

LEGAL, &c.

MARTIN & HOPKINS, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Money to Loan at 6 per cent. Office, Kent street, Lindsay, Ont. P. S. MARTIN. G. H. HOPKINS.

F. D. MOORE, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, & SOLICITOR and Notary Public. Money to Loan. Office, Kent street, Lindsay.

HUSPETH & JACKSON, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay. A. HUSPETH. A. JACKSON.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, & Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office, Doherty Block, Kent street, Lindsay. ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY.

M. SHEPPARD, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY & CONVEYANCER, McArthur's Block, Colborne street, Fenelon Falls. Money to lend on real estate.

MCINTYRE & STEWART, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, & Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office, Office over Ontario Bank, Kent street. Money to Loan at 8 per cent. on real estate securities. D. J. MCINTYRE. THOS. STEWART.

WM. McDONNELL, R., (Late Ketchum & McDonnell), BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, & Notary &c. Money to Loan. Office on Kent street, Lindsay, Ont.

J. B. DICKSON, B. A., BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, & Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office, Doherty Block, Kent street, Lindsay. Money to lend at 8 per cent.

ALEX. A. McDONALD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office, Strickland street, Fenelon Falls. Money to Loan on Mortgage Security on terms to suit borrowers. Office, Colborne street, Fenelon Falls.

JOHN A. BARRON, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Lindsay, Office on Kent Street, next door west of Keith's Agricultural and Implement Store.

MEDICAL.

A. W. J. DEGRASSI, M. D., CORONER, Physician, Surgeon, &c., &c. Residence, Brick Cottage, Wellington street, Lindsay.

WM. KEMPT, M. D., C. M., (GRADUATE of McGill University, Montreal, and Provincial Licentiate, Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician, Medical Referee to the Standard, Phoenix, Connecticut Mutual, and Equitable Insurance Companies. Office and residence, in the house lately occupied by Rev. Father Stafford, at the corner of Lindsay and Rus streets, Lindsay.

DR. A. WILSON, M.B. UNIVERSITY of Trinity College, M.B. University of Toronto, Memb. Col. Phys. and Surg., Ont. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office, Colborne street, Fenelon Falls.

DR. J. H. LOWE, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Coroner for the Provisional County of Haliburton. Office and residence in Mr. Thomas Murray's house, Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON, P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, &c. Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THOMAS LOCKHART, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES for the County of Victoria. Residence on Murray St., Fenelon Falls.

SECOND DIVISION COURT IN THE COUNTY OF VICTORIA. The next sittings of this Court will be held on Thursday, October 27th, 1881. GEO. CUNNINGHAM, Clerk.

JAMES J. POWER, LICENSED Auctioneer, Accountant and General Commission Agent. Collecting accounts a specialty. Office, Fenelon Falls, Ont.

S. JOHNSON, AUCTIONEER. Village Property and Farm Sales a specialty. Notes, Accounts, Rents &c. collected. Office and residence on Bond street, Fenelon Falls.

6 PER CENT. 6. MONEY TO LEND at 6, 6 1/2 and 7 per cent., according to security, on Real Estate mortgages. Apply to JOHN A. BARRON, Solicitor, Lindsay.

J. NEELANDS, DENTIST, LINDSAY. One of the firm will be at the MCARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, on the third Monday of each month. Teeth extracted by laughing gas without pain or injury, or no charge will be made. Office established in Lindsay nearly fifteen years.

\$50,000 TO LEND AT 8 PER CENT., with the privilege of paying off in full or by instalments at any time. Mortgages bought. J. B. DIXON, Barrister, &c. Office Doherty Block, Kent street, Lindsay.

MONEY TO LOAN On Real Estate at Eight per cent. Private Funds. Interest payable at Lindsay. No Commission charged. No Deposit required. Expenses very small. Apply to E. D. ORDE, Office, McDonnell's Block, Kent street, Lindsay.

JOB PRINTING. If you want Job Printing executed, free from errors, and at reasonable prices, send it to the Fenelon Falls Gazette office.

J. BRITTON, WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER & ENGRAVER, dealer in Clocks, All Kinds, AMERICAN WATCHES, the Best and Cheapest, IN SILVER AND GOLD CASES in the newest styles and at lowest prices. Persons sending watches from a distance for repairs, can have the amount of work and price reported on for their consideration, and as I do the work myself, can depend on having it done satisfactorily. Britton's Block, foot of Kent St., Lindsay.

ONTARIO BANK. Capital - - - - - \$3,000,000. President - - - - - Sir W. P. Howland. Vice-President - - - - - C. S. Gzowski, Esq. General Manager - - - - - D. Fisher, Esq. LINDSAY BRANCH. Drafts bought and sold on all points in Canada, United States and Great Britain, and general banking business transacted. Savings Department RE-OPENED. Interest allowed on deposits of five dollars and upwards. S. A. McMURTRY, Manager. Lindsay, Feb. 16th, 1881.

The Fenelon Falls Gazette

Saturday, Sept'r 22nd, 1881.

Death of the President.

The lone agony is at length over and President Garfield is numbered with the dead. At 9 o'clock on Monday night he was asleep and in as good condition as he had been at any time during the day, and there was then so little apparent danger of any immediate change for the worse that a despatch was sent to the President's sons at Williams College, countermanding a previous despatch which summoned them to their father's bedside. At a quarter past 10 the patient awoke from sleep, and, placing his hand upon his heart, said to General Swain: "Oh, Swain, what a pain! Can't you do something for me, Swain?" Dr. Bliss was instantly sent for, and upon entering the room saw at once that the end was approaching. The other physicians and the President's wife and daughter were then called, and at 10:35 the sufferer died. A post mortem examination was held on Tuesday in the presence of a number of physicians, the operation being performed by Dr. Laub, of the Army Medical Museum, Washington, and it was found that the ball, after fracturing the right eleventh rib, had passed through the spinal column in front of the spinal canal, fracturing the body of the first lumbar vertebra driving a number of small fragments of bone into the adjacent soft parts and lodging below the pancreas, about two inches and a half to the left of the spine and behind the peritoneum, where it had become completely encysted. The immediate cause of death was the mesenteric hemorrhage from one of the mesenteric arteries adjoining the track of the ball, the blood rupturing the peritoneum and nearly a pint escaping into the abdominal cavity. The remains of the deceased were conveyed from Long Branch to Washington on Wednesday and will be carried on Friday to Cleveland, where they will lie in state until Monday, and then be interred in Lakeview cemetery. The late President was shot on the 2nd of July, since which date—a period of over eleven weeks—his condition has been daily discussed with the most intense solicitude throughout the civilized world, and the news of his death will be received with a burst of sorrow as genuine in other countries as it is in the United States. Arthur has been sworn in as President, and has fully assumed the duties of his office.

A Judge's Opinion.

The Middlesex Assizes opened at London on Monday last, and Hon. Justice Burton in his address to the Grand Jury said, referring to the Biddulph tragedy: "Those entrusted with the administration of the law should be aided in the execution of their duties by an active, intelligent and trained constabulary. There is much reason to believe that if the law had been rigorously enforced this terrible disaster would never have occurred."

We should like to be permitted to pat Mr. Justice Burton on his learned back in token of our approval of the above remarks, which are in exact accord with what has been repeatedly asserted by the Gazette. Not only in Biddulph but in numerous other localities the law is administered with such feebleness and pusillanimity that it has but small terrors for able-bodied and ferocious offenders, and one cannot help being startled by the number of crimes committed in Canada and especially by the number of criminals who escape detection and punishment. No doubt the existence of an "active, intelligent and trained constabulary," under the direction of a competent and courageous magistracy would have a deterrent effect on the lawless classes; especially if it were thoroughly understood that any glaring neglect of duty, such as there have been far too many instances of, would be followed by the immediate and ignominious dismissal of the offender. The question of expense, too, is often unquestionably an obstacle in the way of prompt action, and complaints of the dilatoriness of both magistrates and constables would be far less frequent if all doubts on the subject of "costs" were set at rest. Whatever the cause, it is a well known and widely deplored fact that the laws are not rigorously enforced in this Dominion, and Justice Burton or any other man who points out existing defects or offers sug-

gestions likely to lead to an improvement deserves the thanks of the community.

An Effective Letter.

The Toronto (Eng.) correspondent of the London Globe is in great glee over a brief and pithy letter sent by Colonel Moberly, an Irish landlord, to a recalcitrant Tipperary tenant, whom it quickly brought to terms. The tenant, a Mr. Patrick Dagg, had held the farm for years at a very low rent and was on the best of terms with his landlord; but at last allowed himself to be persuaded by evil councillors that he was the victim of oppression, and declined to pay more than Griffith's valuation. Whereupon the Colonel wrote to him as follows:—"Of course I cannot make you honest, but I can punish you for being dishonest. This I intend to do. If, therefore, you do not pay a full year's rent, I shall file a petition against you in the Bankruptcy Court. If you do not pay, as you will be ordered to do, you will be declared a bankrupt and your property will be given over to be disposed of for the benefit of your creditors, of whom I shall be one. You need not flatter yourself that there will be no sale and no bidders, for I shall have people there to bid for me, and shall get, if there are no bidders in this time, all the property you have, your lease included, sold to me for a few shillings. The cattle and goods I shall give to the mob, whom you will find just as willing to plunder you as you are to plunder me. The buildings I shall burn down and let the land run to waste to recover the fertility of which, owing to your style of farming, you have pretty well deprived it. As I have few wants, no duties, no family, and a good English income, the loss will be a mere nothing to me, and I shall have the satisfaction of punishing you I trust, rendering you for life an inmate of the Newgate Union."

A day or two after receiving his landlord's persuasive epistle, Mr. Dagg wrote to say that he would remit his rent without further delay.

Village Council Proceedings.

Fenelon Falls, September 13th, 1881. Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members present, H. W. Greene, Esq., Reeve, and councillors Campbell, Deyman and Robson. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. Moved by Mr. Robson, seconded by Mr. Deyman, That for the information of the ratepayers of the village and School Section No. 3 the following rates be placed in the minute book:—Requisition from school board for school purposes, \$1860; debenture and interest, \$450; county school rate, \$200; Victoria rate, \$510 33; village rate, \$538; County Railway, \$1165 32.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Deyman, seconded by Mr. Campbell, That the following account be paid and the receipt given in order for the same:—T. Ball, repairing fire engine and furnishing packing, \$1 60.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Robson, seconded by Mr. Campbell, That there will be certain contracts for building sidewalks on Francis street east and west, and on the south side of the river, on Saturday, the 17th instant, at 12 o'clock.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Deyman, seconded by Mr. Campbell, That the constable notify parties not having proper approaches to the crossings on sidewalks at their residences to put the same in proper repair in accordance to By-law No. 3 Clause 13.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Deyman, seconded by Mr. Campbell, That the council now adjourn, to meet on Monday, September 26th, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Powell's Corners.

(Correspondence of the Gazette.) HOME AGAIN.—Mr. John Thorn has just returned from a tour through Manitoba, Dakota and Minnesota, and gives a glowing account of all three. A BREAK DOWN.—While the Murphy Brothers were threshing for W. M. Parrish & Son, one of the hands attending the machine let a sheaf catch in the gearing, and the lost time and repairs amounted to \$30.

THE PULPIT.—Our new pastor, the Rev. Mr. Edmison, preached his first sermon here to a large and attentive congregation.

MINOR NOTES.—No marriages to record this week, but there will be another before long...A few farmers have taken their potatoes up...The late showers have stopped the fires from spreading...Farmers are anxiously waiting for rain enough to commence ploughing, for the season is fast hastening away...The Gazette is a welcome visitor.

Condensed News.

—In May next 35,000 bushels of wheat will be received at the Midland elevator from Duluth, and will be forwarded thence to Montreal.

—Mr. M. Boyd's polled Angus cattle took first prize in their class at the Toronto Exhibition, and he has refused \$350 for the first calf of one of his heifers.

—A moose lately shot near Eagle Lake, Haliburton county, weighed 850 pounds when dressed, and over 80 pounds of rendered tallow was taken from its sides.

—The Lindsay High School is to be transformed into a Collegiate Institute, the Minister of Education having given a favourable reply to the application for the change.

—Mr. James Johnston, Jr., of Whitby, was badly burned on the hands and face a few days ago by the bursting of a coal oil lamp, which he pluckily held on to until he threw it into the street.

—The quantity of game killed in the north county this year is greatly below the average, both birds and beasts having been driven from their accustomed haunts by the numerous bush fires.

—Mr. Chantler, of Penetanguishene, has shown the editor of the Herald a very rich specimen of nickeltite silver, which he found in a locality, known only to himself, where he says there are thousands of tons of it.

—The schooner Aurora, Capt. Strickland, has made thirty-four trips between Port Hope and Oswego this season, and has carried a total of more than eight and a half million feet of lumber.

—Mrs. Marshall, of Cavan, who is in her 96th year, has lately received her "second sight," after using spectacles for more than forty years, and she now sees as well without them as she ever could.

—A knitting factory will soon be started in Port Hope, but the company will have to purchase their yarn for a time instead of spinning it, as their order for cards cannot be filled for some months.

—At the laying of the corner stone of the new C. M. church in Midland, last week, there was a large gathering from all parts of the country, some six or seven hundred having arrived by train from Port Hope and intermediate points.

—Mr. E. J. Dunham, of Lindsay, recently sold out the Dunham House to Mr. W. A. Jewett, the former landlord, intending to purchase the lease and interest of the Benson House; but the negotiations fell through, in consequence of which Mr. Dunham will probably leave Lindsay.

—The town council of Lindsay is to be asked to pass a by-law permitting the construction of gas works, which it is believed will be commenced at no distant date. The capital stock is to be \$50,000 divided into 2,500 shares of \$20 each, and a company has already been formed.

—The Port Hope News says that the way in which the contract for dredging the harbor has been let is a huge fraud, for which Colonel Williams will be held responsible. Richard O'Neill, a local man and a good Conservative, was awarded the contract, and has sublet it to Toronto men who will give him a percentage.

—One of the lady teachers in the public school in Peterborough has suggested the propriety of providing a number of cradles for some of the infants who attend her department, which would give her more time to devote to the children old enough to profit by instruction. The idea is a capital one, and ought by all means to be acted upon.

—The Argosy says that the story that a baby was thrown into the refuse furnace at the B. C. L. company's mill needs correction. About midnight the man in charge saw something wrapped in a woman's shawl conveyed along by the carriers, and it went into the fire before he could reach it with his pike-pole, but what the shawl contained can only be conjectured.

—Martyr R. Huston, son of Mr. Jos. Huston, of Peterborough, was brakeman on the Grand Junction Railway, and last Monday morning, while attempting to climb from the roof of the last freight car, fell in front of the latter and was cut in two by the wheels. He was a bright, active young man, about 18 years of age. An inquest was duly held, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

AGRICULTURAL SHOWS.—The fall show of the North Victoria and Bexley and Carden Branch Agricultural Societies will be held at Victoria Road on Thursday and Friday, September 29th and 30th, and the Fenelon show will be held at Fenelon Falls on Saturday, October 1st.

OFF THE TRACK.—A flat car off the track at the junction, on Wednesday evening, caused a delay of over an hour in the arrival of the mail train at Fenelon Falls. At first it was reported here that the bridge across McLaren's creek was burned, which, if true, would have been a bad thing for the company.

HOME AGAIN.—Captain Kennedy's company of volunteers got home about 1 o'clock on Sunday morning in good health and spirits, and are said to have been as fine a lot of men physically and as well up in their drill as any in camp. The special train in which they left Picton contained about 1,000 troops and 163 horses.

AT LAST.—After long and vexatious delay, Messrs. McArthur & Thomson have received the engine and boilers for their mill, which we suppose will soon be in operation. The engine arrived some days ago, but the boilers did not get here until Monday morning. The machinery as well as the building itself is all new, and the mill will be as good a one for its size as any in the Province.

THE FENELON SHOW.—We have been requested to state that at the Fenelon Agricultural Show on Saturday, October 1st, first and second prizes will be given for fat cattle and fat sheep, in accordance with the decision of the Directors, but as the Secretary is away from home we have been unable to ascertain the amount of the prizes. The reason they did not appear on the bill was because they were not in the copy furnished us.

THE SOMERVILLE TRAGEDY.—We have received a call from one of the defeated candidates at the last municipal election in the township of Somerville, and he desires us to deny most emphatically, on behalf of himself and the other defeated candidates, that either one of them had anything whatever to do with originating or circulating the rumours and insinuations current with reference to the cause of the suicide of the late Mrs. Thomas Robson, Jr.

TO BE REGRETTED.—We are sorry to hear that Mr. Thomas Lockhart will cease to be station master in this village at the expiration of the present month. He has held the office ever since the Victoria Railway commenced running, and has given such satisfaction that it will be difficult to appoint a man to the position who will be more popular. The news of his intended removal was heard with much regret, and a hope was generally expressed that the difficulty between himself and the manager which is said to have led to it might be smoothed over.

THE BUSH FIRES.—Two or three light rains of late have had so depressing an effect on the bush fires that they have ceased to be formidable and are no longer the chief topic of conversation. Still, the danger from them is not yet over, as they are not extinguish-

ed and a few hot days, followed by a high wind, may set them going again. The last sufferer that we have heard of in this neighbourhood was Mr. John Daniel, reeve of Fenelon, who a few days ago lost an unoccupied log house and a barn containing about forty tons of hay on one of his farms. Whether the property was insured or not we have been unable to learn. On Thursday night there was a splendid rain, plentiful enough to fill impatient housewives water barrels to overflowing, and we hope, to thoroughly quench the remaining bush fires.

CAUGHT BY THE NOSE.—Pigs are proverbially obstinate animals, and one that was more so than usual happened last Monday morning to be rooting at one of the rails on the track between here and Lindsay just as the train was going past. The other pigs stepped aside and escaped unhurt, but the obstinate one wouldn't budge an inch, and the consequence was that one of the wheels took an inch or so off the end of his nose as neatly as if it had been done with a knife.

FIRES AT BOBEAYEON.—Last Saturday evening a stable owned by Mr. Edward Kelly, who lives just within the limits of Bobeayeon, was destroyed by fire, together with some stores and winter clothing and bedding stored therein. The loss was not very heavy, but there was no insurance. On Monday morning Mr. N. G. Arnsberg, who lives on the next lot to Mr. Kelly, was also a sufferer from fire, which consumed his barn, about 50 bushels of wheat and some other grain. There was an insurance of \$50 on the building, which with its contents was valued at \$300. It is not known how either fire originated.

FOG.—On Monday morning there was one of the densest fogs we ever saw in Canada, and very likely it had a terrifying effect on the credulous people who cannot entirely divest themselves of the idea that Mother Shipton was a pretty good judge of coming events, and who consequently fear that everything at all unusual is indicative of the approaching end of the world. For a time the fog was so thick that persons out of doors could not see each other at a distance of fifteen or twenty yards, and horses had to be driven slowly in order to avoid collisions; but by ten o'clock the sun had so far dissipated the mist that even the most timid began to feel hopeful that the world would last a few more days at any rate.

THE CENTRAL EXHIBITION.—The managers of the Central Exhibition, which this year is to be held in Lindsay, have acted wisely. Instead of following a miserly precedent and trying to cut down their printing expenses to the lowest point possible, they have divided the bulk of the work between the two Lindsay offices at fair prices and have sent a small advertisement to each of the twenty-five or thirty papers in the district embraced. The managers have evidently determined to neglect nothing likely to aid in making the exhibition a success, and, knowing the value of printer's ink, they are using it as freely as the state of the funds justifies. We hope, and do not doubt, that their enterprise will be well rewarded, for the exhibition is in good hands and every effort is being made to eclipse all the "Centrals" that have yet been held.

THE GRAIN MARKET.—The farmers are in good spirits, and no wonder, for not only is this year's harvest an exceptionally good one, but grain of all kinds fetches tip-top prices. On Tuesday \$1 30 was paid for good wheat in this village, and the market is gradually extending from the railway station to the school-house; for competition among the buyers is so keen that they are every day going a little further up street to meet the farmers, who evidently enjoy the fun of their being waylaid, and lodge lazily upon their loads until the highest price has been offered and accepted, and then drive to the purchaser's storehouse. In Lindsay, on Monday, a regular procession of waggons laden with full bags was passing through the street all day, and one or two of the merchants told us that, though business was not yet very brisk, money for old accounts was coming in quite freely. We hope it is the same in this village.

A NICE JOB.—We have hitherto neglected the obvious duty of favourably noticing the North Victoria Agricultural Society's show bill, which was printed at the office of the Woodville Advocate. If we possessed more human nature than we are afflicted with we should, while pretending to praise the bill, covertly insinuate that it wasn't much after all, as we always did the Society's printing before the existence of the Advocate, whose geographical position secures for it the preference. But we say unreservedly that the job is an excellent one and highly creditable to the establishment in which it was elaborated. It is printed in three coloured, blue and yellow, which makes it very impressive, and it owes part of its attractiveness to the use of material not generally found in a village printing office. The only thing about it we can find to object to is that it probably did not pay as well as it ought to have done.

A RUNAWAY.—A lively runaway by which, fortunately, nobody was hurt, took place in this village last Saturday morning. Mr. Wm. Junkin, of Verulam, left a span of nice grey horses, attached to a double buggy, standing behind the railway storehouse with a little boy at their heads; but he was too young to be of any use, and when the animals, alarmed by an approaching train, made a forward movement, he wisely consulted his own safety and stepped from in front of them. For a short distance they only walked, and might have been easily stopped; but as there was no one at hand to do it they soon began to trot, and then to gallop. After crossing the common they reached the road close to Jordan's storehouse, where, turning suddenly, the buggy was upset with such violence that the body was smashed, torn from its fastenings and left behind. From some cause the wheels then righted, and the thoroughly frightened horses set off at a furious gallop towards the village. When about a third of the way across

the bridge the buggy struck against something and upset, and one of the horses was thrown down by the shock but was not hurt, as his companion cleverly jumped over him. The fallen horse was up again in an instant, and breaking both whifflores, the party waded to the end of the bridge, where they were captured by some men who saw them approaching. Neither animal had a scratch on it and the wheels and the running gear of the buggy were uninjured, but the box and springs were almost past mending.

THE RURAL CANADIAN.—This is the name of an agricultural paper, the publication of which has just been commenced by Mr. C. Blackett Robinson of Toronto. Two numbers have already been printed and there will be a third, after which there will be an intermission until the 1st of January, when the regular issue will begin, and subscribers will receive the three specimen numbers free of charge. The Rural Canadian will evidently be well worth the subscription price, \$1 per annum, as it will contain a vast amount of information useful and interesting to farmers and their families, and a good portion of its contents will be original. The copies received are admirably printed in clear type on extra thick white paper, and no doubt in these respects, as well as all others, are only fair samples of what the future numbers are to be. The well known Rev. W. F. Clarke is editor, and as he is to be assisted by a staff of able sub-editors it may be safely taken for granted that our old friend C. B. R. is bound to make his new publication the equal of any agricultural paper in Canada or the States.

THE DAMAGED BRIDGE.—The work of replacing the burnt portion of the railway bridge north of Kinnmount took somewhat longer than was anticipated; and, although not an hour of daylight was lost, it was Monday evening before it was in a condition for trains to pass over it. The fire occurred on Thursday evening, and first thing next morning Smith's mill commenced cutting out the necessary square timbers, and it took the whole of that day to prepare enough to go on with, so that operations on the bridge itself, which is over a deep ravine or gulley, could not be begun until Saturday. Twenty men—all but three were from Fenelon Falls—were on the structure, and twenty more were on board the special train that ran to and fro between the bridge and the mill; and it was only by keeping right on under high pressure from daylight until dark on Saturday, Sunday and Monday that the job was finished by the end of the third day. Though there was no train north of the bridge at the time of the fire, traffic—except for heavy freight—was not put a stop to, as two hand cars, with a lorry between them, conveyed passengers and their baggage to and from Haliburton at a speed of about eight miles an hour. There was no bush fire near the bridge at the time and it is supposed that a spark from an engine fell into some crack or corner in the structure and was gradually fanned into flame, as the timbers were exceedingly dry and the day was windy.

The American Fisheries.

A census bulletin just issued gives statistics regarding the fishing industry in the American waters of the great lakes for the year 1875. The kinds of fish returned are white fish, trout, herring, sturgeon, hard fish, soft fish, rough fish, coarse fish and mixed fish. There were employed in the business 5,000 fishermen, with vessels, apparatus and accessories valued at \$1,345,000. The fish caught in 1875 weighed 68,750,000 pounds, and were worth \$1,650,000. The leading kind was white fish, of which 21,000,000 pounds, valued at \$778,000, were taken; \$220,000 worth of trout were caught and over \$100,000 each of herring and sturgeon. Of the whole amount of fish obtained \$1,100,000 worth were sold fresh, \$400,000 worth were salted, \$126,000 frozen, and \$109,000 smoked. The industry was carried on to the greatest extent in Lake Michigan, where the yield amounted to \$665,000 in value, and in Lake Erie, where the value exceeded \$400,000.

The Land League.

The Herald's Dublin cable of the 18th says:—The Land League Convention occupied the best part of the last day's sitting in an arduous attempt to secure the adhesion of the labouring classes to the policy of the League. For some months growing dissatisfaction has been manifested by labourers through out Ireland at the neglect of their interests by the advocates of the land reform, and there seemed to be danger that a rival agitation, directed chiefly against the farming class, would grow alongside the tenant movement in Ireland. Alarmed by the mutinous attitude of the five hundred thousand labourers who within a few years are to possess the use of their labourers, or as an alternative, give them grass for one cow. This will be a bitter pill for the tenant farmers, but they will probably swallow it to prevent the labourers from going over to the landlord interest. It was an arduous movement on the part of Parnell, and will probably have the effect of rallying to his party the most dangerous elements in the Irish population, and supply him with supporters equally ready to coerce farmers or landlords.

Wholesale Murder.

A MAINE DEMONIC SOUTHERNER HIS HOUSEHOLD. ROCKLAND, Me., Sept. 17.—Chas. Smith surrendered himself to the authorities last night, stating that he had shot and killed his unfaithful wife at South Hope. It has been ascertained that Smith attempted to kill Mrs. Metcalf, but she, with two children, escaped to the woods. Smith then shot and killed his sleeping child, and entering the room where his wife and mother-in-law lay, shot the latter, probably fatally. Asking his wife to kiss him he shot her through the breast and left. Jealousy was the cause. WHAT NEXT? A STARTLING PHENOMENON—WHAT WAS THE CAUSE? The Westphalian papers give an account of a terrible catastrophe which occurred in the north-western part of that Province on the 18th of August. There has been for some time in operation in the neighbourhood of Solingen, not far from Barmen, a strange phenomenon. A part of the soil of a hilly heath became excessively hot, so much so that some people living close by availed themselves of the heat for domestic purposes. The explanation suggested was that some inflammable subterranean gas, or perhaps petroleum, had been accidentally set on fire. Some water had been brought to the spot by the burning soil which only produced violent explosions, which seemed to shatter all the ground around. Some persons, members of a family, drove out in a carriage from Renscheid to inspect the spot. When they arrived at a distance of a quarter of an English mile they heard a strange rumbling noise, which terrified the horses that it was necessary to alight and send the carriage back some distance. Suddenly a space of the hillside about 100 meters square opened, disclosing a gulf of liquid fire, and throwing up flames. The house where the family mentioned above lived was at once surrounded by the flames, and was, before their eyes, swallowed up in the liquid, fiery column at their feet, apparently feeding the flames. It is known that several persons were in the house at the time. None were saved, but it has not been ascertained how many perished.

The Beatty Farm, Nipissing.

The shores of the South River, Nipissing, furnish the largest tract of first-class land with which I am acquainted, north of Washago. There must be in this tract some thousands of acres of the stoutest and best loamy clay in the Dominion. As long as seventeen years ago this land attracted the attention of Mr. John Beatty, a native of the Ottawa valley, then engaged in lumbering. He determined to commence farming it. Of course the difficulties to be met with were enormous. His supplies had to be brought in from the Mattawa. But he persevered, and now he has about 150 acres cleared and in crops. One piece of oats, sixty-five acres, equal to yielding forty bushels to the acre, was a slight one for some years. Mr. Beatty has sixty tons of hay in his barn, and the produce of several acres of wheat, barley, peas, etc., all good crops. In times past he has received fabulous prices from the lumbermen—for oats \$2 a bushel, and for hay \$50 a ton. Of course that day is gone, but prices at Nipissing are still materially higher than in the front, say 60 cents for oats and \$20 for hay. The whole of Mr. Beatty's farm is as level as a billiard table, and there is not a stone of any kind, large or small, upon the 400 acres of bush and clearings which he holds. The soil is clay loam, of that loose, friable texture which delights the heart of the market gardener. It can be worked immediately after rain, and does not run-together. The depth of this soil is about two feet, and underlying it is clay, which is in itself a store of inexhaustible fertility. Nearly all the stumps are gone from the clearings. A point in favour of this tract of land is that it actually lies nearer the sea level than does some of the land upon which Toronto is built. It is about thirty feet above Lake Nipissing, which is seventy feet above Georgian Bay, which is the height of Niagara above Lake Ontario. Nearly the whole of the country north of Lake Simcoe is elevated 1,000 to 1,300 feet above sea level, which is of course equivalent to pushing the land farther north, so far as climate is concerned. The low land around Nipissing does not have this disadvantage. It may be interesting to orchardists to learn that Mr. Beatty has a small orchard, planted out last spring, and that the trees are all living, notwithstanding that they had a month's drying out at Rossau before Mr. Beatty knew they had arrived there. As there is considerable doubt among Muskokians as to whether their country is suited for orcharding, it may also be stated that Mr. Parks, residing 16 miles north of Macnetawan, has some apple trees, and his neighbours have some also. The sole difference between these trees and those which have formerly been brought by the thousand into Muskoka is that the trees that are now growing were sent in good condition and attended to on arrival.

The stacked wheat up in Minnesota has been seriously injured by the recent rainy weather.

Those who are subject to Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion or any Kidney Affection, should take the advice of an able physician and use Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. In large bottles at 50 cents. John Nugent, special agent for Fenelon Falls.

James Crutshank and Mrs. Coleman, of Elderslie, got married the other day. The groom is 86 and his bride 69.

As a Family Medicine Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters are rapidly taking the place of pills, they are equally effective, do not grip, weaken, or produce nausea and are purely vegetable. In large 8 oz. bottles at 50 cents. John Nugent, special agent for Fenelon Falls.

Dr. Carson never claimed for his Stomach and Constipation Bitters any Miraculous Power of Healing, but with the quiet consciousness of their medicinal virtues he prescribes them to all those who suffer from any derangement of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Kidneys. In large 8 oz. bottles at 50 cents. John Nugent, special agent for Fenelon Falls.

Duina: 1880 the London (Eng) Metropolitan Police seized 29,297 stray dogs.

Cardwood is \$8 per cord at Braudon, Man.

Dr. Carson never claimed for his Stomach and Constipation Bitters any Miraculous Power of Healing, but with the quiet consciousness of their medicinal virtues he prescribes them to all those who suffer from any derangement of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Kidneys. In large 8 oz. bottles at 50 cents. John Nugent, special agent for Fenelon Falls.