LEGAL &c.

MARTIN & HOPKINS,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Money to Loan at 6 per cent. Office, Kent street, Lindsay, Ont.
P. S. MARTIN. G. H. HOPKINS.

F. D. MOORE,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, & SOLICITR and Notary Public. Money to Loan. Office, Kent street, Lindsay.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. Office, William street, Lindsay.
A. HUDSPETH. A. JACKSON.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office, Doheny Block, Kent street, Lindsay.
ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY.

M. SHEPPARD,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY & Conveyancer, McArthur's Block, Colborne street, Fenelon Falls. Money to lend on real estate.

McINTYRE & STEWART,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., Lindsay. Office over Ontario Bank, Kent street. Money to Loan at 8 per cent. on real estate securities.
D. J. McINTYRE. THOS. STEWART.

WM. McDONNELL, B.,
(Late Ketchum & McDonnell,)
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, Notary &c. Money to Loan. Office on Kent street, Lindsay, Ont.

J. B. DICKSON, B. A.,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office, Doheny Block, Kent street, Lindsay. Money to lend at 8 per cent.

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JOHN A. BARRON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Lindsay. Office on Kent Street, next door west of Keith's Agricultural and Implement Store.

MEDICAL.

A. W. J. DeGRASSI, M. D.,
CORONER, Physician, Surgeon, &c., &c. Residence, Brick Cottage, Wellington street, Lindsay.

WM. KEMPT, M. D., C. M.,
GRADUATE of McGill University, Montreal, and Provincial Licentiate, Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician. Medical Referee to the Standard, Phœnix, Connecticut Mutual, and Equitable Insurance Companies. Office and residence, in the house lately occupied by Rev. Father Stafford, at the corner of Lindsay and Rus streets, Lindsay.

DR. A. WILSON,
M. B. UNIVERSITY of Trinity College. M. B. University of Toronto. Memb. Col. Phys. and Surg., Ont. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Office, Colborne street, Fenelon Falls.

DR J. H LOWE,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Coroner for the Provisional County of Haliburton.
☞ Office and residence in Mr. Thomas Marrs's house, Francis Street East, Fenelon Falls.

SURVEYORS.

JAMES DICKSON,
P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, &c. Residence, and address, Fenelon Falls.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECOND DIVISION COURT IN THE COUNTY OF VICTORIA.

The next sittings of this Court will be held on Wednesday, August 31st, 1881.
GEO. CUNNINGHAM, Clerk.

JAMES J. POWER,
LICENSED Auctioneer, Accountant and General Commission Agent. Collecting accounts a specialty. Office, Fenelon Falls, Ont.

S. JOHNSON.
AUCTIONEER. Village Property and Farm Sales a specialty. Notes, Accounts, Rents &c. collected. Office and residence on Bond street, Fenelon Falls.

6. PER CENT. 6.
MONEY TO LEND
at 6, 6½ and 7 per cent., according to security, on Real Estate mortgages.
Apply to
JOHN A. BARRON, Solicitor, Lindsay

J. NEELANDS,
DENTIST, LINDSAY.
One of the firm will be at the McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, on the third Monday of each month. Teeth extracted by laughing gas without pain or injury, or no charge will be made.
☞ Office established in Lindsay nearly fifteen years.

$50,000 TO LEND
AT 8 PER CENT.,
with the privilege of paying off in full or by instalments at any time Mortgages bought.
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MONEY TO LOAN
On Real Estate at Eight per cent. Private Funds. Interest payable at Lindsay. No Commission charged nor Deposit required. Expenses very small. Apply to
E. D. ORDE.
☞ Office, McDonnell's Block, Kent street, Lindsay.

JOB PRINTING.
If you want Job Printing neatly executed, free from errors, and at reasonable prices, send it to the Fenelon Falls *Gazette* office.

☞ Hurrah for Reapers, Mowers & Sulky Rakes, the best and cheapest in the market—Massey's manufacture—to be seen at Robson & Robson's Cameron Lake Foundry, Fenelon Falls. The leading farmers of North Victoria will testify to their superiority over all others that they have ever tried.—11-t.f.

J. BRITTON,
WATCHMAKER,
JEWELLER & ENGRAVER,
dealer in
Clocks, All Kinds,
30 day, 8 day and 30 hour, Alarm strike, &c,
AMERICAN WATCHES,
the Best and Cheapest,
IN SILVER AND GOLD CASES
in the newest styles and at lowest prices.
☞ Persons sending watches from a distance for repairs, can have the amount of work and price reported on for their consideration, and as I do the work myself, can depend on having it done satisfactorily.
Britton's Block, foot of Kent St., Lindsay.

ONTARIO BANK.
Capital - - - - - - $3,000,000.
President .....Sir. W. P. Howland.
Vice-President .....C. S. Gzowski, Esq.
General Manager .....D. Fisher, Esq.
LINDSAY BRANCH.
Drafts bought and sold on all points in Canada, United States and Great Britain, and general banking business transacted.
Savings Department
RE-OPENED.
Interest allowed on deposits of five dollars and upwards.
S. A. McMURTRY, *Manager.*
Lindsay, Feb. 16th, 1881. 50-t.f.

The Fenelon Falls Gazette

Saturday, August 20th, 1881.

The Irish Land Bill.

The long and wearisome contest between the Lords and the Commons over the Irish Land Bill has at length come to an end. The former, after resisting the popular wish until a storm of indignation was raised against them, have suddenly and almost unexpectedly given way, no doubt fearing the unpleasant consequences which the history of the past shows would inevitably have resulted from further opposition. The Bill will at once receive the royal assent, and immediately thereafter be enforced in Ireland.

Bad News From Washington.

President Garfield is believed, to be dying; indeed, a few days ago he was so low that his death was actually reported on the other side of the Atlantic and one or two English papers published obituary notices. Although the last operation seemed to produce beneficial results and the President's wound was said to be progressing favourably, exhaustion has lately increased with terrible rapidity, and it is impossible to read the latest reports of his condition without being forced to the conclusion that if he now revover his restoration to health will be little less than miraculous. The attendant physicians, five in number, issue at short intervals ambiguous bulletins, so worded as to keep hope alive in the public breast, while they do not contain any decided statements either one way or the other; but Dr. Hammond, a high medical authority, boldly declares that the President has only three or four days to live, that he has been starved to death for want of a proper quantity of nourishment, and that the original wound was not sufficient to cause death had it been properly treated. We cannot help thinking that Dr. Hammond is right, and that the illustrious patient, should he die, will have fallen a victim less to the injury inflicted by Gitteau than to the extraordinary amount of, and perhaps not very skilful, doctoring to which he has since been subjected.

An Unpleasant Affair.

For some time past there have been rumours damaging to the character for veracity of the Rev. Mr. Glover, pastor of the Methodist Church in this village; but we did not know that any action with reference to them was to be taken, and were therefore surprised to learn, on Tuesday morning last, that a committee of investigation was then sitting in the church, in consequence of certain charges having been formally brought against Mr. Glover, in the prescribed manner, by one of the members of his congregation. The ministers present were Mr. Clarke, Chairman of the District, and Mr. Greener, both of Lindsay, Mr. Barrass of Omemee, Mr. Welden of Cannington, Mr. Campbell of Oakwood, and Mr. Tozland of Dunsford. The Rev. Mr. Clarke was chairman of the committee by virtue of his office, and the Rev. Mr. Barrass was appointed to act as Secretary. The investigation was conducted with closed doors, but we have learned all we care to know of the proceedings. The charges were four in number, each one setting forth that Mr. Glover had, on a specified occasion, been guilty of a direct and wilful violation of the truth. After hearing the evidence brought forward the committe decided that two of the charges were not fully sustained; upon another they could not agree; and the fourth was pronounced fully proven. Mr. Glover having thus been declared guilty, though only upon one out of the four charges, it was decided that he shall be "reproved before the committee and witnesses and removed from the circuit, and that until such removal take place he shall cease from all ministerial functions in this circuit."

A great deal of feeling—and not very good feeling either, we are sorry to say—has been evoked by the investigation, the result of which is satisfactory to some but is repudiated by others, who warmly declare that Mr. Glover has been wrongfully condemned and that they will do their best to see him righted. There is also a difference of opinion as to the advisability of noticing the matter in the *Gazette*, and we have received considerable unsolicited advice with reference to it; but those who are aware of the extraordinary rumours that are afloat regarding the offences Mr. Glover was charged with, will at once agree with us that it is better for him as well as for all concerned to give the exact truth the widest publicity possible.

Lindsay.

We visited Lindsay on Monday last,—as we can afford to do in even the very hardest times, having a pass on the Victoria Railway and three or four free boarding houses to stop at,—and, after calling on the persons with whom we had business, spent the rest of the day chatting with old friends and incidentally expatiating on the benefits of advertising. Eloquence is, however, unavailing in August, which is one of the dullest months in the year, when the enterprise of even the most energetic merchants temporarily stagnates. As was to be expected, business men were not so cheerful as when things are "booming," but they all admitted that the depression was nothing to be surprised at and that there would inevitably be a change for the better before long. It is a well known fact that the great majority of men think any other occupation is better than their own, and it also appears to be a settled conviction with a great many people that any village, town or city is better than the one in which they live; but the probability is that different trades and locations are more upon an equality, if all things be taken into consideration, than is generally imagined. Certainly Lindsay, with its many handsome public and private buildings and the slendid country around it, must impress strangers very favourably; and although business in all lines has occasionally been overdone and there have been a good many failures, the same cause has led to the same results in almost every place that can be mentioned, and we believe that in our county town at the present moment there is a very fair general average of prosperity. At any rate a new store is opened occasionally, and manages to stay open; and the improvements that are in progress and the number of huge posters, announcing excursions, concerts and other *luxuries*, with which every board fence and dead wall is covered, do not look like the "ruin and decay" which some few individuals of despondent temperaments may still be heard predicting. The population is said to have decreased somewhat of late, but if more persons than the town could support crowded into it, those who thought they could do better elsewhere were wise to leave, and the fact that they did so crowd in is a proof that they were starved out of other places or that Lindsay bore an enviable reputation abroad. Taxes and rents are both high, and are no doubt sometimes difficult to meet; but the former are the price of improvements, which are probably worth all they cost, and the latter show that the supply of shops, houses and other buildings cannot be greatly in excess of the demand, or rents would be lowered at once. Go where you will the great bulk of the people have all they can do to make a decent living, and that such is the case in Lindsay, as well as elsewhere, ought not to occasion either surprise or complaint. It is one of the finest towns of its age in the Province, and probably in the whole Dominion; and those who lived in it, as we did, twenty-five years ago, and think of what it was then compared to what it is now, cannot fail to be astonished at its wonderful growth.

Village Council Proceedings.

Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present and the reeve in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. The following accounts were laid on the table and referred to the finance committee:—Wm. Warren, work on streets, $4 90; Robt. Jackett, work on streets and bridges $77 60; G. H. Bertram's account, $28 68.

Moved by Mr. Fitzgerald, seconded by Mr. Robson, That the foregoing accounts be paid and the reeve give his orders for the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Campbell, seconded by Mr. Robson, that the manager of Mr. R. C Smith's mill be notified that unless he removes the blocks of wood scattered on the streets by his teamsters this council will be obliged to put in force By-law No. 3 for the removal of nuisances.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Robson, seconded by Mr. Deyman, That Wm. Routley be employed to act as special constable for this village during the pleasure of this council.—Carried.

Powles's Corners.

(*From our Correspondent.*)

A LOSS.—Mr. John Braiden has lost a valuable young mare, one of a matched team, by inflammation.

THE HARVEST.—Some of the farmers in this section have done harvesting and are overjoyed with the results of their labours. Mr. S. McGee has harvested 22 acres of fall wheat, which he thinks will yield from 35 to 40 bushels per acre.

"PRINCESS LOUISE."—The Murphy brothers have arrived from the township of Manvers with their threshing machine the Princess Louise. These gentlemen do good work and should be well patronized.

SCRAPS.—A rainbow in the west on Tuesday morning. Threshing commenced in this section on the 9th inst. Jack Frost made his appearance on the 14th of August 1880, but there were no signs of him on that day in 1881. The apple crop will not be up to last year's, owing to the recent drought. The parties who delivered telegraph poles at Hall's crossing think it is time they were shipped.

ENTERTAINMENT.—Professor Barker, illusionist and ventriloquist, gave an entertainment in Ingram's hall last Wednesday evening. We were not present, but have been informed that the performances were very good and that all who witnessed them were apparently well satisfied.

Condensed News.

—The members of the W. M. church in Marmora intend to hold a Harvest Home Festival on the 1st of September.

—A new Catholic cemetery, comprising four acres of land, will shortly be dedicated in the village of Penetanguishene.

—Four horses owned by Mr. Wm. Sullivan, of Emily, were killed by lightning during a recent storm. The animals were valued at something over $500.

—Mr. Toker, one of the proprietors of the Peterborough *Review*, returned from England last week, and a few days later his partner, Mr. Carnegie, left for Scotland.

—Work on the new elevator at Midland is progressing rapidly. The main walls are up to their full height, 87 feet, the upper framework is raised 40 feet, and the roof will soon be commenced.

—The Georgian Bay Lumber Company's mill was destroyed by fire last Sunday afternoon. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is very heavy, but we hear that the property was well insured.

—A little boy named McCarroll was found suffocated in an oat field near Pickering a few days ago. Foul play is suspected, but, as no evidence could be obtained, the coroner's jury returned an open verdict.

—A rare specimen of the finny tribe, about two feet long and four pounds in weight, was caught a few days ago in the Norwood mill pond. No one in the village has ever seen a fish like it, and the editor of the *Register* would very much like to know what it is.

—A light of plate glass intended for one of the windows in Mr. Cluxton's new block in Peterborough, fell while being placed in position and was smashed to pieces. It was worth $75, but the whole of that sum was not lost by the accident, as the largest pieces of the glass will be used for various purposes.

DIVINE SERVICE.—We have been requested to announce that the Rev. Mr. Clarke, of Lindsay, will preach in the Methodist church, Fenelon Falls, next Sunday evening at the usual hour.

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.—At the meeting of the Fenelon Agricultural Society noticed in last week's *Gazette* the only business done was to order the treasurer to pay Mr. Samuel Brokenshire the second premium for pumps exhibited in 1880. Another meeting is to be held on the last Saturday in this month.

MORE IMPROVEMENTS.—Last week we noticed Messrs. Jarvis & McDougall's new awning, and now their next door neighbours, Messrs. McDougall & Brandon, are providing the windows of their grocery store with a pair of handsome blinds, on which are inscribed in mammoth letters the names of various leading articles to be found within. We are pleased to observe such indications of prosperity and taste, and hope our other merchants will all follow the example set them by the above named firms.

PROVOKING.—During our absence on Monday last a little boy nine or ten years old came into the office and, while unobserved, took liberties with the small press, which he managed to break. Fortunately the damage was not very serious, as the broken part is small and will not cost much to replace, but it might have been a great deal worse. The rule that no boys are to be allowed in the printing office except on business is like all other rules, sometimes disregarded; but we shall now enforce it more strictly than ever, as juvenile visitors seem to be positively incapable of keeping their hands off the types and presses.

MAKING THEM SHIVER.—School reopened on Thursday last, and kite-flying and stilk-walking, the two most popular juvenile amusements in this village, will have to be indulged in chiefly on Saturdays during the remainder of the season for out-of-door sports. The close of the holidays was viewed with the most opposite feelings by different children; for while some were willing or even eager to go to school again, others thought it with the most direful forebodings; as was no doubt the case with a little fellow who was overheard on Wednesday evening remarking to a companion, "I say, Joe, don't it make you shiver to think of to-morrow?"

A CAUTION.—Mr. Wm. Routley has been appointed special constable in this village, and as he is an able bodied and resolute man, he will no doubt perform the duties of his office in a manner creditable to himself and satisfactory to the public; and as the lock-up, which has not been used of late, is in a somewhat dilapidated condition, Mr. John T. Thompson has been directed to fix it up and make it fit for the reception of such occupants as the constable may find for it. The facts ought to, and no doubt will, serve as a warning to roughs and dishonest persons to keep their vicious propensities in abeyance as long as they are in Fenelon Falls.

THE IRON BRIDGE.—As we have been several times applied to for information as to when the new bridge across the river in this village is to be built, we have made enquiries concerning it, and ascertained that by the terms of the contract with the Iron Bridge Company of Toronto it is to be finished by the 1st of October next. In the advertisement, published in February last, asking for tenders, it was provided that the contractors should furnish temporary accommodation for local traffic while the new bridge was being put in place; but we understand that this proviso was omitted when the contract was drawn up, and that it was of no consequence, as the iron bridge is built in sections, each one of which can be extended from pier to pier in a few hours; and as the work will be done in three or four consecutive evenings, when traffic is generally over, a brief delay to a few persons is the worst inconvenience that can possibly occur.

PRESBYTERIAN EXCURSION.—The Presbyterian S. S. picnic from Fenelon Falls to Bobcaygeon came off on Tuesday last according to advertisement and was one of the most pleasant and satisfactory of the season. Captain Bottum's new steamer, the *Eva*, left at the time appointed with a covered scow in tow, and the whole party, including children in arms, numbered about a hundred. Captain Bottum is opposed to 25 cent excursions, as the low fare is only an inducement to roughs to go and make themselves nuisances, and leads to such overcrowding of the boat as to be unsafe as well as unpleasant. The fare on Tuesday was, therefore, fixed at half a dollar, and the result was so satisfactory in every respect that all who went expressed themselves delighted. The picnic was held in the pine grove near the old school-house in Bobcaygeon, and the *Eva* started on her return early enough to reach the Falls about 6 o'clock. The sum realized, clear of all expenses, was a little less than $9.

A SEASONED TRAMP.—On Tuesday last Fenelon Falls was visited by a tramp in a long coat, who soon became the "observed of all observers" and the subject of much uncomplimentary comment. Rumour said that he came from Minden, where he had been in jail, and where, also, he tried to commit suicide by hanging himself with a wire rope to a stump machine; but Rumour says a great many things that are not true, and possibly the above mentioned statements are among the number. In this village he went from house to house, and when confronted by a man made enquiries as to the residence of some imaginary acquaintance; but if a woman or child answered his knock he asked for relief and in some cases of course got it. In the middle of the afternoon he called at Mr. W. H. Welch's, and, the family being all out, spent nearly half an hour trying to force open the kitchen door, but was baffled by the strength of the fastening. Having been seen in the act, information was conveyed to constable Routley, who went in search of the tramp, but failed to find him. Next morning, however, the queer looking stranger appeared on the main street, followed by a crowd of boys, who escorted him to the head of the village, and saw him start on his way to Bobcaygeon, just in time to escape the constable, who had been sent for to capture him. From all we can learn the tramp is probably of somewhat disordered intellect; and as this would make him more than ordinarily dangerous it is an additional reason why he should not be allowed to go at large.

A Trap for Sheep-Killing Dogs.

The Lynchburg *Virginian* describes an ingenious trap devised by a Virginian farmer to capture sheep killing dogs. Having suffered severely from the depredations of dogs upon his sheep-fold, he built around a number of sheep that dogs had killed an inclosure of rails twelve feet high and about ten feet square at the ground, the sides of the trap sloping inward until an opening was left about five feet square. Any dog could easily climb such a sloping fence and enter the pen, but not even a greyhound could jump out of it. In three nights the farmer captured forty-six dogs, including fifteen or twenty that had never been seen before in that neighbourhood. This, after there had been a public slaughter of all dogs suspected of sheep-killing, save one, whose master could not be convinced of his guilt. The trap was built for his especial benefit, and caught him the first night.

A Fight With Wolves.

A farmer of Dayton, O., the other day went out to drive home his sheep, and in passing he heard snarling and barking. He had only an old musket with him loaded for small game. Soon he saw two old wolves and five three-quarter grown whelps wrangling and fighting over the dead body of a sheep. He got to within two rods of them before they heard him, when he fired into their midst. Immediately the whole seven came bounding towards him, and before he had time to climb a tree they were full upon him. He reversed the gun and used it for a club. The fight lasted an hour, and so savage and ferocious were the wolves that as one after another of their number received a death stroke from the old musket they pounced upon their fallen comrade and proceeded to devour him; at this juncture the farmer would run in with his gun and kill another, hauling one or both of the dead bodies back to the tree near which the fight took place. He did this, he afterwards said, to save their carcases, as there is a bounty of $11 on each wolf killed in Waupaca county. After the half-hour's skirmish the seven wolves lay dead at the farmer's feet. He was unable to carry their carcases home, so he took out a large knife he had in his pocket, skinned the whole seven, saved their seven skulls, and has applied to the county clerk for his $77 bounty, besides obtaining a fair price for their skins. During the fight he had every bit of clothing torn from his body, his hands and legs badly bitten, and the lower part of one of his ears snapped off.

The Chicago Conclave.

NO SYMPATHY WITH THE DYNAMITE CREW.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Alexander Sullivan, who attended the recent Irish conclave, says the conversation was not discordant, as reported, but harmonious. Fully a third of the membership were professional men, and a third were engaged in the war of the rebellion. The Convention had no possible sympathy with Rossa, and abhorred the idea of dynamite being used against non-combatants. Especially would they refuse to assail American passengers on English ships when the memory of American kindness to the Irish sufferers is so fresh. They believe the time will be ripe to strike for independence, as America did, when England becomes involved in foreign difficulties, and they will have full right to wage war.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.—Patrick Walsh, a member of the Irish Conclave, says there is not a grain of truth in the report of a split in the Convention. The meeting was a unit in purpose as regards earnest and intelligent discussion, and the result will be far-reaching. The time for extreme measures has not come, and there is no sympathy with dynamite among Irish reformers just yet. The reports published of the proceedings at the Convention were gross twaddle. Crowe was the subject of contemptuous ridicule among Irishmen, and he was sure Crowe had nothing to do with the infernal machines shipped to Liverpool.

The Bay of Fundy Tides.

LOSSES TO THE AMOUNT OF $30,000 ENTAILED.

SACKVILLE, N. B., Aug. 12.—The damage to the hay crop and pasture marsh by the late high tides is estimated by some at $20,000, and by others at $60,000. Probably $30,000 will cover all the losses. Several repaired places in the dykes on the ramparture marsh were washed out by last night's tide. It is impossible to keep the water out, and the farmers are very much excited in consequence. All the hay down will be ruined, and the rest is more or less damaged. Grain on the marshes will be spoiled. In some places the road has been washed on the marsh, and the grass holds so much grit that it will be almost impossible to cut. The destruction to grasshoppers is something immense. Every piece of board that is floating is black with these insects, and every rail fence standing is covered. To-day's tide is not so high, and it is hoped the worst is over

Terrible Railway Accident.

NO. 4 EASTERN EXPRESS DITCHED NEAR PRESCOTT.

PRESCOTT, Aug. 13.—An alarming accident occurred to No. 4 eastern express for Toronto about four o'clock this morning. A few minutes after the train had passed Prescott Station, and when about one mile and a half on this side, the engine struck a dark mass which was lying on the track, and immediately the whole train, with the exception of two first-class cars and several Pullman coaches, was hurled into the deep ditch.

After the fearful shock was over and the passengers had collected their scattered wits, a search was made among the *debris*. The mangled body of Engineer Howarth, who is a native of Montreal, was dragged out. Although only a couple of minutes had elapsed the unfortunate man was quite dead. Two express messengers, named King and Mackenzie, were found to be seriously injured. The fireman saved himself by jumping from the engine when he felt it capsizing. The passengers none of whom have yet been reported as injured, had a miraculous escape. The dark mass on the track which caused the train to run off proved on examination to be a cow, although when found it was so disfigured as to be almost unrecognizable.

The instalment plan of paying taxes is being discussed in Orangeville.

The Irish American Fenians claim to have 6,400 lodges scattered over the United States and Canada.

The recorder of St. Louis the other day refused a marriage license to a young man because he had a slight admixture of negro blood in his veins.

According to the Boston *Globe* the penknife is gradually superseding the pistol among the leading murderers in the United States.

Several pious women lately united in a week of prayer for rain at Eaton Rapids, not because there was a drought, but that it might spoil a track for horse racing.

A sheep dairy for the manufacture of cheese has been started near Chattanooga. The stock consists, to begin with, of 1,000 sheep, and is under the management of an Austrian.

Squaws have been caught carrying ammunition to Sitting Bull's camp, Fort Yates, and it is feared that he means mischief. There is a cry from the fort for more troops.

The London Religious Tract Society states "that ever since 1868 the Spanish people have bought a larger number of the Scriptures, in proportion to their population, than France or Italy."

For calling his neighbour a "lantern jawed cockroach," a Rhode Island man was sued as a libeller. The jury found him "Not guilty on lantern jawed, but way off on cockroach, and we find damages in the sum of three cents."

Dyspepsia can readily be cured by taking according to directions Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. They greatly aid the digestive powers and tone the whole system. In large 8 oz. bottles at 50 cents. For sale by John Nugent, special agent for Fenelon Falls.

Poisoning food, intended for animals, with Paris green, is fast becoming a popular method of displaying malice. A few days ago the feeding troughs of the Fingal cheese factory were charged with the poison, and a number of hogs have since died.

For all Liver and Kidney complaints and affections of the Stomach and Bowels use the great Dyspepsia remedy, Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. In large 8 oz. bottles containing 70 teaspoonful doses at 50 cents a bottle. John Nugent, special agent for Fenelon Falls.

Two Roman Catholic missionaries from Dahomey, Africa, who gave addresses in Springfield on Sunday, said the maximum life of a missionary in Dahomey was four years. Of seven who accompanied one of the speakers four years ago, he was the sole survivor.

There is no better family medicine than Dr Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters. They are taken alike by both old and young. They invigorate the system. They should invariably be used instead of those little well known nauseous purgatives called pills. In large 8 oz. bottles at 50 cents. J. Nugent, special agent for Fenelon Falls.

In the American navy there are only 7,200 sailors, gunners, and marines; but when it comes to officers, they have a magnificent supply, the total number being 1,898, or one officer to every three and five-sixths men. The men ought to be pretty well governed and cared for, as there are 951 officers to command them, 166 doctors to give them medicine, 121 paymasters to distribute their pay, 368 engineers, and 292 other functionaries of various sorts.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Dr. Coulter vs. Fountain's Declaration.

To the Editor of the Fenelon Falls Gazette.

SIR,—

Permit me a short space to offer a word or two by way of encouragement and warning to Charles L. Coulter, M. D., of Lindsay, as the *Post* (after giving him every facility and offering him every encouragement in the false course he assumes) declared its colums closed to any further discussion of the case as soon as a little healthy reaction was setting in, and the truth was beginning to ooze through Dr. C.'s thickened epidermis.

Now, doctor, I do assure you it is only since your confession, *viz* that you gave an opinion (just what I accused you of) that I have taken the least interest in you. I am always ready to encourage a man when he confesses he is wrong and tries to do better; but you, doctor, claim too much credit (in fact all the credit) for said opinion, you well knowing that there were half a dozen old ladies at the same Dorcas Society meeting held at your auntie's who gave a similar opinion and quite as intelligently as yourself. Why not share a portion of the credit with your colleagues on that occasion? Excuse me, Dr. C., but your criticisms of the "Queen's English" remind me very much of Vennor's forecasts of the weather, which are very unreliable. For instance, when you construe the words "calumniator," "medical parasite" and "villain" (words that are so particularly applicable to a description of the character you have voluntarily assumed) as savoring of Billingsgate, I must say such a purely imaginary construction could only be put upon them by you, doctor, assuming the *role* of a fish-monger, and who would think of such a thing? I will give you a sample of language that is irrelevant, in my humble opinion, and taken from Burrows & Coulter's code of medical ethics. (See *Post.*) "Imbecile intellect," "self laudation," "losing his prestige and practice," "lurking abettor," &c., &c., all of which were intended to apply to Dr. Herriman, of Lindsay. (I say nothing about those donated to myself.) Now this language is neither descriptive of nor applicable to Dr. Herriman, hence you can call it what you like. When you do not know the meaning of words or phrases, doctor, you should either get a dictionary or take them to the gentleman who *cuts down* the articles for the "ethical code," as I understand you have one for that purpose, before you sit in judgment on them. Now, doctor, do not be hypercritical—do not be so severe on me, for I am naturally *very sensitive*; and I am pleased to see, even at this late period, doctor, that you admit the truth of the accusation, and that you had and gave an opinion, for I can assure you I would never have given you credit for holding a medical opinion; but you say you did and gave it, and I am bound to believe you. In conclusion, my advice to you doctor—you gilded moth of fashion—is, not on any account to allow your homœpathic soul to become unnaturally inflated with the vain imaginings that your have annihilated or are likely to annihilate me, because it will beget in you an unbecoming spirit of presumption which will be fatal to your success. Imitate George Washington. Never tell nor act a lie. Be careful of your language to and your criticism of others. By pursuing this course, doctor, and after you get out of your parasitic or crysalis state, you will, I think, with care, some day develope into a very nice butterfly.

Yours respectfully,
WM. G BRYSON, M. D.
Fenelon Falls, August 17th, 1881.

BIRTHS.

In the township of Fenelon, on Tuesday, the 16th inst., the wife of Mr. Robert Webster of a son.

DEATHS.

In Fenelon Falls, on Wednesday, the 17th inst., Eliza Parnell, third daughter of Mr. John Cullon, aged 25 years and 3 months.

MARKET REPORTS

FENELON FALLS MARKETS.

Fenelon Falls, Friday, August 19th, 1881.

Wheat, fall, per bushel	$0 00		0 00
Wheat, spring, "	0 15		1 18
Barley, per bushel	00		50
Oats, " "	30		35
Pease, " "	55	"	60
Rye, " "	00		60
Potatoes, "	45		50
Butter, per lb.,	12		15
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs,	00		00
Eggs, per dozen,	00		10
Hay, per ton,	0 00	to	7 00
Onions, large, per bushel,	0 00		1 00
Apples, per barrel,	0 00		2 75
Cabbages, per dozen,	40	to	50
Carrots, per bushel,	00		25
Beets, " "	00		25

VOTERS' LIST, 1881.

Municipality of the
Village of Fenelon Falls,
in the
County of Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of the Voters' List Act, the copies required by said sections to be transmitted or delivered, of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at municipal Elections, and that said list was first posted up at my office at Fenelon Falls on the 3rd of August, A. D. 1881, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omissions or other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1881.
JAMES CAMERON,
Village Clerk.

VOTERS' LIST, 1881.

Municipality of the
TOWNSHIP OF FENELON,
in the
County of Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of the Voters' List Act, the copies required by the said sections to be transmitted or delivered, of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections, and that said list was first posted up at my office at Cambray on the 11th of August, A. D. 1881, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omissions or other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

Dated this 11th day of August, 1881.
H. J. LYTLE,
Clerk of Fenelon