DOUGALL SINCLAIR,
General Blacksmith and Carriage Manufacturer,
The Market, Lindsay.
Horse Shoeing a Specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
Give me a call.

The Victoria Warder.

DOUGALL SINCLAIR
Is prepared to furnish at reasonable prices:
WAGONS, SLEIGHS, BUGGIES, and CUTTERS,
as good as any he has done in the past. Call and see him The Market, Lindsay.

$1 Per Annum in Advance. 5c. a Copy. LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1890. **Vol. XXXIV.—Whole No. 1713**

Farm to Sell.

A first-class farm in first-class locality. To first-class man full particulars will be given on applying to SAM HUGHES, Editor Warder.—38-tf.

Land For Sale.

Several choice Lots of Farming, Grazing, and Timber Lands in Somerville for sale. Apply at any time. SAM SUDDABY, Burnt River.—3-tf.

For Sale or to Rent in Fenelon.

The East Half of Lot 8 in 7th Con. Fenelon, 100 acres, good buildings, near Cameron, and convenient to schools and railway station. Apply at once to G. H. HOPKINS, Barrister, Lindsay.—97 tf

Property for Sale.

The residence of Mr. Wm. Foley, situated in Victoria Ward. A valuable property. Good house, splendid garden, and good stable. Will be sold cheap. Fine place for retiring farmer. Apply to WM. FOLEY, Hardware and Paint Merchant. 13-tf.

Lands For Sale.

The undersigned have a few choice FARMS and some valuable TOWN PROPERTIES for sale on easy terms.

G. H. HOPKINS, Barrister, Lindsay

Farm for Sale or Rent in Mariposa.

The East Half of Lot 17 in 1st Con. of Mariposa, 100 acres, 65 cleared. There is a good frame house and log barn on the premises; also a fine young orchard. Will be sold cheap, or rented to a suitable tenant. For further particulars apply to MRS. W. BROWN, Box 304, Lindsay.—4 tf

For Sale.

Park Lots 23 and 25, Dunnlistown street, LINDSAY five acres of land. There is on the place a good frame House of eight rooms, well finished, with stone cellar, and woodshed attached; also a frame barn with stable in one end; a good well and pump; a young orchard of 35 trees besides other small fruit. This place is all complete and will be sold cheap. For further particulars apply on the premises, JOHN H. PREL.
Lindsay, Jan. 5, 1890.—60-tf.

Farm for Sale or to Rent.

Good farm for sale or rent cheap, 130 acres. Composed of Lot No. 1, in the 1st Con. of the Township of Eldon. About 90 acres cleared 70 of which is in a high state of cultivation, the land is clay loam. Good comfortable dwelling house and first class out buildings. This farm is conveniently situated and is a rare chance to secure a good farm on easy terms. Apply to JAMES DAMS on the premises; if by letter to Omemee P. O. April 18, 1889.—74-tf.

For Sale

One of the best WATER POWERS in the County of Victoria, known as ELLIOTT'S FALLS, on Gull River, and composed of Lot No. 9, in the 11th Con. of the Township of Laxton, twenty acres. There is on this property a large frame house, woodshed and stables; also a quantity of shafting and machinery of saw mill recently burned, and Carding machinery. Also the West part of Lot 12, Con. 10 100 acres. This desirable property will be sold very cheap. Apply to JOHN BAILEY, Head Lake P.O., or R. J. McLAUGHLIN, Barrister, Lindsay.—90 tf

Farm for Sale in Mariposa.

Containing 98 acres, being composed of the west half of Lot No. 7 in the 15th Con. of the Township of Mariposa, adjoining the Village of Woodville. The farm is all cleared and of the very best quality. Well watered and forty acres of fall plowing done on the place. New frame house, good frame barn, other buildings in fair condition. Possession of land immediately. This farm is well located and will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms. Apply to the Executor, WM GLENNEY, Oshawa. Oshawa, Nov. 11th, 1889.—51-tf.

Farm for Sale in the Township of Ops.

The following valuable farm property being the south east quarter of lot 27 in the 8th con. of Ops. This farm contains 50 acres, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There are on the premises a comfortable dwelling house, a frame bank stable and sheds. The farm is well fenced with cedar rail fences. The property is situated four miles from Lindsay on the leading road to Bobcaygeon. There is a good young orchard, two good wells and pumps, with a good brick schoolhouse on the corner of said lot, with churches convenient. For further particulars apply to JAS MORRISON, Kingston, east ward, Lindsay.—81 tf.

House for Sale or to Rent.

On corner of William and Pottinger streets, North Ward, Lindsay. Apply to ROBERT BELL.
Lindsay, Dec. 18th 1889.—9-tf

Grain Chopping.

The Subscriber is prepared to chop all kinds of grain every Saturday, of any night during the week, at his place of residence in the North Ward north of the sand pits on the Fenelon Road. Terms 7 cts. per bag. All grain must be well cleaned.
5-52 JAMES STAPLES.

Engine and Boiler For Sale.

Boiler 40 horse power, Engine 25 horse power; both about as good as new. Also one Boiler, 30 horse power, and Engine 15 horse power, in good order. For particulars apply to SYLVESTER BROS. M'F'G CO., Lindsay, Ont.—73 tf

Horses.

I want to buy all kinds of sound horses. Farmers will find a ready sale by applying to me. Parties having horses to sell will find it to their advantage to show to me. Will be found at the Central House, Lindsay.
68-tf W. A. WEEKS

Found.

On the Downeyville road on Christmas day, a set of single harness, and other articles. Owner can have them on proving property, and paying the cost of this advertisement.

R. A. POGUE, Lindsay-st.
Lindsay, 30th Dec., 1889.—11-3.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Lindsay, Bobcaygeon and Pontypool Railway Company, with power to construct, equip and operate a line of railway from a point at, near or west of Pontypool, in the County of Durham, in the Province of Ontario, on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, thence northerly to the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, and said Province, and from thence in a north easterly direction to the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the said County of Victoria, and also to construct telegraph lines along the said Railway.

ROBERT JAMES McLAUGHLIN,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Dated, Lindsay, 13th November, 1889.—4-9.

G. A. Metherell's

School Books, School Requisites and Stationery in great variety.

I have on hand a very large stock of
ACCOUNT BOOKS of every description.
WRITING PAPERS, Foolscap and Note, ruled and plain.
STATIONERS' NOVELTIES in great variety.
OFFICE SUPPLIES—every requisite necessary.
WRITING PAPER TABLETS,—newest styles
INK STANDS in large variety.
I am showing the finest assortment conceivable of Fancy Goods, Memo Books, Photograph and Scrap Albums, Portfolios, Music Rolls, Card Cases, etc.

Remember the place, just opposite the new Post Office.

G. A. METHERELL'S
Kent St., Lindsay,
Subscribe for the daily papers,—Mail, Globe, Empire, World.
Also agent for the celebrated Uxbridge Organ, and Mendelssohn Piano.

The Victoria Warder

is published
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
At the Office
Cambridge St., South of the Market, Lindsay.
SAM HUGHES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Stray Yearling Bull.

Came into the premises, Lot 26, Con. 4, Eldon, about September 1st, 1889, a yearling bull. Owner will prove property, pay expenses, and remove the animal. REUBEN DAYNES,
Jan. 11, 1890.—13-3 Eldon Station P.O.

Wanted SALESMEN to sell Nursery Stock. All goods warranted. First-Class, Permanent, pleasant, profitable positions for the right men. Good salaries and expenses paid weekly. Liberal inducements to beginners. No previous experience necessary. Outfit free. Write for terms, giving age.
CHARLES H. CHASE,
Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y.
Mention this paper.—13-2

Ops Taxes.

I have received instructions from the Ops Council that all taxes must be paid before the 15th FEBRUARY, or costs by seizure must follow at once. Ratepayers must govern themselves accordingly.

JAMES McLEAN,
Collector.
January 14, 1890.—13-2

RIVERSIDE CEMETERY.

The Annual Meeting

Of the shareholders of the Lindsay Cemetery Company for the election of directors for the ensuing year will be held on

Monday, January 20th, inst.,

at 8 o'clock p.m., at my office.

ADAM HUDSPETH,
Jan. 16th, 1890.—13-1. Sec'y-Treas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

T. BEALL, LINDSAY,

County of Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that the

MUNICIPAL - COUNCIL

of the County of Victoria, will meet in the COUNCIL CHAMBER, in the Court House, Lindsay, on

Tuesday, the 28th day of January

1890, at 2 o'clock p.m., pursuant to statute.

T. MATCHETT, County Clerk
County Clerk's Office, Lindsay, 15th Jan., 1890.—13-2.

$10

GIVEN AWAY NEXT SATURDAY,
—AT—
YEREX BROS.
Little Britain.

We have some lines that we are going to clean out, we don't propose carrying goods over.

Don't fail to be on hand for the prize as well as the Bargains we are going to offer.

Come and get one of our Calendars

We have arranged with a Tailor of large city experience (not of ready-made shop, London) but of Toronto, and we can guarantee you something as good and as stylish as city ability can produce.

YEREX BROS., Little Britain.
January 16th, 1890.—1701-tf

LITTLE BRITAIN.

ANOTHER BIG DROP

Now is the time to secure
Bargains in Glassware and Crockery
AT - WELDON'S

As the hard times and low prices of grain are pressing upon us, we have decided to give our customers a treat by disposing of our entire stock of Glassware and Crockery at cost for cash. We are also determined to give the

TAILORING A BOOM FOR NEXT 4 WEEKS,

and are prepared to make Tweed Suits to order from $8 upwards. A trial solicited.

J.B.WELDON
1704-tf.

The Life Buoy.

[From the Ocean.]

"Oh, what is that belt for?" the maiden inquired
Of her lover who sat by her side.
"Why, that is a life buoy in danger required,"
The happy young fellow replied.
"I think I'm in danger," the maiden went on,
"And I need a life buoy very badly;
I guess I must have one ere the year is gone,"
Said her lover. "I'll be that boy gladly."

Lines on the Rebellion of '85.

In the region of the red man, a daring traitor
tries,
To wend his way to glory; so his dusky braves
arise;
Oh! what terror, grief and carnage. Oh! what
agonizing cries,
While the cruel Metis chieftain, our imperial
law defies.

In the region of the red man, did our volunteers feel,
How much depended on them—they'd fight come woe or weal,
They'd fight for Queen and country, and they proved as true as steel,
When they faced the savage warriors, of the rebel Louis Riel.

In the region of the red man, in the far, far North-West,
Away from home and parents, and those who loved them best,
Lie many of our patriots; but may they sweetly rest,
In the bright and happy Canaan, which is promised to the blest.

By ELLEN E. SHARPE.
Lindsay.

Millbrook High School Entrance Examinations.

Names	Marks.
Armstrong, Lena	347
Bell, Mildred	418
Henderson, Edith	436
Matchett, Annie	397
McClung, Maud	369
Sharp, Ethel	478
Staples, Lilly	475
Seney, Anna	375
Wood, Maggie	437
Argue, Willie	431
Best, Wilbert	388
Lavery, Walter	368
McMahon, Johnston	416
Pickup, Stanley	389
Russell, Alfred	425
Sanderson, Richard	414

—Reporter.

Collegiate Institute.

The following are the names of the new pupils attending the Institute this term—

YOUNG MEN.—M. T. Graham, W. Dodds, R. Boynton, L. McDougall, J. Carmichael, D. McLean, D. Campbell, M. Shaver, L. Clancy, W. S. Blackwell, E. Broad, J. W. Vallentyne, H. Armstrong, A. Patterson, J. McCracken, A. Bradburn, B. Greer, W. Irvine, A. Rogers, M. Irvine, H. Feir, I. A. White, E. White, J. McKay, E. Finley, F. Connolly, E. Robson, J. Primeau, L. Bowes, H. Curts, A. Silverwood, D. J. Greer, J. Jordan, Thos. Suggitt, J. C. Ray, F. Britton, G. Wetter, P. Spence, H. Murdoch, S. C. Moore, V. Leach, B. Perry, N. Cornell, B. Stacey, Wm. Walters, G. W. Hutchison, C. Hickson, A. Bryson, H. Callaghan, J. Donnell, J. Meehan, C. Walters, R. P. Cunnings, H. C. Michael, A. Calles, R. Harrington, J. McKay.

YOUNG LADIES.—Misses. E. Emerson, J. Ferguson, M. Graham, M. Parkin, I. Mark, M. Bowes, M. McLean, M. Wilson, F. Grace, A. Dawson, E. Dawson, A. Staples, M. Dunn, W. Smith, J. F. Robinson, M. Campbell, E. Campbell, A. Norris, E. Hart, A. Curts, M. Fee, D. Jewell, L. Smart, A. Mills, E. McKeown, A. Earle, A. Hamilton, M. McGregor, M. Winters, B. Graham, M. McCausland, E. Sylvester, L. Galbraith, N. Keys, L. A. Webster, G. Harlowe, M. Williams, A. Weldon, L. Fittal, A. Graham, Maggie Finney, M. Blain, H. Finney, M. Prier, J. Ritchie, M. Ashman, M. Steer, M. Maxwell, T. Collinson.

Municipal Elections.

REACH.—Reeve, D. McKay. First deputy, P. Christie; second deputy, John Martin; Councillors, F. Earchman and Thos. Allan.

WHITBY.—Mayor John Blow, majority 213. Reeve Jas Rutledge 60 majority; deputy-reeve, Wm Noble, 137 majority. Councillors, North Ward, Jerome Scott, W H Crosby and Edmund Stephenson by acclamation; Centre ward, Hugh Ross, Wm Burns and F H Ames; South ward, John Smith, Jas McLennan and John Smith, (drover), by acclamation.

OSHAWA.—W F Cowan, mayor; J R Larke, reeve; W. Coulthard, first deputy, reeve; second deputy reeve, J F Tamblyn; Councillors, North-west ward, J Ross, F L Fowke, C French; South-east ward, R McCaw, S T Hillman, John Bailey; South-west ward, C W Scott, W E Dyer, F E Dingle.

CARTWRIGHT.—Reeve, John McKee; deputy reeve, Jas Parr; Councillors, J H Devitt, David Fallis, Anson Taylor.

MARA.—Reeve, Duncan Graham; deputy-reeve, F Gillespie. Councillors, Jas Doyle, Wm Broomfield, Michael O'Donnell.

UXBRIDGE TOWNSHIP.—Reeve, S Flumerfelt; first deputy, Chas Williams; second deputy, A Millard. Councillors, G Dowswell and J Ewen.

CANNINGTON.—Reeve, S H Glassford. Councillors, F Bick, Dr. Gillespie, Jas May, Dr. Bingham.

BEAVERTON.—Reeve, T C Young. Councillors, F S King, James Duncan, Thomas Treleaven and G R Proctor.

THORAH.—Reeve, Alex. McRae, by acclamation; deputy reeve, Chas Galloway, by acclamation. Councillors, James McCall, Donald Brown and Donald Bruce.

BROCK.—Reeve, Baird; first deputy, McPhaden; second deputy, Thompson. Councillors, Gibbs and Ruddy.

SCUGOG.—Reeve, W R Ham, majority 35. Councillors, Geo Dowson, Albert Stevens, W Dunn and John Turner.

WEST WHITBY.—Reeve, J R Mathewson; deputy reeve, Alex Wilson. Councillors, C Caulder, John Vipond J Smith.

EAST WHITBY.—Reeve, Richard Motherwell, deputy reeve, John Ross. Councillors, R Power, John McKenzie, John McGregor.

SCOTT.—Reeve, Allen Grey; deputy, John Thompson, majority 15. Councillors, Kester, and Hardy.

BOWMANVILLE.—Mayor, J. K. Galbraith; Reeve, W P Prowter; deputy reeve, S S Edgell; Councillors, west ward, John S. Percy, M A James, L G Quick; north ward, Jos. A Patterson, W F Allen, Louis Cornish; south ward, Jas. C. Noseworthy, John Grigg, Thos. Jewell.

Cleary Again Bowled Out

By Hon. Mr. Meredith

THE PALACE, KINGSTON, Jan. 12, 1890.

To William R Meredith, Esq., Q.C., M.P.P.:

DEAR SIR,—Having got an interval of rest after severe application to official business during the past week, I have the honor to turn my attention again to you, as in duty bound.

Communications, however, have reached me from various quarters suggesting that I might well allow you to go your way at present, and that generosity towards a vanquished assailant will be appreciated by all high minded people. I am asked what need is there of proceeding further with the controversy, when you have thrown down your arms and taken to flight? I am also reminded that by adding to your humiliation, through exposure of the remaining fallacies of your last and former letters, I may become chargeable with striking "the man that's down." I am not insensible to the force of these suggestions.

On the other hand, when I consider that the three main passages in your last letter, which I had marked for special criticism in the "summing up" of the case, have been presented by you to the public in the form of bare assertion, bold and reckless, without any semblance of reasoning to support them, it seems hardly worth while to waste valuable time in their confutation. They can do no harm. The humblest intelligence can perceive their emptiness, and as regards two of them, pardon me for saying their childish frivolity and petulance.

Wherefore, sir, I forbear pursuing you with arguments, that now appear unnecessary, in supplement of my review of the controversy between you and me before the court of public opinion.

I have the honor to remain, yours very respectfully, JAMES VINCENT CLEARY,
Archbishop of Kingston.

Mr. Meredith's Crushing Retort.

MY LORD ARCHBISHOP,—When I last had the honor of addressing you I supposed, as I still think, that the matters in controversy between us had been so fully discussed that an intelligent public was in a position to pronounce judgment upon them and that it would be but trespassing upon its indulgence to multiply words in further discussion; but your latest letter leads me to reconsider my decision, and, at the risk of wearying my audience, to make one more effort to bring within the reach of your grace's apprehension what has long since been apparent to your fellow citizens.

It scarcely needed your statement that you had for a period of ten years occupied a judicial position to call attention to the eminently judicial character of your grace's mind and utterances; for have we not seen it exemplified in the calm and impartial judgment which you passed upon the protestant girls and young women of the province in which you live? Was it not apparent in the opinions which you so recently expressed in Kingston in regard to your protestant fellow citizens, and has it not been demonstrated by your utterances with regard to Principal Caven and the thousands of other "ferocious bigots" connected with the Equal Rights movement, to say nothing of the judgment you were pleased to pronounce upon the humble individual who is now addressing you? I must not, however, overlook the quality of humility which your grace so illustrates by your correspondence, and especially in that portion of it which deals with the disadvantages under which you labor in having no newspaper to champion your cause. Surely so eminent a logician, so distinguished a rhetorician, so erudite a jurist, so excellent a judge and so pre-eminent an ecclesiastic requires no such adventitious aid as the assistance of a newspaper. But, without being deemed impertinent, may I ask your grace if you are not, in so lamenting, a little unfair to that once great organ of public opinion, the *Globe*, for has not it donned your livery, defended your position and chosen you for its patron while you delegate me to the lowly position of retainer of my "patron, the *Mail*?"

Pardon this digression, and let me now invite your attention to what are the real issues between us. In my speech at London I quoted from a roman catholic journal, published in the city in which you live, which addresses itself especially to those of your flock, and which gave to them and to the roman catholic electors of the province advice as to the action which they should take, based upon the following statement: "Holding, as we do, the balance of power between the factions, we are, if only true to ourselves and to the crisis about to come upon us, independent of either, and can dictate the terms upon which one or other shall receive our support." This statement, I said, was believed to represent your views. Upon this you addressed to me your first letter, and in reply to it I accepted what I thought was the plain inference from it, your repudiation of the sentiments of the quotation. And not only did I do that publicly, but I promised in my future addresses to remove the impression which my remarks might have produced by telling my audiences that those sentiments were not your grace's, and that you joined with me in condemning them. Had you no other object in view than to call upon me to put right any erroneous impression that my remarks might have created with regard to your sentiments, the correspondence might ended there, but this was not your object, as became apparent when you followed up your first letter with another, assailing me violently for having made an attack upon the roman catholics and having declared for a policy of oppression of them—charges the falsity of which was so evident that they hardly required from me the answer and denial which I gave. Now, the whole point of the matter, so far as the quotation and my attributing to you its sentiments is concerned, is: Was I right in attributing those sentiments to you?

Your refusal to repudiate them, and your evasion of making answer to my question as to whether you do or do not approve of them, I am bound to say, justifies me in returning to my originial view, that these sentiments coincide with your own views. You ask why you should any more repudiate the utterances in question than I should those of Mr. Solomon White on the subject of annexation. I pass by your assumption that Mr. White is an advocate of annexation with the single observation that I have it from Mr. White himself that he never did advocate annexation to the United States, but only declared his preference for political union to commercial union, and gave his reasons for so doing. But even if he did what you charge him with, I am not ashamed to acknowledge him my friend, and to say that, in view of his patriotic stand upon the "Riel question," not only I, but his countrymen generally, can afford to forgive him even that vagary were he chargable with it. But the cases are not parallel, I venture to point out, for two reasons at least:

(1) You claim and assert most rigorously, I am told, your control of those who are of your flock in the domain of faith and morals, and I judge from some archiepiscopal utterances, which you are doubtless familiar with, that the boundaries of that domain are of a somewhat elastic and shifting character. Now, I assert that the principle of the quotation is distinctly immoral, and hence it follows either that, disapproving it, you were remiss in the performance of your duties, as you proclaim them, in not endeavoring to counteract its influence when it came to your knowledge, at least by warning your flock against it, or you approve of it. You may accept whichever dilemma you choose, and you cannot escape on the pretence that the quotation and the article from which it is taken dealt solely with a political matter, for the fact is not so. On the other hand, I have no control, and do not pretend to exercise any, over Mr. White's utterances. Nor did he assume to speak for my party or to offer it any advice or to direct its action.

2. Those who know your grace would certainly, judging by their past experience of you, not be able at once to say in reference to the quotation: "Those sentiments are not the sentiments of the Archbishop of Kingston," but the contrary. While everyone who knows me would not be required to be told that I did not approve of annexation sentiments or that I was loyal to my native land. But the whole purpose of your attack is transparent. You see my platform affords standing ground for protestant and roman catholic alike; that my principles aim not at curtailing the rights of the roman catholic citizen, or infringing his liberty of conscience, but that the effect of the adoption of them would be assisting him in resisting the aggression of certain, at least, of the hierarchy upon his rights as a citizen and as a man. The agitation which has begun (unless it be put down) will continue to grow and spread until it shall be recognized from sea to sea, throughout this great Dominion; that while the fullest liberty of conscience shall be accorded to all religious bodies, and to every man the state shall know and recognize no church as different from or above the other, and that in all his obligations, duties and relations to the state the citizen's action is not subject to control by or dictation from either priest or presbyter, bishop or pope, or any other ecclesiastic authority whatever—for such a consummation I devoutly wish. Your grace believes it your duty to oppose its accomplishment. I have no quarrel with you for so doing, but let the weapons which you use be those of honorable warfare, not unfair efforts to misrepresent your opponents, in order that you may lead those with whom a good bishop must necessarily have great influence to believe those opponents to be their enemies, and enemies of their religion and intolerant bigots, who would take from them the liberties which every freeman in a free country has the right to enjoy. Show to your fellow citizens that you do not hold the view that the end justifies the means. Face the issue squarely, discuss it fairly, and I am content to abide the result.

I have the honor to be,
Your grace's obedient servant,
W. R. MEREDITH.

The Most Reverend the Archbishop of the Diocese of Kingston, Kingston, Ont.

School Notes.

LORNEVILLE.—Following are the names of the three first pupils in each of the given classes for December:—Senior Fourth—Annie McRae, George Fisk, Mary Flynt. Junior Fourth—Arthur Lapp, Tena McCrimmon, Jennie Calder. Senior Third—Rachel McCrimmon, Lauchie Calder, Mary McLean. Junior Third—Bertie Shields, Alice Flynt, Joseph Fisher.

Board of Education.

Saturday, January 11th. Present, Mr. Dobson, in the chair, in the absence of the chairman, Stewart J. Kennedy. A. Kennedy, O'Leary, Smyth, MacMurchy and Walters.

The following communications were read:

Report of Mr. Harstone read, re collegiate institute. Number on roll in 1889, 301; males, 159; females, 142; from town, 133; county of Victoria, 118; other places, 50. On roll at present, 259; fees received during the year, $1,875.—Report filed.

Report of Mr. Broderick re public schools, making suggestions as to some requirements. Report left over for the incoming board to act on.

Letter from Mr. Stevens, thanking the board for the increase of salary granted him.

Miss A. E. Marty also returned thanks for her increase in salary.

Finance committed reported, recommending the payment of several accounts, which on motion was adopted.

A motion was passed directing that tenders be advertised for, for a supply of wood for winter of 1890 and 1891, committee to award contract.

On motion the engagement of Miss Stevenson as teacher was confirmed.

A vote of thanks to Mr. Hudspeth, chairman, for the past year was carried by a standing vote, after which the board adjourned.

The School Question.

We regret we were unable to attend a public school meeting at Bryson's School House, Ops, last Friday afternoon, at the request of the central figure in the controversy. We understand that the object of the meeting was to discuss the propriety of dividing S. Sec. 3 into east and west halves, as set out in a petition for that purpose, drafted by Mr. Thomas Adam and very largely signed. We are, however, well pleased to state in the interest of those concerned, that possibly the largest public meeting of ratepayers that has ever assembled at any section in Ops for a given purpose were promptly on hand at the hour called. Mr. Isaac Smale, Secretary-Treasurer for the section, called the meeting to order, explaining its object, and urged that as it would somewhat increase their taxes, the section should not be divided. Mr. E. H. Hopkins, the Reeve of Ops, then took the the floor, and in a brief but sensible speech stated, that as the average assessment in all of the sections of Ops, exclusive of No. 3 and 4, was about $111,000, and as No. 3 was assessed for over $217,000, if the division would have the effect of remedying the evils complained of, in Mr. Adam's petition, and he could not see how any person could think otherwise; and further, inasmuch as the present trustees could not give any good reason why the school should be rebuilt in its present site, to the manifest injury and wrong of a very large proportion of the rate-payers, he was prepared to pay his share of the burthen, and have the benefit of the two schools. Mr. Thos. Adam was next called upon, and as the scheme of building two school houses originated with him, and the suggestions as to location, in order to have the desired effect. It proved no difficult task for him to utterly demolish the contention of the trustees and their friends, and advanced arguments in support of building two schools, that are simply unanswerable. In the course of a rather lengthy but forcible speech he administered some stinging rebukes to those opposed to placing all the rate-payers on as nearly an equal a footing as possible, as far as the requirement of an education is concerned. He, too, like Mr. Hopkins, was not only prepared to pay his share of increased taxation, but was determined that the selfish men would also, and advised the rate-payers, that the time had come, when it was not only desirable but actually necessary to have two schools, in so large and wealthy a section.

South Victoria Agricultural Society.

The annual meeting of this society was held in Lindsay on Wednesday last and was attended by but a few. President Dobson presented the report of the Directors as follows:

To the Agricultural Society of the South Riding of Victoria:

GENTLEMEN,—Your directors beg to report that the membership for the year 1889 was 213, a perceptable falling off from the previous year.

They are pleased to report a considerable increase in the entries, and they trust they may continue to multiply in the future.

Your directors are also pleased to report that the admission fees amounted to $931.55, which with $125 for rent of grounds and stables they consider very encouraging, especially as the exhibition was practically confined to *one* day, the other two days being unfavorable weather.

We desire to return sincere thanks to the Lindsay Town Council for their guarantee of $200, and regret that the non arrival of the globes on the evening of the electric light exhibition prevented at least one thousand people from entering the grounds, thereby diminishing the receipts and rendering it necessary to ask the council for the amount guaranteed.

The thanks of your directors are also returned most cordially to the County Council for their very liberal annual grant to the society, and also to the citizens of Lindsay for the very handsome manner in which they contributed to the special prize list.

The judges and others who so kindly assisted your directors in carrying out the exhibition are also tendered most respectfully our sincere thanks.

In surrendering the trust reposed in them your directors desire to express the hope that the society may continue to have the confidence and support of this community, and that the continued prosperity of the society may be assured.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN DOBSON,
President.

Lindsay, Jan. 15th, 1890.

The financial statement showed this society to have done remarkably well last year as compared with other society shows in other towns. There is a balance in the treasury of $6. There are some amounts due for interest which would alter the balance; but these have for several years been carried to the following year's account. That custom has prevailed for a long time.

Though urged to re-accept office, President Dobson positively declined re election, as he could not afford the time. A cordial and hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Dobson, the vote being a standing one.

The following were elected for 1890:

President—John F. Dix.

Vice-Presidents—R. Willock, Ops, and R. Hannah.

Directors—W. Lownsbrough, W E Swain, Mariposa; E. H. Hopkins, I. W. Reid, Ops; T. H. M Quade, W. Adams, Emily; C. Fairbairn, Verulam; C. Chittick, W. M. Robson, Lindsay.

The meeting for some time discussed matters of interest to the association, criticized and made suggestions which were noted by Mr. Dix and those of the Board present.

BETHANY.

Special to The Warder.

MR. John Richardson has his skating rink in fine shape, but the weather is not suitable. Every other night there is about four feet of water in the rink.

OUR new teachers, Mr. Bean and Miss Dobson, are meeting with success. Their principle of teaching is good.

OMEMEE.

Special to The Warder.

WE have no serious cases of "La Grippe" to report.

OUR citizens are settled down to business again after the elections.

MR. Swayne, our new teacher, has got located and promises to be quite an acquisition in every respect as a teacher and citizen.

THE lecture by the missionary, Mr. Malcheff, on "Macedonia," proved quite interesting and profitable. Appearing in the native costumes, describing the customs, &c., of the country, and what he has gone through in hardship and persevering industry to attain his position should prove a valuable lesson to the indolent young men of Canada, who have the advantage of more favorable advantages to rise in the world. The collections amounted to about $14.

A move in the right direction has been made to establish a reading room for our young men, taken up by our most influential citizens. There will be a temperance pledge in connection, and the majority signify their intention of signing this. Moderate drinkers of a few years' practice have become confirmed drunkards in our midst, losing their means and respect and getting the go by from those who formerly greeted them. Moral suasion is the effort to be henceforth used in Omemee for temperance reform.

UPHILL.

Special to The Warder.

DURING the holidays our usually quiet little village was kept rather lively planning and executing schemes for the removal of a member from the school-board. It is almost the first really live school election on record here—in fact it was too lively for the credit of some of the agitators on both sides for they stooped to a low level in at times discussing the matter under dispute, namely, the removal of the teacher, in very ungentlemanly language. Very wrongly was Mr Kyle, the candidate, whose policy was that of dispensing with the services of the present teacher, accused of bigotry because the teacher's religious views being at variance with his own. Likewise was Mr. Wylie falsely reported to have been influenced by a prominent business man who claimed not to have been justly dealt with by the teacher, as was Mr. McCaughey libellously said to have been bribed by the teacher. Mr. Kyle was the man elected with but a small vote polled by his opponent, Mr. Suter, which gentleman was by all means the right person for the position, because he has a family to educate, while Mr. Kyle is a quite young man and has neither "chick nor chile." However, it remains to be seen what Mr. Kyle may do. For one thing we can say Mr. Kyle will do nothing rash, and may for all the boastings of the men who elected him join with Mr. McCaughey in retaining the teacher for '91, instead of being led by Mr. Wylie to have him removed on the expiration of the term for this year.

WHAT we would like to know. Who purchased a new cutter lately, and who was the first young lady to drive out in it?.....What was the matter with Ja C K on Xmas night, and why was he so sour at the meeting of the school-board next day? Who tasted him? "Sure I wouldn't; too much like sour beer." .....Where were the pugilists Xmas night and next day—next especially? Alas!

HALIBURTON.

Special to The Warder.

AT THE annual meeting of the Agricultural Society, the following officers were elected after the passing of the accounts, etc:—Thomas Gould, President; Douglas Kellett, Vice-President; Thomas S Moon, Fred Dark, R T. Walling, Directors; John Anderson, Treasurer; George Bemister, Secretary. A motion was carried that a meeting for the discussion of agricultural subjects be held on the last Saturday in February, 22nd., at 7 o'clock. It is hoped that a number of the farmers will be present, to give their views and experiences.

SOUTH MARIPOSA.

THERE are some who do not need to complain of hard times, chief among these in Victoria Co., is Mr. John Genoie. He recently finished threshing and has the granaries well filled with grain after nearly a week's steady work. It was no ordinary threshing either, for Geo. Bickell and Wm. Chase, two of the best in Ontario, were the men doing the job. These men have been on the Road continuously from August 6th., and stopped but lately. Of course they have had the finest district in Canada in which to work, but all the more credit. Their work was fully up to the district.

PORT PERRY.

A great many guns were fired off unsuccessfully on election day. There was the tax gun, the wood gun, the poor gun, with the methodist gun loaded up to the muzzle—each and every one of which either missed fire or exploded. As an illustration of how the tax gun was worked, one poor elector was so frightened that he would not vote because he had been told if he did he would have to pay his taxes, whilst if he didn't vote his landlord would have them to pay.

A most painful and fatal accident happened at Whitby by which a young man named Christopher Brett lost his life. Deceased was a brakesman on conductor White's train. The hands were making up the train to come here at night. Brett was standing on the rear end of the last car in the traing as it was backing up to couple on to another car, and as the train was moving too fast and was likely to strike the standing car with too great a force he motioned to the engineer to slacken up, who did so. The speed of the train was stopped so suddenly that it threw Brett off the car as it was backing up. The wheel did not pass over him but shoved him along the track and in doing so it disembowelled him. The poor fellow when picked up was a sickening sight. He never spoke though he lingered for five hours when death released him. He came from Weston and was a sober and industrious young man.—Standard.

CAMERON.

Special to The Warder.

THE citizens of our village were filled with feelings of very deep sorrow on the evening of Sunday, the 5th inst., when information reached them that one who had, for many a day, been a pupil in our public and Sabbath school, was dead. The news came with such a strange suddenness that it did not seem possible. However, it was but too true. James Cunnings was an exemplary young man; a young man of genuine merit and worth. He attended the public school here from a boy, and at the age of seventeen obtained a third class teacher's certificate. After teaching six months, he attended the Lindsay high school, and at the midsummer examination of 1888, he succeeded in securing a second class non-professional certificate. After the midsummer vacation he took a school at Salem, Ops, and taught till the end of the year 1888. While here he made many friends, and, in truth, was beloved and respected by all. In fact it could not be otherwise; for to know him was to love and respect him—he had so many good qualities of heart and mind. At the beginning of the past year he took a school in Verulam, and here he was respected by both old and young. He was a diligent student as well as teacher, and was preparing for a higher examination, and it seemed as though a brilliant future was before him. But it was otherwise decreed. About six weeks ago he was taken ill with inflammation of the lungs. He was recovering, but a relapse took place and inflammatory rheumatism set in, and this baffled the physician's skill. After intense suffering he closed his eyes upon the scenes of earth on the night of Saturday the 4th inst. Some of his father's neighbors went across the ice on Monday and brought the corpse home. The scholars of his school stood around his coffin and sang their farewell song over their beloved teacher. The scene was affecting. On Tuesday his remains were taken to Eden cemetery, six of his former schoolmates being the bearers, and there in the solitude of the grave yard, he awaits the resurrection of the just.

SONYA.

THE Sonya Literary Society last Friday evening gave an entertainment which was amusing and instructive. The chief features were the instrumental music from the orchestra, Messrs. Ronald and Alex. Macdonald and A. McPhail on their violins, and Mr. J. Lee with the mouth organ; the bag pipes, heard for the first time in Sonya, played by Ronald and Alex. Macdonald; vocal music by L. McFadyen, R. Macdonald, F. Warr, and S. Bambridge; a splendid recitation by Thomas Watson; a dialogue by S. McMillan and H. Brown; song by Dr. Gillespie of Manilla; a dramatic dialogue in which Miss Currie, Mr. McPhail, Mr. McMullen, Mr. Watson and others led; "The Light Brigade" well rendered by Mr. John Beecroft; song by Miss S. McFadyen; song, Miss McMillan; dialogue, Misses E. Currie, S. McFadyen, and Mr. J. Watson; song, Mr. L. McFadyen; a character recitation, Mr. J. Watson; songs, by S. Bambridge, D. McMillan and D. McTaggart; a recitation by Sam. Hughes, of the Lindsay WARDER, and instrumental music by J. Lee on mouth-organ, and the Macdonald brothers Ronald and Alex., on violins. But the most surprising part of the performance was a grand tableau. When the curtain was drawn, a veritable old early settlement Scotch reel was performed by four of the young people, who showed wonderful grace and aptitude in picking up a few steps for the evening. But heredity does a great deal, and the same steps their fathers and mothers danced came easily back to them on the spur of the moment. It was with difficulty that some, at least one of the visitors could be restrained from catching the contagion and seeking a partner for another reel, but it was quite evident those present—well, the wonder all round is that the seats were not cleared out of the hall and that all did not attempt a Scotch reel. Had any of the old settlers been present to have told the young folk how to cut the figures and dance the steps, it would surely have been done. The attendance, despite the evening's storm and cold was good, as much as $18 being realized. Rev. A. Currie most ably filled the chair, and by his depth of humor and good judgment filled up the intervals between pieces to the greatest satisfaction of the audience. "God Save the Queen" closed a most successful entertainment.