

The Victoria Warder

FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1889.



A union of hearts and a union of hands
A union none can sever;
A union of homes and a union of lands
And the flag, British Union, forever.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
IN LINDSAY.

Three years ago THE WARDER laid before the public a simple plan whereby this town might have the additional advantage of connection with the C. P. R. The Grand Trunk railway is always very obliging and liberal as far as possible, and our remarks are made with all respect for that road and its efficient and gentlemanly general and local staff. The question is simply one of self-interest for this locality as against some other.

It seems certain that in a few years the C. P. R. will construct a line from some point on their Ontario and Quebec division to Sudbury. That being decided, the shortest possible route from Toronto to Sudbury lies east of Lake Simcoe. The C. P. R. already have a line projected from Clarendon, via Beaverton, to their northern line. THE WARDER'S suggestion is to construct the line from Burketon or Pontypool via Lindsay, Cobourg, Port Hope, Bowmanville and Oshawa all have expressed the desire to be connected with the C. P. R. Then, why not continue the line on to one or other of these points? Or, meantime let a company be formed to construct a road from Lindsay to say Pontypool or Burketon, to meet a line from one or other of those towns.

From Lindsay to either Pontypool or Burketon the routes are easy, none easier being found on the prairies. If to Pontypool, the road could run to Janetville without a grade of one inch to the hundred feet anywhere; thence to west Pigeon creek valley, and along its banks, passing near west Lifford, Yvelerton and Lotus to Pontypool. No obstacle presents itself. Should the Burketon route be selected, it would be advisable to follow the route above outlined until a short distance north of Yvelerton, thence south-westerly to Cadmus, and onward to Burketon. Or two other admirable routes through Cartwright could be selected, though the former would render a larger area tributary.

Lindsay, nor Opa, nor Manvers, nor Cartwright, will be asked to contribute one dollar; naught but their "good will" being sought. And yet the road will in all probability be running before the expiration of five years.

Then will the line be continued northward, via Cambrey, Kirkfield, &c., to connect with the C. P. R. main line.

Meantime, let Lindsay get several factories in operation.

OAKWOOD HIGH SCHOOL.

The term "Mariposa" high school would any longer seem out of place after the vote in that township on Monday last.

But scores of those who opposed the school assert they are not particularly against it. They resent the action of the two councillors, Messrs. Lownsbrough and Wallis, in forcing the by-law on the township without consulting the people. The report spread by Mr. Bowes and his friends that if others than the last year's council were elected, they would again force a similar measure, had a wonderful effect. Mr. Broad's position as well as every defeated candidate's, is the same as far as concerns the by-law, as is that of the present council.

The vote clearly indicates a feeling in Mariposa, no matter how engendered, that bodes disaster to the high school there. It will therefore be merely a question of time till the old school, that has raised the social and moral tone of that township far above any other in the county, that has given noble aims to many a young man and woman, that has enabled scores to obtain an honest and honorable livelihood who would otherwise remain in servility and poverty, that has to the remotest corner indirectly left the stamp of culture and thought, and that has indirectly been an educator of many who never saw its walls—it is a mere question of time till the old high school at Oakwood will vanish.

Then, when too late, its advantages will be realized.

But we are far from blaming those remote from the school, the residents of Valentia, Pleasant Point, Finerboard, Black's and Eden districts for opposing the school. Either a fee should have been charged those attending the high school, or an extra annual sum should have been voted those remote public school sections. They certainly had a grievance. But no place within four or five miles of Oakwood had serious cause of complaint.

The adverse result of Mr. Lownsbrough's indiscreet action in forcing through the by-law, should be a severe lesson to him to trace THE PEOPLE. THE WARDER at that time maintained that the people should have been consulted by open vote. We condemned the action of the two councillors.

school, apart from the improper and impolitic action of the two councillors. Years before we saw Oakwood high school we stood for a number of small high schools as superior to a few large ones. For instance, will anyone deny that HALF A DOZEN well placed high schools in Victoria county, each costing say \$5,000, would not be far more beneficial to the community in general than one large one costing \$30,000?

There is our stand, and the recent vote in Mariposa has not altered our views. Of course, that vote represents the narrowest gainsayers of the remote corners of the township, as well as the numerous members of a clique to inflict injury on the township of Mariposa.

Meantime the hearsay may as well be ordered for the mortal remains of Oakwood high school, and the corpse for Messrs. Silverwood and his school board.

FACTORIES FOR LINDSAY.

During many years the tendency of manufacturers has been to congregate in large centres of business, thus centralizing the manufacturing classes. This in recent years has been found a mistaken principle in economical science. It is found that in reverse.

There is less liability to loss from strikes, which too often injure both the employer and the employed.

Better private residences are within the reach of the employees, each being enabled to have his little garden and enjoy more the true comforts of home.

The sanitary condition of towns is superior to that of cities.

As an advertisement the specific name of a town in connection with a few factories is superior to the name of any city where there are many.

Living is cheaper in towns, so workmen should be enabled sooner each to own his little home, and employers would be guaranteed a more reliable lot of men.

Lindsay offers facilities unsurpassed in any town in Canada for large factories. There are fine building sites available convenient to the railways; ample water supply is guaranteed from the flowing wells of the town; the system of railways centering here, radiating in all directions, offer superior facilities for transport to the world's markets; wood in unlimited quantities can be floated or brought here by train; the surrounding country is admirably adapted to supply all the necessities of a manufacturing town; while the beautiful scenery of Victoria county's inland lakes would afford inexpensive rest and enjoyment to the industrial classes. No more suitable place for factories can be found.

Some time ago a proposal to establish a hat factory here, was made to the town council. What became of it? THE WARDER then, as often formerly, expressed the views that this town should take prompt action to establish factories here. We again repeat the same, and trust the new council will act promptly. The Board of Trade should also consider the question. Let energetic and decided action be at once taken.

THE GLORIOUS FRENCH REVOLUTION.

This year will be the centennial of the great French Revolution which, growing for years finally burst over France in 1789, and forever, let us hope, freed the people of that beautiful land.

There is a very common practice among clergymen and fossil politicians to anathematize and condemn the actors in that revolution; and to compare them to the Anarchists and the Socialists of to-day. Even such a well-informed journal the Empire sneers at the proposal to commemorate the Revolution. The mistake, the criminal error these modern fossils make is in confounding the whole revolution with "The Reign of Terror" of the Parisian mob. What would intelligent readers of English history say of the man who would class the Scotch presbyterians and English Cromwells with the red republicans of England, the Anarchists of that day, simply because they fought on the same side against tyranny? The present republic in France had to contend with a similar race to those who produced the Reign of Terror; but forewarned was forearmed.

Yet what produced the French Revolution? Tyranny of the blackest and basest kind on the part of a pack of lay and clerical aristocrats. There never was greater oppression endured so patiently as the French people labored under. A dozen columns would not contain their grievances. Taxed against their wish and voice for the church, the state; taxed on every sheaf, every head of cattle, every fowl, every child, everything; forced to go to the priest or the lay aristocrat's bidding to work on roads, to work on his farm, to devote to lay or clerical aristocrat the greater portion of his labor and produce, the poor farmer was a slave. There were stringent toll laws, salt taxes whereby each had to buy salt in certain small quantities at an office, and a thousand and one other disabilities.

At the beginning of the revolution the people were anxious to change the past tyranny to a constitutional, a limited monarchy somewhat similar to Great Britain's; but, after long tedious reasoning and waiting, after the rankest deceit and treachery on the part of king, queen, aristocrats and priests, in league with the pope and aristocrats of Europe, the people took up arms, slew their king and confiscated the ill-gotten spoils—more than half of France—of the romish church.

Thus far it was a glorious revolution. But the people, never trained to govern themselves, were not prepared to govern against traitors within and foes without. The gold, as well as the arms and the voice of Europe, was utilized in every part of France to produce treason and

discord. It is, therefore, no wonder the Parisian mob grew desperate.

But the Reign of Terror is a drop in the bucket. It sinks into oblivion when compared with the hunting of the bishops, priests, and aristocrats; and sale of their ill-gotten lands among the people. The ignorant massacres of the Reign of Terror when compared with the cold blooded starving and oppressions by the clergy and nobility of France are mild.

The glorious victories of the young French armies of raw volunteers over the trained soldiers of fossil Europe is another pleasing fact in history. And to the everlasting disgrace of England, she lent the hand and the purse to assist in re-enslaving the people of France. But the people of Britain sympathized with the people of France, until the Reign of Terror, and the rise of Buonaparte estranged the sympathy.

Let all modern nations join in congratulating the people of France, and in commemorating the Revolution of 1789.

The government of England one hundred years ago as compared with the government of France of that time was as freedom to slavery; white to black; the grand to the ignoble. Yet England today owing to the examples of United States and France has expanded wonderfully. To-day Britain has all in all for the most perfect form of government, and with the gradual lopping off of some of the middle age extravagances still adhering, it will be nearly perfect. The Sovereign is the constitutional hereditary president.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Sir John Lister-Kaye has contracted to purchase and settle 50,000 acres in the Canadian North-west.

A civil war is raging in Haiti, two rival factions aiming at the presidency. The United States have proven themselves very arbitrary.

Hon. Mr. and Mrs. J. Chamberlain received a grand reception by the people of Birmingham on January 8th. Ecological remarks of the better class of Yankees were given and hopes of friendship expressed.

A. D. Kean Esq., of Orillia, one of the leading barristers of Ontario, met with a terrible accident on Tuesday morning early at Orillia station on arrival from Toronto. Mr. Kean died on Wednesday morning at his home. His brother, here, and friends have universal sympathy.

A rousing meeting in favor of Rev. T. W. Jeffrey was held in Association Hall in Toronto on Tuesday last. Mayor Clarke, Revs. Dr. Potts, D. J. Macdonnell, G. M. Milligan, W. Briggs, and many others were present. One thousand dollars were presented Mr. Jeffrey, who made a rousing speech.

The case of Manitoba against the C. P. R. re the crossing case was decided last week by the Supreme Court in favor of the province. The Dominion Government was neither directly nor indirectly concerned, but members thereof had given expression to views that if the province lost the case the Dominion government would legislate to meet their case. The only point of interest to the public is that Hon. E. Blake as counsel for the C. P. R., is now contending in the courts for the righteousness of the very things he so loudly condemned as politician.

An annexation petition is in circulation at Windsor, Ontario. This is another dodge of the "gang." Canadians desire the greatest friendship and good neighborhood with their Yankee cousins, but no national annexation. Young men and handsome maidens in either country may do all the "annexing" they wish, but Canada has no desire to "hitch on to" Uncle Sam, though he be a winning old bachelor. His irregular family of anarchists, socialists, Irish home rulers, and other enemies of law and order, not to raise further objections, have no charm for the peaceful and contented Canadians.

It takes little to make a "victory" for the grits. In the case of the disputed territory and the Indian lands therein Mr. Mowat and his colleagues alone were wrong. They have lost their case. They claimed the Indian lands without responsibility to the Indians. Hon. Mr. Morris long ago in the legislature maintained Ontario was entitled to the lands, but must also take over responsibility to the Indians. In this Mr. Mowat and all the Government opposed him. His opinion was identical with the Privy Council's recently given in England. Though claiming the lands for Canada as guardians of the people Sir John on more than one occasion gave expression to opinion similar that of Hon. Mr. Morris. Still to quiet the titles a test case was necessary, the mere opinions unsupported by legal judgment were useless. Thus Mr. Mowat was defeated as much as victorious. Hon. Mr. Morris and Sir John were correct.

The County Trot.

Sir,—In looking over Fair Play's letter in your last issue of THE WARDER, Wm. McArthur v. S. Y. Agricultural Society, I might add that we fully agree with all it says, and that many unpleasant things might be said in reference to the whole proceedings which would be very detrimental to the property of the County Fair in the future. Doubtless the fair has lost many outside horsemen, and we regret from the treatment received by exhibitors in this section our horsemen will fail to take part in any future contest in the town of Lindsay. The prevailing opinion here is, that the reason the prizes were not paid, is that greedy to the disappointment of the management the wrong horse succeeded in taking first and second place, viz., "Billy Black" and "White Stockings." It is true it might give satisfaction to the public to have the county trot for Lindsay horse alone, barring all others. The eye of the public are not closed to the injustice done McArthur at the hands of some of the directors. HORSE FARMER. Fenton Falls, Jan. 10th.

Municipal Elections.

Table with columns for Ward, Candidates, and Votes. Includes wards like Lindsay, Mariposa, and others.

MARIPOSA.

Table with columns for Candidates and Votes for Mariposa ward.

CARDEN.—Reeve, Wm. Taylor. Councilors, John M. Chrysler, Francis McElroy, Charles McDonald and Solomon Thompson.

OSWESBY.—Reeve, Dr. Cornwall, and Councilors, John Morrison, John Sheridan, Capt. Evans, Joseph Parsons.

BOWMANVILLE.—A. Young, mayor; Reeve, Thom. Burden; deputy, W. P. Prower.

PONT PERRY.—E. Pepler, mayor.

PETERBORO.—Jas. Stephenson, mayor by 405 majority.

WINDSOR elected a Yankee annexationist mayor named Two-mey.

FORT PERRY.—Reeve, J. Bigelow.

CANNINGTON.—Reeve, A. Dobson.

BEAVERTON.—Reeve, G. F. Bruce. Councilors, G. B. Proctor, C. F. Young, Thos. Treleaven, and J. Duncan.

BONCAVON.—Reeve, E. Buttum. Councilors, J. L. Read, W. J. Read, John Kerr and Alex. Trotter.

PARSONS.—Same council as last year, except Mr. Chambers succeeds Mr. Palmer.

Lindsay Council for 1889.

Mayor—Thos. Walters.

Reeve—Capt. Geo. Crandall.

Deputy-reeve—Thos. Williams.

Two deputy-reeves—Duncan Ray.

East Ward—Alex. Ross, Geo. Bryans, and W. B. Fee.

North Ward—R. Touchburn, J. Combetock and J. Parsons.

South Ward—R. B. Dean, J. Fluey, and Joe Brown.

Only Alex. Ross and Joe Brown of the old council are re-elected.

THE WARDER regrets the defeat of Harry Walters reeve; though we favored Capt. Crandall for another position. THE WARDER supported Messrs. Williams, Ray, Ross, Bryan, Touchburn and Brown; and opposed none of the others. When H. B. Dean was spoken of as reeve we opposed him, and rightly so. As councillor we did not oppose him, though had we known he and Fluey were running the game as they did they would have found different opposition. R. Touchburn without any canvass was elected with a magnificent majority. He refused to have any friend "plump" for him. His father was councillor and reeve of Manvers for about thirty years. The cowardly practice of "plumping" was resorted to by friends of Dean, Fluey and Parsons, to great disgust, while the ticket "Dean, Fluey, Reeves," or "Dean and Fluey" was voted by many. One election may be run that way. There is no excuse for two. THE WARDER regrets that Mr. Conroy did not appear for the church for such an inferior man as Mr. Fluey. Mr. Conroy's aside from old peevishness was a good councillor, and one fit to be trusted. Alex. Ross polled a fine vote in the East Ward. George Bryan once before made a good councillor. Thos. Walters had a close call for mayor. THE WARDER gave him a fair non-active opposition. An active opposition on the part of Squire Macdonnell would have been fatal to Mayor Walters. But the cries against Harry Walters were cowardly insinuations from door to door in the dark. There is no honor to the victors in his case.

GOODERMAN.

Speech to THE WARDER.

A Tea and entertainment will take place here under the auspices of the members of the church on Wednesday Jan. 10th, inst. Several speakers are expected to be present. Admission to both, 50c. and 10c. All are welcome.

BIRTHS.

McCRIMMON.—On Sunday, Dec. 23, 1888, the wife of Alex. McCrimmon, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

McKAY—CONNORS.—At the residence of the bride, Kirkfield, Dec. 23th, by Rev. L. Ferris B.A., Mr. Jesse McKay of Kirkfield, to Mrs. Connors.

McKAY—CONNORS.—By the Rev. J. C. Sell, Jan. 2nd, Mr. Chas. W. Magill, to Sarah E. Annett, at the residence of the bride's father, township of Manvers.

MOORE—GREEN.—In the township of Foulton, at the residence of the bride's father, on January 8th, by the Rev. G. W. Dewey, Mr. James H. Moore of Opa, to Miss Eliza J. Green of Foulton.

CAMPBELL—SHARPE.—At the residence of the bride's mother, on Tuesday 8th January, by Rev. H. Lockhart, Foulton Falls, Mr. W. J. Campbell of Foulton, and Miss Annie, daughter of Mr. Henry Sharpe, of Foulton.

SHAWLWOOD—BARTLEY.—At the residence of the bride's father, Head Lake, on the 12th Dec. by Rev. L. Ferris B.A., Mr. Francis Shawlwood of the village of Oakwood, to Miss Maggie A. Bartley, daughter of Mr. John Bartley, near of Loxton, and Warden of County of Victoria.

DEATHS.

WILLIAMS.—Dec. 30th, 1888, suddenly, at Lindsay, Ont., Margaret Farnes, relict of the late William Williams, mother of Rev. Dr. Williams, of Lindsay, mother-in-law of Rev. A. H. Bellows, of Windsor, Ont., and aunt of Rev. Mark Gov. Peters, of London, Eng., and Rev. George Williams of Leeds Eng.

1888 CHRISTMAS. 1888

TO MY CUSTOMERS.

As the season of festivity approaches I have much pleasure in bringing under your notice my stock of Christmas Fruits and Groceries, selected with the greatest possible care, being unequalled in quality, unsurpassed in price, and rivalled by none, so that every household may be made joyous and bright by bringing good things within the reach of all.

FRAGRANT TEAS AND COFFEES

Prime Valencia and Sultana Raisins, Choice Vostizza and Provincia Currants; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peels.

DESSERT FRUITS

Finest Dehesa Layer Raisins, Choice Black Basked Raisins, Extra Quality Figs in boxes, Persian Dates, French Prunes, Evaporated Californian Fruits, Peaches, Apricots, Nectarines, Crystallized Figs—very choice.

Filberts, Almonds, Walnuts, Pecan Nuts, Brazil Nuts.

Canned Tomatoes, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Strawberries.

Choice Winter Apples—Snow, Baldwin, Red Rocks, Northern Spy, Greenings.

Wishing you a Merry Christmas,

JOHN DOBSON.

Lindsay, Dec. 12, 1888.

ARCH. CAMPBELL'S BULLETIN

For all Householders in the County.

Staple lines of Groceries and Provisions

We have made it a point to have all Lines well assorted and of superior qualities. It is hardly necessary to enumerate them.

OUR WELL-ASSORTED TEA DEPARTMENT

Shows conclusively that we have taken the greatest pains to have it a Leading Article at Leading Prices; yet we want people who require GOOD TEA at a lower price than we have been handling to know that we have purchased a line of Tea—Seven Pounds for One Dollar—that will astonish purchasers. Our wonderful 25c. Tea takes like "Hot Cakes," is possessed of a fine flavor, and is superior value for the money.

OUR CHINA, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE DEPARTMENT.

A large assortment of Bohemian Glassware and Fancy China, all designs, imported from Hamburg, Germany. White Granite Dinner and Tea Sets, "Montrose" pattern. Silver Cruets, Butter and Pickle Stands at a slight advance on cost

GREATEST

30 Days Bargain Sale

EVER KNOWN

Greatest and best inducements ever offered in Lindsay, and best of all a brand new Stock to select from. No old rubbish, but reliable goods, and for the next 30 days we will offer the biggest bargains ever given in Lindsay.

REMEMBER

we are not, and will not be undersold by any house in the county, and also we have the newest Stock in town for you to pick from. We will not quote prices, but ask you to call and see them for yourself, and if we are not cheaper and give you better value for money we will not force nor ask you to buy.

REMEMBER

we care not how cheap you may be offered Goods we will guarantee to give you better value. This sale is genuine, and we ask you to prove it by simply calling and pricing our Goods. In FURS we have a big stock, consisting of Ladies' Coats, Caps, and Gauntlets at all prices.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

This department is now running in full blast and anyone requiring a Suit, Overcoat, or anything in this line for Christmas should give us a call as we have a large stock to show you, and in the prices we cannot be equalled. We have one of the best Cutters in the province, and our prices are cheaper, so that we invite all to see us and we will guarantee you satisfaction.

McCrimmon Bros.

DRESS MAKING

MISS MORROW, the competent dressmaker, has her work rooms over our store, and is very busy at present, so that any requiring a handsomely made outfit had better leave their orders with her at once.