LINDSAY POST OFFICE.

Leave from	p. m.	MAILS.	Leave or a. m.	p. m.
..m.		Montreal, Ottawa and C. P. R'y and G. T. R'y East, and Port Hope, Millbrook, Peterborough		
.15	.05	..... and Omemee	11.00	8.0
	2.15	Port Hope, Millbrook, Bethany ..and Franklin, and Omemee	6.00	
1.30	3.00	Toronto, Whitby, Midland, Orillia, Muskoka, Cannington, Woodville, and points north of Woodville such as Lorneville, Bartley, Glenarm, Kirkfield, Victoria Road, Coboconk, Norland, etc	9.15	6.05
		Cameron, Fenelon Falls, Kinmount, Minden Haliburton, and points served from the .....Haliburton R'y.....		3.00
6.30		..Cambray and Linden Valley..	11.00	
9.00		..Dunsford and Bobcaygeon..	12.00	
1.00		..Sturgeon Point in Summer..		
.....		.....		
.....		.....		

Jamestville, Lifford, Ballyduff, Lotus, Burton and Triverton are served from Pontypool on the C.P. R'y Blackstock, Cassarea, Hayden, Hampton, Ennniskillen, Solina, Nestleton, Harwston and Cadmus are served from Bowmanville on the G. T. R.

POSTAL RATES.

On letters posted within the Dominion for any place in Canada or the United States 3c. per oz. Newspapers 1c. per 4 oz. Drop letters 1c. per oz.

Postage to Great Britain—5c. per half oz. by each route. Registration fee, 5c.

Canada having been admitted into the Postal Union there is a re-arrangement of Postal rates as follows:—

For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibralter, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxenburg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherland, Norway, Persia, Portugals Azores Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Servia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey. And via United States:—Bermuda, Bahama, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St Thomas, St. John, St. Croix, Jamaica, Japan and Porto Rico. (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but the postal rates remain as before.) Letters 5c. per oz. Postal cards 2 cents each. Newspapers 2 cts. for 4 oz. Registration fee 5 cents.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guinea, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, via Persian Gulf Portuguese Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceanica, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies in Africa, Oceanica, and America, except Cuba and Port Rico, Straits settlements in Singapore, Penang and Malacca:—Letters 10 cts. per ½ oz. Books, &c., 4 cents for 4 oz. Other Registration fees 10 cents.

West India Islands, via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases.

Australia, (except New South Wales, Victoria) and Queensland:—Letters 7 cts., papers 4 cts.

Australia, New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland.—Letters 15 cts., papers 4 cents.

New Zealand, via San Francisco:—Letters 15 cents, papers 4 cents

P. O. REGULATIONS.

Money orders granted on all Money Order offices in Canada, United States, the United Kingdom, the German Empire, Italy, Switzerland, Austria-Hungary, Roumania, Jamaica, Newfoundland, British India, Victoria (Australia), New South Wales and Tasmania.

Deposits received under the regulations of the Post Office Savings' Bank, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p. m.

Registered Letters must be posted 20 minutes before the close of each mail.

Office hours 8 a. m. to 7 p.m., Sundays excepted

H. GLADMAN, P. M.

Lindsay, July 16th, 1886

The Victoria Warder

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 11. 1891.

LITTLE CURRENT — MANITOULIN ISLAND.

To The Editor of the Warder.

DEAR SIR,—I suppose you think that I have forgot to write to let you know how we are progressing here. Not so, as I wanted to give a correct account, as well as having experience before making any statement about this place, as I know you, as well as I, do not wish anything but the truth. Now, sir, I have been here upwards of two years, and have seen quite a portion of the island, I am now convinced that I have arrived at about the best part of it for farming or stock raising. We have this year extra heavy crops, considering the season, and you will say so too when I tell you that the early part of the summer was very warm and dry, having scarcely any rain, and many old settlers told me that they never knew such a dry summer before on the island, and they thought we were going to have a famine. It looked very like it. I travelled over the fields to look at the crops, when I observed some of the grain headed out and the balance of the seed on the ground just sprouting, and some from two to six inches high. Down poured the rain and the growth started, and we had large crops although late, good quality; grain harvesting was completed by the end of October. Peas were a heavy crop. Potatoes extra. I had off one quarter acre 105 bushels, allowing four pails full for a bushel. I counted eighty-six potatoes in one hill from the size of a marble to a hen egg. I had some that weighed two and one quarter pounds, and this on land that some told me nothing would grow on, because it was so stoney. Those around Lindsay who have been here have seen the ground beside my dwelling. I am now convinced that if the soil here was half as well worked as it is down there, we would excel in crops, as the growth here is rapid. I would say to those of our young men wishing to make a cheap and good home had better be moving, as the property here is on the rise and will go up. It wants grit and hard work for awhile, and then comes comfort and a home. When I arrived here there was only one house and the frame of another up. We have now six dwelling houses, two stores, a shingle and saw mill, a blacksmith shop, and also a wharf, where the largest steamships can come up to. We have been visited this season with steamships, schooners and tugs, besides numerous sail boats. A road has been made from here to the main road and another is in contemplation between here and Little Current. A brick-yard has been started here, and we expect by this time next year, if not before, to have plenty of brick. Dr. Herriman paid us two visits this season, and was astonished to see so much improvement in so short a time. He has spent a lot of money in making the wharf, building mill, and clearing land, and the end is not yet; he purposes making greater improvements next year. I wish him success and good returns for his money, which there is not the slightest doubt but he will have. We want here a flour mill, carding mill and foundry, which I am sure would do well. Our wool has to be shipped from the island to be carded, and all implements have to be imported here. The winters here are milder than down there; the summer is beautiful and refreshing. Many are of opinion, because this place is called an island, that it is a small place, but they would soon find, after travelling about 100 miles, besides sailing across large lakes, that it was a large place. We have lakes on the island that are from 100 to 200 feet above the north channel and Georgian Bay waters, and the query is, where are they fed from, as heavy streams are always emptying out of them and receiving no supply from the land. There is every indication of coal oil, salt and sulphur near here. This has been a stormy season with high winds, heavy thunder storms and rain.

Yours truly,

WILLIAM GRAHAM.

MARIPOSA.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—Council met this 30th day of November, A.D., 1891. Present, Messrs. Vooman, Carmichael, Shaver and McCrimmon. Absent, Mr. Adam. Minutes of last meeting read and approved. Mr. Adam entered and took his seat.

Moved by Mr. Shaver, seconded by Mr. Adam, that the reeve give his orders on the treasurer in favor of the following persons for work on roads:—C. Fairman, repairing culvert, lot 8, con. 15, in care of R. Adam, $1.50; James Chidley for work, lots 15 and 16, con. 12, $59; Jas. Chidley for work, lots 15 and 16, con. 12, $54; John Hill for work, lot 11, con. 17, $11.70; N. McLeod for work, lots 10 and 11, con. 15, $10 50; D. Sturt, breaking stone, $7; D. Sturt for work, lots 15 and 16, con. 4, $48; W. Stevens, breaking stone, con. 3, $1 50; J. Hill for work, lots 15 and 16, con. 13, $5.94.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shaver, seconded by Mr. Carmichael, that the treasurer be directed to pay from the general funds of the township the sum of $4 82 to the Campbell drainage account, being amount chargeable to the Municipality in 1891. —Carried.

Moved by W. H. McCrimmon, seconded by Mr. Shaver, that the reeve give his orders on the treasurer in favor of the following persons:—T. Beatty, for one road scraper, $9; James Taylor for two cords wood, $5; T. B. Staples account for repairing stoves in town hall, $3.83; Messrs. McIntyre & Stewart, account as solicitors from June 1889 to August 1891. $80.12; W. E. Yarnold, account for surveying, $28 12.—Carried.

Moved by W. H. McCrimmon, seconded by Mr. Shaver, that the clerk be instructed to have a deed prepared to convey the land about to be purchased from W. Parkinson Esq., at a sum of $400 along the east side of lot 17, 1st concession.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shaver, seconded by Mr. Carmichael, that Mr. Adam and Mr. McCrimmon be appointed commissioners to have the bridge repaired on the 12th concession, opposite lot 19.—Carried

Moved by Mr. Adam, seconded by Mr. Shaver, that the petition of Mr. Abram Webster and four hundred and thirty others, praying for the submission of a by-law, to the ratepayers of this municipality re local option in the matter of liquor selling—be received and the prayer of the petitioners granted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCrimmon, seconded by Mr. Shaver, that by-law No. 411, being a by-law to prohibit the retail sale of intoxicating liquors in the township of Mariposa, be received and read a first time.—Carried.

By-law No. 411, read a first time.

Moved by Mr. McCrimmon, seconded by Mr. Shaver, that by-law No. 411, be now read a second time in committee of the whole.—Carried.

By law No. 411, read a second time, Mr. McCrimmon in the chair.

COURT OF REVISION RE SHORT'S DRAIN. —The members of council took the oath required by statute as members of a Court of Revision, and proceeded to hear the appeals in re Short's drain. Notices of appeal were read from John Anderson, Mrs. Ann Hicks and James Anderson. Mrs. Hicks was heard as to her ground of appeal; James Anderson was sworn and heard; John Anderson did not answer when called.

Moved by Mr. McCrimmon, seconded by Mr. Shaver, that the Court of Revision in the matter of re Short's drain now adjourn till the 15th day of December.—Carried.

The council resumed their sitting for the dispatch of ordinary business.

Moved by Mr. Carmichael, seconded by Mr. McCrimmon, that Mr. Frederick Shaver is appointed by this council to investigate and report to this council at its next meeting in re the claim of Thos. King of damages to his engine on town line of Reach and Mariposa, opposite concession A. and that the clerk notify the council of Reach, that they may take mutual action.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Adam, seconded by Mr. Shaver, that this council adjourn until 15th December.—Carried.

JOHN F. CUNNINGS, clerk.

Conscience, or What!

"Conscience doth make cowards of all of us" says the poet. But it is just so with the nerves. When a man's nerves are unstrung, through indigestion and torpid liver and impure blood, what wonder that he feels depressed and nervous! He starts at every little unexpected sound; is afraid of his shadow and feels like a fool. Let such a man go to the drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great blood purifier and liver invigorator. This is the only blood-purifier and liver invigorator guaranteed to benefit or cure, or money will be promptly refunded. It cures indigestion or dyspepsia, and from its wonderful blood-purifying properties, conquers all skin and scalp diseases, salt-rheum, tetter, eczema and kindred ailments. All blood-poisons, no matter of what name or nature, yield to its remedial influences.

DUNSFORD.

Special to The Warder.

I.O.G.T. NOTES.—The gospel meeting on Sunday evening the 29th ult., was successfully conducted by Bro. Ed. Thurston, assisted by Bros. Power and McFadyen. The different speakers secured excellent attention from the audience. The lodge is steadily increasing and the prospects for securing more members ere long are good.

PRIVATE DEBATE.—A private debate was held on the 27th ult. The subject discussed was "Resolved that the drunkard is more miserable than his wife." George Kennedy the leader of the affirmative, was ably assisted by Bros. Gordon and R. M. Thurston, while Bro. Richard Thurston, the leader of the negative, was equally as well assisted by Bros. Hay and McFadyen. The worthy judges, namely, Bros. Power, Gow and Ed. Thurston, after a "ten minutes" address from each speaker, found it a difficult matter to come to a decision but finally decided in favor of the affirmative.....Be sure and attend the next public debate which is coming off before long. The subject will be a historical one.

OUR enterprising general merchant, Mr. Wm. Germyn is determined to keep his toe to the mark. He is now offering his winter goods to the public at remarkably low prices. Call and see him as he keeps in line with our town merchants.

Messrs. Thomas White, Joseph Greer and Chas. Hore, have each been presented with a young daughter. Each of the above gentlemen have reason to be proud of their presents particularly Mr. White, who can for the first time sing "Hush a-bye baby," etc.

OWING to the closing of navigation the stage is now running its regular course from Lindsay to Bobcaygeon.

For the past two months, storms have been leaving visible traces behind them particularly in Fenelon.

TEA MEETING.—The methodists of this place purpose holding a tea-meeting and entertainment on the 14th inst.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Hugh McCullum is recovering from his recent illness.....Mr. J. J. McCullum of Mimico is again visiting in our midst. J. J. is a genial fellow wherever you meet him.

STOUFFVILLE.

The Stouffville Tribune of Nov. 27. says;—"On Friday evening last about 50 citizens in response to an invitation issued by a special committee, assembled at the Queen's hotel to do honor to an estimable citizen, in the person of J. A. Todd, who was about to leave for Oakwood to engage in mercantile business. Mr. Todd has resided here for several years and during that time has displayed considerable enterprise in connection with the building up of the business part of our town, having erected a fine large brick block containing seven stores. His business ability and good citizenship was recognized at the beginning of the present year by his being placed at the head of the polls for councillor. The farewell accorded him was in the form of an oyster supper which was prepared in his usual good style by mine host, J. G. Martin. After all had fully satisfied themselves with the luscious bivalve, F. W. Hill took the chair and briefly expressed his regrets at having to part with such a worthy and energetic citizen as Mr. Todd. Each of the speakers in responding to toasts were agreed on two points, viz., that Mr. Todd had been a good citizen and as such they were sorry to part with him. We wish Mr. Todd and his estimable partner in life comfort, happiness, and success in their new home.

Mr. Chapleau's Great Speech.

(*Continued from Third Page.*)

may be established between the two countries. In this same year old Canada passed a law reducing rates on import duties on United States products from 12½ to 7½ per cent. and raising the rates on British imports from 5 per cent. to 7½ per cent. This measure was passed relying upon the supposed willingness of the United States to negotiate a fair measure of reciprocity between the two countries. It gave an immense advantage to the exporters of the United States, but no corresponding legislation was enacted by that country, nor was reciprocity granted. In 1849 an Act was passed, enacting "that whenever under any law of the United States of America the articles enumerated in the schedule of this Act annexed, being the growth or production of this province, shall be admitted free of duty into said United States of America, then similar articles, being the growth or production of the said United States, shall be admitted into this province free of duty when imported direct from the United States." A similar bill was reported by the Committee of Commerce and passed by the House of Representatives, but failed of consideration in the Senate in both 1848 and 1849.

In 1850 Sir Francis Hincks visited Washington on behalf of the Canadian provinces, and addressed an able letter to the chairman of the Committee of Commerce in favor of the adoption of a measure of reciprocity on the basis followed by the Canadian Act of 1849. His efforts failed, and the

UNITED STATES SENATE REFUSE TO ACT.

In 1854, after much correspondence, a treaty of reciprocity was at length negotiated. I need not mention the long list of articles it covered. The treaty is known to everybody. Scarcely had the treaty been put into operation when agitation began in the United States for its amendment or abrogation. This, in the face of the fact that manufactured goods were excluded by express words from the operation of the treaty, that the agitation was taken up by the Legislature of New York state and pressed upon Congress by the resolution of both Houses of that body. And this had its effect. In 1865 notice of the abrogation of the treaty was given by the United states, but neither Great Britain or Canada abandoned the friendly attitude they had always taken. When the notice of the abrogation of the treaty of 1854 was given on March 17, 1865, by Mr. C. F. Adams, in London to Lord John Russell, the British Minister was disposed to think that the Government of the United States was not serious, so great a body of commercial opinion in the United States seemed favorable to the continuance of the treaty. But the politicians were more active than the merchants, and Consul Wilkins, in a report of September 7, 1865, said that at the Detroit convention the New York delegates "had been well educated in the school of opposition." In 1865 Sir Alexander Galt and W. P. Howland from Canada, Hon. W. A. Henry from Nova Scotia and Hon. A. J. Smith from New Brunswick were sent by their representive Governments to Washington to co-operate with Sir F. Bruce in a friendly attempt at negotiation for a renewal of the treaty of 1854. These gentlemen found "that no renewal or extension of that existing treaty would be made by the American authorities, but that whatever was done must be done by legislation."

THE NEGOTIATIONS FAILED

owing to the unfriendly feeling in Congress, a result which Lord Clarendon, in a despatch to Sir F. Bruce most sincerely deplored. By the Customs Act of 1868, section 6, certain enumerated articles, the growth of the United States "free of duty or at a less rate of duty than is provided in the said schedule, upon the proclamation of the governor in council, whenever the United States shall provide for the importation of similar articles from Canada into that country free of duty, or at a less rate of duty than is now imposed on the importation from Canada of such articles into the United States." This was an olive branch held out by Canada to the United States in spite of the hostile experiences of previous years. In 1869, Sir John Rose was sent by the Canadian Government to Washington, and, in conjunction with Sir Edward Thornton, proposed new negotiations, with the consent and approval of the British Government of that time, for a reciprocity treaty based on the treaty of 1854, with the addition of manufactured articles to the free list, the mutual opening of the coasting trade, the protection of patents and copyrights, and a treaty of extradition. It was found impossible to make any propositions which the American Government would accept, and the negotiations fell through. In 1871, during the session of the joint committee which framed the Washington treaty, Sir John A. Macdonald, commissioner for Canada, and his colleagues, the British Commissioners, proposed: "That the reciprocal treaty of 1854 should be restored in principle." The United States commission replied that: "The treaty had proved unsatisfactory to the people of the United States, and consequently had been terminated by notice from their Government in pursuance of its provisions. Its renewal would not be in their interest and would not be in accordance with the views of the people of the United States."

In 1874 George Brown, at the instance of the Mackenzie Government, which, by its minute of Council, declared its belief, "That a most favorable opportunity was presented for renewal of negotiations for a reciprocity treaty," was sent as a commissioner to Washington, and, in conjunction with Sir Edward Thornton, after a good deal of discussion, negotiated a draft treaty of reciprocity; but the president did not even allude to it by message, nor did the Senate of the United States, acting within the scope of its authority, ratify or even deign to discuss it.

[*Concluded next Week.*]

Worms cause much sickness among children. Freeman's Worm Powders prevent this and make the child bright and healthy.—2-5.

Now Free from Pain.

DEAR Sirs,—I have been troubled with lame back for about six months, and thought I would try Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which cured me. Am now free from all pains and recommend Yellow Oil very highly.—Frank Palmer, Winona, Ont.—11-2.

Never allow the bowels to remain constipated lest serious evil ensue. National Pills are unsurpassed as a remedy for constipation.—2-5.

A Good Verdict.

Sirs,—I have great reason to speak well of your B.B. Bitters. I have taken 6 bottles for myself and family and find that for loss of appetite and weakness it has no equal. It cures sick headache, purifies the blood and will not fail when used. I heartily recommended it to all wanting a pure medicine.—Mrs. H. McNutt, Truro, N.S.—11-2

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Best Yet.

Dear Sirs,—My mother was attacked with inflamation of the lungs which left her very weak, and never free from cold, till at last she got a very severe cold and cough. She resolved to try Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, and, on so doing, found it did her more good than any other medicine she ever tried.—Mrs. Kennedy, 50 Smith Av., Hamilton, Ont.—11-2.

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BURDOCK PILLS SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS. SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

Land For Sale.

Several choice Lots of Farming, Grazing, and Timber Lands in Somerville for sale. Apply at any time. SAM. SUDDABY Burnt River.—3-1v.

VICTORIA LAUNDRY

Russell Street, near the Sylvester Works.

Sergt.-Major John Martin

Begs to inform the people of Lindsay that he has opened a laundry at the above address, where all orders will be promptly attended to.

Parcels called for and delivered.

Family washing a specialty.—1-tf.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, TONIC and RECONSTRUCTOR, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from POOR and WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.

EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness when neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will make them regular.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing

THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO. Brockville, Ont.

Medical Cards.

DR. A. W. J. DEGRASSI, Physician, Surgeon, &c., &c., Wellington Street Lindsay.

DR. McALPINE, Office and residence—William street north, corner of Colborne street, Lindsay. Office hours 10 a.m. to 3 p. m. Telephone communication.

DR. E. S. WILSON, Late of the Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh. Over ten years of successful practice. Office and residence—Link's Terrace, Glenelg street.—1756-ly

P. PALMER BURROWS, M. D. C. M., Graduate of McGill College, Montreal, 1886, Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office and residence opposite Carr's hotel, William street.—45.

DR. SIMPSON Office and residence, Russel street, second door west of York street. Office hours—9 to 10.30 a.m.; 1.30 to 3.30 p.m., and 7 to 8 p.m.

Graduate of University of Trinity Coll., Toronto; Member of Coll. of Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.; late physician to Rockwood Asylum, Kingston.

Grand Trunk R'y Surgeon Lindsay District. 1734

Legal Cards.

G. H. HOPKINS, (Successor to Martin & Hopkins) Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Offices—William St., Lindsay, Ont.—1654.

MOORE & JACKSON (Successors to Hudspeth & Jackson) Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Office, William street, Lindsay. F. D. MOORE. ALEX. JACKSON. 1632-ly

McSWEYN & ANDERSON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., Hamilton's Block, Kent Street, Lindsay. Money to loan at current rates. JOHN McSWEYN DONALD R. ANDERSON.

A. P. DEVLIN, Barrister, &c., County Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace, County of Victoria. Office, Keenan's block, over Weese's store, Lindsay.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c. Office, Doheny Block, Kent street Money to loan at current rates. ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY.

BARRON AND McLAUGHLIN, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., &c., office, Baker's Block, Kent St., Lindsay, opposite Veitch's Hotel. JOHN A. BARRON, R. J. MCLAUGHLIN.

P. S.—Private and Company's funds to loan at lowest current rates.

PRESTON & CURRY, (Successors to Curry & Smith), Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. Offices—Wood & Kells' block, Millbrook, Ont., and Bethan on Mondays. Money to loan at lowest rates. J. A. V. PRESTON, B.A., LL.B. J. WALTER CURRY, B.A. 1697-ly

Money.

MONEY TO LOAN. Money lent on Mortgage, and Mortgages negotiated Straight loans at 6 per cent. 1732-ly MOORE & JACKSON.

MONEY TO LOAN. Straight Loans at the very lowest current rates. A large amount of Trust Funds for investment, payable on terms to suit the borrower. 1654 G. H. HOPKINS, Barrister, Lindsay.

MONEY TO LOAN. At 5, 5½, 5¾ and 6 per cent. We are now loaning money on first-class farm and business properties at the above rates, and on other good securities at lowest current rates. Mortgages and Notes negotiated. BARRON & McLAUGHLIN, Barristers, etc., Lindsay, Ont. August 1st, 1889.—1590-ly.

$1,750,000 MUST BE LOANED AT 5 PER CENT. on First and Second Mortgages. Old Mortgages paid off. NO COMMISSION. Agents Wanted. Call or send 3c. stamp for CIRCULAR. E. R. REYNOLDS 7 RICHMOND ST. W. TORONTO

Professional Cards.

DR. W. KENNY, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Registered member of Ontario Veterinary Medical Association. Office and residence, Bond street, East of Methodist Church, and West of Wallace's Woollen Mills. Lindsay, March 22nd 1887.

DR. BROAD, VETERINARY SURGEON, graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; registered member of Ontario Veterinary Association. OFFICE—William street north, in Skitch's Terrace, opposite the gas works. All calls by mail or telegraph promptly attended to. Charges moderate. Lindsay, January 3rd, 1890.—1712.

Business Cards.

PETER MITCHELL, Assignee, Accountant, Financial Agent, etc., etc. OFFICE—Hudspeth's old Law Office, (up stairs). 1766-ly

T. A. MIDDLETON, Life, Fire and Accident Insurance Agent. Agent for the Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co. OFFICE—Holtorf's Block, Kent street, Third Door East of the Post Office, upstairs.—1764-ly

HUGH MITCHELL, Accountant. Fire and Life Insurance effected in reliable companies at lowest rates. Agent for Headstones, Monuments, and every description of marble and granite work, Lindsay, Ont.—1703-ly

GEO. MANNING, Auctioneer for the East Riding of the County of Victoria, and Bailiff for the Second Division Court. Office and residence, Fenelon Falls. Fenelon Falls, April 6th, 1891.—67-tf.

Removal.

MISS GALBRAITH, Music Teacher, has removed from Lindsay street to William street. Rooms over Mr. Robinson's, gunsmith; entrance through the store. Lindsay, April 8th, 1891.—77-26

LINDSAY WOOLLEN MILLS

In operation the year round.

Highest price paid in Cash for Wool.

2 CENTS EXTRA WHEN TRADED.

FULL CLOTH, TWEEDS, FLANNELS, Etc. FOR SALE.

WALLACE & CO.

Lindsay, July 8th, 1891.—1790-tf.

Hotel Cards.

BENSON HOUSE, The only first-class House in town, Kent street Lindsay. Charges moderate E. BENSON, Prop'r

VEITCH'S HOTEL. The only second class house in Lindsay Corner of Kent and Cambridge streets. A first-class Veterinary Surgeon always in attendance E VEITCH, Prop.

FOREST HOUSE, Bobcaygeon, Capt. Bottum, proprietor. Having leased the above hotel and refurnished the same the proprietor solicits a share of public patronage. Board $1 per day. Boats, livery and stage office in connection.—1374.

PATTIE'S HOTEL, Coboconk.—This well known hotel has been improved and is now in first-class order for the reception of guests. The bar is supplied with the best brands of cigars. Good stabling and attentive hostlers. Good commercial rooms. J. PATTIE, Proprietor.—1819-9m

ROYAL HOTEL, Lindsay. This well known house has been recently improved, and is in every way suited for the accommodation of the public. Table unsurpassed. The best of liquors and cigars, good stabling and attentive hostlers always in attendance. THOS. McCONNELL, proprietor.—1819-9m

KINMOUNT HOUSE, Kinmount, Joseph Bowie, proprietor. The above premises have recently been fitted up in good style for a first-class hotel, and the public can be assured of the best accommodation at very reasonable rates; The bar is supplied with all the best brands of liquors and cigars. Large stables and sheds and an attentive hostler.

THE SNOWDEN HOUSE, Charlotte Street, - Peterboro. This is a new house, and is one of the best equipped in Peterboro. It is convenient to both G.T.R. and C.P.R. stations, as well as near the market. Baths, washrooms, and all modern conveniences. Terms, $1.00 per day.—1670-ly

THE WAVERLEY HOUSE. Corner of Kent and Lindsay Streets, Lindsay. The aim of the proprietor of the Waverley is to make it second to no hotel outside of the cities. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. Every attention paid to the convenience of guests. Good stabling, commodious sheds, and large yard room, with attentive hostlers always on hand. MALCOLM McGREGOR, Lindsay July 3d 1890.—1737-tf Proprietor.

QUEEN'S HOTEL Haliburton is without a rival in this district as a summer resort for families, and is beautifully situated A charming place for the huntsman, the sportsman and the fisherman. It is away in the primitive forest and in a beautiful little village possessing a railway, telegraph offices, and all the conveniences of modern life. Charges surprisingly moderate. The very place to "Spend a Happy Holiday." The proprietor is anxious to accommodate all he can, and parties coming to stay a few days are requested to communicate by post or wire. Five hours rail from Toronto. The hotel is supplied with every accommodation, and a good tablels kept. Free Buss to and from station D. KELLETT Proprietor.—1375

Dentistry.

J. NEELANDS L. D. S.

M.R.C.D.S., ONT., DENTIST, LINDSAY.

By the aid of the new hydro-carbon gas furnace he can make indestructible porcelain fillings and restore broken and decayed teeth to their original shape, contour and color by this process. Old roots can have porcelain crowns attached consequently there is no plate required.

Gas—vitalized air, administered with great success for nearly 23 years, extracting teeth for thousands of persons without a particle of pain. He uses the latest approved appliances for administering the gas. He studied under Dr. Colton of New York, the inventor of gas for extracting teeth, who has administered it to over 160,000 persons and not a fatal case. Mr. Neelands uses Bell's Local Anaesthetic for extracting teeth. Mr. Neelands is now using a new style of forceps which he had expressly manufactured while on his last visit to New York, which removes the teeth without injury to the gums or jaw, the gums healing up beautifully in a few days and no subsequent trouble. Artificial teeth inserted on all the popular bases and by the most approved styles and appliances for their retention and comfort. Numbers of persons are wearing teeth made by Mr. Neelands over 20 years, and never required repairs. Prices from $10 to $65 for an upper or under set. Persons from a distance will please send postal card before coming. OFFICE—Kent street, Lindsay, nearly opposite the Simpson House

W. H. GROSS, L. D. S., M. R. C. D. S. Ont.

Dentist, Lindsay. The popular GOLD and PORCELAIN CROWNING System (without plate) practised by Mr. Gross with great satisfaction to a large number of persons.

Artificial Teeth inserted by the most approved methods and principles for securing perfection of fit, comfort, usefulness, durability and beauty; on Gold, Silver and Celluloid, also on all the harmless dental Rubbers, and at the lowest living prices All sets of teeth finished and fitted to the mouth by Mr. Gross himself, or under his personal supervision, which will account for the satisfaction given by his work.

The introduction from time to time of the latest appliances for the administration of Vitalized Air and Gas, enables Mr. Gross to announce constantly increasing success in the use of these anaesthetics. No pain, no accidents, no torn gums, consequently, no dissatisfaction.

The best methods of preserving the natural teeth by filling with gold and other reliable materials, has been made a study for nearly Thirty years by Mr. Gross, and special attention and care is given by him to this branch of his business. No unnecessary pain in filling. Don't fail to call on Gross at his office over Kennedy's store, Kent-St., and see specimens of his work.—152

Hand Loom Weaving.

The undersigned is prepared to weave bed blankets, full width, also fancy flowered bed spreads, full width, and all kinds of narrow Flannel, twilled, plain and fancy Rag Carpet, hit and miss 10c. per yard. See sign. SAMUEL HUTCHISON, Oct. 6, 1891.—7-9 Fenelon Falls.

LITTLE BRITAIN

Sash and Door Factory

Having purchased the interest of MR. JOSEPH MAUNDER in the Sash and Door Factory in Little Britain, I will carry on the business as in the past, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

Highest Price paid for Good Shingle Bolts.

Parties intending to build will do well to consult me and see what I can do for them in the way of prices before purchasing elsewhere,

CALEB MARK. Little Britain, 21st Dec. 1889.—10-13.

AUTHORS & COX, Manufacturers of Trusses, artificial Limbs and Appliances for all deformities of the human body. Spinal Disease, Hip Joint disease, diseases of the Knee and Ankle, Knock Knee, Bow Legs, Club Feet, etc.; also Crutches. 121 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

MESSRS. AUTHORS & COX,—Gentlemen—I have great pleasure in being able to give you a hearty testimonial for the workmanship and wearing capacity of an artificial leg made by you for me nearly four years ago. It has given perfect satisfaction and has never been out of repair, and is doing its work well. Yours truly, 1758-ly W. TOWSEND.

GUNS! GUNS

For sale—double and single breech and muzzle loaders. guns—muzzle loaders—double single—one inch bore down, barrels of various grades. Breech loading double shot guns of the best quality. Single duck guns, 4 feet barrels, large bore. More than 100 guns to choose from. We have just completed a boring machine of the latest improved principle and are prepared to bore guns 6 feet down to short lengths and guarantee good shooting. Old worn rifles bored for shot guns a specialty. All repairs executed in a workmanlike manner on reasonable terms. Ammunition of all grades for sale. LUKE ROBINSON & SONS, William street, Lindsay, late from Steel House Lane, Birmingham England—1819.

ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE BELLEVILLE, ONT. SEVENTEENTH YEAR.

The widespread reputation of this institution created by the thoroughness of its work, and the great success of its graduates, is manifested in the attendance, which, within a short period, has embraced students from fifteen different provinces and states, including two of the West India Islands. Students can enter at any time, receive individual instruction, and progress according to ability. For circulars, etc., address ROBINSON & JOHNSON, Belleville, Ont.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

Do not be mis-led by those house-cleaners who may tell you that Kalsomine, or Glue and Whiting is just as good as the genuine

ALABASTINE

for health, cleanliness or durability Agency for Victoria Co. at

W. A. Goodwin's

Room Paper and Picture Store. Opposite Veitch's Hotel, Lindsay 1682-ly

How the Royal Canadian Insurance Co'y Pays its Losses.

We have pleasure in acknowledging the payment in full of our claim against the Royal Canadian Ins. Co., resulting from the recent big fire in Omemee We were somewhat tardy in completing our claim papers, but the company has paid our claims before the expiration of 30 days. W. H. CURRY, JNO. McCREA. Omemee, Oct. 6th, 1891.

My outbuildings and their contents were burnt by the explosion of a lantern on the 11th Sept. On the 15th the loss was satisfactorily adjusted, and now I have a cheque for the amount of my claim. W. H. MONTGOMERY. Manvers, Oct. 6th, 1891.

My dwelling and contents were burned on the 28th September. To-day, eight days after, I have a cheque for the full amount of my claim. This is prompt and satisfactory. MATTHEW WILSON. Ops, Oct. 16th, 1891.

For insurance apply to S. CORNELL, Agent, Lindsay.

JOHN MAKINS —IRON FOUNDER— WILLIAM STREET, LINDSAY MANUFACTURER OF Saws and Shingle Mill Machinery Flour Mill, Steam Engines and Steam Pumps. Have a large assortment of General Patterns in the above description of works. Lindsay, July 27th 1888.—1823.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y (Established 1850.)

Assets	$32,690,676 79
Income	4,842,628 46
Surplus, (Canadian Standard)	7,819,000 00
Policies in force	97,872,854 00