

How Long

THE WORLD WAITS

For some things! Thousands of years for Electric Lights, Telephone Railways, Ocean Cables, Steam Ploughs and all the too numerous to mention things that make life pleasant.

IT HAS WAITED

Until now for the best and most reliable pocket timepiece, "THE MIDLAND" Watch, ever put on the market. It is a pleasure to own one. A man will sleep sounder and have a better appetite because of the satisfaction it affords him to possess a "Midland."

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Who can should procure a watch of that kind when he invests in a new timepiece. They are made to order for Britton Bros and are especially adapted to keep accurate time under the most trying circumstances.

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Say "This is the watch we should have had long ago, something reliable at a moderate price." Those who use them testify to their superior excellence.

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A watch come and see us. See the "MIDLAND" and we can convince you that it is not necessary to pay a fancy price for a first-class railway watch.

Britton - Bros.

Jewellers and Watchmakers, Foot of Kent St., Lindsay.

The Victoria Warder FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1890.



A union of hearts and a union of hands A union none can sever; A union of homes and a union of lands And the flag, Harrier Ours, forever.

Gems of Thought.

The brooks are lovelier, an' 'stagnin' to be seen, (Lake gas,) make all the hollows soft an' green.

J. A. Lovell.

Again the blackbirds sing; the streams Wake, laughing, from their dream, And tremble in the April showers The tassels of the maple flowers.

J. G. Whittier.

It is better to heart with a wise man in prison than a fool in paradise. The wise in heart will receive commandments; but a parting fool shall fall.

Those who are cruel to animals are generally bad citizens. A righteous man regardeth the life of his beast; but the tender mercies of the wicked are cruel.

TO OUR READERS.

Our readers will please excuse the dearth of news and editorial this week as our time was fully occupied until Wednesday in the courts.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Riffel, the engineer of the Paris tower, says that in all great engineering works there is one life lost for every \$300,000 spent. This looks like a cold-blooded way of putting it but the facts seem to bear it out.—World.

Two Englishmen were recently fined in Montreal for insulting a "French flag." They pulled one down from a house front, and were fined for trespass or violence; but for "insulting the French flag." And this is Canada!

Secchi, the Italian astronomer, estimates the cold of space at 18,000,000 degrees. If this be so, the Mowat Government will do well to negotiate with Gen. Middleton for a supply of furs, to be delivered after the general election.—World.

There is a lively discussion going on in the English papers as to whether or not the story of Jessie Brown hearing the bagpipes at the relief of Lucknow is a myth or based on fact. Eminent authorities say it was a hand-to-hand fight to the gates of the city, and equally eminent authorities say the pipers piled their wind to cheer the bare-legged Highlanders on to the relief of the imprisoned ones. Why discuss it? Jessie Brown will live for ages in epic poetry, and if the incident be not based on fact, it is at all events a pleasant poetic creation.—World.

THOSE LIBEL SUITS.

On Monday and Tuesday at the Assizes in this town before His Lordship, Mr. Justice Rose, the libel suit, Cooper vs. Hughes, was tried. The result was a verdict of libel, damages one dollar.

In briefly reviewing the case, it is not necessary to refer to the cause of action. For years THE WARDER had been tantalized and misrepresented. Finally our patience ceased being a virtue; and in an article, "A Thanksgiving Done for Joe Cooper and the Family to Pick" issued last November, we exposed the real aims and designs against us. In that article we made some extreme statements, but immediately thereafter withdrew them, a fact which escaped our notice at the trial; for it would have formed important evidence in our behalf.

The plaintiff Cooper had retained one of the best lawyers to be found in Canada Mr. B. B. Osler. He is the counsellor sent by the Dominion Government to the North-West in 1885 to secure a conviction against Riel, and he succeeded.

On our part, and also for Dr. Clark's case, Hon. S. H. Blake accepted three retainers and was fully expected here. It appears an understanding arose between Messrs. Osler and Blake that both should come down Monday evening, there being other cases to occupy the court during that day. Mr. Blake purposed entering into the cases Monday night and would be ready on Tuesday morning to proceed. However, in place of waiting till the evening Mr. Osler came on Monday morning. It appears Mr. Osler instructed Mr. Thos. Stewart of this town to telephone from Lindsay on Saturday night to Mr. Blake notifying him of the changed arrangements.

Mr. Stewart reached home from Toronto at eight o'clock, but the telephone office was closed and by the time a message could be sent it was late. That message was not delivered to Mr. Blake that night for we spent the evening until nearly mid-night at his residence. On Monday when Mr. Blake found Mr. Osler gone, and that the cases would certainly be on that afternoon, he saw the utter impossibility of getting here in time; so telegraphed advising an adjournment of all the cases.

In our cases we determined to go on. Our former proposal to drop them, each side paying its own costs, was rejected. As our opponents said, they wanted "blood."

There were counsel in other cases here from Toronto, Messrs. Watson and Laird-law, besides the Lindsay lawyers; but it was impossible for anyone to take Mr. Blake's place on a moment's warning. So we reluctantly constituted ourselves our own counsel.

Our case seemed prejudiced from the outset. We instructed our solicitors to enter a counter-claim when the suits were instituted. By Mr. Dalton at Osgoode Hall this was ruled out. Then an order was granted allowing us to enter our claim in a cross action to be tried concurrently at the discretion of the Judge, at the Assizes. His Lordship, Mr. Justice Rose declined to complicate matters by mixing the two cases. In our defence to the statement of claim by some mistake justification was entered only against the most serious parts of our article; those portions most easily proven being left unjustified. To rectify this error we applied some time ago and obtained at Osgoode Hall permission to put in a proper defence. That was done at considerable cost. However, the costs were cheerfully paid in the belief that we would have a broad field on which to fight; in short that instead of being limited to one or two sections of the article we would be allowed to prove it all. That was our desire. But it seems, the very same day an order for "particulars" was granted at Osgoode Hall which completely nullified the amended defence, by limiting us to two or three paragraphs, instead of to the whole article. Lawyers tell us it is the most peculiar order that has left Osgoode Hall. It left us practically just where we were before getting the amended defence.

In that condition of affairs we were practically forced into court on Monday night last against Mr. B. B. Osler, one of the best lawyers in Canada. However, he sought no unfair advantage, but he DID NOT IN THE SLIGHTEST DEGREE NEGLECT HIS CLIENTS' INTEREST OR GRANT US A FAVOR. His Lordship Mr. Justice Rose, was also most courteous. His manner and action were those of a perfect gentleman.

The case lasted Monday night till half-past ten, and all day Tuesday until nearly seven o'clock; and as we had to do the proving, the time was necessarily chiefly occupied by us. That we made out a good case, limited as we were to the two or three most serious paragraphs of our article as well as another serious one from the pen of "Stripes," is evident from the verdict. The most serious charge, that of being guilty of offences meriting the "penitentiary," was not satisfactorily proven against Mr. Cooper. A man in charge of a business may remove the stock under his control to another place and be guilty, not of a theft but of a ruse. A very nice distinction.

The jury brought in a verdict, finding the defendant to have libelled the plaintiff and placing damages at ONE DOLLAR, but with the unanimous expression THE PROVOCATION WAS GREAT AND EXTREME. The jury did not know they could fix the costs but meant the recommendation re "great provocation" to take the place of each side paying its own costs. THAT they publicly state. That they privately

informed an agent who sought to induce them to say they meant the verdict to carry costs. They freely state they meant each side to pay its own costs.

The jury with the exception of Mr. Skitch of Lindsay, were one and all entire strangers to us. We could not possibly name or recognize one from another. What they were, whence they came, to what party they belonged, of what societies they were members we knew not and cared not. They were sworn FELLOW COUNTRYMEN; that was all we wanted. It since transpires that one only is an orangeman, no two knew each other before going into the jury, and they were about equally divided in politics. The court and the audience will bear us out in stating we made no pitying appeal for sympathy as we might have done had one been defending a case not his own; we treated both Mr. Osler and Mr. Cooper courteously and as gentlemen; we did not seek to lower Mr. Cooper by drawing on our imagination to picture him dark; we acted as we always try to act, fairly, squarely and above board. We made no pitying appeal to catch the religion of the jury. When we spoke on a religious question it was in explanation of the articles which Mr. Osler had sought to use before the jury to our injury. Those and those only did we explain. We took the broad stand of citizenship before creeds in public affairs.

Mr. Osler with that experience and great ability which are his own, played on a Presbyterian here, a Methodist there, a Roman Catholic again, and orangemen elsewhere. He also, we think, overstepped just bounds in his personal allusions. But a jury of intelligent men were moved. Had we been asked to bring in a verdict ourselves the only change we would make would be that Mr. Cooper having begun the slandering, having long continued it, and finally having begun law, thereby giving us great annoyance and much expense he should receive damages of one dollar, for we did libel him; but he should pay all expenses of all actions. That would be fair and just between man and man.

The cross action which we brought against Mr. Cooper, we agreed at the suggestion of His Lordship, to drop, the general understanding that each, in each case should pay his own costs. We were ready to go on, and had no fear of getting a verdict, and a heavy one too. But from the first our aim was to have a counter-claim or a cross action tried at once. The first case was really a victory for us; and we were satisfied. However, judging by the temper since displayed, since hearing the provocation given us, it is likely it would have gone hard with Mr. Cooper in the trial. But as we have said the action was entered as a counter-claim, and having practically won the first, we have no desire to be vindictive.

We tender our sincere thanks to His Lordship Mr. Justice Rose, for courtesy and kindness; to the jury who gave us their verdict in our favor; and to all our many friends from all parts of the country who came to give evidence in our behalf though the peculiar nature of the preparation of the case their evidence could not be received. Only one tenth of our witnesses could be called, the judge ruling that the PARTICULARS must be closely followed.

However, the matter is over. We libelled Mr. Cooper in declaring him guilty of the penitentiary. He libelled us also in many instances. He began law, and a jury of his fellow-countrymen have pronounced a verdict. We declined to pursue the advantage known to be ours, in the exasperated state of public opinion against him and strongly in our favor, a public opinion we are assured which is intensified since the trial still more in our favor; and we dropped the case against him.

Our aim is peace, but peace with honor. On other terms the war would be to the death. Honor we have. Henceforth let all the newspapers in Lindsay pursue correct lines. Our faults have been under provocation. We admit them frankly.

Lorneville, Halliburton, Kirkfield and Stanhope cheese factories, four new ones, are this year to be in operation in this district.

The two-rowed barley has arrived at Ottawa and is ready for delivery as soon as orders are completed. Send orders with money to Mr. Saunders, superintendent of Dominion Experimental Farms, Ottawa.

General Middleton has admitted "confiscating" furs in the North West. The general should remember that when goods are confiscated they must either be destroyed or turned over to the government to be disposed of as may be deemed advisable.

Donald Chisholm M.P., for New Westminster district, B.C., died at that place on Saturday, 5th inst., aged 68 years. Mr. Chisholm was elected at the general election in 1887, as a supporter of the government of Sir John A. Macdonald. The remains will be taken to Antigonish, N.S., for interment.

West Victoria Convention.

On Saturday, April 5, the liberal-conservatives of West Victoria held an organization convention in Lindsay, which was attended by about two hundred electors from the various parts of the riding. Among these were several reformers, who are thoroughly well pleased with Mr. Meredith's platform. The roads being very muddy prevented more from being present.

The chair was occupied by Mr. John Dobson. Addresses were delivered by Mr. John S. Cross, M.P.P., and Sam Hughes secretary of the association. Mr. Joseph Staples, W. J. Fenton, George Graham and others presented questions on various subjects to Mr. Cross, all of which were satisfactorily answered.

The following were elected officers for the ensuing year: President—Robert Henderson, a leading farmer of Mariposa; Vice-presidents—John Dobson, for

Lindsay; John Jordan, for Opa; John Danes, for Mariposa; Hugh Ray, for Woodville; Dr. Wood, for Eldon; James McKee, for Carden, and Alexander Montgomery, for Dalton.

Sam Hughes was re-elected secretary. Mr. John Dobson declined accepting the presidency, preferring to retire from the active local political leadership. Adam Hudspeh, Q.C., M.P., was absent, owing to a broken arm in Ottawa. A convention to nominate a candidate will be held at an early date.

Resolutions were passed expressing confidence in W. R. Meredith the leader of the opposition, John Cross, the member for the riding, Sir John A. Macdonald also in the course pursued by the opposition, and expressing the hope that the next election will see the leader of the opposition as leader of the government.

A resolution of condolence was also passed to the mother and sister of Wm. Taylor, the late reeve of Carden and a vice-president of the Association.

LORNEVILLE.

Special to The Warder. OUR CHEESE FACTORY is now secured. The carpenter has now begun erecting the building, and in about a month's time expect to have things in full blast. At a meeting of patrons a great many in the following order: a managing committee—F. Whetter, J. Lapp, S. Hancock, D. McCrimmon and Mr. Foster of Brock, President; A. Hawkins, accountant; J. A. Jackson, Secy.-Treas., and N. L. Campbell, salesmen. This factory makes a great many is entirely under the control of the patrons and they are not bound to furnish any stated quantity of milk in a season.

Mr. O'Donnell, one of our leading farmers, has purchased a fine span of three-year mares at a bargain.

NEWTONVILLE.

Special to The Warder. RAIN! RAIN! rain! mud! mud! mud! As a consequence roads are impassable, trade is dull and bad cold, grip and inflammation are prevalent; doctors and undertakers are reaping a harvest and the cemetery population is fast increasing. Such is the state of affairs in Clarke Township.

JURIES COUNCIL.—R. T. of T., No. 231 is progressing favorably, the members now numbering close on a hundred and more joining every week.

NEWTONVILLE cheese factory will soon be running again under the able management of Mr. J. Honeywell of Belleville. Last season a large amount to first class cheese was shipped from the factory to England as well as all parts of the Dominion.

Mr. J. Cross sold all his stock, implements and household goods by public auction, on the 8th inst. He has rented his farm and we believe his intentions are to visit Europe and visit the scenes and acquaintances of his childhood.

Mr. Nicholls of Hope, has rented his farm and is moving into the village to enjoy the peaceful and independent life of a retired farmer.

Mr. Jos. Jacobs has called a sale for the 12th inst., all household effects, stock and implements will be sold. Jas. Kerr of Port Hope, auctioneer.

SPILASHER.—Mrs. Geo. Smith is seriously ill. Base ball concert on Tuesday evening. Mrs. S. Porters is home again. Miss Hancock of Bowmanville, H. S., is home for her holidays. Mr. E. Thompson is home from the Kingston military school where he spent the winter. Another of our boys, Mr. G. Henderson has joined the regular troops and gone to Ottawa for the winter. A large amount of spring goods is arriving for our merchants. W. Jones, E. S. Jones, and Major Hughes. Only two of our regular choir were in their position in the Methodist church on Sunday last. A fine mare, belonging to Mr. Thos. Moffat, died on Friday night last.

OAKWOOD.

Special to The Warder.

NARROW ESCAPE.—On Saturday afternoon, Albert Workman, one of the twin sons of Mr. John Workman of this place, met with an accident, which though not fatal, was very near being one. While playing near the open mouth of a cistern, he accidentally fell in. Fortunately a little girl who was near by saw it and immediately gave the alarm and in a short time quite a number were gazing into the cistern, and all declaring that the lad would be drowned before he could be rescued. The box at the top was just large enough to admit a common wooden pail, and a little below this and above the water was a layer of ice about 1 1/2 feet in thickness. The hole through the ice was about the same size as in the box at the top. Depth of cistern below the ice was about three feet. This space was filled with water and contained, though invisible to those gathered around the almost lifeless body of a human being. If you had been there you could not have seen it struggling in the water, but you would have seen that there was a responsibility resting on you. The hook for pulling up the water was the best thing to be found with which to fish around in the water to try to get hold of the body. At last, as if by miracle, they got hold of the body, and with considerable difficulty succeeded in getting it up through the hole. For some time after it was brought up, it was thought needless to attempt to restore the body to life, but through the persistent efforts of these persons of these friends of life were manifested. It proved to be a striking example of apparent death by drowning. After rolling and rubbing for a long time, the boy was said to be out of danger, and the morning was able to greet his usual friends on the street. Much credit is due those parties who persevered amidst many discouragements in restoring the body to life.

RETURN OF STUDENTS AND TEACHERS.—Miss Banks and Miss Cameron, Presbyterian ladies' college, Toronto. Messrs L. McLean and N. Heron, Knox college, Toronto. Mr. G. H. Thomas, Bracebridge.

CHURCH SOCIAL.—A banquet social was held in the Methodist church on Monday evening. The programme exhibited some special talent. The refreshments were delicious. The proceeds were beyond expectation. The Rev. Mr. Curtis filled the chair in his usual happy style.

BIRTHS.

ROBERT.—At Lindsay, on Saturday, 29th March, the wife of Mr. Wm. Roberts, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BOWEN—GERRILL.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. James Curtis, Mr. Henry Samuel Bowen, son of Joseph Bowen, Esq., to Miss Elizabeth Ann Gerrill, daughter of Samuel Gerrill, Esq., all of Mariposa.

BLACKWELL—CURRIE.—In Fenelon, on Wednesday, 9th April, 1890, by the Rev. James Curtis, Mr. Henry Samuel Bowen, son of John Blackwell, Esq. of Lindsay, and Miss Mary Currie, youngest daughter of Daniel Currie, Esq., of Fenelon.

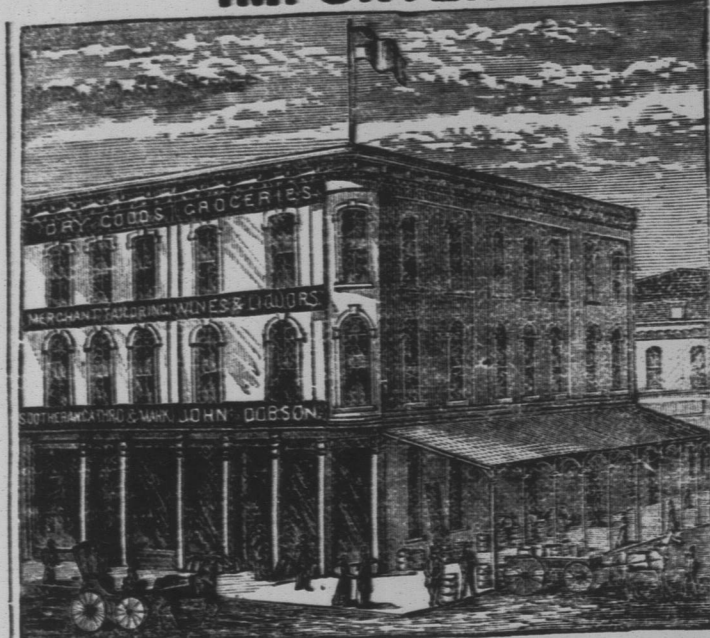
JEWELL.—At North Mariposa, on Tuesday, 1st April, Rosanna, wife of William Jewell, aged 65 years, and 2 months.

McKENNEN.—At Kirkfield, on Saturday, 5th April, 1890, John McKenna Sr., aged 77 years.

JOHN DOBSON,

IMPORTER.

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- Sherries,
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The People's Grocery! A. CAMPBELL. OUR TEA DEPARTMENT.

We have always made Tea our leading article at leading prices, and we need not say more now than that our stock was never better assorted than at present, comprising all our popular brands, so well and favorably known throughout the whole county

STAPLE LINES OF GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

OUR CHINA, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE DEPARTMENT

This department is replete with a varied and extensive assortment of Fancy and Staple Goods. Our Fancy China and Glassware are all new and beautiful designs, and at such low prices as were never offered in Lindsay before.

A. CAMPBELL

Lindsay, December 12th, 1889

FENELON FALLS

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE OF

Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods,

Ready-made Clothing, Gent's Furnishings, and Ordered Clothing.

The combined Stocks of CAMPBELL & GAMBELL, Bankrupt, and C. W. MOORE'S, bought at a low rate on the dollar, is now offered for sale at slaughter prices,

FOR CASH.

Boots & Shoes, General Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Tweeds and Gents' Furnishings.

Bargain seekers will find themselves at home in the above mentioned stocks, and in addition to the above inducements I will give a copy of WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA of useful information and World's Atlas worth \$6, free, to every purchaser of \$30 worth of goods in either of my immense stores,

BANKRUPT STORE in McARTHUR'S NEW BLOCK, Opposite Post Office. THE PALACE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING HOUSE.

HUGH McDOUGALL FENELON FALLS.