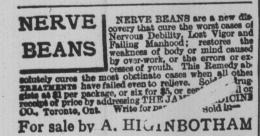
even product throughout.

In other emulsions you are liable to get an uneven benefit—cither an over or under dose. Get Scott's. Genuine has a salmon-colored wrapper.

ODOROMA

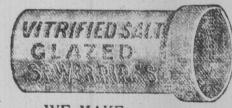
Beauty to the Teeth,
Fragrance to the Breath,
And that resy, healthful color to the gums. O-d-o-r-o-m-a proneunced by expert chemists The Perfect Tooth Powder.





KOOTENAY CURED WHERE 50 DOCTORS FAILED.

Hot Springs, Ark., and I actually believe I consulted over fifty doctors at different course includes two years of French. times without getting any relief. I took one bottle of your Kootenay Cure and it has cured me. Previous to using it I was unable to shave. It is no doubt a wonderful medicine. I recommend it the regular high school course exceptmost highly. Yours truly, A. TRUMAN, ing German and Latin in the cur-109 King St. E., Hamilton, Ont.



Sewer and Culvert Pipes

All Sizes from 4 in. to 24 in. Also Connections.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

THE ONTARIO SEWER PIPE CO





PARALYSIS OURED-SWORN STATEMENT. | beautifully Mrs. Maggie McMartin, 27 Radenhurst St., Toronto, Ont., swears that Ryokman's "Kootenay Cure" cured her of Paralysis which rendered one side of her body antirely useless. Physicians said there was no chance of her ever recovering the use of her limbs. Hope deserted her, but to-day she is walking around telling her friends how Ryckman's "Kootenay Cure" gave her life and happiness. Sworn to, July 10, 1896, before J. W. Seymour Corley, Notary Public. SWORN STATEMENT OF A GRATEFUL dry depart MOTHER.

Louisa White, nine years old, who suffered with Eczema since her birth, has been entirely cured and her general system built up by Ryckman's "Kootenay Cure." The above facts are given in a sworn statement made by her mother, Mrs. George White, 133 Stinson St., Hamilton, Ont., dated July 3, 1896, hefore J. F. Monck, Notary Public. A COMBINATION DISTURBED - SWORE more unic

STATEMENT MADE. Newman, 13 Marlborough St., Toronto complication of blood troubles, Rhen-Cote, had a complication of blood troubles, Rheu-matism, severe Kidney trouble and constipation. Was frequently disturbed at night, lost his appetite and was a very sick man. His Kidneys are now in a healthy condition, his appetite good, esleep undis-sturbed and constipation cured; all this was done by Ryckman's Wikootenay Cure." He makes sworn thatement to the above facts before J. W. Seymon average Codey, July 10, 1800.

science MANUAL EDUCATION.

IT FINDS EXPRESSION IN THE UP-TO-DATE TRAINING SYSTEM.

How the Work Is Conducted and What Pupils Are Expected to Accomplish-The Children in Actual Practice Take

Great Interest in Their Work. It is conceded by those thoroughly conversant with the subject, says Antoinette V. H. Wakeman in the Chicago Evening Lamp, that the Chicago pestle a few ounces at a High and Manual Training school is time. This is why Scott's one of the best equipped and most ably managed institutions of its kind Emulsion of cod-liver oil in this country. It was opened in the fall of 1890 under the management of Prof. A. R. Robinson, a Northwestern

> The cost of establishing the plant and opening the school was something more than \$70,000, and would have been much more, but for the fact that property already owned by the Board of Education on West Monroe street, which includes an old school building, was utilized. The plant alone cost \$40,000. The appropriation for the conduct of this school is from \$40,000 to



IN THE WOOD TURNING SHOP. \$50,000 per annum, although the actual outlay at present is considerably less. For instance, last year the total amount expended was \$38,000. Of this \$30,000 was for instruction. Both tools and materials are furnished by the

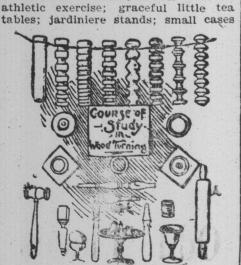
Board of Education. In each department connected with the manual training school specialists are employed who have a practical as well as theoretical knowledge of whatever they teach. Although the aim of the school is not to fit pupils for special work in any line, but to so train a boy that he is able to think co-ordinately, constructively and independently and that his body may become the ready servant of his will; in each department he gains the same accurate and practical knowledge, as far as he goes, that he would in the shop,

The course of study in this school is the same as in other high schools of For a number of years I was greatly the city with this difference—the lantroubled with a skin disease. I went to guages with the exception of French, are omitted. That students may be prepared to enter technical schools the The examination for entering the

high schools and the average age of entering pupils is 15 years. As has been riculum of the Chicago English High and Manual Training school; and the manual training, which is obligatory, is added, yet a boy completes a course here in three years, while it takes him four years to finish the ordinary high school course.

The student on entering this school begins the manual training course with wood work, and is occupied during the first year with its different branches. He begins with wood-turning, to which ten weeks are devoted. The next work is joinery, which occupies him the same length of time, and then he has cabinet and pattern making. The second year is devoted to foundry work and the blackmith shop, and the third year to ordinary machine shop work. A feature of this school which lends an alluring interest to the students that in each of the manual training departments completed work, with the exception of such as is kept in the school to exemplify what is being donc, is the property of the pupil who has made it. In the wood working department all sorts of pretty and useful things are made, and it is pleaant to see with what enthusiasm boys, who are not supposed to be interested in such matters, will work over a satinlined glove or handkerchief box intended for a gift. The fancy lining he must provide himself; everything else is furnished by the Board of Education, and he often adds sachet powder, and when it is finished nothing could be daintier

or, in its way, more attractive. Among things made in this department are rolling pins, closely companioned by gavels enough to call the whole world to order; Indian clubs for athletic exercise; graceful little tea



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culties, cannot be less should be reshop and the founonly various sorts re done, but much ie way of wrought eful things made ig the year that artment are beausorts, no differey are somewhat n, from those ofbest establishholders, hearth sets tims sort.

is used for lighting the building when artificial light is necessary. The motive power for this and the other departments is furnished by a 55 horse-power

Each student is required to work two hours a day in the manual training department, and devote one hour a day to drawing. Between the two there is a close connection in this school. It is obvious that the mechanical drawing is constantly applied in each of the manual training departments. Four hours a week is devoted to this sort of drawing, and enough of geometrical construction is given to incite accurate thinking. It may be said in passing that architectural instead of mechanical combine and separate in such a way as to form original, artistic de-

One hour a week through the whole course is devoted to free hand draw-The connection between the manual training and this department is not quite as evident as is the mechanical drawing, but when it is taken into account that it teaches the boy to see correctly, and express what he sees truthfully, its value is plain. More than this, it makes possible to the student the originality of design which is often in demand in the shop. In looking over the work done in this department it is evident that the students have not only learned to see correctly and express themselves truthfully, but to combine and separate in such a way as to form original, artistic designs. The equipment of this school has been

generous throughout, and the biological and chemical laboratories are no exception. In the former department some of the drawings with which the written exercises are illustrated are not only models of accuracy, but are pictorially most excellent. In going through this school one is

impressed with the spontaneous energy with which everything is done. There is nowhere the slightest evidence of perfunctory work. Over 400 students are in attendance and there is not a dull, uninterested face to be seen among them. They are in every way an especially fine-looking set of boys. In whatever department you see them they evidence the truth of the assertion that "work is a means of happiness and change of work a means of rest," for nowhere is there any weariness evidenced, and a congregation of humans who are, if one may judge from appearances, more unconsciously happy it would be hard to find. Most of the boys here have a distinct aim in life. Many of them are preparing to yacht Foam. At Reykjavik, the capienter technical schools or to take technical college courses; others on leaving | ance of Prince Napoleon, who was also the school engage in occupations for which the skill they have acquired in Dufferin pushed up to the dangerous the school especially fits them.

During the three years the Chicago English High and Manual Training. school has been graduating students it has gained high recognition from leading colleges that have entered its students. Without solicitation on the part of the Board of Education or the faculty of the school, the College of Engineering of the University of Illinois has notified the principal that credits chool is the same as for other city given students will be accepted for advanced standing in the university in architeture, mechanical engineering and mathematics. The University of said, there is nothing eliminated from Michigan also accepts credits given in this school for advanced standing.

THE RIGHT KIND.

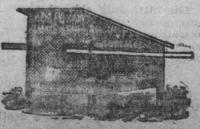
Waldo F. Brown Gives His Experience With Chicken Coops and Houses.

After over fifty years' experience in raising chickens, I have this year made a lot of coops that give better satisfaction than any I have ever seen, and I would advise every farmer to make some this winter. I believe that it is not exaggerating to say that millions of chickens are lost each year on account of the kind of cocps they are kept in. They are eaten up by rats, drowned by rains, or poisoned by accumulated filth. On most farms the chicken coops are temporary affairs, made from old barrels or boxes, or simply a few stakes driven down and the hen crowded into a space entirely too small for her. I bought one patent coop for \$2, and found that I had paid just 1.99 more than it was worth. Lately I have studied the subject and made a few coops and tested them this year, and while I do not think they cannot be improved, I have found them better than any I have ever seen. In studying the subject, I concluded that the essentials of a good coop were economy, portability, thorough protection from both storms and dampness, also from all enemies, and durability, for the coops should be made so that they will last ten years or more. The coop that I have chosen is made three feet square, with a floor raised six inches from the ground at the front and eight inches at the rear, the object of this slope being to prevent water from running to the back part in case of a driving storm, and the object in raising the floor is to give immunity from dampness, and yet leave no place for rats or other vermin to hide under the floor, and to make the floor last much longer than it would if resting on the ground. To make the coop light, we use posts at the corners two inches square, cover it with half-inch lumber, and make the roof of sheet-iron. For ventilation, we

cut a small window, say 6 by 12 inches, at each side, and cover it with wire netting on the inside; but have a small slide-door on the outside, to close in cold or stormy weather. At the front we make a door as wide as the coop, excepting a three-inch strip at each side, and this door is a light frame, covered with wire netting so close that the smallest chicken cannot get through it, and hung with hinges so that it can be swung open when we wish to let the hen or brood out. When the coop needs cleaning, we open

the door, and with a hoe and broom can soon remove all accumulations. When the coop is finished, we spike a strip to each side, which projects both front and rear about 18 inches, to be used as handles to move it, and two men can walk right along with one of them. These strips used as handles should be 1 by 3 inches, of light but strong wood, and the corners should be rounded where they project.

A run should be made in front the coop, the sides being made of movable panels of fence made of finemesh wire-one inch, as young chickens



RIGHT KIND OF CHICKEN COOP. Comfort to me.

and ducks will go through two-inch mesh until they are three or four weeks old. I buy this fence in the roll for 40 cents a rod, and the two-incl mesh for 20 cents. The panels of fence should be made strong, and so put together that they will remain firm. For young ducks no floor will be needed, but the only way to keep young chickens from having the gapes is to keep them from the ground until they are six weeks old. One hen will take care of 40 ducks or 25 chickens in one of these coops; and after the ducks are three weeks old, and the weather is settled, they are as well or better off without a hen.

I can raise chickens better in an upstairs room than in any other place I have a hog-house 8 by 12 feet, with a six-foot story below, and for several years I have used the upper floor for young chickens. I put four hens loose with 25 chickens each in it, and each hen keeps her own corner to brood them in, and I have never had a chicken killed by the hens. We keep a shallow box of fine gravel, and one of ashes and dust for their bath, and the chicks keep healthy and outgrow any that I have ever kept on the ground. This last May I hatched an incubator lot, and a few hens at the same time, and I put 90 in this loft, and the rest in coops, and those in the loft all lived and grew so that it was hard to convince a stranger that they were of the same age as the ones in coops. I took them down at four weeks old, which was too soon, for one or two of the hens went to laying, and left one hen with 90, and then came up a driving, cold rain, and they piled up and smothered 30. This is one thing to be guarded against with chickens, but they will never do it if kept dry and warm, and here is one point in which ducks are superior to chickens, as they never pile up so as to smother. With such coops as I illustrate, and

25 chickens only in a coop, there would be little danger of loss, for rats will not go through the fine wire, as they are too cautious. I greatly prefer these coops for ducks to any I have ever tried, but up-stairs rooms for chickens are the best, and by making them ratproof the barn lofts can be utilized for early chickens, as they are usually empty until June.-Waldo F. Brown, in Country Gentleman.

Dufferin as an Arctic Explorer. Among the arctic explorers is Lord Dufferin, who more than fifty years ago was in the northern seas in the tal of Iceland, he made the acquaintyachting off the coast of Iceland. Lord seas off the island of Spitzbergen.

The Small Things of Life.

The little duty shirked or the little discrepancy covered up may lead to disastrous results in a clerk's life, just as some times does a hidden flaw in a piece of machinery.

Simple Enough. "How is it that Twitter can get his teeth extracted for nothing?" "Oh, he has a pull with a dentist."

THE MASTER TOUCH.

In the still air the music lies unheard; In the rough marble beauty hides unseen; To make the music and the beauty needs, The Master touch, the sculptor's chisel Great Master, touch us with thy skilled hand;
Let not the music that is in us die!
Great Sculptor, hew and polish us; nor let, Hidden and lost, Thy form within us lie!
Spare not the stroke. Do with us as Thou wilt!
Let there be naught unfinished, broken, marred: Complete thy purpose, that we may be Thy perfect image, Thou our God and Lord! "Bonar,

No Other Remedy. No other remedy cures Summer Complaint Diarrhoea, Dysentery, etc., so promptly and quiets pain so quickly as Dr. Fowler's Extract

of Wild Strawberry. It is a pocket doctor for tourists, travellers, etc. -61.2. Suddedly Artacked.

Children are often attacked suddenly by painful and dangerous Colic, Cramps, Diarr-hoes, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, etc. Dr Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is a prompt and sure cure which should always be be kept in the house.—61-2.

Letters Come.



Letters come day by day telling us that this person has been cured of dys-CURES pepsia, that person of Bad Plant another of Headache, still another

of Biliousness, and yet others of various complaints of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels or Blood, all through the intelligent use of Burdock Blood

It is the voice of the people recognizing the fact that Burdock Blood Bitters cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood. Mr. T. G. Ludlow, 334 Colborne Street, Brantford, Ont., says: During seven years prior to 1886, my wife was sick all Bargains in Ladies' and Gentthe time with violent headaches. Her head was so hot that it felt like burning up. She was weak, run down, and so feeble that she could hardly do anything, and so nervous that the least noise startled her. Night or day she could not rest and life was a misery to her. I tried all kinds of medicines and treatment for her but she steadily grew worse until I bought six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters from C. Stork & Son, of Brampton, Ont., for which I paid \$5.00, and it was the best investment I ever made in my life. Mrs. Ludlow took four out of the six bottlesthere was no need of the other two, for those four bottles made her a strong, healthy woman, and removed every ailment from which she had suffered, and she enjoyed the most vigorous health. That five dollars saved me lots of money in medicine and attendance thereafter, and better than that it made home a BRING YOUR REPAIRS

Tough Clothes FOR BOYS

Young Canada Begins another Six Months' Schooling

Tough clothes for boys to wear to school this Fall and Winter. That's the burden of our song. Strong clothes to stand the wear and tear of play, rough but healthy. Strong clothes to stand the work of out of doors tun in cold weather. We have just such things for the youngsters, and besides being full of wear, they are neat and shapely.

Did the last suit of clothes you bought for your boy from us wear as well as it ought to

have worn, considering the price paid? If it did you should go to the same store for the next sait. You get your money's worth We deserve your patronage. We'll do better by you and by the boy than any other clothier,

Five Cases of Boys' New



These are only the advance guard of our Fall stock, for the boys. Then are Two and THREE piece Suits, and will fit boys all the way from 3 to 1 years. We sell the best of everything to keep in the heat and keep out the cold from boys. We were boys ourselves once,—it seems an awful long time ago

We've all good qualities of boys' clothing. We've-probably-more boys clothing in our store than all the other stores put together. We've a weakness for supplying the boys. Ask yours if this isn't so?

Some idea we may give you of the value and inducement we purpose givin to buyers, when we say that

A \$2.00 BILL

will buy a beautiful, heavy, all wool, neatly made, well trimmed, and built of Auburn Mills Tweed Suit.

Of course we've cheaper suits, and as low as 95c. per suit. Better Suits up to \$3.00 and \$4.00, but

Just the thing for a boy's school Suit, and as good as ever sold for \$3.50.

Mothers should see these Suits. You know You know your boy's clotheswrecking propensities,

Come to us. We're full of economical suggestions. No matter what your money is, will help you to make it go as far as it can. Come! The verdict is nearly always in our favor. It isn't often that the careful buyer decides against us,

"TOUGH CLOTHES FOR THE BOYS"

THAT'S OUR MOTTO. UGH - BROTHERS

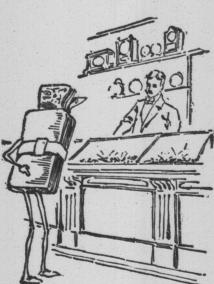
The Wonderful Cheap Clothiers,

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PETERBORO.

PORT HOPE.

Burse Tempters.



Your Pocket Book cannot resist

the Tempters we will offer you during

the balance of this month, and especially

Bargains in Wedding Presents

We have the goods. We want

you to see them whether you buy or

Something special during the

The Jeweller,

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Bargains in Everything

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Bargains in Silverware

Wanted—An Idea of some simple of some simple thing to patent?

Protect your ideas: they may bring you wealth.

Write John WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prise offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Steamer ALICE-ETHEL

This Steamer with Palace Scow is open for charter to Societies, Lodges and Churches, for picnics and excursions to any point on the inland waters adjacent to Lindsay.

Contracts made for towing on easy terms. All kinds of forest produce bought and sold.

Information can be had from Capt. Fremont Crandell on board Steamer, or at Knowlson Bros. office William street, Lindsay.

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THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.



Advertise in The Warder

Fifty Years

STILL INCREASING. Gray's Syrup of Red

Spru Gum For COUGHS, COLDS and all L AFFECTIONS. 25 cts. a bottle.

everywhere. KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETOR

MONTREAL.



We handle the

Columbia, Hyslop, Gendron, Brantford Comet,

which account for our large sales, Also a number of second hand wheels.

We teach you to ride at the

J. RIGGS, No 6, Kent Street, Lindsay, Lindsay, June 4th, 1896.

WE IN

Town I have to \$4500.
Two very well rent.
Kent and

Have a later sale in Verulam at to \$5000, Balance are at 5% interest. M

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Port Plaster

Windso

Hard Br Super and Holl

all for sale Doors,