COOK, Verulam, Dec'r 4th, 1885.

LOST. Lost on Friday, the 20th inst., somewhere on Colborne St. six or seven links of a gold watch-chain, with an English sovereign and a gold locket attached. The locket has the initials "J. J. B." engraved thereon. The undersigned will give a suitable reward for their recovery. J. J. BRANDON, Fenelon Falls, Nov'r 29th, 1885. 41-3.

ESTRAY PIGS. Two small black Sow Pigs came into the subscriber's yard on Thursday, the 12th of November inst. The owner can have them by proving property and paying expenses. B. M. BUTLER, Fenelon Falls, Nov'r 25th, 1885. 40-3.

ESTRAY MARE. Came on to the subscriber's premises, lot 4 in the 3rd concession of Somerville, on Saturday, November 14th, an aged chestnut Mare, with certain white markings. The owner can have her upon proving property and paying expenses. WILLIAM BELCH, Somerville, Nov'r 27th, 1885. 42-2.