CHRISTMAS

THE GIFT GIVING SEASON

Let Us Hint To You What We Have To Offer.

FOR THE DINING ROOM.

A full assortment of Elegant Designs in Flat and Hollow Ware, including everything required for household use.

Tea and Coffee Sets,	Syrup and Honey Jugs,
Sugar and Cream Sets,	Egg or Toast Cruets,
Bakers, Butters,	Cream and Sauce Cruets,
Baskets, Bread Trays,	Children's Mugs,
Kettles and Chafing Dishes,	Table Bells.

Pie, Cake, Fruit, Olive, Pickle Knives and Spoons; Fish, Salad, Cold Meat Knives and Forks.

CHINAWARE AND PORCELAIN.

Dinner Sets from	$7.00 to $35.00
Tea Sets from	6.00 to 21.00
Five o'clock Tea Sets	1.50 to 10.00

Fruit Sets, Tea, Coffee, Cheese Pots,
Bread and Butter Plates, Celery and Bon Bon Dishes,
Novelties too numerous to mention.

CUT GLASS.

Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Jelly Cups, Decanters, Epergnes, Rose Bowls, in fact everything required for the most elegantly appointed home

BRITTON BROS.,

Lindsay's Leading Jewelers. Opticians.

R. BRYANS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Lumber, rough and dressed, all kinds.
Shingles of all classes.
Lath, Lime, Tile and Cement.

FUEL

GRATE, EGG, STONE, NUT — Fresh Mined Coal, coming direct from mines weekly.

Best Dry HARD and SOFT WOOD
Select STEAM COAL
BLACKSMITH COAL a speciality
Headquarters for best HARDWOOD
CHARCOAL

We lead in Low Prices to Cash Customers.

Telephone 56. Office No. 9 Victoria Ave
—41-ly.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MESSRS. BARRON & STEERS, Solicitors, have arrangements by which large or small sums can be loaned on security of real estate for long or short periods, on terms suitable to borrowers, at rates of interest from 5 to 7 per cent. Office—Dominion Bank Building, William St. Lindsay.—2007-1y

The Victoria Warder

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1898.

A union of hearts and a union of hands,
A union none can sever;
A union of homes and a union of Lands,
And the flag, BRITISH UNION, forever.

THE CANADIAN OUTLOOK.

The Hon. Geo. E. Foster's lecture in the Collegiate Institute on Friday night was one that every young man in the country should have heard. It was ennobling, inspiring and elevating. It is pleasing to find one who although he is wrapped up in the affairs of his party, can find time to come out on the broader, more embracing platform of the national sphere. We have been accustomed so long to associate Mr. Foster with the political that we are surprised to meet him on another platform and we are delighted, more than delighted to hear one who has such unbounded faith in his country, such noble aspirations and high ideals for her.

Mr. Foster does not believe in the absorption of the Dominion by the United States. That question had been fought out in the Revolutionary War, and the invitation to cast in their lot with the States, had been spurned by the hardy Frenchmen in 1812, who armed themselves and stood up in sturdy defence for the country that gave them freedom and nourished and protected them. The crisis had been reached in 1891 when the electorate dismissed the thought of unrestricted reciprocity and that vote decided the issue, for in Mr. Foster's opinion, and he had many who agreed with him from both parties, had unrestricted reciprocity been enforced the ultimate result would have been our absorption in the United States.

Nor was Canada to set up housekeeping for herself. She was practically independent now but if she was independent in fact as well as theory, which is no doubt a potent factor in nation building, she would also certainly gain the right to support a navy. Mr. Foster had a grander conception of Canada's future than her independence, that of imperialism. We were to form part of a greater Empire than we can ever be and as such were to bear the greater responsibilities involved by the higher citizenship. All were to "hold faster and faster to an absolute integrity," "to have an enlightened public spirit" and "to have higher individual and public ideals." He exhorted the young man to pitch their ideals high, for youth is the time of noble and generous feeling, and afterwards the world would knock much of it out of them. He entreated them to spurn the dollar bid and hold fast their franchise, their greatest weapon. The eloquent oration closed with an appeal to patriotism and a beautiful peroration depicting Canada's grand future.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year to our readers, one and all.

It is not generally known that in voting for county councillors, if the voter feels so disposed he can give two votes for one man, in other words if two crosses are put opposite one name on the ballott. they will count two votes for that particular man. It must be borne in mind however that a cross must not be put opposite any other name, if so the ballott will not be counted. Each elector has two votes, which he may give for one candidate or one each to two candidates.

Two candidates are in the field for Mayor, Mr. Thomas Walters and Mr. Richard Kylie; the name of Mr. Robert Smyth has also been spoken of, but we have not learned if it is his intention to be a candidate. Several names are mentioned as councillors, some of whom would make good representatives at the council board, while some would, if the best interests of the town were considered, be better to be left at home. Next Monday, however, will bring to the front those who are aspirants for civic honors.

HON. GEO. E. FOSTER

ON

"THE CANADIAN OUTLOOK."

A SPLENDID ADDRESS.

Synopsis of the Address at the Collegiate Institute on Friday evening. A large attendance. The well known Canadian Statesman is entertained by the town.

The Hon. Geo. E. Foster, the well-known ex-minister of finance, arrived in town on Thursday evening of last week, having consented to give the third lecture in the Collegiate Institute lecture course on "The Canadian Outlook" on Friday evening. Friday morning he was shown around the town, and visited its various industries. At 1 30 in the afternoon, in honor to so distinguished a guest, a luncheon was tendered him at the Benson House, which was attended by the following gentlemen; Mayor Taylor, Hon. Senator Dobson, Lieut.-Col. S. Hughes, M.P., Warden Lithgow, Col. Deacon, J. H. Knight J. R. McNellie, J O. Harstone, G. E. Broderick, C. D. Barr, E. A. Hardy, B.A., W. H. Stevens, B.A., F. McLean, J. D Flavelle, G. H. Hopkins, Robt Bryans, R. J. McLaughlin, D. R. Anderson, Jas Graham F. D. Moore, H. Porter, (The Globe), T. Matchett, (The Mail), R. Smyth, E. P. Gillogly, J. Magwood, Dr. Jeffers, A. D Mallon, P. G. Pilkie, G. H. Wilson, Dr. Burrows, Rich. Sylvester.

The toasts of "Her Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria," and "Our Governor-General" were honored. Mr. Foster ably replied to "Our Guest" and "Our Collegiate Institute" was responded to by Mr. J. O. Harstone and Mr. E. A. Hardy.

The Assembly Hall of the Collegiate Institute was crowded to the doors in the evening to hear Canada's first statesman, a noticeable feature being the attendance of many from the surrounding country, showing that our Collegiate Institute, as a county institution is not an educative one in the town only. Mayor Taylor occupied the chair and in his remarks stated that as good citizens the teachers of the Collegiate did not consider their work done when four o'clock came, as this magnificent lecture course demonstrated. After two pleasing musical numbers by Mrs. Palen on the piano, and Mr. Dingle on the flute, the latter being recalled, Mayor Taylor, amidst tremendous applause, introduced

MR. FOSTER.

Mr. Foster is an easy speaker and the apparent ease with which he uttered the most finished sentences, made it a pleasure to listen to him. His high conception of Canada and her promising outlook pronounce him at once a true Canadian and an imperialist of the first water. His lecture was enthralling, enobling and elevating and was one every young Canadian in the country should hear. With our own petty differences and pursuits we are apt to lose sight of the higher elements of life, the grander citizenship, the national, the imperial sentiments. Mr. Foster's worthy effort could not fail but to awaken such feelings. The following is a synopsis of his speech:—

Before he started he wanted to enlist the sympathies of the audience and he thought he had claim on them for it was his good nature that led him into the lecture. It was more than 22 years since he had appeared on any lecture platform outside of the political and since that time he had had most of the literary training shoved out of him. His lecture would be retrospect and prospect with some cogitations as to our responsibilities at present, and he hoped to strike no discordant phase of his subject. There was possibly no more intense and absorbing study than the development of life in its different phases. Take for instance the little brown seed, which is neither beautiful nor promising but under nature's unseen forces pushes above ground and shoots into a thing of beauty. Take the babe and watch the development of intellect, the power of speech and so on, or taking individuals on a larger scale; the study of nation building. Watch the development of the savage, step by step to semi-civilization, to civilization and finally to culture refinement, institution, law and order. Now in this matter of nation building, what are the necessary elements?

ELEMENTS OF NATION BUILDING.

First. A locus, a quo, a standpoint, that is, a country.

Second. A people, that is self evident.

Third. Institution, government, law, order, justice, charity, education, etc.

Fourth. Unity, not to say that all men must be of the same race, but they must have some dominating wand, follow some principal course or general idea, having some overpowering affinity or sentiment. One pitable example of lack of unity was China as under this, almost her first time of trial, she was decaying away.

Fifth. We need also outlook, for no nation has any prosperity unless it has an aspiration outward. These then are the great principles but over and above all there is one incentive, it is what we call

PATRIOTISM.

The mere dictionary explanation of patriotism which is love of country, is not so easily understood. Patriotism is not born but is a matter of growth. Take for instance the child. At first there is no love. Test it this way. Suppose that at the earliest instance the child is taken from the mother and given to another who will care for it in the same way. It grows up to love that person. As the child grows conscious that the mother is the providence and source of protection and guidance it loves the mother, and what mother thinks are the best thoughts, and mother's acts are the best acts. Every child to a greater or less extent idealizes its mother. So with patriotism. One learns to love his own section and locality, and be it ever so humble it is the dearest place on earth to him. The Canadian loves Canada's glades, its streams, its sun-kissed slopes, and moonlit hills. In early life as he loves his country's physical features so, as he grows older, her forms of government, her institutions are exalted by him, and to him are the best in the world. Patriotism looks for an object for its love and a symbol. That object we have in Her who rules us and the symbol in our flag. Some sneer at patriotism but men have gladly laid down their lives for it and for it nations have suffered and bled.

OUR EQUIPMENT.

Let us ask ourselves has Canada a locus, a quo, or a country. Canada is a country of immense extent. "Don't ask me the exact area. The country is growing and it may be larger than when I used to know it." (Laughter), but she is a country of vast extent and resources. She extends from the north pole until she meets our small southern neighbor and on the east and the west there is nothing but the oceans, which we own as much as any one else and he hoped we were not going to give any of them away. (Laughter.) We could take England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany and part of Russia, see them down in Canada and we would have a lot of spare land. Canada's resources stand unrivalled. The great seas on either side of us are as rich in their way as the north-west areas, and year by year the fishermen are extracting their wealth. There is access to this country by innumerable harbors and coming inland by our immense inland seas, our splendid waterways, we find great areas of fertile land, millions upon millions of acres in extent and forest almost boundless and almost inexhaustable under fair treatment (applause) and added to our forests there are mineral resources, ten years ago almost unknown, and not yet sufficiently explored to unfold what hidden wealth they hold, but 100 years hence their vast richness will surprise the world for as yet we have only begun to scratch the surface of our mineral areas. We are richly endowed and equipped with our hardy merchantile, marine and fishing, our ports and harbors, great coal deposits stretching from Atlantic to Pacific, equipment, not only for fuel and warmth, but for the mechanism of our great central railways, propogated by the energy and pluck of the government and corporations. Then too our inland waters team with resources and east, and west, and north and south magnificent waterways have been constructed.

OUR INSTITUTIONS.

Have we not one of the most stable governments in the world? It is notjbased on any sect, creed or race, and the basis is so wide that any honest man need not be without his right of voting, a basis as intelligent as in any other country in the world. Law and justice, those great principles on which the prosperity of a country depends, are of the best and our British law and British justice are known from one end of the world to the other. In other institutions, whatever they may be, Canada was in no way behind. Art and literature as yet are only in their infancy, but would grow as we developed greater leisure and wealth.

THE OUTLOOK.

He thought Canada's outlook had improved within the last 25 years, and it was a bright and alluring one. Not more than 35 years ago it was a local or provincial one with our scattered and diversed institutions, when each province treated its neighbors in matters of trade as foreigners and aliens. The Confederation was the first great uplifting this country got. Those were wise men who in 1864-'68, convened and drew up an actual vigorous plan the bare outlines of the nation which was to be in this part of the continent. The outlook is indeed an inspiring one and refuses any bounds that do not prove themselves as wide as the Empire itself. This is the foundation for that patriotic feeling that make it absolutely impossible to take one or two phases of the situation, other than the Imperial one.

ABSORPTION IN UNITED STATES.

Our existence commenced two centuries ago and our geographical relation to the United States has time and again forced on the country the question of absorption in the States. In the Revolutionary war we were kept from absorption by the intregual emigrants in Quebec. They tried to force it on us by armies, not large, but powerful in comparison, but we then scorned and defied them. We were close to it again in 1812, and then again our sturdy forefathers, spurned equally the invitation and Frenchmen and Englishmen stood up in brave defence of the country that sheltered them. (Applause). The crisis was reached probably within the last ten years. In 1891 the problem was fought and then decided forever, for though there is disagreement, Mr. Foster's firm belief was that if the electorate had decided for Unrestricted Reciprocity, it would finally have resulted in absorption, and he had many backers from both parties that made him think his assumption was right. (Applause) It seemed to him now that the question was abolished from the political platform, that it was forever settled and would not be resurrected. On the blackboard of history we would write "No Absorption" — "No Enemity"—"Friendly Intercourse"—Friendly Rivalry." These will mark our attitude—A voice—"Don't beg favors.".

SHOULD WE BE INDEPENDENT?

In view of our magnificent resources and etc., the question was asked "ought we not to set up housekeeping for ourselves?" That question forces itself on one and we will have to think over it again. His opinion was that not one one-hundredth part of the attention was paid to it now that had been twenty-five years ago. We don't know why, but there has been a force unknown to us, that has practically settled it. Are we not free? Do we not regulate our own affairs? "Yes," says someone. "But why not give us a feeling of freedom in fact as well as in theory?" No doubt that as a strong element in the development of a nation, but this force had overgrown that. Essentially we were as free as a self-governed nation. We might elect our own Governor-General—and that would be a bad thing—and doing so we would certainly gain the right to support a navy and an army. That would be a financial burden, but we would gain that national feeling, which springs from the assumption of graver responsibilities. Possibly. But we are swallowed up by a larger idea—the idea of Imperialism. Do we always want to remain a colony? No and Yes. No, if we would be cut out from the affairs of the Empire. Yes, if we were to have a hand in the larger affairs of the Empire. We want to have a part in the larger Empire, one larger that we could ever hope to be. We have a heritage in the past of the British Empire. "Her history is as much mine as the Londoner under the shadow of St. Paul. Her literature, art, are as much mine as the Englishmen and Canadians refuse to sever themselves from such a glorious past." He believed the greater Empire is to be still projected in the future and again he refused to sever his connection with her. The idea of Imperialism is a grander idea than that of mere national feeling and the feeling of independence is obliterated by the nobler conception. (Applause) "You tell me Canadians are not interested in the Empire." Our Nile voyageurs did their part in the prosecution of that war. When famine in China was reging, Canada's contribution helped to swell the relief fund. When Kitchener's thin red line pushed on towards Oadurman, to admonish that brave but fanatic people, and give the death blow to their barbarism, the people of Canada followed them step by step, but more than that a Canadian, the son of a Canadian judge, superintended the construction of the railway that advanced part passu with the army, paving the way for British commerce and civilization. But a short time ago the despairing cry from the West Indies was heard here as well as in London. All these things show that we are becoming more imperialistic. We refuse to be seperated from the higher and grander life of the Empire. Canada has put behind it forever any idea of independence or absorption. Only 50 years ago. Englishmen said cut the painters and let the colonies go, they are an expense. To-day the fervent sentiment of English Statesmen is that Great Britain's greatness is wrapped up in her colonies.

OUR RESPONSIBILITIES.

We ought to rise to a higher citizenship. We occupy a central position. For what? For the Empire. A gateway between the old world and the new. We have ports where Great Britain can coal. Great Britain is mistress of the seas, but sweeping the seas wouldn't give her command of the wheat fields of Russia. Our grain producing power must be thought of in connection with the Empire.

OUR HIGHER RESPONSIBILITIES.

He believed that morally and physically we stood high. We must, however, hold faster and faster the principle of absolute integrity and study honestly, which has done so much for England and the United States. (Applause). To do a mean or dishonest thing is wrong and we can't teach that to our boys too often. We can't remember that too often in our personal and business relations. When that spirit of sturdiness went out of Rome she fell, not from outside enemies, but from internal ones. To-day we meet men who laugh at those things, but the moral and religious fibre of a nation is an absolute essential to permanence, (Applause).

We need an enlightened public spirit. We meet so many men who say they have not time to attend to these things. We are poor men unless we feel that that which is handed down to us as a legacy is not fostered. Be a good business man, a professional man, but take a good, an intelligent interest in public affairs. "Don't think that to have a public spirit that you must run for the Dominion parliament." An intelligent public spirit is the death blow to corruption. He spoke to the young men and young women. Youth is the time of noble and generous ideals. Pitch them as high as possible. The world afterwards would knock them out of you. "Blest be the days when I thought of great things. I never reached them, and never will, but they are hung out there yet."

Set your face against it, that a man's franchise shall be at the back of the dollar bid. Spurn a man that would take from you that which is your greatest weapon. Let us try to erect our political ideals. We have disadvantages in public life to what they have in England. Their arguments are pitched higher. That arises from accumulated centuries of wealth and leisure. We are coming that way ourselves and that is another hopeful feature of an imperialistic trend. For all that the speaker said that you might visit the legislature of the world but you would not find a more practical or hard headed body of men then at Ottawa and this tides them over other disadvantages.

Above all we need that feeling of patriotism, the fire that burns off the dross and leaves the metal pure. Perhaps we need the shock of contention, perhaps to see the flag in danger, that which is symbolic of all that is dearest and most sacred to us, that we may rally to its support and have our heroism awakened.

Mr. Foster's closing words were a fitting climax to such an eloquent lecture. In a beautiful word picture, Canada was shown as a splendid maiden robed in the flag with a garland of maple and oak and at the touch of her wand there sprung into glorious activity agriculture, manufacturing industries, commercial life, education and other institutions that help to build a great nation.

The applause that marked his conclusion was simply terrific and it was several minutes before sufficient quiet reigned so that the Hon. Senator Dobson could move and Mr. R. J. McLaughlin could second the vote of thanks which was so enthusiastically carried.

If you cannot get beef, mutton will answer.

You may choose between milk, water, coffee or tea. But there is no second choice for Scott's Emulsion.

It is Scott's Emulsion or nothing.

When you need the best cod-liver oil, the best hypophosphites, and the best glycerine, all combined in the best possible manner, you have only one choice.

It brings prompt results in all cases of wasting, or loss in weight.

All druggists; 50c. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS.—A gentle tonic that increases the gastric juices, regulates the bowels, assists Nature in digesting the food, which gives the nutriment that makes good rich blood and nerve force, builds up the broken walls that disease has bombarded, forces the enemies of health to capitulate and sue for a truce. 35 cents. Sold by P. Morgan.—79 1.

Cheap railway fares from all parts of the Dominion to the old students re-union in Lindsay on Dec 29th.—78-1.

Crystal Baking Powder, perfect, pure, 15c per pound at Higinbotham's.—78 3

RINGS.—We are showing some beautiful designs in solid gold with real stones which we would like you to see the prices. $1.50 to $5.00 are extremely low for good goods. Hughan & Co.—74-6.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

In Pain?

In the Back?
Then probably the kidneys.
In the Chest?
Then probably the lungs.
In the Joints?
Then probably rheumatism.

No matter where it is, nor what kind; you need have it no longer. It may be an hour, a day, or a year old; it must yield to

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

Immediately after applying it you feel its soothing, warming, strengthening power.

It quiets congestion; draws out inflammation.

It is a new plaster.

A new combination of new remedies. Made after new methods. Entirely unlike any other plaster.

The Triumph of Modern Medical Science.

The Perfected Product of years of Patient Toil.

Placed over the chest it is a powerful aid to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the treatment of all throat and lung affections.

Placed over the stomach, it stops nausea and vomiting; over the bowels, it controls cramps and colic.

Placed over the small of the back, it removes all congestion from the kidneys and greatly strengthens weakness.

For sale by all Druggists.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Little's bookstore for Christmas gifts—costly, medium and low priced gifts for all kinds of people.—74 6.

BOWMANVILLE, November, 2nd, 1898.—Mr. J. J. Wetherup is the only authorized agent for the sale of our organs and pianos in Lindsay and Victoria county, and we will not warrant or guarantee goods by other persons in this vicinity. DOMINION ORGAN & PIANO Co., Limited, Bowmanville.—78 8.

If you want a present for wedding or birthday, look over the lines of silver, china, Bohemia glass etc., shown by Hughan & Co., you will not be urged to buy.—74-6.

You want the best and you can have it if you buy at the Oak Front Grocery and it costs you no more—the best tea, the best coffee, the best currants, the best raisins. Well, everything in our line is of the best quality. A penny saved is a penny gained. You will save dollars in the year by dealing with us. J. FLEURY.—40-tf.

Hughan & Co. sells a violin complete with bow for $1. This is a world beater.—74-6.

Private Residence for Sale.

Conveniently Situated.

The Brick House and grounds of the late Thomas C. Moynes, E½ of Lot 19, on the South side of Kent street, Lindsay.

For terms and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

McSWEYN & ANDERSON,
DUGALD MOYNES, JOHN HORE, } Executors. Solicitors
Dated 19th May, 1898 —48-tf.

John Thirkell Estate.

FOR SALE.

In order to wind up the estate offers will be received by the undersigned to purchase the following valuable properties in the Town of Lindsay:—

Parcel One.—Lot No. 21 and the West Part of Lot No. 20 on the South Side of Bond Street. This property is situated in the best residental portion of the Town. A comfortable two storey brick dwelling; frame stable; or will sell south 50 feet of this property for building lot.

Parcel Two.—Valuable Leasehold Property, composed of Lot No. 3 in sub division of Lots 7 and 8 South of Kent Street, and known as No. 92 Kent Street, having a frontage of 24 feet on Kent Street and a depth of 95 feet 8 inches to a lane. This property is situated in the central business portion of the town, a brick store, at present occupied by James Little, harness maker. The property is held under lease from the Synod of Toronto; annual ground rent $36 00, with perpetual right of renewal subject to purchase.

Terms to suit purchasers.

G. H. HOPKINS,
Nov. 23, 1898 —76 9. Vendors' Solicitor, Lindsay.

THE RATHBUN CO'S

— Is the Place to Buy —

Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Cement Plaster Paris & Charcoal. . . .

Also Headquarters for

Windsor Salt — "Dairy, Cheese & Butter" Brands.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS & MOULDINGS

Always on hand. Perfectly Dried and Seasoned.

Best qualities **HARD & SOFT COAL. CORDWOOD and MILLWOOD.**

Call and get our prices and examine goods.

TELEPHONES—Agent's Office, 77B
Town " 77
Mill " 78

G. H. M. BAKER, Agent.

Holiday Month
Holiday Goods

THE FESTIVE SEASON IS HERE.

We purpose making an easy time for you during the next month to secure your goods and needs for winter, at greatly reduced prices. We feel you will appreciate our efforts to place before you a large and well assorted stock of

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Dress Goods, Dress Linings, Dress Trimmings, Mantles, Mantle Cloths, Clothing, Overcoats, Furs Robes, Capes, Fur Mantles, Ruffs, Caperines, Mitts, Gauntlets, Fur Lined Circulars,

and every Wearable Article found in a first-class establishment. We submit the following list for your approval:

OUR HOLIDAY PRICE LIST.

Dress Goods

Nice Dark Tweed Effects, regular 20c. goods, holiday price 12c.
Handsome Plaids, were 35c, now 25c; were 50c, now 37c.
Fancy Broche Effects, in four shades, were 50c, sale price 30c.
Extra wide and heavy Serge in Green, Blue and Brown, a leader at 30c, now 22 cents.
Beautiful Covert Cloths in all the newest shades, 56 inches wide, regular $1.00 goods, sale price 80c.
8 pieces double-fold Tweed Effect Dress Goods, good value at 10c, going at 6c.
Briggs', Priestley's Heavy Corded Black Goods; all that is new in Figured and Scroll designs.
Handsome Plain Black Serge, extra value at 30c, holiday price 22c.
50 inch Suiting Serge, was 60c, now 45c.

Dress Trimmings

All the New Xmas Novelties in Braids, Jets, Ornaments, Buckles and Fancy Medallions.
VELVETEENS—Black and Colored Velveteens from 18c up to 50c, every line special.

Fancy Xmas Scrims and Cretonnes

Extra wide Scrims sold at 12c, now 9c.
The new Tinselled Scrims in Fancy Colorings, were 15c, now 11c.
Handsome Art Cretonnes, regular 10c, now 7½c; regular 13c, now 10c.
See our 54 inch all-wool Furniture Repp. in Red and Green Brocade, holiday price $1.00 a yard.

Victoria Lawns

42 inch Lawn, regular price 15c, sale price 12c.
45 inch Lawn, regular 20c, now 15c.

Cotton & Cotton Sheetings

4 specials in Grey Cotton to be sacrificed at 3c, 4c, 4½c, 5c.
Extra heavy Grey Cotton, was 10c, now 8c.
4 specials in White Cotton to be cleared at 4½c, 5c, 6c, 7c.
A case of Mill Sheeting Ends, from 1½ to 6 yards, bought a job lot, to be cleared at half their value.

Flannels & Flannelettes

25 pieces Flannelettes, regular 7c, now 5c.
10 pieces Dark Shirting Flannelette, regular 10c goods, now 8c.
8 pieces extra twilled, 36 inch goods, regular 12½c, sale price 10c.
Grey and White double-fold Sheeting Flannelettes, well worth 30c, holiday price 23c.
FLANNELETTE BLANKETS at 65c, 75c and 90c a pair.
Fine all wool Blankets at $1.90, $2.25 and $2.50, three leaders.

Towels and Towelings

Handsome Linen Towels, large size, fringed with colored borders, special at 25c pair.
Extra large, honey cotton towel, 10c each.
Good Roller Toweling at 4c, 5c and 6c yd.
Nice Huckabach Linen for Fancy Work, for 10c a yd.

Table Linens

Good width Table Linens, well stamped, 22c, 25c, 30c and 35c yard.
Handsome Table Napkins, suitable for a Christmas Present, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 a dozen, 3 leaders.

Drapery Goods

See our display of Drapery Goods—Tapestry Hangings, Raw Silk Drapery, Chenille Hangings
Lace Curtains commence at 25c a pair
Linen Blinds, mounted complete, 25c, 30c and 35c
Handsome Fringed Blinds, 35c, 45c, 50c

Carpets and Oilcloths

Good Union, yard wide, 35c, sale price 24c
Heavy Wool, leader at 75c, sale price 62c
Extra Heavy Wool, were $1, now 75c
Close back Tapestry, heavy pile, good value at 55c, clearing at 43c
Good Brussels, heavy pile, regular $1, sale price 80c
Just to hand another lot of Travellers' samples, choice ends for 50c
Stair Oilcloth, 13c, now 10c; was 15c, now 12c
Floor Oilcloth, 2 yards wide, at 44c

Corsets, Gloves & Hosiery

CORSETS—Our choice stock of Corsets all reduced. See our 25c, 35c and 50c lines.
Our Fast Black Corset is guaranteed to be the best working woman's corset in the market, now 45c a pair.
Children's Waists 23c, 30c, 40c pair.
GLOVES—Ladies' Fast Black Fleece-Lined Cashmere Gloves, regular 30c, now 23c; special 35c, now 25c.
100 pairs Cashmere and Wool Gloves, were 20c, 25c and 30c goods, to be cleared at 10c a pair, all colors.
Handsome Ringwood Gloves, in Ladies', regular 35c for 25c. Childrens', 15c and 20c.
Remember we keep the best 50c Kid Gloves in Black and Colored, to be found anywhere for fit and durability.
See our Laces and Dome Fasteners, so suitable for a Xmas Present.
LADIES' HOSE—Good Plain Cashmere, 20c a pair.
Men's Ribbed Cashmere, 20c pair.
Extra heavy Ribbed Wool, 25c pair.
Plain Wool, 15c pair.

Mantles

The newest styles, late from Germany and American markets.
Handsome Black and Brown Frieze, $10, now $8
Natty Black and Green Braided Jacket, regular $7.50 garment, now $5
Eight Beaver Jackets in Green, Blue and Black, fast sellers at $9, holiday price, $7.
Ten handsome Mantles, with all the up-to-date distinctions, regular $12 Jackets, now $9.50
Just to hand a repeat order of our Quick Sellers at $7, sale price $5.
Nice Cloth Cover, Fur lined Circular, 130 inch sweep, regular $20 garment, holiday price, $15.

Furs

Ladies' Fur Collars, were $5, now $3.
Ladies' Electric Seal Caperines, regular $8.50, now $6.75, were $14, now $10.
Handsome Sable Ruffs, six tails, worth $7.50, holiday price $5.
Nice Fur Muffs and Gauntlets, serviceable for a present.
Grey Lamb Collars, Boas, Caperines, Capes, Gauntlets, all down to sale prices.
Men's fine Greenland Seal Caps, regular $1.50, now $1 15
Men's and Boys' Otterat Caps, were $1.50, now $2
See our well selected stock of Gloves, Fur Coats and Driving Robes at holiday prices.

Ready-Made Clothing

Odd Overcoats, were $8 and $10, now $5 for working men, holiday price.
15 Tweed Suits, were $8 and $10, sizes 31 to 42, holiday price $5
Good heavy Fulldoth Pants, $1.50, $2.50, $1.75, three specials
Boys' Short Pant Suits, regular $3.50, sale price, $2.25; regular $4.50, sale price $3
12 Suits, for Boys from 8 to 12 years, were $3, holiday price $1.50

Holiday Gloves

New Kid Gloves, Men's and Boys' [illegible]
Men's Gloves, [illegible]
Handsome Lined Kid Gloves, [illegible] for Holiday Presents, [illegible] pair.
Wool Gloves 15c, 25c and 35c pair.

Men's and Boys' Holiday Neckwear

New Ties, new colors, new shapes, [illegible] prices, in Bows, Four-in-hand, Sliders, Knots and Puffs.

Gents' Furnishings

Men's White Laundried Shirts, worth [illegible] holiday price 48c
Fine Colored Shirts, collar and cuffs to match, very suitable for present, sale 75c, sale price 50c
Extra four-ply front unlaundried shirts for 45c
A good Linen Collar for 10c
Heavy Ribbed Undershirts and Drawers, 35c, 45c and 50c
Good Scotch Wool Underwear, well worth 75c each, sale price 50c
Xmas Suspenders for men, 15c, 20c and 25c a pair. For Boys, 8c, 10c, 15c pair.
Gentlemen's Scarfs for Xmas in latest styles and shades, so suitable for a present to a friend, regular 30c, now [illegible] 10c holiday price 30c

Handkerchiefs

Beautiful Handkerchiefs, a suitable gift for children, at 1c, 2c, 3c, and 5c
Nice Fancy Embroidered at 10c, 15c and 25c
Handsome English Hem-stitched, [illegible] for Xmas presents, 12c, 15c, 18c, [illegible]
Very choice Lace edge Handkerchiefs, [illegible] 16c, 20c, up to 50c

Fancy Ornaments

Fancy Ornaments suitable for Xmas presents, such as Jewel Cases, Photo Stands, Card Cases, Jewel Purses, Pen Knives, Inkstands, Ringstands, Ladies' Leather Wallets, Fancy Pin Trays, Photo Frames, Crescent Mirrors, Jewel Boxes, Silver Pin Cushions.
See our display of Novelties for Xmas.

E. E. W. McGAFFEY